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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

WIRE REPORT

BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

PHILLIP BUCHEN 2
JAMES CAVANAUGH
JIM CANNON
FOSTER CHANOCK
JIM CONNOR
MIKE DUVAL
MAX FRIEDERSDORF
ALAN GREENSPAN
ROBERT HARTMAN
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BOB ORBEN
BIRGE WATKINS
E.O.B. 128 - RESEARCH



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9/23/76
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PM-Butz-Racial, 350

LOS ANGELES AP - Former Secretary of Agriculture Earl Butz met twice with directors of the department's Cooperative Extension Services and helped them circumvent federal laws against racial discrimination in hiring in seven states, the Los Angeles Times said today.

Quoting unnamed sources in the Department of Agriculture, the Times said Butz secretly met twice in 1973 with directors of the department's Cooperative Extension Services from the states for the purpose of getting around the civil rights laws.

There was no immediate comment from Butz, who resigned Monday because of an obscene racial slur against blacks.

Department records show that programs in Arkansas, Georgia, Illinois, Kansas, Louisiana, Maryland and Texas already had been found in violation of federal bans on discriminatory hiring and faced funding cutoffs at the time of the meetings.

Butz reportedly helped the states escape punishment by altering department regulations to extend for an unlimited amount of time the deadline for agencies to comply with the hiring standards, the Times said.

The head of the department's Office of Equal Opportunity said he has no knowledge of the meetings.

The Times said the U.S. Civil Rights Commission investigated the Agriculture Department's enforcement of civil rights laws and found what it termed blatant and widespread equal rights violations.

The commission report said, "The blatant violations of civil rights laws have the continuing complicity of the USDA secretary and other high level USDA officials.

"USDA appears more concerned about protecting noncomplying recipients than those people whom the law seeks to protect."

The investigation showed that laws were violated by maintaining racially segregated in-service clubs, employing few blacks in policy-making positions and paying blacks less money than whites in equal jobs, the Times said.

The Times said Civil Service Commission statistics show the department having one of the poorest minority hiring records in the federal government, with less than 10 per cent minorities. Other federal departments average 15.9 per cent minorities.

1028aES 10-05

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PM-BUTZ-RIGHTS INSERT5THGRAF A047 10-5

X X X LAWS."

BUTZ, VISITING HIS OFFICE BRIEFLY TODAY, DENIED THROUGH A SPOKESMAN THAT THERE HAD BEEN ANY SECRET MEETINGS OR THAT HE HAD CIRCUMVENTED THE LAW.

THE SPOKESMAN SAID, "THE ONLY MEETING HE COULD RECALL WAS A SESSION IN 1973, WHICH WAS NOT SECRET, WHEN HE MET WITH LAND GRANT COLLEGES AND EXTENSION OFFICIALS AND TOLD THEM THEY MUST COMPLY WITH THE LAW AND INCREASE THE HIRING OF BLACKS."

PICKUP6THGRAF: THE FEDERAL

UPI 10-05 11:44 AED

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PM-DOLE 1STLD-PICKUP3RDGRAF A043 10-5
(PREVIOUS WASHINGTON)

BY LAURENCE MCQUILLAN

ROANOKE, VA. (UPI) -- REPUBLICAN VICE PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE ROBERT DOLE PREDICTED TODAY THAT HE AND DEMOCRAT WALTER MONDALE WILL NOT "SET THE WORLD ON FIRE" IN THEIR NATIONALLY TELEVISED DEBATE NEXT WEEK.

"THAT'S A GOOD QUESTION," HE SAID WITH A SMILE WHEN ASKED AT AN AIRPORT RALLY ABOUT THE VALUE OF THE OCT. 15 MEETING OF THE TWO VICE PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES.

"I DON'T THINK WE'RE GOING TO SET THE WORLD ON FIRE," SAID DOLE. "I DON'T THINK PEOPLE LOOK TO US FOR POLICY DECISIONS ... THEY LOOK TO THE PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATES."

THE DOLE-MONDALE DEBATE, LIKE THE THREE DEBATES BETWEEN PRESIDENT FORD AND DEMOCRATIC CHALLENGER JIMMY CARTER, IS SPONSORED BY THE LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS.

DOLE SAID A SITE HAS NOT YET BEEN CHOSEN, BUT THAT IT "MAY BE IN TEXAS."

THE KANSAS SENATOR JOKED THAT THE VICE PRESIDENTIAL DEBATE WOULD DRAW A RELATIVELY LOW NUMBER OF LISTENERS BECAUSE IT WILL COMPETE WITH "FRIDAY NIGHT HIGH SCHOOL FOOTBALL."

HE LATER WENT TO THE CAMPUS OF VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE AT NEARBY BLACKSBURG AND TOLD AN ENTHUSIASTIC CROWD, ESTIMATED AT 20,000 BY CAMPAIGN AIDES, THAT CARTER "DOESN'T KNOW THE MEANING OF THE WORD LEADERSHIP."

HE THEN WENT INTO A CRITICISM OF CARTER'S ABILITY TO HANDLE FOREIGN POLICY DECISIONS, A THEME THAT HE FIRST ADDRESSED ON MONDAY BEFORE A BANKER'S GROUP IN WASHINGTON.

PICKUP 3RDGRAF: DOLE UNVEILED

UPI 10-05 11:15 AED

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d a czceevryr

PM-Carter-Offshore, 230

NEW YORK AP - Democratic presidential candidate Jimmy Carter says the Nixon and Ford administrations have moved too quickly to lease offshore oil sites.

"I don't see any reason to lease oil areas either on the outer continental shelf or in the interior except to supply anticipated oil needs," Carter said in an interview with Field & Stream magazine.

"Under the Nixon-Ford administrations there has been an effort made to lease 10 times more area than was necessary. This creates an absence of competition."

The former Georgia governor also said he would if elected keep a closer watch on the Army Corps of Engineers. He called many Corps projects "pork-barrel" deals that waste taxpayers' money and wreck wildlife areas.

"There are many useful projects the Corps can participate in. But I'm going to see this policy of compulsive dam building changed if I'm elected," he said.

Asked about antibunting sentiment in the United States, Carter attributed it to "an inadequate education of the public about how much people who hunt love wildlife."

Carter said many people do not understand how proper management and harvesting are good for wildlife and that hunters pay for the protection of endangered species and improved conditions of other wildlife.

0900aED 10-05

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a a czcqyvzvt

PM-Calif.-Race, Adv 08-3-takes, 450-1,090

\$adv 08

For release Fri Oct. 8

Campaign '76: The Race for California

By DOUG WILLIS

Associated Press Writer

LOS ANGELES AP - In California, the richest plum in the presidential campaign, the race for 45 electoral votes is too close to call, insiders in both party organizations say.

"If the election were held today, we'd lose," says state Atty. Gen. Evelle Younger, a leader in the Ford drive. "But we are gaining. I predict the winner will have less than 51 per cent and the loser, more than 49 per cent."

Neither party effort has visibly caught on with California voters. But Democrat Jimmy Carter's lead of 15 to 20 percentage points in polls a month ago is down to 6 points in one poll and 4 in another.

The registration numbers favor Carter, while President Ford has the stronger campaign organization.

Democrats outnumber Republicans by 1.8 million, and three new Democrats have been registering for every new Republican over the last four months.

Most Democratic efforts since the presidential conventions have gone into that registration drive, which could give Democrats a 2 million voter majority - about 5.5 million to 3.5 million Republicans.

But most of the political activity so far - the mass telephonings, precinct walks and mailings - has been in the Republican camp.

The "Republican Unity" campaign, an appeal to vote a straight ticket from Ford down through state Assembly candidates, has been under way several weeks.

Carter campaign organizers are still vague about how many local headquarters or telephone banks will be opened, or where.

But neither Ford nor Carter has a strong constituency of his own in the nation's largest state.

The outcome in California very likely will depend on two losers in the presidential derby: Gov. Edmund G. Brown Jr. and former Gov. Ronald Reagan.

So far, Brown, a 3-1 winner over Carter in the California primary, has played a more active role in the Carter campaign than Reagan has for Ford. But Reagan delivered to Ford a campaign structure with roots down to the precinct level.

Reagan sent mailgrams to his 58 county chairman, asking them to support Ford. His state cochairman, Mike Curb, followed up with personal telephone calls and told each county chairman: "We're not kidding. We mean it. Get on board."

Fifty-seven of the 58 now are county cochairman for Ford.

There is no comparable organization which Brown, or any other California Democrat, can turn over to Carter.

"We don't have an ongoing organization that is available to particular candidates. We have to organize anew each election," said Gray Davis, Brown's chief of staff and closest political adviser.

More

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PM-Calif.-Race, Adv 08-1st add, 460

\$adv 08

For release Fri, Oct. 8

LOS ANGELES: political adviser.

"The Republican party has always maintained organizational strength in California which in relative terms is much greater than the Democratic party. Activists in the Democratic party tend to organize around a candidate, rather than around a party," he said.

"Brown is doing the most important thing he can do, which is identify himself with Gov. Carter. With Gov. Brown's popularity, there is no more substantial thing he could do," Davis said. "We have done everything Gov. Carter asked us to do."

Brown has traveled two days in California with Carter and praised the former Georgia governor. And Brown has agreed to campaign four days for Carter in New Jersey, Oregon and Pennsylvania.

So far, Reagan has only one joint personal appearance planned with the President and has promised to appear for Ford in 11 other states.

But praise of Reagan's behind-the-scenes work is offered with enthusiasm by Ford backers, while there is restraint in comments by Carter leaders about Brown.

One newspaper columnist quoted Brown as replying "good" when told Carter's campaign was in disarray. Brown vehemently denies the quote, but the story persists.

No one contends Brown and Carter are friends, just as few believe Reagan and Ford are close. But Brown has cultivated a reputation as a maverick, while Reagan is a party loyalist. And for Reagan, who will soon be 66, there may be no political tomorrow. Brown is 38.

"I don't think Brown is going to give more than lip service to Carter, because the best way for Brown to ultimately become president is for Carter to be defeated," said Republican party vice chairman Mike Montgomery.

But the consensus is that Brown is helping, and Carter's campaign is fumbling independently of anything Brown does.

But, the built-in registration advantage for Carter is great. And, with limited funds, there is only so much that either campaign can do.

Ford has allocated \$150,000 for his California campaign. The state party is putting up \$50,000 more. Former President Richard M. Nixon's state organization spent 14 times that - \$2.75 million - on the general election campaign four years ago.

Carter allocated \$288,000 to California. Sen. George McGovern's California campaign spent six times that in California in 1972.

Said Brown aide Davis: "With limits on spending - organizational money - this state is going to be won or lost like every other state, largely by the manner in which the candidate presents himself and his ideas. What we do here only adds or subtracts incrementally from that total.

"Gov. Carter has to win California. And California is still to be won or lost," Davis said.

More
1052aES 10-05

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PM-Calif.-Race, Adv 08-2nd add, 180

\$adv 08

For release Fri, Oct. 8

LOS ANGELES: Davis said.

Pollster Mervin Field, who reported a 62-33 Carter lead over Ford in California before the Republican convention in August, says the state should now be listed as doubtful for Carter.

But Field, who is starting a new survey, says the shift from Carter to "undecided," reported in other polls, is not necessarily momentum for Ford. So far, it only means voters are taking a second look at Carter.

"Carter starts with an edge. Carter has to lose it before Ford can win," Field said.

Democrats have outnumbered Republicans by a 3-2 margin in California since 1934, but Republicans have consistently beaten the odds, occupying the governor's office during 28 of those 42 years. And Republicans have carried the state in five of the last six presidential elections.

But the presidential vote can be misleading. The GOP has had a Californian up for president or vice president in six of the last seven general elections. That's an advantage the Republicans don't have this year.

End Adv Fri Pms, Oct. 6, sent Oct. 5
1056aES 10-05

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d 1 czcqyvvvx

PM-Oil Prices, 160

CARACAS, Venezuela AP - Venezuela will press for a boost in oil prices at the forthcoming meeting of the oil cartel, Mines and Hydrocarbons Minister Valentin Hernandez said today.

Hernandez said his government already has decided on the size of the increase it favors, "but I feel it is convenient not to discuss" the matter before the meeting. Ministers of the 13 member governments of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries - OPEC - are to meet in December in the Persian Gulf sheikdom of Qatar.

Iran and Venezuela, the world's second and third largest oil exporting nations, have long been known to favor an increase from the present \$11.51 average price per barrel. Informed sources recently indicated that they will seek a 25 per cent increase.

However, Saudi Arabia, the largest oil exporter, is thought to want to hold down any increase.

Venezuela exports approximately one million barrels a day of crude and refined products to the U.S. Eastern Seaboard market.

1104aES 10-05

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

WIRE REPORT

BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

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E.O.B. 128 - RESEARCH



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R A

PM-MONDALE 1STLD-PICKUP2NDGRAF A045 10-5
(PREVIOUS WASHINGTON)

BY WILLIAM E. CLAYTON

KANSAS CITY, MO. (UPI) -- PRESIDENT FORD AND HIS RUNNING MATE TRIED TO THWART THE WATERGATE INVESTIGATION AND THE ADMINISTRATION HAS SINCE TRIED TO BLOCK REFORMS, DEMOCRATIC VICE PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE WALTER MONDALE CHARGED TODAY.

IN WHAT ONE AIDE CALLED MONDALE'S STRONGEST ATTACK ON FORD'S ACTIONS DURING WATERGATE, MONDALE TOLD UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI-KANSAS CITY LAW STUDENTS:

"TO THE BITTER END, MR. FORD STRONGLY DEFENDED THE ACTIONS OF RICHARD NIXON, LONG AFTER IT WAS OBVIOUS TO MANY MEMBERS OF HIS OWN PARTY, AS WELL AS MOST OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE, THAT THE NIXON ADMINISTRATION WAS OBSTRUCTING JUSTICE."

BEGINNING A CAMPAIGN TOUR OF THE MIDWEST, MONDALE SAID FORD AND HIS RUNNINGMATE, KANSAS SEN. ROBERT DOLE, BOTH TRIED TO PLAY DOWN WATERGATE.

"AS HOUSE MINORITY LEADER, MR. FORD LED THE FIGHT TO PREVENT THE FIRST INVESTIGATION OF THE WATERGATE BREAK-IN OF 1972 BY THE HOUSE BANKING COMMITTEE. MR. DOLE SOUGHT TO LIMIT PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OF WATERGATE-RELATED ABUSES, FIRST BY OFFERING A RESOLUTION TO REQUIRE THAT THE ERVIN COMMITTEE INVESTIGATIONS BE CONDUCTED IN CLOSED SESSION AND WHEN THAT FAILED, BY OFFERING ANOTHER RESOLUTION TO PROHIBIT LIVE BROADCASTING OF THE PROCEEDINGS."

THEN, MONDALE SAID, FORD MADE "AN INCREDIBLE AGREEMENT" AS PRESIDENT TO LET NIXON KEEP WHITE HOUSE TAPES AND TOOK AN ACTION THAT "COULD NOT BE REVERSED -- THE PARDON OF RICHARD NIXON."

"NO ACT MORE PERPETUATED NIXON'S OWN DANGEROUS DOCTRINE THAT A PRESIDENT IS SOMEHOW ABOVE THE LAW," MONDALE SAID. HE CONTENDED THE PARDON "MADE A MOCKERY OF THE NOTION THAT IN AMERICA, THERE IS NO SOVEREIGN WHO STANDS ABOVE THE LAW."

MONDALE CHARGED THAT FORD AND HIS ADMINISTRATION HAVE "OPPOSED AND ATTEMPTED TO BLOCK CONGRESSIONAL ACTION ON WATERGATE REFORM LEGISLATION." ONE SPECIFIC REFORM HE MENTIONED WAS A PROPOSAL FOR A "TRULY INDEPENDENT SPECIAL PROSECUTOR."

MONDALE FLEW HERE FROM WASHINGTON AFTER A LONG WEEKEND OF REST AT HOME.

PICKUP 2NDGRAF: HIS CONGRESSIONAL
UPI 10-05 01:36 PED

a211

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PM-Polls, CORRECTION, a064, 60
NEW YORK, to correct figures showing Carter's lead, sub last two
grafs: A Gallup . . . Sept. 3.

A Gallup poll reported Aug. 22 gave Carter a 10-point lead over Ford - 49 to 39 per cent - and another reported Sept. 3 upped Carter's lead to 52 to 37, or 15 points.

The revised figures, Gallup said, showed that Carter's lead was 50 to 37, or 13 points, in the Aug. 22 poll and 18 points - 54 to 36 - in the poll reported Sept. 3.

1311pES 10-05

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PM-FORD 1STLD-PICKUP5THGRAF A040 10-5
BY HELEN THOMAS
UPI WHITE HOUSE REPORTER

SAN FRANCISCO (UPI) -- PRESIDENT FORD PREDICTED TODAY THAT HE AND REPUBLICAN SENATORIAL CANDIDATE S.I. HAYAKAWA WILL CARRY CALIFORNIA IN THE NOV. 2 ELECTION.

HAYAKAWA, SEEKING TO UNSEAT INCUMBENT DEMOCRAT JOHN TUNNEY, VISITED FORD AT HIS RENTED MANSION IN SAN FRANCISCO'S EXCLUSIVE PACIFIC HEIGHTS. FORD IS PREPARING FOR WEDNESDAY NIGHT'S SECOND NATIONALLY TELEVISED DEBATE WITH JIMMY CARTER.

DURING A PICTURE-TAKING SESSION, THE PRESIDENT INTRODUCED THE FORMER PRESIDENT OF SAN FRANCISCO STATE UNIVERSITY BY SAYING, "YOUR'RE IN THE PRESENCE OF THE NEXT SENATOR FROM CALIFORNIA."

"IS THAT A PREDICTION?" A REPORTER ASKED.

"ABSOLUTELY," THE PRESIDENT REPLIED WITH A SMILE. "WE'RE BOTH GOING TO CARRY CALIFORNIA."

HAYAKAWA, 70, CAME TO NATIONAL ATTENTION SEVERAL YEARS AGO WHEN, WEARING A TAM-O'-SHANTER THAT HAS BECOME HIS TRADEMARK, HE PULLED THE WIRES FROM A SOUND TRUCK BEING USED BY DEMONSTRATORS AT THE UNIVERSITY. HE GAVE FORD ONE OF THE HATS BEFORE THEY CHATTED IN A SMALL PATIO AT THE PRIVATE HOME, RENTED BY THE FORD CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE FOR \$125 A DAY.

BEFORE LEAVING WASHINGTON MONDAY, HE ACCEPTED THE RESIGNATION OF AGRICULTURE SECRETARY EARL L. BUTZ IN WHAT FORD CALLED "ONE OF THE SADDEST DECISIONS OF MY PRESIDENCY." BUTZ QUIT THE CABINET, CITING HIS "GROSS INDISCRETION" IN TELLING A RACIAL JOKE TO FORMER WHITE HOUSE COUNSEL JOHN DEAN, WHO REPEATED IT IN A MAGAZINE ARTICLE.

PICKUP 5THGRAF: FORD ARRANGED

UPI 10-05 02:11 PED

A220

A215

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AM-STRATEGY-CARTER SKED 10-5
BY WESLEY G. PIPPERT

WASHINGTON (UPI) -- JIMMY CARTER PROBABLY WILL SEEK TO MAKE SECRETARY OF STATE HENRY A. KISSINGER AND THE MORALITY OF U.S. FOREIGN POLICY THE MAIN ISSUES, AND TAKE A MORE AGGRESSIVE APPROACH, IN HIS SECOND DEBATE WITH PRESIDENT FORD.

EVEN AFTER KISSINGER'S RECENT EFFORTS TO BRING PEACE TO SOUTHERN AFRICA, THE DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL NOMINEE CONTINUED HIS CAMPAIGN-LONG CRITICISM OF THE MAN HE HAS REFERRED TO AS "THE LONE RANGER."

"THERE'S NO DOUBT IN ANYONE'S MIND THAT KISSINGER, NOT FORD, IS THE ONE WHO SPEAKS FOR OUR COUNTRY," CARTER TOLD A GROUP OF LITHUANIAN-AMERICANS IN PITTSBURGH SATURDAY.

IN A LOGICAL EXTENSION OF THE MORALISM THAT CHARACTERIZES HIS APPROACH TO POLITICS, CARTER CHARGES THAT U.S. FOREIGN POLICY IS BASED ON KISSINGER'S CONCEPT OF BALANCE OF POWER, WHEREAS THE NATION SHOULD DECLARE UNEQUIVOCAL SUPPORT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

"THE AMERICAN PEOPLE FEEL THAT UNDER KISSINGER, FORD AND NIXON OUR NATION HAS ABANDONED ITS MORAL COMMITMENTS IN FOREIGN AFFAIRS," CARTER TOLD THE LITHUANIAN-AMERICANS. "WE'VE IGNORED THE RIGHTS OF HUMAN BEINGS TO BE FREE."

CARTER HAS BEEN TUNING UP FOR THE WEDNESDAY EVENING CONFRONTATION IN MEETINGS WITH HIS TOP FOREIGN POLICY ADVISER, COLUMBIA PROF. ZBIGNIEW BRZEZINSKI.

BRZEZINSKI HELPED SHAPE CARTER'S POSITION THAT U.S. FOREIGN POLICY MUST CENTER ON RELATIONSHIPS WITH TRADITIONAL ALLIES SUCH AS BRITAIN, CANADA AND JAPAN -- NOT ON DETENTE WITH RUSSIA AND CHINA.

CARTER AND HIS AIDES HAVE GIVEN FEW CLUES AS TO HIS STRATEGY FOR THIS DEBATE. BUT HE APPEARS CERTAIN TO CONTINUE HITTING HARD AT WASTE IN THE MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT AND WHAT HE CONSIDERS ADMINISTRATION FOOT-DRAGGING ON ARMS LIMITATION.

IN PREPARATION FOR THE MILITARY PHASE OF THE DEBATE, HE CONFERRED FOR SEVERAL HOURS DURING THE WEEKEND WITH FORMER DEFENSE SECRETARY JAMES R. SCHLESINGER, WHOM FORD FIRED IN PART FOR HIS DETERMINED ESPOUSAL OF A STRONGER DEFENSE IN THE FACE OF KISSINGER'S STRESSING DETENTE.

IN A SPEECH TO THE REPRESENTATIVES OF JEWISH ORGANIZATIONS IN BOSTON SEPT. 30, CARTER OFFERED A SYNOPSIS OF WHAT COULD BE THE GENERAL THRUST OF HIS ATTACK WEDNESDAY NIGHT:

"OUR FOREIGN POLICY THE LAST FEW YEARS HAS BEEN AMORAL IN NATURE. THERE HAS BEEN NO CONSTANCY ABOUT IT. THERE HAS BEEN NO COMMITMENT. THERE HAS BEEN NO CONSTANT SEARCH TO CORRECT THE DEPRIVATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS.

"THERE HAS BEEN NO ADHERENCE TO THE MORAL CHARACTER OF OUR NATION ITSELF OR OF OUR PEOPLE. THERE HAS BEEN NO OPENNESS BECAUSE IT WAS A LOT BETTER TO BE CONCEALED, AND THE AMERICAN PEOPLE HAVE HAD NO VOICE IN THE EVOLUTION OR CONSUMMATION OF FOREIGN POLICY DECISIONS."

UPI 10-05 01:50 PED

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AM-STRATEGY-FORD SKED 10-5

BY JOHN MILNE

WASHINGTON (UPI) -- PRESIDENT FORD HOPES TO PROJECT HIMSELF AS A LEADER DURING THE SECOND DEBATE WITH JIMMY CARTER BY CITING HIS TWO-YEAR RECORD IN MAKING FOREIGN AND MILITARY POLICY, ADMINISTRATION SOURCES SAID TUESDAY.

HE IS BEING ADVISED TO STAY AS GENERAL AS POSSIBLE, THE SOURCES SAID, IN ORDER TO KEEP THE NATIONWIDE TELEVISION AUDIENCE FROM BEING CONFUSED BY A LONG AND INVOLVED DISCUSSION OF SUCH INTRICATE ISSUES AS THE SALT ARMS LIMITATION TALKS.

BUT IF JIMMY CARTER GETS INTO TECHNICAL SPECIFICS, THE PRESIDENT CAN OVERWHELM HIM WITH A GREATER KNOWLEDGE, SINCE HE IS BRIEFED EACH DAY ON INTELLIGENCE MATTERS INVOLVING MILITARY AND FOREIGN POLICY, SAID HIS ADVISERS.

UPI DISCUSSED FORD'S DEBATE STRATEGY WITH SOME OF HIS KEY AIDES, WHO DECLINED TO BE QUOTED BY NAME.

THEY SAID FORD'S PREPARATION INCLUDED USE OF LARGE LOOSE-LEAF BOOKS FILLED WITH POSSIBLE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS, PROVIDED BY THE PENTAGON, STATE DEPARTMENT AND OTHER AGENCIES, ALONG WITH A RUNDOWN OF CARTER'S STATED OPINIONS ON FOREIGN POLICY AND DEFENSE.

"THIS IS OUR DEBATE," SAID ONE AIDE. "THIS STUFF IS WHAT PRESIDENTS DO, AND HE'S BEING ADVISED BY THE PEOPLE WHO ARE ACTUALLY DOING IT. CARTER IS GETTING ADVICE FROM PEOPLE WHO HAVEN'T BEEN IN GOVERNMENT SINCE THEY GAVE US THE VIETNAM WAR."

ALL THE ADVISERS SAID FORD WOULD STRESS THAT THE UNITED STATES IS AT PEACE, WITH FEW POSSIBILITIES OF A CRISIS THAT MIGHT INVOLVE U.S. TROOPS IN THE IMMEDIATE FUTURE.

HE ALSO IS EXPECTED TO DWELL ON THE NEED FOR A STRONG MILITARY FORCE, AND THE IMPORTANCE OF A SYSTEM OF ALLIANCES TO REINFORCE THAT STRENGTH.

CARTER'S VIEWS MOST MENTIONED BY FORD'S STRATEGISTS ARE THAT THE PENTAGON COULD REDUCE ITS BUDGET BETWEEN \$5 BILLION AND \$7 BILLION BY CUTTING WASTE; THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS NEGLECTED ITS ALLIANCES AND HAS NOT DONE ENOUGH TO SLOW THE ARMS RACE, AND THAT SECRETARY OF STATE HENRY KISSINGER HAS CONDUCTED "LONE RANGER" DIPLOMACY.

"HE'S GOT TO KEEP TO THE CENTER," ONE AIDE SAID OF CARTER, "AND THERE HE'S ON OUR TERMS. TAKE THE B1. IF HE GOES HARD RIGHT AND SAYS THE RUSSIANS ARE COMING, THEN WE SHOW HOW WE NEED A NEW BOMBER AND THAT MAKES CARTER FUZZY ON THE ISSUES.

"IF HE SAYS DON'T BUILD IT, THEN WE CAN ASK WHAT KIND OF SIGNAL THAT SENDS TO OUR ALLIES. WHAT'S MORE, HE'LL OFFEND A LOT OF LABOR SUPPORT AND LOSE CALIFORNIA."

THE ADVISERS FEEL THE DEBATE THURSDAY EVENING COULD BE PIVOTAL, POINTING TO REPUBLICAN POLLS SHOWING MORE THAN 70 PER CENT OF THE POPULATION THINK DEFENSE IS ONE OF THE MOST SIGNIFICANT CAMPAIGN ISSUES -- A STATISTIC BACKED UP BY SOME STATE DEMOCRATIC POLLS.

UPI 10-05 01:23 PED

a209

r 1 bylczcqyv
PM-China-U.N. Bjt, 1st Ld, a008, 230
By SERGE SCHMEMANN
Associated Press Writer

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. AP - Chinese Foreign minister Chiao Kuan-hua told the U.N. General Assembly today that war between the United States and the Soviet Union is inevitable. "This is independent of man's will," he added.

Chiao, following the usual Chinese pattern of attacking the Soviet Union, said Soviet "social-imperialism is the biggest peace swindler and the most dangerous source of war today."

"As chairman Mao Tse-tung pointed out, the current international situation is characterized by great disorder under heaven, and it is excellent," he said.

This disorder, he added, will awaken and temper the people and push the international situation in a direction "unfavorable to imperialism and social-imperialism."

Chiao's speech, the first major Chinese foreign policy address since Mao's death last month, was clearly keyed to the Third World. He urged developing countries to oppose the superpowers and specifically the Soviet Union.

"Some people are terrified at the mention of the Soviet Union, thinking that it cannot be touched," he said. "This is superstition. Soviet social-imperialism is nothing to be afraid of. It is outwardly strong but inwardly weak."

Quoting Mao, he continued: "All reactionaries are paper tigers. The revisionist Soviet Union is a paper tiger too."

In the, 3rd graf.
1303pES, 10-05

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PM-China-U.N. 1st Add 1st Ld, a209, 250
UNITED NATIONS add: tiger too.

Chiao said the struggle between the United States and the Soviet Union was founded on the "unalterable" facts that "the United States has vested interests to protect around the world and the Soviet Union seeks expansion."

Of the two, he said, the Soviet Union is the more dangerous because "every day it talks 'peace' but practices expansion."

Chiao said the process of detente was "a fraudulent and hollow phrase." He said the 1975 Helsinki conference on European security was only a Soviet attempt to put Western Europe off guard, "divide and crush it piecemeal and ultimately seize the whole of Western Europe."

In his 30-minute speech Chiao also welcomed Egypt's move to break its treaties with the Soviet Union and called for a unified Cyprus, ouster of U.S. troops from South Korea, a "reasonable solution" in Lebanon and admission of Vietnam to the United Nations.

He hailed race conflicts in Rhodesia, Namibia and South Africa and condemned the Soviet Union for "attempts to seize the opportunity to sow discord and carry out armed intervention while pretending to support national liberation movements."

Chiao pledged that China would carry out Mao's "revolutionary line and policies in foreign affairs," and would never aspire to be a superpower.

"However great our future achievements in national construction, we will keep firmly in mind Chairman Mao's teaching always to be modest and never become arrogant, not even after 100 years, and never become cocky, not even after the 21st century," he said.

In the, 3rd graf a406
1309pES, 10-05

a226

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BC-Third Debate, 230
URGENT

SAN FRANCISCO AP - The third debate between President Ford and Democratic challenger Jimmy Carter will be held Oct. 22 at historic William and Mary College in Williamsburg, Va., the League of Women Voters said Tuesday.

Jim Karayn, debate project director, said the final meeting of the two candidates will begin at 9:30 p.m. EDT at the university's Phi Beta Kappa building.

"Phi Beta Kappa was founded there 200 years ago as a debating society, so we think it's an appropriate location," Karayn said.

Karayn made the announcement as technicians and league personnel swarmed over the stage at the Palace of Fine Arts in preparation for Wednesday night's second presidential campaign debate. The first debate was held at the Walnut Street Theater in Philadelphia Sept. 23.

Karayn said the third debate will cover general topics. The first focused on domestic and economic affairs, and the second was to center on foreign policy and defense.

A definite site for an Oct. 15 meeting between the vice-presidential candidates, Republican Sen. Robert Dole and Democratic Sen. Walter F. Mondale, has not yet been selected. But Karayn said there is a "90 per cent chance" the debate will be held in Houston, Tex.

The campus of William and Mary is the second oldest in the United States, after Harvard University. It was established by British royal charter in 1693.

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PM-Callaway, insert, a105, 100

WASHN - Callaway, insert after 5th graf to update: and excoriation."
In Atlanta, Callaway, who directed President Ford's campaign early this year, declared that the report was "a brand-new cheap political dirty trick."

"Haskell is using his Senate immunity to play partisan politics, and he has from the very beginning," Callaway said. "He held up the report until the middle of the campaign - as a matter of fact he was out campaigning with Jimmy Carter yesterday."

"The facts still are . . . that there is no direct evidence" of wrongdoing on his part, said Callaway. "They resort to innuendo and raise questions and specifically refused my request to state what the charges were and then state whether I was guilty or not guilty."

At the: 6th graf
1347pES 10-05

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AM-Brezhnev Bjt - 2 Takes, 450-690

Wirephoto MOS15

By THOMAS KENT

Associated Press Writer

MOSCOW AP - Soviet Communist party leader Leonid I. Brezhnev accused unnamed Western governments Tuesday of sabotaging East-West detente by raising the bogey of a Soviet threat.

"Spokes are being put in the wheels," he said, using an idiom meaning to obstruct.

"Some circles in Western countries persistently spread allegations about a Soviet menace and are speculating on the fear which they themselves assiduously arouse."

Brezhnev spoke in an interview with French television from his study in the Kremlin. The interview was also broadcast in Moscow, and a transcript was carried by Tass, the official Soviet news agency.

He said the need to halt the arms buildup has become urgent and spoke out against those in the West who insist the United States must be the strongest military power in the world.

The 69-year-old party leader, wearing a dark suit with four medals, speaking in a strong voice and sipping tea, brought up by himself Western claims that the Soviet Union is arming for war.

"The Soviet Union has impressive armed forces indeed," he said.

"But we declare clearly that the Soviet Union has never threatened and is not threatening anyone and is ready any time to reduce armed forces on a reciprocal basis.

"We have to perfect our defenses, have to, I repeat, since we are faced with the arms race. Voices sound now and again that NATO's leading power must be 'the strongest one in the world,' that NATO as a whole must be building up armaments and thus exerting constant pressure on the Soviet Union and other Socialist countries."

If other countries were really concerned about the growth of Soviet weaponry, he said, they would work "in earnest for reducing armaments."

The Soviet Union has long accused the West of dragging its feet in strategic and conventional force disarmament talks, while the West claims the Soviets are seeking one-sided advantages.

Officials of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization have recently expressed concern over what they say is a wide-ranging Soviet weapons buildup on land and sea. They said, for example, that the Soviet Union recently deployed a new two-stage missile in Eastern Europe. Each SS20 missile reportedly carries several nuclear warheads that can be aimed at different targets in Western Europe.

Brezhnev also criticized assertions that the Soviet bloc benefits most from detente.

"Those who believe that we more than others need contacts and exchanges in the economy, science and technology are mistaken," he said. "The entire volume of Soviet imports from capitalist countries is less than 1½ per cent of our gross social product. It is clear that this is not of decisive importance for the development of the Soviet economy."

MORE

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AM-Brezhnev, Bjt - 1st Add, a222, 240

MOSCOW: Soviet economy."

Turning to last year's Helsinki agreement on East-West security and cooperation, Brezhnev said the Soviets "respect and observe the agreements achieved in Helsinki in full, I repeat, in full."

He said portions of the agreement dealing with international security were the most important elements of the accord but "we, naturally, do not underestimate in the least the importance of cooperation in economy, science and technology, in culture and information, in the development of personal contacts and implementation of measures of confidence."

He said "cold war" forces in the United States, West Germany and other countries were trying to distort the spirit and letter of the Helsinki accord.

He did not elaborate, however, nor respond specifically to Western claims that the Soviets have been particularly weak in implementing the Helsinki agreements on human rights.

Brezhnev spoke briefly of internal Soviet development, reiterating the line of the 25th Communist party congress in February that the party's main goal is "safeguarding the future rise in the material and cultural living standards of the people."

He said he was encouraged by his trip last month to Kazakhstan, a major Soviet grain-growing area, where "everything is going well."

He gave no details on the grain harvest this year but said it is expected to be good. The Soviets hope it will reach 205 million tons and make up for the decade-low yield of 140 million tons last year.

1411pES 10-05

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AM-BUTZ 10-5

BY HOWARD FIELDS

WASHINGTON UPI) -- EARL BUTZ, WHO RESIGNED AS AGRICULTURE SECRETARY BECAUSE OF A RACIAL SLUR, CLEANED OUT HIS DESK TUESDAY AND DENIED A NEWSPAPER REPORT THAT HE HELD SECRET MEETINGS TO ADVISE STATE OFFICIALS HOW TO AVOID HIRING BLACKS.

BUTZ, THE 67-YEAR-OLD FORMER PURDUE PROFESSOR WHO SERVED IN THREE ADMINISTRATIONS, HANDED PRESIDENT FORD HIS RESIGNATION MONDAY AND APOLOGIZED FOR MAKING AN OBSCENE COMMENT ABOUT BLACK PEOPLE. AN AIDE SAID HE VISITED HIS OFFICE FOR A FEW HOURS TUESDAY TO TAKE HOME PERSONAL BELONGINGS AND BID FAREWELL TO ASSOCIATES.

BUTZ HAS NOT PUBLICLY DISCUSSED HIS FUTURE PLANS, BUT SAID HE WANTED TO CONTINUE WORKING FOR FORD'S ELECTION.

THROUGH A SPOKESMAN, BUTZ DENIED THERE HAD BEEN ANY SECRET USDA MEETINGS WITH STATE COOPERATIVE EXTENSION SERVICE DIRECTORS, OR THAT HE HAD COUNSELED THEM HOW TO AVOID COMPLIANCE WITH CIVIL RIGHTS LAWS, AS A LOS ANGELES TIMES REPORT SAID.

THE NEWSPAPER SAID TUESDAY THAT BUTZ HELD "TWO SECRET MEETINGS IN NOVEMBER, 1973" WITH DIRECTORS OF USDA'S COOPERATIVE EXTENSION SERVICES FROM SEVEN STATES AND HELPED THEM "GET AROUND ANTIDISCRIMINATION LAWS ... BY ALTERING DEPARTMENTAL REGULATIONS TO EXTEND INDEFINITELY THE TIME THE AGENCIES HAD TO COMPLY WITH FEDERAL STANDARDS."

THE STATES -- ARKANSAS, GEORGIA, ILLINOIS, KANSAS, LOUISIANA, MARYLAND AND TEXAS -- FACED LOSS OF FEDERAL FUNDS FOR ALLEGEDLY EMPLOYING TOO FEW BLACKS IN POLICY MAKING POSITIONS AND PAYING LOWER WAGES TO BLACKS THAN TO WHITES DOING THE SAME WORK, THE NEWSPAPER SAID.

J. PAUL BOLDUC, AN ASSISTANT SECRETARY WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MINORITY HIRING, SAID THE REPORT "IS ABSOLUTELY, TOTALLY AND UNEQUIVOCALLY FALSE."

HE SAID BUTZ CALLED TWO PUBLIC MEETINGS WITH THE STATE DIRECTORS IN 1973 BECAUSE THEY "WERE EXPERIENCING SOME DIFFICULTY" IN MEETING HIRING STANDARDS.

AT THE MEETINGS, BUTZ SPELLED OUT HIS POLICY AND TOLD THE DIRECTORS "IN THE STRONGEST POSSIBLE TERMS" HE WOULD NOT TOLERATE NONCOMPLIANCE, BOLDUC SAID. BUTZ THEN TOLD THEM HOW TO GO ABOUT COMPLYING, BOLDUC SAID.

BOLDUC SAID THE DIFFICULTY WAS THE MEASURING DEVICE TO BE USED IN GAUGING COMPLIANCE. THE LAW HAD BEEN VAGUE AND THE CIVIL RIGHTS COMMISSION AND AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT ENDED UP WITH DIFFERENT CRITERIA.

THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT WORKED OUT COMPROMISE LANGUAGE, AND ALL SEVEN STATES NOW HAVE AFFIRMATIVE ACTION PLANS, HE SAID.

A YEAR AGO, THE U.S. COMMISSION ON CIVIL RIGHTS, ISSUED A REPORT CHARGING THAT THE USDA HAD BEEN DRAGGING ITS FEET ON CIVIL RIGHTS COMPLIANCE AND CONTINUED TO PROVIDE FUNDS "FOR THE OPERATION OF DISCRIMINATORY PROGRAMS WITH THE COMPLICITY OF THE SECRETARY AND OTHER HIGH-LEVEL USDA OFFICIALS."

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

WIRE REPORT

BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

PHILLIP BUCHEN 2
JAMES CAVANAUGH
JIM CANNON
FOSTER CHANOCK
JIM CONNOR
MIKE DUVAL
MAX FRIEDERSDORF
ALAN GREENSPAN
ROBERT HARTMAN
JERRY JONES
JOHN O. MARSH
TERRY O'DONNELL
BOB ORBEN
BIRGE WATKINS
E.O.B. 128 - RESEARCH



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THE SPECIAL WASHINGTON WIRE OF UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL

OCT. 5, 1976
TELEPHONES: WASHINGTON, NATIONAL 8-6621; NEW YORK, MU 2-0400
UPI 10-05 08:02 AED

UP-002

THE NEWS IN BRIEF
FROM UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL

DETROIT--NON-ECONOMIC ISSUE IS THE SNAG IN SETTLEMENT OF AUTO STRIKE.

WASHINGTON--BUTZ QUITS TO REMOVE "EVEN THE APPEARANCE OF RACISM AS AN ISSUE IN THE FORD CAMPAIGN."

SAN FRANCISCO--FORD BEGINS CRAMMING FOR HIS FOREIGN POLICY DEBATE WITH CARTER TOMORROW NIGHT.

SAN FRANCISCO--CARTER BELIEVES HE HAS THE PSYCHOLOGICAL EDGE FOR TOMORROW'S TV DEBATE.

NEW YORK--DOCTORS GIVE HUMPHREY 50 PER CENT CHANCE OF BEING CURED OF CANCER IN HIS BLADDER.

WASHINGTON--SUPREME COURT BEGINS REVIEW OF ITS CONTROVERSIAL MIRANDA RULE.

MANILA--U.S. TELLS THE WORLD'S POOR NATIONS TO PUT THEIR OWN ECONOMIC HOUSES IN ORDER.

BONN--KOHLE FAILS IN HIS ATTEMPTS TO BREAK UP WEST GERMANY'S RULING COALITION.

MADRID--MACHINE GUN SLAYING OF CARLOS ADVISER THREATENS SPAIN'S MOVES TOMORROW DEMOCRACY.

BEIRUT--SYRIANS AND LEBANESE CHRISTIAN LEADERS CRITICAL OF DIPLOMATIC MOVES TO CONVENE PARIS PEACE CONFERENCE.

JERUSALEM--SPECIAL SESSION OF ISRAELI PARLIAMENT TO DEBATE ESCALATING CRISIS IN OCCUPIED AREAS.

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UP-003

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THE UPI DAYBOOK
TUESDAY, OCT. 5

NEWS CONFERENCE--10:00 A.M.--NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF MUTUAL INSURANCE AGENTS AND REPRESENTATIVES OF THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS, 450 OLD EOB.

SUBJECT: PILOT PROGRAM TO DETERMINE THE FEASIBILITY OF ESTABLISHING A CONSUMER-COMPLAINT HANDLING MECHANISM IN THE PROPERTY AND CASUALTY BUSINESS. CONTACT: NANCY GRAVATT,

628-1300.

PRESS RECEPTION--3:00 P.M.-- TO MEET MEMBERS OF THE ADVISORY BOARD OF THE NATIONAL WOMEN'S POLITICAL CAUCUS, OCEANIC ROOM, INTERNATIONAL CLUB.

CAUCUS IS HOLDING A STRATEGY SESSION ON "INCREASING WOMEN'S PARTICIPATION IN THE POLITICAL SPHERE." WOMEN ATTEND OPENING OF "DOONESBURY" CARTOONS EXHIBITION AT 6 P.M., 2121 P ST., NW.
CONTACT: LAEL STEGALL OR JANE MCMICHAEL, 785-2911.

AMERICAN BANKERS ASSOCIATION CONVENTION CONTINUES. TUESDAY HIGHLIGHTS:

7:30 "POLITICAL REALITIES" BREAKFAST, WITH REPS. MORRIS UDALL AND GUY VANDER JAGT, INTERNATIONAL BALLROOM, WASHINGTON HILTON.
9:30 GENERAL SESSION AT CONSTITUTION HALL FEATURING:
--ADDRESS BY ABA EXECUTIVE VP WILLIS ALEXANDER.
--PANEL ON "GOVERNMENT REGULATION IN BANKING."
1:30 "ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER UPDATE FROM THE COMPTROLLER," BY COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY OFFICIALS, LIBERTY EXPOSITION CENTER, SHERATON PARK.
2:00 BANKING FORUM FOR "RAP SESSION" WITH OFFICIALS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD, JEFFERSON BALLROOM, WASHINGTON HILTON.
2:00 RAP SESSION WITH OFFICIALS OF THE FDIC, INTERNATIONAL BALLROOM EAST.
2:00 RAP SESSION WITH OTHER COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY OFFICIALS, INTERNATIONAL BALLROOM WEST.
6:30 RECEPTION AT THE SHERATON PARK.
CONTACT: SHOREHAM AMERICA'S EXECUTIVE ROOM, 467-5540.

WALTER MONDALE LEAVES DULLES AIRPORT FOR MIDWEST TOUR, 9:00 A.M.

WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE ON HANDICAPPED INDIVIDUALS HOLDS DAY-LONG SEMINAR ON DISABLED VETERANS, DAV NATIONAL SERVICE BLDG., 807 MAIN AVE., SW, 9:00 A.M.

CONTACT: FRANK BOYLE, 382-3701.

TWO-DAY "BRAINSTORMING SESSION" BY THE COMMISSION ON FEDERAL PAPERWORK, FEATURING MORE THAN 100 FEDERAL WORKERS WHO HAVE RECEIVED AWARDS FOR PAPERWORK REDUCTION SUGGESTIONS, OPENS IN THE CONFERENCE CENTER AT THE INTERNATIONAL INN, THOMAS CIRCLE, 9:30 A.M.

CONTACT: SHEILA ZUBRODM 653-5400.

COMMODITY FUTURES TRADING COMMISSION HEARS ARGUMENTS CONCERNING A COMPLAINT BY CHARLES RIDER OF ALEXANDRIA, VA., AGAINST STOTLER & CO. OF CHICAGO, 5TH FLOOR, 2033 K ST., NW, 10:00 A.M.

CONTACT: 254-8630.

AMTRAK PRESIDENT PAUL REISTRUP PARTICIPATES IN CEREMONIES INAUGURATING SERVICE FOR THE NEW ASEA LOCOMOTIVE FOR AMTRAK, TRACK 18, UNION STATION, 10:30 A.M.
ASEA CHAIRMAN CURT NICOLIN ALSO TAKES PART. MEDIA GIVEN TOUR OF LOCOMOTIVE BEFORE ITS DEPARTURE AT 11:05 A.M. MEDIA MAY RIDE TO NEW YORK ON A SPECIAL CAR EQUIPPED WITH CLOSED-CIRCUIT TV SHOWING THE OPERATION OF THE LOCOMOTIVE. MEDIA MAY DETRAIN ALONG THE WAY AT BALTIMORE,

WILMINGTON, PHILADELPHIA OR NEWARK. CONTACT: 484-7224.

AUTHOR AND TV TALK-SHOW PERSONALITY STEPHEN ROSEN SPEAKS AT LUNCHEON OF THE WOMAN'S NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CLUB, 12:15 P.M.

SUBJECT: FUTURE FACTS.

BRAZILIAN FOREIGN MINISTER ANTONIO AZEREDO DA SILVEIRA HOSTS LUNCHEON FOR SECRETARY OF STATE KISSINGER, BRAZILIAN EMBASSY, 3000 MASS. AVE., NW, 1:00 P.M.

CONTACT: MR. ARAUJO, 797-0323 OR 0324.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT ISSUES REPORT ON MANUFACTURERS' EXPORT SALES AND ORDERS.

REV. JESSE JACKSON MEETS WITH HENRY KISSINGER TO DISCUSS SOUTHERN AGRICA, STATE DEPARTMENT, 3:30 P.M.

JACKSON MEETS WITH THE MEDIA AT 4:30 IN MAIN LOBBY OF STATE DEPARTMENT. CONTACT: OFIELD DUKES, 638-2299.

EUGENE MCCARTHY LEAVES NATIONAL AIRPORT (VIA ALLEGHANY) FOR NEW ENGLAND TOUR, 4:55 P.M.

RAY DENISON, LEGISLATIVE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE AFL-CIO, GUEST ON MUTUAL'S "LABOR NEWS CONFERENCE" BROADCAST, 9:05 P.M.

SUBJECT: THE 1976 TAX BILL.

FCC CONFERENCES:

9:00 CONSTRUCTION PERMIT, KJOG-TV, SAN DIEGO, CALIF.

9:00 NEW FM STATION, HONIA PATH, S.C.

9:30 CONSTRUCTION PERMITS, DOMESTIC LAND MOBILE RADIO SERVICE, MEMPHIS, TENN.

FCC HEARING, 10:00 A.M.

NEW FM STATION, HUNTINGDON, TENN.

FTC HEARING, 10:00 A.M.:

BRUNSWICK CORP., SKOKIE, ILL.

FTC CONFERENCE, 10:00 A.M.:

FORD MOTOR CO., DEARBORN, MICH.

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PM-BUTZ-RIGHTS 10-5

LOS ANGELES (UPI) -- EARL BUTZ HELD SECRET MEETINGS TO ADVISE SUBORDINATES AND STATE OFFICIALS HOW TO AVOID HIRING BLACKS, THE LOS ANGELES TIMES REPORTED TODAY.

THE TIMES SAID THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE UNDER BUTZ HAD THE SECOND WORST RECORD IN THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FOR HIRING MINORITIES.

QUOTING "SOURCES WITHIN THE (AGRICULTURE) DEPARTMENT AND A RECENT STUDY BY THE U.S. CIVIL RIGHTS COMMISSION," THE TIMES CHARGED THAT UNDER BUTZ THE DEPARTMENT HAD ENGAGED IN "IGNORING AND IN SOME CASES CIRCUMVENTING FEDERAL LAWS DESIGNED TO INCREASE THE EMPLOYMENT OF BLACKS AND OTHER RACIAL MINORITIES WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT."

IN A REPORT FROM ITS WASHINGTON BUREAU, THE NEWSPAPER SAID IT LEARNED "BUTZ HELPED SEVEN STATES GET AROUND FEDERAL CIVIL RIGHTS LAWS..."

"IN TWO SECRET MEETINGS IN NOVEMBER 1973, ACCORDING TO THE SOURCES, BUTZ MET WITH DIRECTORS OF THE AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT'S COOPERATIVE EXTENSION SERVICES FROM THE SEVEN STATES FOR THE PURPOSE OF CIRCUMVENTING FEDERAL LAWS..."

THE FEDERAL-STATE EXTENSION SERVICES ADVISE FARM FAMILIES, SPONSOR 4-H CLUBS AND PROVIDE OTHER SERVICES TO RURAL RESIDENTS. AT THE TIME, THE SERVICES IN SEVEN STATES -- ARKANSAS, GEORGIA, ILLINOIS, KANSAS, LOUISIANA, MARYLAND AND TEXAS -- HAD BEEN DECLARED IN VIOLATION OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT, THE TIMES SAID.

THEY FACED LOSS OF FEDERAL FUNDS FOR ALLEGEDLY MAINTAINING RACIALLY SEGREGATED CLUBS, EMPLOYING TOO FEW BLACKS IN POLICY MAKING POSITIONS AND PAYING LOWER WAGES TO BLACKS THAN TO WHITES DOING THE SAME WORK.

THE TIMES ALLEGED THAT "BUTZ HELPED THE SEVEN STATE AGENCIES GET AROUND ANTIDISCRIMINATION LAWS, ACCORDING TO THE SOURCES, BY ALTERING DEPARTMENTAL REGULATIONS TO EXTEND INDEFINITELY THE TIME THE AGENCIES HAD TO COMPLY WITH FEDERAL STANDARDS."

THE REPORT QUOTED JEFF MILLER, FORMER STAFF MEMBER FOR THE CIVIL RIGHT COMMISSION, AS SAYING THE DEPARTMENT UNDER BUTZ HAD "ONE OF THE MOST APALLING CIVIL RIGHTS ENFORCEMENT RECORDS IN THE GOVERNMENT."

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PM-Economy, Bjt - 2 Takes, 490-980
By R. GREGORY NOKES
Associated Press Writer

WASHINGTON AP - The government's report later this month on economic growth is expected to show that the U.S. economy grew at a disappointing rate of about 4 per cent in the third quarter of this year.

This is the opinion of economists both in and out of government who are puzzled about why the economy has bogged down after such promising growth earlier this year.

If the Oct. 19 report is disappointing, which now seems likely, it may give Democratic presidential nominee Jimmy Carter new ammunition in his attempt to use the economy as an issue in his campaign against President Ford.

A 4 per cent growth rate in the Gross National Product is considered just enough to keep up with new entries into the labor force and does nothing to dent the nation's still-high 7.9 per cent unemployment rate.

The report on the third-quarter GNP will be released by the Commerce Department just two weeks before the election on Nov. 2. The GNP measures the value of goods and services produced in the economy and is the broadest measure of over-all economic performance.

Although Ford claims credit for "turning the economy around," after the deep recession, Ford's advisers privately admit that recent economic statistics have taken much of the steam out of the claim.

There could be more bad news for Ford if the September employment report, to be released Friday, shows another rise in the jobless rate. That rate already has increased for three consecutive months.

Ford administration officials say that although the economy still has a long way to go, it nevertheless is on the right path.

"We see no reason whatsoever to alter our basic feelings that continued economic growth is still there," James T. Lynn, director of the Office of Management and Budget, said in an interview Monday.

"Very shortly, that growth will resume at a faster rate than in the last two quarters."

Carter's approach is to claim that the economy is in danger of being permanently bogged down because the Ford administration has not done enough to stimulate it.

His top economic adviser, Lawrence Klein of the University of Pennsylvania's Wharton School of Economics, has said the economy may need additional stimulus of about \$15 billion next year in order to maintain a satisfactory growth rate.

The stimulus could be provided through tax cuts, or increased federal spending, or both, he said.

Lynn said suggestions that new economic stimulus may be needed is "sheer speculation."

But one administration economist, Sidney L. Jones, an assistant secretary of the Treasury, said the Ford administration might have to consider some stimulus through tax cuts if the economy remains in the doldrums during the fourth quarter of the year.

Ford's proposal to tie tax reductions to spending reductions is not considered to be stimulating because they trade off one for the other. Jones said if any stimulus is needed next year, it should be handled through tax cuts without linking them to spending reductions.

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PM-Economy, Bjt - 1st Add, 490

WASH: spending reductions.

Jones said he believes the economy will speed up from its second and third quarter growth rates during the final three months of the year. However, he said, the effects of a prolonged strike at the Ford Motor Co. could throw a monkey wrench into this prediction.

"I'm the first to admit I'm still paranoid about the General Motors strike of 1970," said Jones. "It led to a very, very serious and very severe disruption."

The GNP growth rate of about 4 per cent compares with growth of 4.3 per cent in the second quarter of the year and 9.2 per cent in the first quarter, all computed at an annual rate.

In January, the President forecast an over-all increase in the GNP of 5.9 per cent. In July, the Council of Economic Advisers raised its sights to 6.8 per cent.

But Ford said in the first debate with Jimmy Carter on Sept. 23 that the economy probably would grow about 6 per cent for the year. Jones said he thought it would be "6 per cent-plus."

The difference between 6 per cent and 6.8 per cent translates into about 400,000 jobs.

Along with the retreat from their July predictions on GNP, administration economists also have pulled back from their July forecast that unemployment would drop below 7 per cent by the end of the year.

Chairman Alan Greenspan of the Council of Economic Advisers now says this target may not be reached until early 1977.

Economists both in and out of government are hard-pressed to explain what has happened to keep the economy from jumping ahead in recent months.

Consumer buying dropped off in the summer after growing at a healthy rate earlier in the year. And the government is still waiting for the increase in business investment activity that it had been expecting would start showing up at mid-year.

Jones said he still expects capital investment to increase, but he admitted that "it's beginning to be somewhat of a lag now."

Normally, the investment shows up about a year after the economy starts back up after a recession, "but it's now been one and one-half years," he added.

Jones said consumers and businessmen may still be worried about inflation, which has remained at about a 6 per cent level in recent months after falling sharply earlier in the year.

He also speculated that businessmen may be waiting until the election is over before committing funds to major investment projects. But along with other economists, he acknowledged he can't be sure what is the problem.

Charles L. Schultze, an economist at the Brookings Institution who has advised Carter on economics, also expressed puzzlement at the slowdown.

"It seems to have lasted longer than almost anybody forecast," he said. "The standard forecast of almost everybody had things picking up a lot more in the third quarter."

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PM-Ford 490

By FRANK CORMIER

Associated Press Writer

SAN FRANCISCO AP - President Ford is preparing here for his foreign policy debate with Jimmy Carter, and presidential aides are issuing explanations that appear designed for any outcome Wednesday night.

White House press secretary Ron Nessen set the stage for a possible victory, telling reporters aboard Air Force One as Ford flew to California Monday, "The President expects to do well," Nessen said Ford is confident because he "deals with foreign policy every day," and has done so for years as a member of Congress.

But Mike Duval, Ford's special counsel in charge of debate preparations, said he was "not entirely pleased by the small amount of time the President has spent in preparing for this debate."

Of course, there's always the possibility of a draw.

Nessen said Ford will labor under certain inhibitions at Wednesday's encounter, because his every word "will be interpreted by foreign leaders as reflecting American policy." The White House spokesman said the Democratic candidate "does not have that restraint."

Ford had only one publicly scheduled appointment today. Republican U.S. Senate candidate S.I. Hayakawa was dropping by "to talk about California politics."

Nessen said Ford would pay \$375 to stay three nights at the home of John Sutro, a member of an old Bay Area family and chairman of Ford's primary campaign against Ronald Reagan in Northern California.

Ford also will spend time on legislation passed by Congress before it adjourned Friday. Nessen said Ford brought about 20 bills with him to study and that more would be flown out from Washington.

Secretary of State Henry Kissinger helped Ford on debate preparations back at the White House during the weekend. There was no plan for him to come here for the Ford-Carter encounter. The secretaries of Defense and State and the attorney general have been told by Ford to avoid partisan campaign activities.

The highest-ranking foreign policy adviser accompanying Ford here was Brent Scowcroft, his special assistant for national security affairs.

The only appearance Ford is to make before the debate is a brief venture Wednesday to the Palace of Fine Arts to check lighting and sound arrangements before the debate begins, White House aides said.

Before he left Washington Monday, Ford accepted the resignation of Agriculture Secretary Earl L. Butz, calling it "one of the saddest decisions of my presidency."

Under fire since Friday from Democrats and Republicans, Butz quit following publication of a racial slur which he made against blacks during a conversation after the Republican convention in August.

Ford said Butz was "wise enough and courageous enough to recognize that no single individual, no matter how distinguished his past public service, should cast a shadow over the integrity and good will of American government by his actions."

Carter said Ford was guilty of political expediency and had shown a lack of leadership in handling the "embarrassing and disgusting" affair. Carter said Ford had waited until he could assess the potential political impact of the Butz affair before getting rid of him.

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PM-FORD SKED 10-5

BY HELEN THOMAS

UPI WHITE HOUSE REPORTER

SAN FRANCISCO (UPI) -- PRESIDENT FORD TALKS CALIFORNIA POLITICS TODAY WITH REPUBLICAN SENATORIAL CANDIDATE S.I. HAYAKAWA AND BEGINS INTENSIVE CRAMMING FOR HIS FOREIGN POLICY DEBATE WITH JIMMY CARTER.

THE PRESIDENT FLEW HERE MONDAY NIGHT AFTER ACCEPTING THE RESIGNATION OF AGRICULTURE SECRETARY EARL L. BUTZ IN WHAT FORD CALLED "ONE OF THE SADDEST DECISIONS OF MY PRESIDENCY."

BUTZ QUIT THE CABINET, CITING HIS "GROSS INDISCRETION" IN TELLING A RACIAL JOKE TO FORMER WHITE HOUSE COUNSEL JOHN DEAN, WHO WAS WRITING FOR ROLLING STONE.

POLITICAL OBSERVERS SAY THE FORD-CARTER RACE IN CALIFORNIA IS A TOSS-UP. HAYAKAWA, 70, THE CONSERVATIVE FORMER PRESIDENT OF SAN FRANCISCO STATE UNIVERSITY, WAS GIVING SEN. JOHN V. TUNNEY A STIFF CHALLENGE.

FORD ARRANGED TO SPEND MOST OF THE DAY IN A PLUSH RENTED MANSION ON PACIFIC HEIGHTS STUDYING BRIEFING BOOKS ON FOREIGN POLICY AND NATIONAL SECURITY FOR HIS TELEVISED DEBATE WEDNESDAY NIGHT AT THE PALACE OF FINE ARTS THEATER.

CARTER ARRIVED EARLIER MONDAY TO BONE UP FOR THE DEBATE AND WAS WELCOMED BY GOV. EDMUND G. BROWN JR. AT THE AIRPORT.

IN ADVANCE OF THE FACE-OFF, FORD'S AIDES SAID THE PRESIDENT WILL WALK A TIGHT ROPE, HAVING TO WEIGH THE IMPACT OF HIS REMARKS ON FOREIGN LEADERS AND SENSITIVE "ON-GOING ... NEGOTIATIONS," PARTICULARLY IN THE NUCLEAR AREA.

AIDES SAID CARTER WILL NOT BE UNDER THE SAME CONSTRAINTS AND, THEREFORE, WILL BE FREE TO BE MORE ON THE ATTACK BECAUSE HE IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR FOREIGN POLICY.

THE PRESIDENT ALSO BROUGHT ALONG A LOT OF PAPER WORK, INCLUDING BILLS FOR ACTION DURING HIS STAY HERE. THURSDAY MORNING HE WILL FLY TO LOS ANGELES FOR A HEAVY ROUND OF ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING A TOUR OF NORTH AMERICAN-ROCKWELL AVIATION WHERE THE B1 BOMBER IS BEING DEVELOPED.

ALSO ON THURSDAY, HE WILL ADDRESS THE STUDENT BODY AND THE PUBLIC AT THE VOTER'S CONVOCATION ON THE UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA CAMPUS.

IN THE EVENING, FORD WILL JOIN FORMER CALIFORNIA GOV. RONALD REAGAN, WHO HAD CHALLENGED HIM FOR THE PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATION, AND COMEDIAN BOB HOPE FOR THEIR JOINT APPEARANCE AT A REPUBLICAN NATIONAL FINANCE COMMITTEE FUND-RAISER AT THE BEVERLY HILTON HOTEL.

ON FRIDAY, FORD CAMPAIGNS AGAIN IN CALIFORNIA BEFORE FLYING TO LAWTON, OKLA., AND THEN HEADS FOR DALLAS SATURDAY TO PARTICIPATE IN FESTIVITIES AT THE TEXAS STATE FAIR AND TOSS THE COIN AT THE TEXAS-OKLAHOMA FOOTBALL GAME.

FORD HAD PLANNED TO RETURN TO WASHINGTON SATURDAY NIGHT BUT IS BEING URGED TO REMAIN OVERNIGHT AND CAMPAIGN IN THE DALLAS AREA SUNDAY -- AND PROBABLY WILL DO SO.

UPI 10-05 05:22 AED

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PM-TAXES SKED 10-5

BY DON PHILLIPS

WASHINGTON (UPI) -- SITTING BEFORE PRESIDENT FORD WAS A MOUND OF PAPER FIVE INCHES THICK, THE LARGEST BILL HE HAD SIGNED AND PERHAPS THE LARGEST SIGNED BY ANY PRESIDENT.

WITH THE SIGNING, FORD NOT ONLY KEPT \$17.3 BILLION IN CURRENT TAX CUTS IN EFFECT, BUT SET IN MOTION THOUSANDS OF CHANGES IN THE RULES FOR PAYING TAXES WHICH WILL RESULT IN A NET \$1.6 BILLION INCREASE IN 1977.

FORD SAID HE SIGNED THE BILL ALTHOUGH CONGRESS DID NOT APPROVE HIS PROPOSED \$10 BILLION IN EXTRA TAX CUTS AND INCLUDED MANY PROVISIONS HE FOUND OBJECTIONABLE.

"ON BALANCE, HOWEVER, THIS LEGISLATION IS SOUND, POSITIVE AND LONG OVERDUE," SAID FORD IN AN OVAL OFFICE CEREMONY.

AMONG THE MAJOR REVISIONS IN THE LAW ARE AN INCREASED MINIMUM TAX, CURBS ON SOME TAX SHELTERS, A CRACKDOWN ON SOME COMMONLY USED LOOPHOLES AND A NUMBER OF NEW AND EXPANDED TAX ADVANTAGES FOR WORKING PARENTS, THE ELDERLY, THOSE WHO INHERIT PROPERTY AND A NUMBER OF OTHER SPECIAL INTERESTS AND INDUSTRIES, NOTABLY RAILROADS AND AIRLINES.

SOME OF THOSE CHANGES WILL BE COSTLY, PARTICULARLY TO THE THOSE WHO HAVE INVESTED HEAVILY IN CERTAIN TYPES OF SHELTERS OR PREFERENCE INCOME. OTHERS WILL RECEIVE WINDFALL TAX BREAKS.

THE BILL, THE "TAX REFORM ACT OF 1976," WAS THE FIRST MAJOR REVISION OF TAX LAWS SINCE 1969 AND THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLICATED OF ANY INTERNAL REVENUE CODE REVISION.

IT WAS THREE YEARS IN THE DRAFTING PROCESS, DATING BACK TO THE DAYS WHEN WILBUR MILLS WAS IN CHARGE OF TAX POLICY AS CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE.

FORD SAID IF HE IS ELECTED HE WILL PROPOSE A NUMBER OF NEW TAX CHANGES NEXT YEAR, INCLUDING AN INCREASE IN THE PERSONAL EXEMPTION FROM \$750 TO \$1,000, AND "INTEGRATION" OF CORPORATE AND PERSONAL INCOME TAXES WHICH COULD LEAD TO A TAX CUT OF BILLIONS FOR EITHER CORPORATIONS OR THEIR STOCKHOLDERS.

FORD CRITICIZED CONGRESS' FAILURE TO APPROVE AN EXTRA \$10 BILLION IN PERSONAL INCOME TAX REDUCTIONS, A PLAN ALMOST TOTALLY IGNORED AFTER DEMOCRATS POINTED OUT THAT MOST OF THE EXTRA BENEFIT WOULD GO TO UPPER INCOME PERSONS.

BUT HE SAID HE WAS PLEASED BY ACTION TO CLOSE TAX LOOPHOLES AND WAS "GRATIFIED THAT THE CONGRESS HAS ADOPTED THE PROGRAM OF ESTATE TAX RELIEF WHICH I PROPOSED AT THE BEGINNING OF THIS YEAR."

UPI 10-05 01:49 AED

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PM-POLITICS SKED 10-5

PICTURES

BY ELIZABETH WHARTON,

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL

PRESIDENT FORD AND JIMMY CARTER BOTH ARE JUMPING THE GUN ON NUCLEAR POWER POLICY IN ADVANCE OF THEIR WEDNESDAY NIGHT DEBATE ON FOREIGN POLICY AND NATIONAL SECURITY.

FORD ISSUED A STATEMENT LAST WEEK OUTLINING PLANS TO TIGHTEN RESTRICTIONS ON U.S. NUCLEAR MATERIAL AND KNOW-HOW ABROAD, AND HIS RUNNING MATE ROBERT DOLE MONDAY CALLED CARTER'S STAND ON THE ISSUE "DOWNRIGHT FRIGHTENING" IN SOME RESPECTS.

FORD FLEW TO SAN FRANCISCO AFTER ACCEPTING THE RESIGNATION OF HIS CONTROVERSIAL AGRICULTURE SECRETARY EARL BUTZ, WHOM HE CALLED A "CLOSE PERSONAL FRIEND ... DECENT ... GOOD."

BUTZ ACKNOWLEDGED A "GROSS INDISCRETION" IN HAVING REPEATED A CRUDE RACIAL JOKE, AND SAID THE RESIGNATION WAS HIS OWN IDEA AND NO PRESSURE HAD BEEN BROUGHT TO BEAR FROM THE WHITE HOUSE.

CARTER, SAID BY HIS STAFF TO BE OFF THE DEFENSIVE AND WITH A PSYCHOLOGICAL EDGE FOR THE COMING CONFRONTATION, FLEW TO SAN FRANCISCO BY WAY OF DENVER, WHERE HE CHARGED THAT THE ADMINISTRATION FAILED TO ACT QUICKLY TO HALT THE SPREAD OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN THE WORLD.

HE ISSUED A STATEMENT CALLING FORD'S PLAN TO CURB NUCLEAR PROLIFERATION BY TIGHTENING CONTRACTS FOR NUCLEAR FUEL WITH SOME 30 OVERSEAS CUSTOMERS A "VAGUE OUTLINE" THAT WAS A "LAST-MINUTE, PATCHED TOGETHER ATTEMPT TO COVER UP THE FAILURE OF THE REPUBLICAN LEADERSHIP ... TO DEAL WITH THE SPREAD OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS."

AND HE SAID FORD WAS KEEPING DETAILS OF THE PLAN SECRET "TO AVOID FULL DISCUSSION AND SCRUTINY DURING THIS WEEK'S DEBATE."

CARTER'S PRESS SECRETARY, JODY POWELL, REFUSED TO DISCUSS DEBATE STRATEGY, BUT HE SAID CARTER FEELS HE HAS A PSYCHOLOGICAL EDGE IN THE SECOND MEETING.

"WE HAD A SERIES OF BLOWS LEADING UP TO THE FIRST DEBATE," POWELL SAID. "IT'S THE OPPOSITE NOW. THEY'RE ON THE DEFENSIVE -- THINGS LIKE THE ECONOMY, LIKE BUTZ AND THE FACT THIS CAMPAIGN FOUND ITS STRIDE AND OUR MESSAGE IS GETTING THROUGH."

BUT FORD'S SPOKESMAN RON NESSEN NOTED THAT FORD "DEALS WITH FOREIGN POLICY EVERY DAY" AND PREDICTED: "THE PRESIDENT IS GOING TO DO WELL IN THE DEBATE."

AT THE SAME TIME, HE SAID, THE PRESIDENT WILL HAVE TO TAKE CARE BECAUSE OF THE KNOWLEDGE THAT EVERYTHING HE SAYS IN THE DEBATE WILL BE "WEIGHED AND VIEWED BY FOREIGN LEADERS AS A STATEMENT OF FOREIGN POLICY."

HE SAID "CARTER, OF COURSE, DOESN'T HAVE THAT RESTRAINT SO HE CAN SPEAK WITHOUT AFFECTING FOREIGN POLICY."

DOLE ADDRESSED A BANKERS' GROUP IN WASHINGTON MONDAY AND REPEATEDLY HAMMERED AT WHAT HE CALLED THE "WEAKNESS, UNCERTAINTY AND CONFUSION IN MR. CARTER'S POSITION ON DEFENSE AND FOREIGN POLICY MATTERS."

"STATECRAFT AND MYSTERY DO NOT MIX," DOLE SAID TO STRESS THE WEAKNESS OF THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

MONDALE, WHO HAD A LONG WEEKEND OF REST IN WASHINGTON, OPENED A CAMPAIGN SWING IN THE MIDWEST TODAY.

UPI 10-05 01:15 AED

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PM-POLICY SKED 10-5

BY NICHOLAS DANILOFF

WASHINGTON (UPI) -- ON THE EVE OF A PRESIDENTIAL DEBATE ON FOREIGN POLICY AND NATIONAL SECURITY, JIMMY CARTER SAYS HE FEELS THE VLADIVOSTOK ACCORD ALLOWS DEPLOYMENT OF TOO MANY MISSILES AND STRATEGIC BOMBERS ON BOTH SIDES.

"THE VLADIVOSTOK LEVELS ARE TOO HIGH," HE SAID IN HIS FIRST DETAILED CAMPAIGN STATEMENT ON THE ARMS CONTROL ISSUE.

BUT PRESIDENT FORD SAID THE TENTATIVE AGREEMENT REACHED IN VLADIVOSTOK NEARLY TWO YEARS AGO WAS PRELIMINARY TO A PERMANENT ARMS CONTROL AGREEMENT STILL BEING NEGOTIATED, AND THAT THESE SALT NEGOTIATIONS "OFFER THE BEST HOPE FOR SANITY IN SUPER-POWER RELATIONS."

THE STATEMENTS BY BOTH CANDIDATES WERE IN ANSWER TO QUESTIONS FROM THE ARMS CONTROL ASSOCIATION, A PRIVATE DISARMAMENT STUDY GROUP, AND PUBLISHED MONDAY.

"DESPITE THE BALLYHOO, THE ADMINISTRATION HAS NOT BEEN ABLE TO PRODUCE AN ACCEPTABLE AGREEMENT ON THE VLADIVOSTOK GUIDELINES IN TWO YEARS OF TRYING, AND THERE STILL APPEAR TO BE IMPORTANT ISSUES UNRESOLVED," SAID CARTER.

WHETHER TO ADOPT A NEW APPROACH TO THE NEGOTIATIONS OR SEEK TO IMPLEMENT THE VLADIVOSTOK CEILINGS "AND GO ON FROM THERE TO AGREEMENTS ON REDUCTIONS ..." IS A "JUDGMENT ON NEGOTIATING POLICY THAT I WOULD MAKE ONLY AFTER CAREFUL REVIEW OF WHERE THE TALKS STAND IN JANUARY 1977," HE SAID.

THE VLADIVOSTOK AGREEMENT OF NOVEMBER 1974 BETWEEN PRESIDENT FORD AND SOVIET LEADER LEONID I. BREZHNEV WOULD ALLOW THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA A MIX OF 2,400 STRATEGIC BOMBERS AND MISSILES. OF THESE, 1,320 COULD BE EQUIPPED WITH MULTIPLE WARHEADS.

SUBSEQUENT NEGOTIATIONS HAVE NOT YIELDED A FINAL AGREEMENT AND A DEADLINE OF OCTOBER 1977 HANGS OVER THE NEGOTIATIONS.

PRESIDENT FORD GAVE THIS VIEW OF THE STRATEGIC ARMS LIMITATION TALKS (SALT) TO THE QUESTIONNAIRE:

"THOSE WHO ARGUE THAT SALT TALKS JEOPARDIZE THE SECURITY OF THE UNITED STATES ARE BADLY MISTAKEN. IN VLADIVOSTOK WE BEGAN NEGOTIATING AN AGREEMENT WHICH, IF SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED WILL PLACE EQUAL CEILINGS ON MISSILES, HEAVY BOMBERS, AND MULTIHEADED MISSILES ... WE ARE CONTINUING THE STRATEGIC ARMS LIMITATION TALKS FOR THE VERY GOOD REASON THAT THESE NEGOTIATIONS OFFER THE BEST HOPE FOR SANITY IN SUPER-POWER RELATIONS."

VIEWS OF THE CANDIDATES ON OTHER POINTS:

NUCLEAR TESTS:

CARTER -- "I WOULD SUPPORT A COMPREHENSIVE TEST BAN AGREEMENT WITH THE SOVIET UNION COVERING BOTH WEAPONS TESTS AND SO-CALLED 'PEACEFUL' NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS. THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION SHOULD CONCLUDE SUCH AN AGREEMENT IMMEDIATELY, TO LAST FOR FIVE YEARS, DURING WHICH THEY SHOULD ENCOURAGE ALL OTHER COUNTRIES TO JOIN."

FORD -- THE PRESIDENT SUPPORTS "A COMPREHENSIVE TEST BAN BACKED BY ADEQUATE SAFEGUARDS, AND HAS TAKEN STEPS TO BRING US CLOSER TO SUCH A GOAL. SUCH A BAN WOULD BE USEFUL IN STEMMING THE TIDE OF THE ARMS RACE, FIRST BY THE BAN ITSELF, AND SECOND BY FOSTERING A SPIRIT OF COOPERATION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND SOVIET UNION."

NUCLEAR EXPORTS:

CARTER -- THE UNITED STATES SHOULD CALL ON ALL NUCLEAR NATIONS "TO ADOPT A VOLUNTARY MORATORIUM ON THE NATIONAL SALE OR PURCHASE OF ENRICHMENT OR REPROCESSING PLANTS."

FORD -- "WE MUST NOT BE QUIXOTIC IN OUR SUPPLY POLICY SINCE WE WILL DRIVE RECIPIENTS TO OTHER SOURCES OR TO DEVELOP THEIR OWN INDEPENDENT CAPACITY."

CONVENTIONAL ARMS SALES:

CARTER -- THE UNITED STATES SHOULD CONVENE AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE OF ARMS EXPORTERS AND CONSUMERS -- INCLUDING THE SOVIET UNION -- TO DAMPEN BOURGEONING SALES OF CONVENTIONAL AND ADVANCED WEAPONRY.

FORD -- THE UNITED STATES MUST "RETAIN THE OPTION TO PROVIDE OUR FRIENDS AND ALLIES WITH THE WEAPONS NECESSARY TO PROTECT THEMSELVES," WHILE SELLING "ONLY TO THOSE WHO CAN DEMONSTRATE A VALID NEED."

FIRST USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS:

CARTER -- "UNFORTUNATELY, WE CANNOT RENOUNCE THE FIRST USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN THOSE LIMITED SITUATIONS WHERE VITAL AND ESSENTIAL UNITED STATES INTEREST MAY BE THREATENED BY MILITARY AGGRESSION AGAINST OUR ALLIES."

FORD -- "THE NUCLEAR CAPACITY OF THE UNITED STATES WILL BE USED ONLY WHEN IT IS SEEN AS ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL TO THE SECURITY OF THE UNITED STATES AND ITS ALLIES; FOR EXAMPLE, AN ACTUAL NUCLEAR ATTACK UPON THIS NATION."

UPI 10-05 01:33 AED

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PM-Polls, 410

NEW YORK AP - Two of the big national polls charting the presidential campaign have come up with sharply differing pictures of the race.

The latest Gallup poll gives Democrat Jimmy Carter an 8-point lead, 50-42, while a Yankelovich poll, conducted for Time magazine, indicates a neck-and-neck race, 43-43.

The difference has been clouded somewhat by George Gallup's announcement that his organization's latest report was based on incomplete tabulations and may have to be revised.

But he says any revision will be minor.

Gallup also disclosed that incomplete reports on two earlier polls underestimated the Democratic candidate's strength. He swore off from making any more partial reports between now and election day.

"Henceforth," he said, "we will wait until we have a full sample."

Gallup's latest results were similar to those of Carter's own pollster, Patrick Caddell, who said Sunday that his latest nationwide tally showed Carter leading Ford by 51 to 42 per cent.

Gallup defended his latest figures as "correct," and defended the practice of reporting partial samples, saying pollsters with deadlines have to cut off the tabulations "at some point."

His statements came after Rosalynn Carter, wife of the Democratic candidate, said in a talk in Lovejoy, Ga., Saturday that the Gallup organization had "made a mistake."

"Instead of being eight points ahead, we're 11 points ahead," Mrs. Carter said, adding that "Gallup had miscalculated."

Gallup said Mrs. Carter was mistaken and probably had misinformation from "some partisan."

His latest poll covered about 1,500 people, but some 500 were eliminated as not being registered voters. Of the remaining 1,000, only 887 had been tabulated when the "cut off" occurred, and those voters were 50 to 42 for Carter, with 8 per cent undecided.

He predicted that any change in final tabulations would be within the 3 per cent pollsters allow as their margin for error in the sampling.

A Gallup poll reported Aug. 22 gave Carter a 10-point lead over Ford - 49 to 39 per cent - and another reported Sept. 3 upped Carter's lead to 52 to 37 or 13 per cent.

The revised figures, Gallup said, showed that Carter's lead was 50 to 36 or 13 per cent in the Aug. 22 poll and 18 per cent - 54 to 36 -

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PM-Debate-Soviet, 170

With Debate-Foreign Bjt

MOSCOW AP - Soviet political analysts are eagerly awaiting Wednesday's debate on foreign policy between President Ford and Democratic presidential candidate Jimmy Carter.

Even though America watchers here seem puzzled over the precise positions of the two candidates on some key issues, Moscow does not expect to learn many details from the debates.

"What they really seem interested in is getting an over-all picture of how the candidates handle themselves in general," said one diplomat who observed the Soviet analysts during the first election debates on domestic issues last month.

The U.S. Embassy expects to get video tapes of the debate flown in this weekend for showing to members of the foreign community as well as to Soviet specialists.

Soviet experts from the U.S.A.-Canada Institute, the Institute of World Economy and International Relations, representatives from the Foreign Ministry, Pravda, Izvestia and others will be invited to view the debates at the U.S. ambassador's residence.

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PM-Ford-Atomic, Bjt - 2 Takes, 490-640

By STAN BENJAMIN

Associated Press Writer

WASHINGTON AP - President Ford is expected to announce soon new policies to restrain the spread of nuclear weapons, including international control of spent atomic fuel and sanctions against nations violating antiweapon safeguards.

Portions of the White House plan parallel suggestions outlined by Democratic presidential nominee Jimmy Carter, especially proposals he made in a speech last month.

Carter is calling the Ford plan "a last-minute patched-together attempt to cover up the failure of Republican leadership."

Ford administration sources said Monday the new approach would include an offer by the United States to purchase spent nuclear reactor fuel from other nations to keep it out of foreign circulation.

Spent nuclear fuel contains plutonium, a radioactive metal that can be extracted and used to construct atomic explosives more easily than the uranium commonly used in the original fuel elements.

Both the White House and the Nuclear Regulatory Commission have been wondering how to keep plutonium fuels, waste plutonium and the enrichment and reprocessing plants used for fuel production and recycling from being used to make weapons, in violation of their ostensibly peaceful purpose of supporting atomic power generation.

Last Sept. 25, speaking in San Diego, Carter proposed an 11-point program to discourage such diversion of peaceful nuclear material into weaponry.

On Monday, Carter accused Ford of withholding details of the proposal in order to avoid having to discuss it in Wednesday's presidential debate.

And he said, "Now that every responsible piece of legislation has been killed by intense administration lobbying, and Congress is safely adjourned, the President's men have pasted together bits and pieces of my proposals in a belated attempt to correct a dismal record."

Some of the areas in which Ford's anticipated proposals parallel Carter's include these new administration policies:

- An effort to renegotiate existing nuclear cooperation agreements with other nations to tighten up controls on the use of nuclear materials intended only for peaceful purposes. There have been reports that U.S. nuclear aid was used, in part, by India in developing that nation's nuclear explosive device.

- Opposition to civilian extraction of plutonium from spent nuclear fuel, at least until such reprocessing is proven safe.

- Proposal of a three-year international moratorium on exporting nuclear enrichment or reprocessing plants to nations that don't already have them. Carter's proposal on this point would seek to make the moratorium retroactive, canceling the recent sale of such facilities by West Germany to Brazil and by France to Pakistan.

- A U.S. policy to halt nuclear fuel deliveries to any nation violating an agreement against nuclear weapons development, coupled with an offer of U.S. commitments to supply nuclear fuel to nations accepting antiweapons safeguards.

MORE

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PM-Ford-Atomic, Bjt - 1st add, 150

WASHN: antiweapons safeguards.

Ford also was expected to propose that nuclear fuel and plutonium be placed under the control of the International Atomic Energy Agency IAEA, and that the United States explore international sanctions against violators of any antiweapons safeguard agreements.

Carter made no such specific proposals but said he would "explore international agreements on research and also on enrichment, and also on storage of atomic waste."

A Carter pledge to encourage a comprehensive international ban on nuclear weapons testing parallels U.S. diplomatic aims.

But other Carter positions apparently were not matched in the new Ford proposals described so far by administration sources.

Such Carter proposals included an immediate international energy conference; placing all U.S. "domestic power production plants" under international nuclear safeguards; and seeking a five-year U.S.-Soviet suspension of atomic test explosions.

0311aED 10-05

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PM-Debate-Foreign, Bjt - 2 Takes, 480-970
An AP News Analysis
By ARTHUR L. GAVSHON
Associated Press Writer

WASHINGTON AP - Most Americans listening as President Ford and Jimmy Carter debate big world issues probably will be concerned more with rent, food prices and taxes than with such concepts as 'nuclear overkill,' or the future of white supremacy in faraway Africa. But it will not be so with thousands of envoys who staff 128 foreign diplomatic missions in Washington and nearly 150 delegations at United Nations headquarters in New York.

Trained in the esoterics of international relations, they will, through the night, be signaling their reports, analyses, interpretations back to their home capitals.

Both Ford and Carter will be aware of this. And the knowledge will impose on each even greater constraints than those that derive from their respective political party commitments. This is because they will be discussing America's vital interests around the world, interests each contender is pledged to preserve.

The listening diplomats, then, will be alert for clues that might suggest even the slightest switch in the foreign policy of superpower America. Because certain switches could affect the stability of rocky regimes, the budgets of nations on the brink of bankruptcy, the orientation of middle-road governments big or small.

So from the arctic to the Aegean, from Panama to Peking, leaders of states and their supporters will be hanging on the words and ideas of Ford and Carter, in some cases more so than Americans themselves.

In a changing world where old rulers are vanishing and new power systems arising, an ill-judged phrase, an exaggerated criticism by either candidate could inflame feelings or revive fading rivalries.

Nor would it necessarily do much good to remind a sensitive Panamanian or a sulky Palestinian that the heady rhetoric in an electoral showpiece will not bind a future administration to an inevitable and unchangeable course of action. Not all foreign nations are familiar with the processes of democracy.

The campaigners, even focusing mainly thus far on home affairs, have already through some statements generated international unease and resentment on certain issues.

Some examples:

-Early in 1974, Ford promised Panama he would continue plans to negotiate a new Canal Zone treaty "as quickly as possible." Panamanians were threatening sabotage if they could not regain 559 square miles of territory and operational control of the canal.

Ellsworth Bunker, chief U.S. negotiator, spoke gravely of the possibility of a 'new Vietnam,' unless there was agreement. But deferring to hawkish sentiment among Republicans, the President has stalled and negotiations have been suspended.

Panama strongman Gen. Omar Torrijos has displayed understanding of Ford's problems in an election year, but he now is in a hot spot himself. And he has to cope with disorders attributable at least in part to Ford's flat refusal to contemplate parting with America's foothold in mid-Panama, even at the end of a new longterm treaty.

MORE

0346aED 10-05

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PM-Debate-Foreign, Bjt - 1st add, 490
WASHINGTON: longterm treaty.

-In July, Carter spread dismay among key European members of NATO by expressing skepticism toward the allies' existing nuclear strategy. He told an interviewer he does not believe in the real possibility of limiting nuclear war.

This strikes at the heart of NATO's central strategic doctrine of being able to counter an attacker with a "flexible response," involving an initial use of tactical nuclear weapons only. That NATO doctrine hinges on the supposition that time could be bought for "hot line diplomacy," to perhaps avert all-out nuclear war.

Carter's stated view was that once any sort of nuclear weapons are used then the whole nuclear balloon would go up. To anxious West Germans, Britons, French and other Europeans this implied a return to the long-discarded 1950s concept of "massive nuclear retaliation."

Carter has since amended his view, suggesting there could be a U.S.-Soviet understanding never to use nuclear weapons to settle disputes, a suggestion that has raised disbelieving eyebrows in Europe.

-Ford, in his quest for the Republican party's nomination, was engaged in beating back the challenge posed by Gov. Ronald Reagan. In March, he authorized Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger to warn Cuba of a possible U.S. invasion unless Cuban troops quit meddling in other parts of Africa as they had intervened in Angola.

In May, Kissinger addressed a different kind of warning to allies in Southern Europe and notably to the Italians, who were approaching a crucial election. The United States, said Kissinger, would have to reconsider its position within NATO if fellow members admitted Communists into their governments. The action irked several of America's best friends in Europe, who took the view that such outside interference could only help, not harm, the Communists.

-The Democrats angered Arabs by adopting a policy plank promising to recognize Jerusalem as Israel's capital. This led Arab ambassadors to send a telegram of protest to the party convention in New York.

The regular job of the diplomat is to scrutinize each statement, speech and phrase uttered by the candidates for clues pointing to foreign intentions of either a Ford or a Carter administration.

Most envoys watching the debate will know in general what to expect from the candidates. But the occasion will have value for foreign observers hoping to assess which man has the better grasp of today's realities and the more acceptable vision of mankind's tomorrows.

In reaching their conclusions, the envoys of most of the world's governments will have to allow for the special constraints under which Ford and Carter will be speaking.

Ford, they will recognize, has to protect his party flanks, knowing that any overt expression of softness toward the Communist world might cost him the active support of Reagan's followers.

Carter, they know, will be freer to criticize, indeed to promise. But he has displayed awareness that some influential people abroad tend to regard him as something of a radical.

Doubtless, he will note his exposure to the advice and experience of the Democratic party's foreign policy establishment and to others who have helped him into the mainstream of Democratic liberalism.

0356aED 10-05

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PM-Politics Rdup, Bjt - 2 Takes, 470-870

By DAVE RILEY

Associated Press Writer

Jimmy Carter and President Ford are going into virtual seclusion in San Francisco as they prepare to argue foreign affairs in the second round of an election year debate triple header.

Both candidates planned to keep low profiles today as they prepared for Wednesday night's debate, but Carter took a few parting swings at Ford for his handling of the Earl Butz affair.

Butz resigned as Ford's agriculture secretary Monday under heavy fire from both Republicans and Democrats who expressed outrage after Butz was quoted as describing in obscene and derogatory terms what he said were the sexual, sartorial and bathroom preferences of blacks.

But Butz, who has been campaigning for Ford along with other members of the Cabinet, said he does not plan to vanish from the campaign trail. In his resignation, he said he plans to "continue to work tirelessly" for Ford.

Officials of the Ford election campaign say they aren't sure how Butz will fit into the campaign in its final weeks, but one Ford campaign source said, "I think you may hear a good deal from him."

Ford had reprimanded Butz on Friday, but he resisted intense pressure, including some from within his own party, to fire Butz.

Finally, looking grim as he appeared before reporters, Ford accepted Butz' resignation, calling it "one of the saddest decisions of my presidency."

Carter was on his way to San Francisco when word reached him that Butz had quit, and he said, "The way this whole embarrassing and disgusting episode was handled by President Ford shows a continuation of lack of leadership."

The Democratic nominee added: "Instead of making his decision based on what was right and best for the country, he very carefully waited until he assessed public opinion polls to see what was right politically, and when the political pressure got so great on him from his own people, then he finally accepted Earl Butz's resignation. I think he should have done so immediately."

Ford had no comment other than his statement accepting the resignation, and he walked away after reading it without responding to questions.

Meanwhile, the League of Women Voters announced plans to hold the debate between the vice presidential nominees, Democratic Sen. Walter Mondale and Republican Sen. Bob Dole, in Houston on Oct. 15.

Both Ford and Carter planned to stay in San Francisco until the 9:30 p.m. EDT Wednesday debate at the city's historic Palace of Fine Arts. Neither candidate had plans for any public appearances.

Carter scheduled meetings with foreign policy advisers as well as a rehearsal session in which aides were to test him with questions that may come up during the nationally broadcast debate.

Ford spokesman Ron Nessen said the Republican candidate planned to spend some time studying legislation passed late last week by Congress in addition to studying for the debate.

MORE

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PM-Politics Rdup, Bjt - 1st add, 400

UNDATED: the debate.

Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger helped Ford on debate preparations over the weekend, but aides said there were no plans for Kissinger to fly to San Francisco to coach Ford before the debate.

In addition to rapping Ford's handling of Butz, Carter accused Ford of putting together a patchwork proposal on halting the spread of nuclear arms. The proposal, he said, was based on Carter speeches.

"The President's men have pasted together bits and pieces of my proposals in a belated attempt to correct a dismal record," he said.

The plan, he said, was leaked to the press only after the Ford administration had killed all "responsible" legislation in the field and after Congress had adjourned.

Ford administration sources say the President will soon announce new policies to restrain the spread of nuclear weapons, including proposals that resemble Carter's.

Ford will propose that the United States offer to purchase spent fuel from other nations to remove it from foreign circulation, sources said. Spent fuel can be turned into a key ingredient for nuclear weapons.

Ford also will propose to renegotiate existing agreements by the United States with other nations to tighten controls on the use of nuclear materials intended only for peaceful purposes, sources said.

Carter claimed that Ford waited until a month before the election to show "even a hint of interest" in the issue. Carter said he had given a speech before the United Nations in May and another in San Diego on Sept. 25 outlining 11 proposed steps for halting nuclear proliferation, including the establishment of strict safeguards.

On the heels of Butz' resignation, Dole quickly vowed to take his place as a "champion" of farmers.

Dole says Butz is extremely popular among farmers in some areas but that the departure of the agriculture secretary doesn't mean the GOP will lose votes in those areas.

"I think President Ford made it clear that Bob Dole could have a voice in agriculture," Dole said. "I assume that voice may be expanded because of Secretary Butz' departure."

Dole, campaigning in Washington, added, "Farmers have another champion standing here, in Sen. Dole."

He said he found Butz' racial slur "difficult to swallow, one I couldn't swallow."

Mondale, after taking Monday off, was to make a major address on law and criminal justice in Kansas City, Mo.

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PM-Carter, 2 Takes, 480-690
By LAWRENCE L. KNUTSON
Associated Press Writer

SAN FRANCISCO AP - Jimmy Carter is preparing in seclusion for his foreign policy debate against President Ford, after accusing the White House of plagiarizing parts of a Carter plan to halt the spread of nuclear weapons.

"The President's men have pasted together bits and pieces of my proposals in a belated attempt to correct a dismal record," Carter said in a statement Monday night.

Carter's press secretary, Jody Powell, said the Ford plan appeared over the weekend in Newsweek and the Washington Post.

Newsweek's unattributed story said Ford will cable U.S. ambassadors and some foreign ministers that U.S. contracts to supply nuclear fuel for reactors will have to be rewritten to include tight international safeguards. The story also said Ford will ask for a ban on exporting equipment for reprocessing nuclear plant wastes - a process that produces high-grade plutonium which can be used in weapons.

And Newsweek said Ford would threaten to cut off supplies of nuclear fuel to any nation that refused to accept his proposed safeguards.

Carter noted that in a speech to the United Nations in May and another in San Diego last week he had outlined an 11-point plan to deal with the issue. "But Mr. Ford has waited until one month before the election to give a hunt of interest in this subject so vital to our nation's security," Carter said.

The Democrat said the Republicans had leaked what he called the vague outlines of a proposal "now that every responsible piece of legislation has been killed by intense administration lobbying and Congress is safely adjourned."

Among other things, Carter had said he would call for a voluntary international moratorium on purchase and sale of nuclear fuel enrichment and reprocessing equipment. He also said he would refuse to sell U.S. nuclear technology or fuel to nations that do not place their facilities under international safeguards and that do not pledge to refrain from nuclear explosions and reprocessing.

Carter had no scheduled public events while he prepared for the Wednesday night debate in the Palace of Fine Arts.

He is studying briefing books and meeting with his top foreign policy consultant, Zbigniew Brzezinski, a Columbia University professor and expert on the Soviet Union.

Carter also plans to meet Rep. Les Aspin, D-Wis., an advocate of ending waste and mismanagement in the Pentagon.

Former Defense Secretary James Schlesinger spent four hours Sunday with Carter at the candidate's request. Schlesinger was fired last year by Ford because of Schlesinger's public criticism that the United States was giving away too much to the Russians in strategic arms negotiations and that U.S. military strength was weakened by misplaced priorities in defense spending.

Carter's top foreign policy staff aide, Richard Holbrooke warned Monday not to conclude Carter might shift or harden his stands on defense issues as a result of the talk with Schlesinger.

More
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PM-Carter, 1st Add, 210
SAN FRANCISCO: Schlesinger.

Eds: Following embargoed for use at 6 a.m. EDT.

In another statement, Carter said it would be the height of injustice if the Ford administration were permitted to take credit for the Tax Reform Act of 1976 which President Ford signed Monday. "To the extent the Ford administration did anything, it was anti-reform and negative," Carter said.

"The Ford administration not only sought to preserve existing loopholes, but came up with a list of loopholes it wanted added, including special tax relief for financial institutions and special relief for electric utilities," the Democratic candidate said.

End embargoed material.

On Monday, Carter said Ford showed a lack of leadership in handling the resignation of Agriculture Secretary Earl L. Butz, who was caught in a storm of controversy following publication of a racial slur against blacks attributed to him.

"Instead of making a decision based on what was right or best for the country, he very carefully waited until he assessed public opinion polls to see what was right politically and when the political pressure got so great on him from his own people, he finally accepted Earl Butz's resignation. I think he should have done so immediately," Carter said.

Carter called Ford's promise to continue Butz's agricultural policies "the classic good news-bad news joke of all time."

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PM-CARTER 10-5

BY CLAY F. RICHARDS

SAN FRANCISCO (UPI) -- JIMMY CARTER, FEELING HE HAS THE PSYCHOLOGICAL EDGE IN THE SECOND DEBATE WITH PRESIDENT FORD, HAS FIRED AN EARLY SHOT -- CHARGING THE ADMINISTRATION HAS FAILED TO ACT QUICKLY TO STOP THE SPREAD OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

CARTER AND HIS STAFF HUDDLED IN THEIR SHERATON PALACE HOTEL SUITE TODAY TO DRILL FOR WEDNESDAY'S CONFRONTATION WITH FORD ON FOREIGN POLICY AND DEFENSE.

WHILE CARTER'S STRATEGY IN THE SECOND DEBATE REMAINED LARGELY A CAMPAIGN SECRET, HE APPARENTLY PLANNED TO ATTACK WASTEFUL SPENDING IN THE PENTAGON. CALLED TO HIS STRATEGY MEETING WAS REP. LES ASPIN, D-WIS., WHO HAS MADE A CAREER OF WEEKLY PRESS RELEASES DETAILING PENTAGON EXTRAVAGANCES.

CARTER ARRIVED MONDAY NIGHT, APPEARING FULL OF CONFIDENCE THAT HIS CAMPAIGN WAS ON THE UPSWING AFTER TWO WEEKS OF PROBLEMS INCLUDING POOR CAMPAIGN ORGANIZATION, A SO-SO FIRST-DEBATE APPEARANCE, A CONTROVERSIAL INTERVIEW IN PLAYBOY MAGAZINE AND A DISPUTE OVER HIS STAND ON TAX REFORM.

"JUST WATCH THE POLLS, WE'RE REALLY MOVING," HE SAID WHEN A REPORTER ASKED HIM ABOUT REPORTS CALIFORNIA WAS RATED A TOSSUP IN THE NOVEMBER ELECTION. "IN THE NEXT FEW DAYS WE'RE GOING TO MOVE -- IT'S ALREADY STARTED TO SHOW IN OUR STATE-BY-STATE POLLS."

APPARENTLY BY DESIGN, CARTER GOT THE DEBATE OFF TO AN EARLY START AS HE ARRIVED IN SAN FRANCISCO MONDAY NIGHT, CHARGING THE ADMINISTRATION WITH FAILING TO ACT QUICKLY TO HALT THE SPREAD OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

HIS STATEMENT WAS IN REACTION TO REPORTS THAT FORD PLANS TO CURB NUCLEAR PROLIFERATION BY TIGHTENING CONTRACTS FOR NUCLEAR FUEL WITH SOME 30 OVERSEAS CUSTOMERS. FORD REPORTEDLY ALSO WILL HALT EXPORTING OF EQUIPMENT TO REFINE NUCLEAR WASTES -- A PROCESS WHICH CREATES PLUTONIUM WHICH CAN BE USED IN NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

CARTER CALLED THE PLAN A "VAGUE OUTLINE" THAT WAS A "LAST-MINUTE, PATCHED TOGETHER ATTEMPT TO COVER UP THE FAILURE OF THE REPUBLICAN LEADERSHIP -- TO DEAL WITH THE SPREAD OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS."

AND HE SAID FORD WAS KEEPING DETAILS OF THE PLAN SECRET "TO AVOID FULL DISCUSSION AND SCRUTINY DURING THIS WEEK'S DEBATE."

CARTER'S PRESS SECRETARY, JODY POWELL, SAID CARTER FEELS HE HAS A PSYCHOLOGICAL EDGE IN THE SECOND MEETING.

"WE HAD A SERIES OF BLOWS LEADING UP TO THE FIRST DEBATE," POWELL SAID. "IT'S THE OPPOSITE NOW. THEY'RE ON THE DEFENSIVE -- THINGS LIKE THE ECONOMY, LIKE BUTZ AND THE FACT THIS CAMPAIGN FOUND ITS STRIDE AND OUR MESSAGE IS GETTING THROUGH."

EARLIER IN DENVER CARTER USED HIS STRONGEST LANGUAGE YET TO ATTACK FORD. IN A STREET RALLY HE MADE BLUNT COMMENTS ABOUT FORD'S TIES WITH "SPECIAL INTEREST GROUPS WHO ARE SO CLOSE TO HIM" AND THE PRESIDENT'S GOLF HOLIDAYS WITH BUSINESS MEN AND LOBBYISTS.

LATER IN A SPEECH TO 1,500 DELEGATES AT THE NATIONAL CONVENTION OF CATHOLIC CHARITIES CARTER MADE A MORE SUBTLE REFERENCE TO THE GOLF HOLIDAYS, SAYING: "OUR LEADERS HAVE SPENT TOO MANY YEARS ... STROLLING THE PLUSH GREEN FAIRWAYS OF PRIVILEGE."

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PM-Dole, 390

By TOM RAUM

Associated Press Writer

WASHINGTON AP - Republican vice presidential candidate Bob Dole is assuring U.S. farmers that although Agriculture Secretary Earl Butz has resigned they have "another champion" in him.

Dole claimed that Butz was extremely popular in many farm states, especially in the Midwest. But he said he doesn't think that Butz's leaving will necessarily cost the GOP ticket votes in those areas.

"I think President Ford made it clear that Bob Dole could have a voice in agriculture," the Kansas senator said. "I assume that voice may be expanded because of Secretary Butz's departure."

In his Midwest campaign appearances, Dole frequently has vowed to keep government regulation of farmers and their crops at a minimum, and to press for more export markets for farmers - ideals which he claims were espoused by Butz and which contributed to his popularity.

"Farmers have another champion standing here, in Sen. Dole," the vice presidential candidate told reporters Monday.

He also said that he believed Butz had made the right decision in resigning because of his racial slur against blacks and that Ford had also acted correctly in accepting it.

"Secretary Butz is popular in many places, there's no doubt about it. But you have to weigh that against a very tasteless remark - one I felt difficult to swallow, one I couldn't swallow," said Dole, a friend and, in the past, active defender of Butz.

After five weeks of nearly nonstop campaigning, Dole is reducing his schedule somewhat until after the Oct. 15 vice presidential campaign debate in Houston.

On Monday, Dole had only two campaign appearances, a walk through the President Ford Committee headquarters in Washington to shake hands and chat with campaign workers, and a speech to the American Bankers Association in which he attacked Democratic presidential candidate Jimmy Carter's views on foreign policy and defense.

In what appeared to be a test run for some of the arguments President Ford may use in the second presidential campaign debate Wednesday night, Dole asserted that "in a Carter administration there would be less emphasis on military strength."

That would be an open invitation to foreign powers to test the nation's will, Dole maintained.

By comparison, he said, President Ford's "strength in the areas of foreign affairs and defense policy resides in the fact that he knows what he's doing."

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PM-DOLE 10-5

BY LAURENCE MCQUILLAN

WASHINGTON (UPI) -- WARNING THAT "STATECRAFT AND MYSTERY DO NOT MIX," BOB DOLE IS ACCUSING JIMMY CARTER OF BEING WEAK IN FOREIGN POLICY AND "DOWNRIGHT FRIGHTENING" IN HOW HE MIGHT USE THE NATION'S DEFENSIVE MIGHT.

THE GOP VICE PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE CAMPAIGNS IN VIRGINIA AND PITTSBURGH TODAY.

DOLE UNVEILED THE FRESH LINE OF ATTACK -- CENTERING ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS -- IN A SPEECH MONDAY TO A BANKERS' GROUP. THE ADDRESS, WHICH RECEIVED APPLAUSE ONLY AT THE END, OFFERED A PRELUDE TO WEDNESDAY NIGHT'S FOREIGN POLICY DEBATE BETWEEN PRESIDENT FORD AND HIS DEMOCRATIC CHALLENGER.

DOLE REPEATEDLY HAMMERED AT WHAT HE CALLED THE "WEAKNESS, UNCERTAINTY AND CONFUSION IN MR. CARTER'S POSITION ON DEFENSE AND FOREIGN POLICY MATTERS."

"STATECRAFT AND MYSTERY DO NOT MIX," DOLE SAID. "NO SMALL PART OF THE PEACE OF THE WORLD RESTS UPON THE FACT THAT KEY WORLD LEADERS KNOW EACH OTHER ... AND RESPECT EACH OTHER" EVEN IF THEY DO NOT AGREE.

THE SEVERAL THOUSAND PERSONS ATTENDING AN AMERICAN BANKERS ASSOCIATION CONVENTION WERE TOLD THE NATION MUST "ACHIEVE THE KIND OF BALANCE OF POWER THAT PRESERVES PEACE IN THE WORLD" BUT THAT "CARTER DOES NOT SEEM TO UNDERSTAND THIS CONCEPT."

CRITICAL OF CALLS FOR CUTTING THE MILITARY BUDGET, DOLE WARNED THAT IF CARTER "IS LESS THAN REASSURING ON THE QUESTION OF MAINTAINING OUR DEFENSE FORCES, HE IS DOWNRIGHT FRIGHTENING IN DISCUSSING HOW HE MIGHT USE THEM."

THE KANSAS SENATOR QUOTED CARTER AS SAYING HE WOULD USE NUCLEAR WEAPONS IF THERE WAS A THREAT "OUR" NATION'S SECURITY OR EXISTENCE. "THE LIMITING WORDS 'OUR NATION' NATURALLY CREATED ANXIETY AMONG OUR ALLIES AROUND THE WORLD," DOLE SAID.

HE ALSO BLASTED STATEMENTS BY THE DEMOCRAT THAT HE WOULD SEEK APPROVAL FROM SUCH NATIONS AS GERMANY, AUSTRIA AND FRANCE BEFORE USING NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN EUROPE.

"THESE ARE EXPRESSIONS WHICH WEAKEN THE CREDIBILITY OF OUR NUCLEAR DETERRENT," THE GOP CANDIDATE SAID.

"I AM CERTAIN OUR ALLIES WOULD PREFER TO HAVE AN AMERICAN PRESIDENT MOVE DECISIVELY TO IMPLEMENT OUR AGREED STRATEGY ... THAN THE OPPORTUNITY TO MEET AND DISCUSS THE USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS," DOLE SAID.

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PM-ANALYSIS 10-5

BY IRA R. ALLEN

WASHINGTON (UPI) -- WHEN ROBERT DOLE BEGAN HIS VICE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN IN THE SOUTH, HE HIT HARD AT JIMMY CARTER'S TIES TO LABOR, CHARGING, "HE WENT TO WASHINGTON TO GET HIS MARCHING ORDERS FROM GEORGE MEANY."

RETURNING TO THE SOUTH TODAY, IT IS CLEAR DOLE HAS HAD SOME MARCHING ORDERS OF HIS OWN FROM PRESIDENT FORD. THE TWO MET LAST FRIDAY AND DOLE SPENT ALL DAY MONDAY IN THE NATION'S CAPITAL.

EACH WEEK, DOLE'S INCREASINGLY SHARPER ATTACKS ON CARTER HAVE BEEN FOCUSED ON A CENTRAL POINT ORIGINALLY MENTIONED BY FORD OR HIS WASHINGTON STRATEGISTS. FIRST, IT WAS CARTER'S TAX REFORM POLICY, THEN HIS JUDGMENT IN GRANTING THE PLAYBOY INTERVIEW LAST SPRING, THEN HIS VIEW ON TAXATION OF CHURCH PROPERTY, AND NOW, THIS WEEK, DEFENSE -- THE SUBJECT OF WEDNESDAY'S FORD-CARTER DEBATE.

THE KANSAS SENATOR, WHO SAYS THE PRESS TAGGED HIM WITH AN UNFAIR LABEL OF "HATCHET MAN," HAS IN RECENT WEEKS DONE LITTLE TO DISPEL THE NICKNAME, AND WHETHER WHAT HAPPENED TO HIS GOOD FRIEND, EARL BUTZ, WILL HAVE AN EFFECT ON HIS FREE-SWINGING ORATORY MAY BE WORTH WATCHING.

-- DOLE HAS ATTACKED CARTER FOR TAKING AN INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT OFF HIS 1975 TAXES, APPARENTLY IN CONTRADICTION OF HIS TAX REFORM PROPOSALS, ALTHOUGH DOLE SAYS HE FAVORS THE CREDIT.

-- HE ATTACKED CARTER FOR FAILING TO MAKE PUBLIC HIS TAX SUMMARIES FOR THE PAST 10 YEARS, WITHOUT SAYING -- OR KNOWING -- CARTER HAS MADE PUBLIC HIS ACTUAL INCOME TAX RETURNS SINCE BEFORE HE WAS GOVERNOR OF GEORGIA. DOLE'S OWN FINANCIAL STATEMENT HAS FEWER DETAILS THAN ANY OF THE OTHER THREE NATIONAL CANDIDATES.

-- DOLE FOLLOWED THE WHITE HOUSE LEAD AND CRITICIZED CARTER FOR ADVOCATING TAXATION OF CHURCH ASSETS, WHICH CARTER AIDES SAID DISTORTED THE ACTUAL POSITION, AND THEN WHEN PRESSED FOR HIS OWN VIEWS AGREED WITH THE ESSENCE OF WHAT CARTER HAD SAID. BUT HE CONTINUED TO CRITICIZE CARTER FOR NOT BEING CLEAR.

-- MONDAY, TWO DAYS BEFORE THE FOREIGN POLICY AND DEFENSE DEBATE, DOLE SAID IN A SPEECH THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE "IS DOWNRIGHT FRIGHTENING" ON THE QUESTION OF WHEN HE, AS PRESIDENT, WOULD USE NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

BUT AT THE SAME TIME, THE ARMS CONTROL ASSOCIATION WAS RELEASING FORD'S AND CARTER'S VIEWS ON THE ISSUE, AND THE TWO WERE ALMOST IDENTICAL.

PRESUMABLY FOR THE SAKE OF HUMOR, HE HAS ZINGED FORMER PRESIDENT RICHARD NIXON AND HIS OWN BOSS, JERRY FORD, AS WELL AS CARTER AND MEANY. ASKED AT A LUNCHEON WHY HE KEPT SAYING MEANY WANTS TO RUN THE COUNTRY, DOLE SHOT BACK, "WELL, SOMEBODY HAS TO."

THE VERY STRENGTH DOLE ADDS TO THE TICKET, HIS SHARPNESS ON THE STUMP, IS A TRAIT THAT COULD BRING HIM DOWN AS FAST AS IT DID BUTZ. WHILE DOLE IS NOT GIVEN TO PUBLIC PROFANITY OR RACISM, THERE SEEMS WITHIN HIM AN IRRESISTIBLE NEED TO MAKE A WISECRACK OR A PERSONAL ATTACK ON AN OPPONENT.

ANY IRREVERENT ONE-LINER THAT BACKFIRES ON HIM CAN BE EXPLAINED AS AN ATTEMPT AT AFTER-DINNER HUMOR. BUT HE HAS BEEN AT HIS MOST PROVOCATIVE WHEN ASKED ABOUT THE FACTS BEHIND HIS ATTACKS ON CARTER OR HIS OWN POSSIBLE INVOLVEMENT WITH ILLEGAL GULF OIL CORP. CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS.

SO FAR, HE HAS BEEN ABLE TO WALK AWAY FROM THE TOUGH QUESTIONS. BUT GIVEN HIS SHARP TONGUE, A STAFF THAT IS EITHER INEXPERIENCED OR LOYAL TO OTHERS SUCH AS NELSON ROCKEFELLER OR RONALD REAGAN, AND HIS VISIBLE HOSTILITY WHEN PRESSED BY REPORTERS, DOLE COULD BE AN EARL BUTZ JUST WAITING TO HAPPEN.

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PM-Mondale, 2 takes, 490-650

By JAMES GERSTENZANG

Associated Press Writer

WASHINGTON AP - When Sen. Walter F. Mondale was about to speak to 50 Connecticut Jewish leaders recently he was paid perhaps the ultimate compliment in that situation.

"He is a mensch," the man making the introduction said of the Democratic vice presidential candidate, using the Yiddish term that means roughly, "a person of decency, concern and courage."

It was an example of the kind of success the Democratic vice presidential nominee appears to be having in one of his key tasks for the Carter-Mondale ticket.

Mondale strategists acknowledge that the senator's role is to generate support for Jimmy Carter among the labor, ethnic and liberal groups that make up the traditional Democratic coalition.

They say he has been successful at this, and their estimates appear to be backed up by the receptions the senator is winning at stops like that in New Haven, as well as from a Polish group in Milwaukee's south side, dockworkers in Philadelphia, and other labor and ethnic groups.

But scientific surveys to pinpoint just how successful have not been made, according to several polling companies, and the Carter staff says it has not attempted such polls.

Richard Scammon, the Washington polling consultant, said that Mondale's abilities with such groups have hardly been questioned.

"The groups tend to be Democratic in the first place," he said. "You put a good campaigner like Fritz Mondale in with a solidly Democratic group and you can't miss."

Deputy campaign director Jim Johnson says Mondale, a sandy-haired Minnesotan with Norwegian family roots, was picked by Carter to a certain extent for his appeal to the "traditional Democratic constituency - workers, liberals, the Jewish community."

With such groups, he said, "we can claim to have made a major contribution. To the extent that that's been one of his major roles, we feel he's been very successful."

Meeting Jewish leaders in New York, Los Angeles and Philadelphia, as well as the New Haven group, Mondale has reminded his audience that he is the protege of Sen. Hubert H. Humphrey, one of the most popular national figures among Jewish voters.

"Mondale is a Hubert Humphrey in the minds of most Jewish leaders who know him," Johnson claims.

With such groups, often suspicious of Carter's Southern Baptist background, Mondale emphasizes that he and Carter favor "a permanent and secure Jewish state of Israel," that Israel should have no doubts about U.S. support, and that Carter would impose no map or timetable on Israel for settling conflicts with Arab nations.

On trips last week to Pennsylvania, Ohio, Wisconsin, New York and New Hampshire, the senator spoke with dockworkers, local labor councils, and at an AFL-CIO convention.

In Manchester, N.H., state AFL-CIO president Tim Pitarys told him: "We've already set the wheels in motion. We're not going to let anything stop us from getting you and Jimmy Carter in the White House."

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PM-Mondale, 1st Add, 160
WASHINGTON: White House.,,

Mondale reacts differently with each group, and each group responds in its own fashion.

At the Rochester, N.Y., "Oktoberfest," where beer had obviously been flowing freely for some time, he said, "I think it's events like this that tell us a lot about the heritage each of us brings to this country." Ethnic differences are "what make America great. That's our special quality," he said.

In response, he was honored with a chorus of a German drinking song while he stood on the stage with an embarrassed expression on his face and a beer mug in his hand.

And in the plush Westchester County, N.Y., home of former Rep. Ogden Reid, where he attended a fund-raising party, the senator joked about the "low-income housing" provided for his audience, which he said looked "upwardly mobile."

The audience, described by one guest as liberals, responded with chuckles at his jokes and crowded around him to shake his hand.

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R W

PM-MONDALE 10-5

BY WILLIAM E. CLAYTON

WASHINGTON (UPI) -- AFTER A LONG WEEKEND OF RELATIVE REST IN WASHINGTON, DEMOCRATIC VICE PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE WALTER MONDALE TOURS THE NATION'S MIDSECTION THIS WEEK.

HIS CONGRESSIONAL DIRECTORY BIOGRAPHY LISTS HIM AS FROM THE DEMOCRAT-FARMER-LABOR PARTY, AND HE WILL BE SEEKING VOTES MOSTLY FROM THOSE GROUPS IN THE NEXT FOUR DAYS.

WEDNESDAY, MONDALE WILL WATCH THE SECOND PRESIDENTIAL DEBATE IN HIS HOTEL ROOM IN OMAHA, NEB.

THE DEBATE BETWEEN MONDALE AND HIS GOP COUNTERPART SEN. BOB DOLE OF KANSAS IS SCHEDULED FOR OCT. 15, A WEEK BEFORE THE FINAL DEBATE BETWEEN PRESIDENT FORD AND JIMMY CARTER.

THE FIRST ENTRY ON MONDALE'S CAMPAIGN SCHEDULE FOR THIS WEEK WAS A TRIP TODAY TO KANSAS CITY AND A SPEECH TO LAW STUDENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI.

AFTER THAT, HIS SCHEDULE INCLUDED ROCHESTER, MINN., FOR DISCUSSIONS AND A BANQUET WITH LABOR LEADERS, AND AN OVERNIGHT STOP AT CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA.

MONDALE PLANS A BREAKFAST GATHERING WEDNESDAY IN BEHALF OF REP. MICHAEL BLOUIN, D-IOWA, THEN WILL SPEAK TO STUDENTS OF J.F. KENNEDY HIGH SCHOOL BEFORE GOING TO ELY, IOWA TO TALK WITH SOME FARMERS. HE GOES TO MOLINE, ILL., TO VISIT A SENIOR CITIZENS' CENTER, THEN TO A DAVENPORT APPEARANCE IN BEHALF OF REP. EDWARD MEZVINSKY, D-IOWA.

THE CANDIDATE WILL TOUR THE STOCKYARDS IN OMAHA, THEN PUT IN AN APPEARANCE ON BEHALF OF REP. TOM HARKIN, D-IOWA, AT COUNCIL BLUFFS, IOWA, BEFORE WATCHING THE DEBATES WEDNESDAY.

THURSDAY, HE IS SCHEDULED TO GO TO HOUSTON TO SPEAK TO A REGIONAL MEETING OF THE NATIONAL RURAL ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE ASSOCIATION.

MONDALE WILL FLY TO MIAMI FOR A STREET RALLY, A VISIT TO THE CARTER-MONDALE HEADQUARTERS, AND AN APPEARANCE AT A DEMOCRATIC FUND-RAISER THURSDAY EVENING.

LATE THURSDAY, MONDALE RETURNS TO WASHINGTON FOR THE WEEKEND.

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PM-Knebel Profile, 470
By BRIAN B. KING

Associated Press Writer

WASHINGTON AP - John A. Knebel, acting agriculture secretary following Earl Butz' resignation, brings to the post a variety of government experience both within the bureaucracy and Congress.

Knebel celebrated his 40th birthday Monday, the day Butz resigned his Cabinet post following an uproar over Butz' obscene racial slur about blacks.

President Ford can have an acting secretary for 30 days under the law and then must make an interim appointment until Congress returns next year.

Two or three other Republicans are thought to be candidates to replace Butz in addition to Knebel. Two former assistant secretaries, Clayton Yeutter and Richard E. Lyng, were mentioned in early speculation.

Knebel was among Butz' close advisers who had huddled with the embattled secretary Saturday night to discuss what he should do following the adverse reaction to his racial slur. Knebel, like the others, was reliably reported to have urged Butz to stay on.

In the meantime, Knebel took over Butz' campaign engagements in Ohio and Pennsylvania for Sunday and Monday at the secretary's request.

When Butz quit Monday, Knebel was at a farmers' box lunch in Mansfield, Ohio, campaigning for the Ford ticket. After Butz quit, Knebel defended him as "a patriot . . . not a bigot," and said that Butz' remarks had not been intended as malicious.

Knebel, a graduate of West Point and American University law school, practiced law in Washington until he joined the staff of the House Agriculture Committee in 1969 as an assistant counsel for two years.

He then was named general counsel of the Small Business Administration until being named general counsel of the Agriculture Department in January 1973. He left that post in April 1975 to return to law practice and then last December he was named undersecretary, the No. 2 post.

During his 10 months as undersecretary, Knebel has enjoyed good relations with Republican members of Congress and at least a working relationship with Democrats on the House and Senate agriculture committees.

Little opposition developed to his nominations as undersecretary or as USDA general counsel.

As undersecretary, Knebel has been the department's principal coordinator of investigations into corruption within the nation's grain inspection system.

Unlike most top USDA officials, Knebel has no distinct ties to any farm group or university.

A native of Tulsa, Okla., he and his wife, the former Venia Marks of Wyckoff, N.J., have three children and live in the Virginia suburb of McLean, Va.

Mrs. Knebel is a volunteer worker at President Ford Committee headquarters.

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PM-REACT SKED 10-5

BY CHARLES M. MADIGAN

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL

ACTING AGRICULTURE SECRETARY JOHN A. KNEBEL SAYS HE DOES NOT THINK EARL BUTZ IS A BIGOT BECAUSE OF ETHNIC SLURS ATTRIBUTED TO HIM.

"I DON'T THINK THAT BUTZ IS A BIGOT," SAID KNEBEL. "FRANKLY, I THINK HE IS A PATRIOT. I AM UPSET PERSONALLY OVER THIS BECAUSE I WAS VERY FOND OF HIM. BUTZ IS NOT A MALICIOUS PERSON."

KNEBEL, WHO SUCCEEDED TO BUTZ' JOB AT LEAST ON AN ACTING BASIS EARLIER IN THE DAY, REPLACED BUTZ AT A SCHEDULED PENNSYLVANIA REPUBLICAN DINNER, AN \$8.75-A-PLATE AFFAIR TO RAISE FUNDS TO AID PRESIDENT FORD'S CAMPAIGN.

THERE WAS AN OUTPOURING OF REACTION IN PENNSYLVANIA AND ELSEWHERE TO THE CONTROVERSIAL BUTZ' RESIGNATION EARLIER IN THE DAY.

ONE GROUP IN MISSOURI SAID IT WAS RAISING MONEY TO HIRE BUTZ AS ITS SPOKESMAN.

ABOUT 150 FARMERS AND THEIR WIVES ATTENDED THE RECEPTION AT CAMP HILL, PA. MANY OF THEM THOUGHT IT WAS A MISTAKE FOR BUTZ TO RESIGN.

"I DON'T THINK IT'S RIGHT," SAID ONE WOMAN. "BUTZ WAS NOT THE SECRETARY OF THE BLACKS, HE WAS THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE."

REP. WILLIAM GOODLING, R-PA., WHO ALSO ATTENDED THE RECEPTION, SAID HE WAS ANGRY ABOUT THE BUTZ RESIGNATION "BECAUSE ... I'VE KNOWN EARL FOR YEARS AND HE DOESN'T HAVE A MALICIOUS BONE IN HIS BODY."

BUT THE U.S. SENATE'S ONLY BLACK MEMBER, SEN. EDWARD BROOKE, R-MASS., SAID EARL BUTZ' RESIGNATION WAS "GOOD FOR THE COUNTRY," AND DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL CANDIDATE JIMMY CARTER SAID BUTZ "SHOULD HAVE BEEN FIRED A LONG TIME AGO."

OREGON GOV. BOB STRAUB, A DEMOCRAT, CALLED BUTZ "A BIGOT," AND SAID HIS RESIGNATION WAS "ENTIRELY APPROPRIATE," AND SEN. ROBERT BYRD, ASSISTANT DEMOCRATIC LEADER, SAID FORD SHOULD HAVE FIRED BUTZ AS SOON AS HE LEARNED OF THE OFFENSIVE STATEMENT, INSTEAD OF TRYING TO RIDE OUT A WAVE OF PUBLIC REACTION."

REP. THOMAS S. FOLEY, D-WASH., CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE AGRICULTURE COMMITTEE, SAID "IT IS MOST REGRETTABLE THAT AN INDEFENSIBLE INCIDENT SUCH AS THIS SHOULD BE THE CAUSE OF HIS DEPARTURE FROM THE GOVERNMENT."

SEN. GEORGE MCGOVERN, D-S.D., SAID, "THE TIME OF THE RACIAL SLUR HAS PASSED. HIS MOST RECENT COMMENTS ARE ONLY THE MOST BLATANT EXAMPLES OF AN ATTITUDE I HAVE LONG FELT DISQUALIFIED HIM FROM SERVING IN THE HIGH POSITION HE HAS OCCUPIED."

KANSAS GOV. ROBERT BENNETT SAID CIRCUMSTANCES LEADING TO THE RESIGNATION WERE UNFORTUNATE BUT THE DECISION WAS MADE IN THE BEST INTERESTS OF THE NATION.

IN ILLINOIS, THE FARM BUREAU INFORMATION OFFICE CALLED THE RESIGNATION "BAD NEWS" FOR THE STATE'S FARMERS. AND BUTZ' BROTHER, DALE, CONTACTED IN BLOOMINGTON, SAID IT'S ALSO BAD NEWS FOR FORD'S CAMPAIGN: "I THINK THERE IS NO QUESTION BUT IT HAD SOME DAMAGE."

UPI 10-05 03:40 AED

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PM-Butz, Bjt - 2 Takes, 490-890
By JAMES H. RUBIN
Associated Press Writer

WASHINGTON AP - Earl L. Butz, having resigned as agriculture secretary because of the furor raised by a racial slur he made against blacks, says he still wants to campaign in the farm belt for President Ford.

Butz, who had tears in his eyes when he announced his resignation Monday at the White House, said he is determined to "continue to work tirelessly" for Ford's election.

White House spokesman Ron Nessen had no comment when asked if Ford intended to accept Butz' offer to campaign. But James A. Baker III, the Ford campaign manager, said he would discuss the idea with Butz.

"Let's face it," Baker said, "a lot of agriculture people out there support him."

A source close to Butz said Butz may be used by the Ford Campaign Committee's Farm Division. "I think you may hear a good deal from him. There will be a lot of platforms that he can take either through the committee or as a private citizen," the source said.

A number of farm spokesmen expressed regret over Butz' departure and said he was not a racist.

Butz had referred to blacks as "coloreds" and used some obscene and derogatory language to describe what he said were the only three things they wanted in life.

His comments, made in a conversation with John Dean and singers Pat Boone and Sonny Bono aboard an airplane in August, were published in Rolling Stone and New Times magazines.

Butz apologized publicly for the remarks and, according to the White House, was severely reprimanded by Ford on Friday. The White House said Ford had not demanded Butz' resignation, and Nessen refused to say what Ford might have done if Butz had tried to remain on.

Ford, in accepting the resignation, told reporters Monday that it "has been one of the saddest decisions of my presidency." Describing Butz as a "close personal friend," Ford said he felt the secretary was "wise enough and courageous enough to recognize that no single individual, no matter how distinguished his past public service, should cast a shadow over the integrity and good will of American government by his comments. For that reason I have accepted the resignation of this decent and good man."

Undersecretary of Agriculture John A. Knebel became acting secretary.

After Butz resigned, Democratic presidential nominee Jimmy Carter said that "the way this whole embarrassing and disgusting episode was handled by President Ford shows a continuation of lack of leadership. Instead of making his decision based on what was right and best for the country, he very carefully waited until he assessed public opinion polls to see what was right politically."

Butz, 67, agriculture secretary for the past five years, said he received no pressure from the White House to quit.

A few hours before the resignation was announced, Ford was quoted as telling black workers at a plant here that Butz was "merely telling a story." Butz said he was repeating a "a 50-year-old joke" that he maintained did not represent his own view of blacks.

"Use of a bad racial commentary in no way reflects my real attitude," he said. He said his resignation "is the price I pay for a gross indiscretion in a private conversation."

MORE

0549aED 10-05

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PM-Butz, Bjt - 1st add, 400
WASHINGTON: private conversation.,,

Boone said the episode struck him as ironic.
"I just can't get it into my head that a Cabinet man can tell a bad joke in private and get fired, and then John Dean can tell the same joke to millions and get paid for it," Boone said. "The sad thing is he meant it as a joke. I did not understand at the time that it was his true feelings, nor do I think them to be now.,,"

Here is some other reaction to the incident:

-Former California Gov. Ronald Reagan: The "anecdote was sordid and inexcusable but, as I understand it, Mr. Butz was simply repeating what someone else had told him. I don't think any racism can be attributed to him.,,"

-The Rev. Martin Luther King Sr. commented about "the mess in Washington. And now Butz breaks out at the mouth. But he's just saying what everybody else in Washington is thinking. I'm tired of all these resignations and I'm worried about America. Too many people in this country are out of work, they are hungry, they are mad, and if conditions do not soon improve, somebody is going to get killed.,,"

-GOP Vice presidential candidate Bob Dole: "Secretary Butz was popular in many places. There's no doubt about it. But you have to weigh that against a very tasteless remark, one I felt difficult to swallow.,,"

-Sen. George McGovern, D-S.D.: "No man can slander an entire race and remain in public office today.,,"

-Rep. Paul Findley, R-Ill: Butz was "the greatest secretary of agriculture in American history.,," But he said the resignation was the proper move.

-Senate Democratic Whip Robert C. Byrd: "It became an act of political expediency rather than a resignation because of the offensiveness of the words themselves.,,"

-Rep. Charles B. Rangel, D-N.Y., former chairman of the Congressional Black Caucus: "I think it's good for the nation he did resign. But as a politician I'm a little disappointed because I think Secretary Butz has served as a constant reminder of the racism that exists in this administration.,,"

-Harold B. Steele, president of the National Farm Bureau: "It is indeed unfortunate that Secretary Butz made a remark which reflects badly on the blacks of the nation. But it is even more unfortunate that this remark is being used to brand Secretary Butz as a racist. The programs, policies and personal attitudes of Secretary Butz are eloquent testimony to the fact that he is not a racist.,,"

0557aED 10-05

a049

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PM-Butz, Optional Sub, a047, 30
Editors:

Please note a005, summarizing how newspapers are handling the Butz quote. In research for that story, we noted that some newspapers are using a somewhat more explicit paraphrase than others. For those who prefer, here is an optional sub paragraph for the Butz story, a047, with the more precise treatment.

WASHINGTON: For a more detailed version, sub 7th graf: Butz had .. in life.

Butz had referred to blacks as "coloreds," and said they "only want three things . . . first, a tight female sex organ; second, loose shoes; and third, a warm place to defecate. That's all.,,"

His comments: 8th graf
0600aED 10-05

A049 HFR 10-6

A A

PM-FARMBELT ADV06 10-5

ADV FOR PMS WED OCT 6
CAMPAIGN '76 -- THE FARM BELT
BY DAVID SMOTHERS
UPI SENIOR EDITOR

CHICAGO (UPI) -- THE FARM VOTE TENDS TO BE CONSERVATIVE WHEN TIMES ARE GOOD. BUT THIS PRESIDENTIAL YEAR THINGS ARE ROUGH IN THE FARM BELT.

THAT IS ENOUGH TO MAKE MATTERS VERY CLOSE IN THE TUSSLE BETWEEN PRESIDENT FORD AND JIMMY CARTER FOR THE FARM VOTE.

IF EITHER CANDIDATE HAS AN EDGE, CARTER HOLDS IT AT THE MOMENT, A UPI CHECK OF FARM BELT STATES INDICATES. BUT THERE ARE PLENTY OF SIGNS THE FARM VOTE COULD BE A SWING ONE, READY TO GO EITHER WAY RIGHT UP UNTIL NOV. 2.

AND SOME FARMERS MAY NOT CARE MUCH WHICH WAY IT GOES.

BRUCE JUELFS, A GRAIN ELEVATOR OPERATOR OF POTTER, NEB., AND A REPUBLICAN, SAID, "IT'S A QUESTION OF THE LESSER OF TWO EVILS."

STANLEY BRANDT OF MARTELL, NEB., A FARMER-FEEDER, SAID, "THIS YEAR I THINK I COULD DO A VERY GOOD JOB OF VOTING WITH MY EYES SHUT." BRANDT, TOO, IS A REPUBLICAN.

IN A SENSE, ALL OF THE UNITED STATES IS ONE BIG FARM BELT. BUT THE TERM IS GENERALLY APPLIED TO THE PRAIRIE STRETCHING ROUGHLY FROM OHIO TO OKLAHOMA.

IN THAT STRETCH, MANY FARMERS HAVE BEEN DOING A SLOW BURN OVER THE LAST YEAR.

WHAT RILED THEM MOST WAS THE EMBARGO FORD IMPOSED ON SOVIET GRAIN SHIPMENTS. EVEN MANY REPUBLICANS FEEL THE ACT WAS AT THE DICTATE OF SECRETARY OF STATE HENRY KISSINGER, WITH ADDED PRESSURE APPLIED BY AFL-CIO PRESIDENT GEORGE MEANY.

TO A LOT OF FARMERS, THE RESULT WAS TO KEEP THEM FROM SELLING THEIR CROPS TO THE HIGHEST BIDDERS.

THE GOVERNMENT'S COUNTENANCE OF BEEF IMPORTS IS ANOTHER SORE POINT.

PRICES FOR FARM PRODUCTS GENERALLY ARE DOWN, BUT THE PRICES FARMERS MUST PAY ARE AS HIGH OR HIGHER AS FOR CITY FOLKS.

ADD TO THAT A SUMMER-LONG MIDWEST DROUGHT WHICH HAS BEEN UNFAVORABLY COMPARED TO THE DUST BOWL YEARS OF THE 1930S -- AND GOVERNMENT RELIEF PROGRAMS WHICH HAVE FAILED TO SATISFY MANY.

ALL OF THESE FACTORS FIGURE TO HURT FORD AND OFFER CARTER A CHANCE TO CASH IN IF HE CAN CONVINCE FARMERS HE REALLY IS ONE OF THEM AND READY TO WORK FOR THEIR CAUSE.

GOING FOR HIM, CERTAINLY, IS HIS WELL-NURTURED IMAGE AS A SIMPLE GEORGIA PEANUT FARMER.

RICK SCOTT, CHAIRMAN OF THE DEMOCRATIC - FARMER - LABOR PARTY IN MINNESOTA, SAID, "CARTER IS SENDING BODY AND CULTURAL SIGNALS PICKED UP BY FARMERS. EVERY TIME HE GOES HOME FOR A DAY OFF, HE'S SHOWN IN BLUE JEANS CHECKING THE CROPS AND WINS MORE FARM VOTES."

BUT CARTER HURT HIMSELF AMONG FARMERS EARLY IN THE CAMPAIGN WHEN HE SAID IN DES MOINES THERE WOULD BE NO MORE GRAIN EMBARGOES AND THEN ALLOWED, IN A PRIVATE INTERVIEW, THAT THERE COULD BE TIMES WHEN ANY SENSIBLE PRESIDENT WOULD IMPOSE ONE.

NOR IS FORD WITHOUT SOLID FARM BELT ASSETS.

FOR ONE THING, HE IS A SOLID MIDWESTERNER WHO COMES ACROSS A STRAIGHT SHOOTER.

BEFORE HE HAD TO RESIGN FOR TALKING ABOUT MATTERS QUITE ALIEN TO FARMING, EARL BUTZ WAS ALREADY A DOUBTFUL ASSET TO THE FORD CAMPAIGN. REPUBLICANS AND DEMOCRATS IN THE FARM COUNTRY DIFFERED AS TO WHETHER BUTZ, AS AGRICULTURE SECRETARY, WAS WORKING FOR THE FARMERS OR FOR AGRIBUSINESS -- OR WHETHER FORD WAS LETTING KISSINGER AND OTHERS DROWN OUT THE SECRETARY'S COUNSEL.

BUT REPUBLICAN STATE CHAIRMEN IN THE FARM STATES WERE GENERALLY PLEASED WITH FORD'S SELECTION OF ROBERT DOLE, SENATOR FROM THE QUINTESSENTIAL FARM STATE OF KANSAS, AS A RUNNING MATE.

SEN. HENRY BELLMON, R-OKLA., SAID "FORD'S CHOICE OF DOLE WAS A COUP." RICK SHELBY, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR FORD'S OKLAHOMA CAMPAIGN, HOPED IT "HAS SERVED TO NULLIFY THE EFFECT OF GRAIN EMBARGOES TO A CERTAIN EXTENT."

MORE

UPI 10-05 06:41 AED

AD50 HFR 10-6

A A

PM-FARMBELT ADV06 1STADD 10-5

XXX SOME EXTENT."

IT SHOULD BE ACKNOWLEDGED THE FARM VOTE IS NOT WHAT IT USED TO BE.

AMERICA USED TO BE A PRIMARILY AGRICULTURAL NATION. NOW, ONLY 86,000 OF THE 2.2 MILLION PERSONS LIVING IN KANSAS ARE CLASSIFIED AS FARMERS. IOWA FARM POPULATION HAS FALLEN 13 PER CENT SINCE 1960. ONLY 5 PER CENT OF THE PEOPLE ELIGIBLE TO VOTE IN INDIANA AND MICHIGAN ARE FARMERS.

BUT THERE ARE TWO FACTORS WHICH COULD MAKE THE FARM VOTE A DETERMINING FACTOR IN WHAT SHAPES UP AS AN INCREASINGLY CLOSE RACE:

-- FARMERS VOTE, PARTICULARLY WHEN THEY ARE MAD. VOTER TURNOUT IN MICHIGAN AVERAGES 40 PER CENT IN A PRESIDENTIAL YEAR, BUT AMONG FARMERS IT RUNS 50 TO 55 PER CENT. THE FIGURE IN INDIANA IS 60.8 PER CENT. A MISSOURI FARM VOTE ESTIMATE FOR THIS YEAR IS 80 PER CENT.

-- MANY TOWNSPEOPLE IN THE FARM BELT VOTE WITH THE FARMERS. IT IS BECAUSE THEIR LIVELIHOODS, TOO, DEPEND ON AGRICULTURE.

STATE SEN. LEON FIELD, A DEMOCRAT FROM THE OKLAHOMA PANHANDLE, SAID "THE NUMBER OF FARMERS IS WAY DOWN, BUT IN ANY TOWN UNDER 20,000 POPULATION, WHETHER YOU ARE A DOCTOR, LAWYER, MERCHANT OR WHAT, YOU DEPEND ON AGRICULTURE. IF AGRICULTURE PROSPERS, YOU DO. IF NOT, YOU HAVE A HARD TIME COLLECTING YOUR BILLS."

EVEN SOME REPUBLICANS CONCEDE FORD IS IN TROUBLE IN AREAS WHERE HE SHOULD FEEL SAFE.

OKLAHOMA'S BELLMON SAID, "I'M NOT OPTIMISTIC, TO BE REAL CANDID. WHEAT PRICES ARE A DOLLAR A BUSHEL BELOW COST, CATTLE PROBABLY \$50 A HEAD BELOW COST. IF YOU BELIEVE AS I DO THAT PEOPLE OFTEN VOTE ON THE BASIS OF ECONOMIC WELFARE, THEN PRESIDENT FORD HAS HIS WORK CUT OUT FOR HIM."

IOWA HAS GONE DEMOCRATIC IN A PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION ONLY TWICE IN THE LAST THREE DECADES, BUT IT COULD HAPPEN AGAIN. THE STATE'S POLITICAL COMPLEXION IS CHANGING AND A REPUBLICAN COUNTY CHAIRMAN SAID, "THE EMBARGO WAS A PERSONAL AFFRONT TO (FARMERS)."

ON THE OTHER HAND, DEMOCRATS IN THE FARM BELT ARE FEELING GOOD -- PERHAPS TOO GOOD FOR THEIR OWN GOOD.

CLELL CARPENTER, VICE PRESIDENT FOR MIDCONTINENT FARMERS ASSOCIATION IN COLUMBIA, MO., AND A CARTER MAN, SAID:

"THE OPERATING COSTS OF FARMERS HAVE BECOME HORRENDOUSLY HIGH AND MR. BUTZ COMES OUT AND ALMOST BADGERS US INTO FARMING FENCEROW TO FENCEROW. THE GENERAL TREND AS I SEE IT IS LEANING TOWARD THE CARTER-MONDALE TICKET, EXCEPT IN THE DEEP OZARKS WHERE ALL THE REPUBLICANS ARE. THE CONSENSUS IS THEY WANT A CHANGE."

BUT FEW CANNY POLITICIANS ARE COUNTING THEIR CHICKENS BEFORE THE NOVEMBER HATCHING TIME.

DALE LYON, PRESIDENT OF THE KANSAS FARMERS UNION, SAW "NO PARTICULARLY STRONG SUPPORT FOR CARTER. IT'S AN 'AGIN' IT! VOTE, BECAUSE OF WHAT FORD HAS DONE."

ROLLAND PARR, PRESIDENT OF THE KANSAS LIVESTOCK ASSOCIATION, SAID, "THE VOTE IN THIS THING MIGHT BE UP FOR GRABS DEPENDING ON WHICH CANDIDATE COMES UP WITH THE MOST ACCEPTABLE LONG-TERM PROGRAM FOR AGRICULTURE."

AD48 HFR 10-6

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PM-MARYLAND ADV06 10-5

ADV FOR PMS WED OCT 6

CAMPAIGN '76:

MARYLAND -- MANDEL TRIAL OVERSHADOWS PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN

BY DAVID S. AWBREY

ANNAPOLIS, MD. (UPI) -- DEMOCRATS SEEM MUCH MORE INTERESTED IN THE SENSATIONAL TRIAL OF GOV. MARVIN MANDEL THAN IN THE PRESIDENTIAL RACE. THE RESULT COULD BE AN UNUSUALLY CLOSE RACE FOR THE MARYLAND'S 10 ELECTORAL VOTES.

DEMOCRATS HOLD A 3-1 REGISTRATION EDGE AND THE GOP HAS CARRIED THE STATE BUT ONCE IN 20 YEARS. BUT CARTER, DECISIVELY BEATEN IN THE PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY, IS NOT POPULAR AND IS GETTING VIRTUALLY NO HELP FROM STATE AND LOCAL PARTY ORGANIZATIONS.

CARTER'S RELATIONS WITH PARTY LEADERS WERE RUPTURED DURING THE PRIMARY CAMPAIGN IN APRIL AND MAY AND HE HAS NOT BEEN ABLE TO PATCH THEM UP. MANDEL, THE UNQUESTIONED LEADER OF THE STATE PARTY, WOULD HAVE PLAYED A MAJOR ROLE IN UNIFYING THE PARTY.

IN 1968 MANDEL LED A SUCCESSFUL DRIVE FOR HUBERT HUMPHREY DESPITE THE PRESENCE ON THE REPUBLICAN TICKET OF GOV. SPIRO T. AGNEW. HE SAT OUT THE 1972 RACE WHEN GEORGE MCGOVERN BECAME THE FIRST DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE TO LOSE MARYLAND SINCE 1956.

BUT MANDEL IS SPENDING HIS DAYS NOW IN FEDERAL COURT, ON TRIAL FOR MAIL FRAUD AND RACKETEERING.

THE TRIAL, LATEST IN A SERIES OF MARYLAND POLITICAL SCANDALS PROSECUTED BY THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, IS COMMANDING RAPT ATTENTION FROM PARTY REGULARS LOYAL TO MANDEL.

WHAT ENERGY IS LEFT IS FOCUSED ON THE STRONG SENATORIAL CAMPAIGN OF REP. PAUL S. SARBANES, D-MD., WHO IS EXPECTED TO UNSEAT REPUBLICAN SEN. J. GLENN BEALL.

NOT A SINGLE LOCAL DEMOCRATIC ORGANIZATION OF ANY SIZE IN THE STATE IS CAMPAIGNING FOR CARTER. HIS AIDES ARE VIRTUAL UNKNOWNNS, MANY OF THEM ARE OUTSIDERS.

THE LATEST BALTIMORE SUN POLL SHOWED CARTER WITH AN EIGHT POINT LEAD BUT 30 PER CENT ARE UNDECIDED.

CARTER SUFFERED ONE OF HIS WORST PRIMARY LOSSES IN MARYLAND WHEN CALIFORNIA GOV. EDMUND G. BROWN JR. CAPTURED THE SUPPORT OF BALTIMORE'S INFLUENTIAL DEMOCRATIC CLUBS, PRIMARILY NEIGHBORHOOD ORGANIZATIONS UNITED BY ETHNIC OR PERSONAL LOYALTIES.

STATE SEN. HARRY J. MCGUIRK, WHOSE DEMOCRATIC CLUB IS ONE OF BALTIMORE'S STRONGEST, SAID MOST OF THE LOCAL GROUPS ARE ALIENATED FROM CARTER BECAUSE HIS ORGANIZERS ARE EITHER FROM OUT OF STATE OR ARE MARYLAND RESIDENTS WITH LITTLE POLITICAL EXPERTISE.

"I DON'T THINK THE CARTER CAMPAIGN HAS BEGUN TO CLICK YET," SAID MCGUIRK. "I THINK THAT FOR SOME REASON THERE'S NOT ENOUGH CONTACT BETWEEN HIS PEOPLE AND THOSE GENERALLY INVOLVED IN ELECTIONS IN MARYLAND."

"THEY'RE STARTING TO MAKE THEIR CALLS NOW. BUT IT'S A QUESTION WHETHER THEY MAY BE A LITTLE LATE IN TRYING TO GET TOGETHER WITH THE LOCAL GROUPS."

CARTER NEEDS THE CLUBS' POLLWORKERS AND ENTHUSIASM TO CAPTURE ENOUGH VOTES IN WORKING CLASS BALTIMORE TO OFFSET GOP RURAL STRENGTH AND POSSIBLY A BACKLASH IN THE WASHINGTON SUBURBS FROM FEDERAL WORKERS CONCERNED ABOUT HIS ANTI-WASHINGTON EMPHASIS.

"IT'S OBVIOUSLY A STATE THAT'S PRETTY TIGHT," SAID PETER BOURNE, CARTER'S WASHINGTON TACTICIAN.

EVEN IF HIS IS UNABLE TO COMMAND THE TOTAL LOYALTIES OF THE CLUBS, CARTER WILL BE HELPED IN BALTIMORE BY SARBANES, WHO AS A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE HELPED DRAFT ARTICLES OF IMPEACHMENT AGAINST RICHARD NIXON.

STRESSING HIS IMPEACHMENT ACTIVITIES, SARBANES DOMINATED THE POLITICAL REFORM ISSUE EARLY AFTER SEN. J. GLENN BEALL ADMITTED RECEIVING \$185,000 IN SECRET CAMPAIGN FUNDS FROM THE NIXON WHITE HOUSE IN 1970. BUT SARBANES HAS BEEN ON THE DEFENSIVELY RECENTLY FOR LARGE "WALKING AROUND MONEY" PAYMENTS TO THE BALTIMORE CLUBS.

"WALKING AROUND" MONEY IS THE LIFEBLOOD OF THE CLUBS, WHICH USE IT TO PAY WORKERS AND OTHER CAMPAIGN EXPENSES. THERE IS NOTHING ILLEGAL ABOUT THE CONTRIBUTIONS, BUT BEALL, WHO GAVE THE CLUBS \$40,000 IN 1970, SAYS HE WILL MAKE NO PAYMENTS THIS YEAR.

SARBANES GAVE THE CLUBS \$53,000 DURING THE PRIMARY AND WILL MAKE THE PAYMENTS AGAIN ON ELECTION DAY.

ADV FOR PMS WED OCT 6

UPI 10-05 06:29 AED

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AM-KRN 10-4

MIAMI (UPI) -- JOHN MCMULLAN HAS BEEN NAMED EXECUTIVE EDITOR OF THE MIAMI HERALD, SUCCEEDING LARRY JINKS, WHO WILL BECOME EDITOR OF THE SAN JOSE MERCURY AND NEWS, KNIGHT-RIDDER NEWSPAPERS, INC., ANNOUNCED MONDAY.

THE HERALD AND THE MERCURY AND NEWS ARE BOTH MEMBERS OF THE KNIGHT-RIDDER NEWSPAPER GROUP.

MCMULLAN, 55, A KNIGHT-RIDDER CORPORATE VICE PRESIDENT FOR THE PAST FOUR YEARS, WAS EXECUTIVE EDITOR AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILADELPHIA INQUIRER FROM 1970 TO 1972. PRIOR TO THAT, HE HAD BEEN AN EDITOR ON THE MIAMI HERALD.

JINKS, 47, HAS BEEN EXECUTIVE EDITOR OF THE HERALD SINCE 1972 AND HAS HELD A VARIETY OF KEY EDITING JOBS SINCE HE JOINED THE PAPER IN 1960.

MCMULLAN WILL BE IN CHARGE OF BOTH THE NEWS AND EDITORIAL DEPARTMENTS AT THE HERALD. HE WILL ASSUME HIS NEW POST SUNDAY.

JOSEPH B. RIDDER, PUBLISHER OF THE MERCURY AND NEWS IN SAN JOSE, SAID JINKS WILL BE IN CHARGE OF THE NEWS AND EDITORIAL OPERATIONS FOR BOTH PAPERS AND WILL WORK CLOSELY WITH EXECUTIVE EDITOR PAUL CONROY.

RIDDER SAID JINKS WILL JOIN THE MERCURY AND NEWS IN EARLY APRIL. DURING THE NEXT SEVERAL MONTHS HE WILL WORK ON CORPORATE EDITORIAL PROJECTS FOR KNIGHT-RIDDER IN MIAMI.

DUPLICATE TO B-WIRE

UPI 10-04 10:12 PED

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PM-CALLAWAY SKED 10-5

BY CHERYL ARVIDSON

WASHINGTON (UPI) -- A SENATE SUBCOMMITTEE DRAFT REPORT SAYS PRESIDENT FORD'S FORMER CAMPAIGN DIRECTOR, HOWARD "BO" CALLAWAY, USED HIS POSITION AS SECRETARY OF THE ARMY TO INFLUENCE THE FOREST SERVICE TO PERMIT EXPANSION OF A FAMILY-OWNED SKI RESORT.

A DRAFT COPY OF A REPORT BY THE SENATE SUBCOMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT AND LAND RESOURCES WAS OBTAINED BY UPI.

IN THE 132-PAGE REPORT APPROVED 5 TO 4 BY THE SUBCOMMITTEE, THE DECISION WAS BLAMED ON IMPROPER PRESSURE BY CALLAWAY OR OTHERS ON HIS BEHALF.

THE VOTE WAS DIVIDED ALONG PARTY LINES, WITH THE REPUBLICAN MINORITY DECLARING CALLAWAY INNOCENT, AND SAYING THE PANEL AND ITS CHAIRMAN, SEN. FLOYD HASKELL, D-COLO., USED THE ALLEGATIONS FOR POLITICAL PURPOSES.

THE MAJORITY REPORT SAID CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE INDICATES CALLAWAY USED IMPROPER INFLUENCE TO SECURE MORE GOVERNMENT LAND FOR EXPANDING THE CRESTED BUTTE, COLO., RESORT.

THE FOREST SERVICE INITIALLY RECOMMENDED THE SKI RESORT OPERATED BY CALLAWAY AND HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW NOT EXPAND BEYOND THE CRESTED BUTTE MOUNTAIN. BUT LATE IN 1975, IT AGREED TO MAKE 2,000 ACRES OF LAND ON NEARBY SNODGRASS MOUNTAIN AVAILABLE FOR EXPANSION.

THE ALLEGATIONS OF IMPROPER INFLUENCE FORCED CALLAWAY TO RESIGN AS HEAD OF THE PRESIDENT FORD COMMITTEE LAST WINTER. THE FOREST SERVICE HAS SINCE REOPENED HEARINGS ON THE CRESTED BUTTE EXPANSION.

THE REPORT SAID THE INCIDENT UNDERMINED PUBLIC CONFIDENCE IN GOVERNMENT DECISION MAKING AND CALLED IT "A SORRY HISTORY OF PARTIALITY AND FAVORITISM TOWARD ONE OF THEIR FRIENDS OCCUPYING A HIGH POSITION OF PUBLIC TRUST AND RESPONSIBILITY IN THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT."

ALL WITNESSES AT THE SUBCOMMITTEE'S HEARINGS ON CRESTED BUTTE LAST SPRING DENIED THAT CALLAWAY'S POSITION HAD ANYTHING TO DO WITH THE DECISION FAVORING THE EXPANSION.

BUT THE REPORT SAID THE "CONCERN EXPRESSED IN WASHINGTON MAY IN FACT HAVE TIPPED THE SCALES IN FAVOR OF A RECOMMENDATION IN SECRETARY CALLAWAY'S INTEREST."

A MAJOR FACTOR IN THIS FINDING WAS A JULY 3, 1975 MEETING IN CALLAWAY'S PENTAGON OFFICE ATTENDED BY FORMER UNDERSECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE J. PHIL CAMPBELL, HIS DEPUTY RICHARD ASHWORTH, AND REX RESLER, DEPUTY CHIEF OF THE FOREST SERVICE.

THE SUBCOMMITTEE SAID IT WAS "NOT CONVINCED" THAT CALLAWAY'S ONLY CONCERN WAS TO EXPEDITE A DECISION IN THE CASE AND SAID HE USED THE MEETING "TO PRESS FOR A DECISION ... FAVORABLE TO CRESTED BUTTE."

THE REPORT SAID "THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT MR. CALLAWAY PARTICIPATED IN EVENTS THE NATURAL AND LOGICAL EFFECT OF WHICH COULD ONLY HAVE BEEN TO CREATE SUCH PRESSURE."

UPI 10-05 01:42 AED

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PM-Simon-IMF, Bjt - 2 Takes, 480-610

By ARNOLD ZEITLIN

Associated Press Writer

MANILA, The Philippines AP - U.S. Treasury Secretary William E. Simon cautioned impatient poor nations today against seeking a "quick fix" to solve their economic problems.

Addressing the joint annual meetings of the International Monetary Fund IMF and World Bank, Simon also urged oil-rich lands to join the United States in emergency measures to ensure that World Bank funds for the poorest countries do not run out.

He said the U.S. economy is showing a "well balanced" recovery, although he predicted a slowdown of economic expansion in 1977.

Both employment growth and unemployment will decline next year in the United States, Simon predicted, with inflation expected to run at 5 to 6 per cent.

He said the slower American economic pace would be a "proper pattern" because continued 6 to 7 per cent growth in economic output over an extended period of time "would invariably overheat the U.S. economy, followed soon afterward by recession and unemployment."

In warning poorer countries against expecting any speedy resolution of economic problems, Simon said: "More and more people understand that this is not the case. I sense growing suspicion of the proposed instant solutions, the quick fix."

Simon said the United States strongly supports a "bridge agreement" to make sure the World Bank's International Development Association IDA does not run out of funds. Under such an agreement, governments would voluntarily commit contributions in advance to the IDA, allowing lending to continue into 1978.

"I would hope that prospective new members of IDA will voluntarily make contributions to this bridge agreement," said Simon, referring to the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries OPEC.

World Bank President Robert S. McNamara and representatives of developing countries here have urged quick action to prevent IDA from running out of funds by next June.

Simon said the United States wants a bridging agreement reached by January. He suggested that the problem should be the primary topic of a meeting of IDA deputies next week in Kyodo, Japan.

His remarks indicated that the United States doesn't believe McNamara can achieve the World Bank's announced aim of developing by March 1977 a permanent agreement on the future of IDA funds. Efforts to produce such a permanent accord would require ratification by governments - a process that would extend beyond June and thus delay further lending.

Simon's cautionary comments aimed at poorer nations contrasted with remarks by India's finance minister, C. Subramaniam, who stressed that the less developed countries want to have more power in making the decisions which affect their monetary systems.

Subramaniam complained that 110 developing nations with two billion people - half the world's population - were currently "in the position of an unimportant minority" in international monetary affairs.

MORE

0436aED 10-05
PM-Simon-IMF, Bjt - 1st Aug, 100
MANILA: monetary affairs.

Where Simon praised an agreement phasing gold out of the monetary system, Subramaniam complained the result was giving more gold to the rich.

India got support on gold from Italy. Treasury Minister Gaetano Stamatì said Italy joined Canada and developing countries who are unhappy about IMF gold auctions. He said the sales were forcing down the world gold price at a time when Italy needs reserves to back borrowing aimed at bolstering its faltering lira.

Italy's problems with currency were echoed by Britain. Sir Douglas Wass, British permanent secretary of the treasury, said he would leave for London after meeting IMF managing director H. Johannes Witteveen privately on plans to assess the British economy and start a two-month process to provide support for the pound.

0439aED 10-05

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PM-BANK SKED 10-5

PICTURE

BY VICENTE MALIWANAG

MANILA, THE PHILIPPINES (UPI) -- THE UNITED STATES TOLD THE WORLD'S POOR NATIONS TODAY THEY MUST PUT THEIR OWN ECONOMIC HOUSES IN ORDER BEFORE ASSISTANCE FROM THE INDUSTRIAL CAN LIFT THEM FROM POVERTY.

TREASURY SECRETARY WILLIAM SIMON TOLD THE JOINT ANNUAL MEETING OF THE WORLD BANK AND THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND THAT IN ACHIEVING THE GOAL OF SHARED PROSPERITY, POOR AND RICH COUNTRIES ALIKE MUST BEAR THEIR BURDENS.

SIMON SAID THE NEW ECONOMIC ORDER ENVISIONED BY THE IMF "CALLS FOR EACH OF OUR NATIONS, LARGE AND SMALL, DEVELOPED AND DEVELOPING, TO CONCENTRATE ON ACHIEVING SOUND, NON-INFLATIONARY ECONOMIC GROWTH. THERE IS NO OTHER ANSWER TO OUR DESIRE FOR STABILITY."

"IN THE FINAL ANALYSIS," HE SAID, "WHAT REALLY COUNTS FOR EACH OF OUR COUNTRIES AND FOR THE WORLD ECONOMY IS HOW EFFICIENTLY WE ALL MANAGE OUR OWN DOMESTIC AFFAIRS."

SIMON'S SPEECH BEFORE BANKERS AND FINANCE MINISTERS FROM 127 COUNTRIES REFLECTED THE MOST HARD-NOSED RESPONSE BY AN INDUSTRIAL COUNTRY TO THE DEVELOPING NATIONS' DEMANDS FOR GREATER ASSISTANCE.

BOTH BERNARD CLAPPIER, GOVERNOR OF THE BANK OF FRANCE, AND BRITISH TREASURY OFFICIAL SIR DOUGLAS WASS WERE MORE CONCILIATORY THAN THE AMERICAN IN EXPRESSING THEIR COUNTRIES' CONCERN FOR THE PLIGHT OF THE POORER NATIONS.

SIMON SAID KEY DEVELOPMENT PROBLEMS THAT REMAIN UNSOLVED IN MANY THIRD WORLD COUNTRIES AND MUST BE CONFRONTED INCLUDE RESTRAINING POPULATION GROWTH AND IMPROVING THE EFFICIENCY AND EQUITY OF DOMESTIC TAX COLLECTIONS.

NOTWITHSTANDING THE U.S. POSITION, THIRD WORLD REPRESENTATIVES TODAY EMPHASIZED THEIR APPEAL FOR INCREASED RESOURCES FROM THE INDUSTRIALIZED BLOC TO HELP EASE MOUNTING DEBTS IN THE AFTERMATH OF THE 1974 OIL CRISIS.

OFFICIALS OF THE PHILIPPINES, INDONESIA AND INDIA ALL CALLED FOR SOFTENING OF NEWLY IMPOSED TERMS FOR REGULAR WORLD BANK LOANS AND THE IMMEDIATE INJECTION OF FUNDS INTO THE BANK'S AFFILIATE, THE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION.

SIMON REJECTED TWO SUGGESTED APPROACHES TO THE PROBLEMS OF DEBT-RIDDEN COUNTRIES -- WIDESPREAD DEBT FORGIVENESS OR RESCHEDULING AND INCREASING THE INTERNATIONAL MONETARY SUPPLY, WHICH HE LIKENED TO THE CREATION OF A GLOBAL MONETARY PRINTING PRESS.

UPI 10-05 05:45 AED

UP-004

(AUTOS)
(BY EDWARD LECHTZIN)

DETROIT (UPI) -- SETTLEMENT OF THE STRIKE THAT HAS CLOSED THE FORD MOTOR CO. FOR THREE WEEKS HINGES ON A NON-ECONOMIC ISSUE THAT SOURCES SAY "SNAGGED" AN AGREEMENT MONDAY ON A NEW THREE-YEAR CONTRACT FOR 170,000 WORKERS.

"WE HAD IT THIS AFTERNOON (MONDAY), BUT IT GOT AWAY," A TOP UNITED AUTO WORKERS SOURCE SAID OF CONFLICTING REPORTS THAT THE STRIKE WAS ABOUT TO END.

FORD AND UAW NEGOTIATING TEAMS MET FOR 15 HOURS MONDAY, THE FOURTH STRAIGHT DAY OF INTENSIVE BARGAINING TO RESOLVE THE LABOR DISPUTE. THEY PLANNED TO RETURN TO FORD HEADQUARTERS IN DEARBORN AT 9 A.M. EDT TODAY.

AT ONE POINT YESTERDAY, BARGAINERS THOUGHT THEY HAD WRAPPED UP THE AGREEMENT ON A CONTRACT THAT WILL SERVE AS THE PATTERN FOR ANOTHER 530,000 NON-STRIKING WORKERS AT GENERAL MOTORS, CHRYSLER AND AMERICAN MOTORS.

LOCAL UNION OFFICIALS AT SOME OF THE 102 FORD FACILITIES IN 22 STATES SAID THEY WERE NOTIFIED BY UAW LEADERS IN DEARBORN THAT AN AGREEMENT WAS NEAR.

THE UNION EVEN BEGAN THE FIRST STEPS OF THE RATIFICATION PROCESS, NOTIFYING THE 26-MEMBER INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE BOARD TO MEET IN DETROIT WEDNESDAY TO GIVE FIRST APPROVAL OF THE PACT AND THEN PASS IT TO THE LARGER NATIONAL FORD COUNCIL ON THURSDAY.

"HOPEFULLY, WE WILL HAVE A NEW AGREEMENT TO PRESENT TO THE DELEGATE BODY FOR THEIR ACTION," WOODCOCK AND BANNON SAID IN A TELEGRAM TO LOCAL UNION LEADERS. "IF NOT, A REPORT WILL TAKE PLACE ON NEGOTIATIONS."

HOWEVER, A "SNAG" DEVELOPED ON A NON-ECONOMIC MATTER THAT SOURCES SAID HAD NOT BEEN DISCUSSED EARLIER IN THE TALKS.

"NOTHING IS TOGETHER UNTIL EVERYTHING IS TOGETHER," EXPLAINED A UAW SPOKESMAN OF THE INABILITY TO WRAP UP THE AGREEMENT MONDAY, THOUGH SOURCES SAID ALL OF THE MAJOR ECONOMIC MATTERS HAD BEEN SOLVED.

HE WOULD NOT IDENTIFY THE "NON-ECONOMIC" ITEM BELIEVED TO BE HOLDING UP THE SETTLEMENT.

UPI 10-05 08:27 AED

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PM-Lockheed 260

MARIETTA, Ga. AP - Lockheed Aircraft Corp.'s board chairman says within six to eight months the company will no longer need the federal loan guarantees on which it has depended since 1970.

Robert W. Haack told reporters Monday evening the company's financial position is improving steadily and there are strong indications the 24 banks lending Lockheed money will agree to do without the government aid they once demanded.

"There are some banks who are willing to give up the guarantees at this moment," said Haack. "But I think the majority of them would rather wait another six to eight months to see that our refinancing is concluded and that a number of internal matters are taken care of. At that time, I think they can be persuaded to drop the guarantees."

Congress, after a legislative battle in 1970, passed a law authorizing the government to guarantee \$250 million in bank loans for Lockheed. The action was just in time to stop bankruptcy by debt-plagued Lockheed.

The government-backed loans now total about \$140 million.

Debate over the federal aid to Lockheed had intensified since last fall when the aircraft firm disclosed it had made more than \$25 million in questionable payments to officials of foreign governments.

Haack said he feels canceling the guarantees would be greeted with a "sigh of relief" by politicians in Washington as well as executives at Lockheed's corporate headquarters in Burbank, Calif. The guarantees have proven expensive and burdensome for Lockheed because of government controls over management that accompanied them, he said.

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PM-UN 10-5

(EDITORS: CHIAO EXPECTED TO SPEAK ABOUT 11 A.M. EDT)

BY BRUCE W. MUNN

UNITED NATIONS (UPI) -- CHINESE FOREIGN MINISTER CHIAO KUAN-HUA, IN AN ADDRESS TO THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY, TODAY IS EXPECTED TO AFFIRM PEKING'S ALLEGIANCE TO THE POLICY OF CHAIRMAN MAO TSE-TUNG. DIPLOMATIC SOURCES SAID CHIAO'S SPEECH WOULD MAKE NO CHANGE IN THE POLICY ESTABLISHED BY MAO, WHO DIED LAST MONTH FUELING SPECULATION THAT THE ASIAN GIANT WOULD VEER FROM THE FOREIGN POLICY COURSE HE ESTABLISHED.

CHIAO ARRIVED MONDAY AND APPEARED IN THE ASSEMBLY HALL TO HEAR A POLICY SPEECH BY DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER REIS MALILE OF ALBANIA, WHICH WAS CONSIDERED CHINA'S U.N. SPOKESMAN UNTIL THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS WERE OUSTED IN FAVOR OF THE PEKING GOVERNMENT FIVE YEARS AGO.

CHIAO THEN WENT INTO SECLUSION TO POLISH HIS OWN POLICY REVIEW. SCHEDULED TO FOLLOW CHIAO TO THE ROSTRUM WAS ANTHONY CROSLAND, MAKING HIS FIRST U.N. APPEARANCE AS BRITAIN'S FOREIGN MINISTER. CROSLAND WAS THE LAST OF THE BIG FIVE FOREIGN CHIEFS TO ADDRESS THE 31ST ANNUAL ASSEMBLY.

THE SECURITY COUNCIL SCHEDULED THE FOURTH IN ITS CURRENT SERIES OF MEETINGS ON NAMIBIA, OR SOUTH WEST AFRICA, FOR LATER IN THE DAY.

PRIVATE TALKS SEEKING A WAY TO PERSUADE SOUTH AFRICA TO GIVE UP THE FORMER GERMAN TERRITORY MANDATED TO IT AFTER WORLD WAR I WERE EXPECTED TO BE PURSUED WHEN SECRETARY OF STATE HENRY KISSINGER RETURNS TO NEW YORK FROM WASHINGTON IN THE EVENING FOR A FIVE-DAY STAY.

AFRICAN SOURCES EXPECTED INTENSIVE CONSULTATIONS WITH AS LITTLE PUBLICITY AS POSSIBLE UNTIL -- AND IF -- A SOLUTION IS REACHED. ALTHOUGH A WORKING PAPER HAD BEEN CIRCULATED, NO FORMAL RESOLUTION HAD BEEN DRAFTED.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY MONDAY INTERRUPTED ITS ANNUAL POLICY DEBATE -- IN WHICH 60 FOREIGN MINISTERS HAD SPOKEN -- TO AGREE TO DISCUSS WEST GERMANY'S PROPOSAL FOR A TREATY AGAINST THE TAKING OF HOSTAGES. THE ITEM WAS REFERRED TO THE ASSEMBLY'S 145-NATION LEGAL COMMITTEE FOR PRELIMINARY DEBATE.

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