The original documents are located in Box 12, folder "Invitations Regretted (3)" of the Theodore C. Marrs Files at the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library.

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SUITE 700, 1430 K STREET, N.W., WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005 (202) 347-9520

June 4, 1975

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

PRESIDENT

Mel Tonasket

FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT

Osley Saunooke

TREASURER

Ray Goetting

Caddo

RECORDING SECRETARY

Katharine Whitehorn

Osage

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Charles Trimble
Oglala Sioux

AREA VICE PRESIDENTS

ABERDEEN AREA

Joe Chase

Mandan

ALASKA AREA

Clarence Jackson

Tlinget-Haida

ANADARKO AREA

Juanita Ahtone

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Victor Sarracino

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Alec Garfield

Tule River

SOUTHEAST AREA

Dean Williams

Seneca

Dr. Theodore Marrs
Special Assistant to the
President
White House
Washington, D. C. 20500

P. FORD LIBRAY

Dear Dr. Marrs:

Each year on June 25, the National Congress of American Indians honors a Congressman and a Senator at a Benefit-Awards Dinner here in Washington, D. C.

This year we are honoring Senator Henry M. Jackson for his work on the Indian Financing Act, the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act, and the Indian Health Care Improvement Act. On the House side, we are honoring Congressman Morris K. Udall for his work on the Havasupai Land Return Legislation.

For the Executive Committee, we invite you to be an honored guest of NCAI at our Head Table.

The banquet will be held at the Sheraton Park Hotel here in Washington on June 25, beginning at 7:00 P.M. The banquet attracts over 500 people from Congress, the Administration, and the National Indian Community.

Please let us know immediately if you will be able to honor us with your presence. Of course, Mrs. Marrs is cordially invited to be our guest.

Respectfully yours,

CHARLES E. TRIMBLE Executive Director

CET:sa

acrested



1430 K STREET, N.W. SUITE 700 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005



Dr. Theodore Marrs
Special Assistant to the
President
White House
Washington, D. C. 20500

4)



865 -5/2/ JOHNSON J. MENINICK

YAKIMA NATION TRIBAL COUNCILMAN REPRESENTATIVE

RES. PH. 865-4647

YAKIMA INDIAN AGENCY BOX 632

TOPPENISH WASHINGTON 98948

Johnson Meninick Yakima Tribal Council P.O.Box 632 Toppenish, WASHINGTON 98948 June 5, 1975

Dr. Theodore Marrs
Spec. Asst. to the President
for Human Resources
103 Executive Office Building
Washington DC



Dear Dr. Marrs:

Approximately 3 weeks ago we mailed you a special invitation to attend our annual Yakima Indian Nation-Toppenish Creek Encampment scheduled for JULY 1 through JULY 7th.

It was just brought to my attention that you did not receive our invitation. In order to avoid unnecessary delays I herewith take the liberty of writing to you immediately to extend our invitation and we hope that you will be able to attend our event.

The Yakima Indian Nation Tribal Council will welcome you and you can be assured that your visit will be a memorable one.

We will provide the necessary transportation and accomodation.Our police department will provide any assistance you may need.

We look forward to hearing from you soon and we sincerely hope that you will be able to come and enjoy Yakima hospitality.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me at any time at the following phone number: Area Code 509/865-5121.

Respectfully yours

Johnson Meninick

Councilman/ Yakima Tribal Council and Secr. of the Encampment Committee

cc/YN

Johnson Meninick

Yakima Tribal Council

Yakima Indian Nation
P.O.BOX 632

Toppenish, WASHINGTON 98948

TO:

DR. THEODORE MARRS

103 EXECUTIVE OFFICE BUILDING

URGENT

WASHINGTON DC

URGENT

TOPPENISH CREEK ENCAMPMENT OLDEST IN HISTORY OF YAKIMAS

ASSESSMENT AND ASSESSMENT AND ASSESSMENT AND ASSESSMENT AND ASSESSMENT ASSESS

2 1/2 miles South of White Swan

July 1,1975 10:30 a.m. TO

July 7,1975 6:00 a.m.





COMPETIVE EVENTS INCLUDES

INDIAN DANCING SINGING SPORTS FOR THE BOYS & GIRLS

MEN & WOMEN

GRANDMAS & GRANDPAS!

TRADITIONAL MEMORIAL

PARADE & CEREMONIES

ON JULY 1, 1975 10:30 a.m.

FOR THOSE WHO PASSED ON

NO ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES OR USE OF - FIREWORKS - ANY TYPE OF DRUGS - FIGHTING - MOTOR BIKES -PEDDLING CONTRABAND ILLEGALLY NOT ALLOWED AT ANYTIME

WELL POLICED

NEW ADDED ATTRACTION

PARADE ON THE 4TH OF JULY

2:00 p.m.

INDIAN ON HORSES

FOOT

FLOATS

PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED

RESPONSIBLE FOR COMMITTEE NOT ACCIDENTS, THEFT, FIRE, VANDALISM, IMPRISONMENT FOR ANY VIOLATION. BREAKDOWNS.

ACTIVITIES OPEN AFTER MEMORIAL CEREMO

IMPROVED GROUNDS - LARGE INDOOR DANCE PAVILLAON TEEPEE POLES - GOOD WATER - WELL LIGHTED AREA LARGE GAMBLING SHED CONTROLLED NO BETTING ON POINTS -

Chairman Watson Totus COMMUTTEE MEMBERS

Johnson Meninick

Treasurer Mose Dick Sr.

Henry Luton Louis Sohappy Otis Shilow

Bob Perry

Ellison Shuster Lester Lewis Charley Pimm Elmer Shuster Jim Sohappy

Wilfred Yallup Isaac Sampson Ray Olney Russe Jim Martin Hannigan Bill Yallup Donny Sampson David Sampson Eagle Scelatse

For Further Information Call or Write

Watson Totus Area Code (509) 865-2988 P.O. Box 632

Soppelaish, WA. 198948

Johnson Meninick Area Code (509) 865-5121

PO Box 632 appenish, WA.

EVERYONE WELCOME





June 9, 1975.

The Honorable Theodore C. Marrs The White House Washington, D.C.

Dear Ted,

The attached letter is self-explanatory. However, we want to add our urgent request that you attend this, if at all possible, as not only would you be representing the Link Foundation for the first Stover-Link Award but you would have a chance to meet many of the scientists from around the world working in the hyperbaric field.

I will call shortly for an opportunity to talk with you a few minutes about this and one other idea which I have. In the meantime,

Kindest personal regards Most sincerely,

C. W. Shilling, M. D.

Executive Secretary
UNDERSEA MEDICAL SOCIETY, INC.

CWS/yd enclosure

May 30, 1975

C. W. Shilling, M.D. Executive Secretary Undersea Medical Society, Inc. 9650 Rockville Pike Bethesda, Maryland 20014

Dear Dr. Shilling:

Answering your May 20 letter, regretfully Miss Marilyn Link will be unable to attend the presentation of the first "Link Foundation Stover-Link Award" on Tuesday, 8 July, at San Diego.

Dr. Theodore C. Marrs, member of our Technical Assistance Board, may be able to attend and may appreciate an invitation, as it was through him that the grant was initiated.

Thank you for reserving a place of honor for Miss Link at the Head Table for the luncheon. She is very sorry to miss this eventful occasion.

Sincerely,

Mrs. Anice Duriaux Executive Secretary

Cenice Duriany

CC: Miss Marilyn C. Link

Regustra

UNDERSEA MEDICAL SOCIETY • INC. 9650 ROCKVILLE PIKE BETHESDA, MARYLAND 20014



The Honorable Theodore C. Marrs The White House Washington, D. C.





NATIVE AMERICAN CENTER

For the Living Arts, Inc.

466 Third Street Niagara Falls, New York 14304 (716) 284-2427

June 12, 1975

DUFFY WILSON — TUSCARORA
Sculptor — Executive Director
HURON MILLER — ONONDAGA
Administrative Assistant
Chief, Faith Keeper
Cultural Adviser
JOE VILLAGOMEZ — SENECA
Educational Specialist
JACOB THOMAS — CAYUGA
Chief — Artist
Cultural Director
RICHARD HILL — TUSCARORA
Audio Visual Director
DARELYN CLAUSE — ALGONQUIN

CONSULTANTS

Secretary

OREN LYONS — ONONDAGA
Artist — Painter
Chief
IRV POWLESS, JR. — ONONDAGA
Chief
Educational Adviser
ELWOOD GREENE — MOHAWK
Silver Smith
IRVING CHRISJOHN — ONEIDA
Corn Husk Artist

Dr. Theodore Marrs
Special Assistant to the
President on Indian Affairs
White House
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Dr. Marrs:

Members of the Iroquois Confederacy from New York State will be participants at the 9th annual Festival of American Folklife, sponsored by the Smithsonian Institution and the National Park Service.

These Iroquois participants will be taking part in discussions of Iroquoian life in the Native American Learning Center. There will be demonstrations of Iroquois crafts, dances, games, and lore as well as other exhibits related to the Six Nations.

The Festival dates are June 25 - June 29 and July 2 - July 6. We would like to extend an invitation to you to attend and we know you will find the presentations given by the Six Nations Iroquois particularly interesting.

If you have any further questions, please contact Mr. Duffy Wilson, Executive Director, of the Native American Center for the Living Arts.

Will Brite

Executive Director

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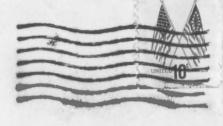


NATIVE AMERICAN CENTER

For the Living Arts, Inc.

466 Third Street Niagara Falls, New York 14303





Mr. Theodore Marrs
Special Assistant to the
President on Indian Affairs
White House
Washington, DC 20500

The National Commander will be throwing out the first ball for "American Legion Night" at the Minnesota Twins-Baltimore Orioles Baseball Game, therefore, we have had to change the time of the Reception to 5:30-7:30 p.m. for 19 2h who the Rendert appears NATIONAL ADJUTANT



Dear Dr. Marrs:

As we now near the end of another administrative year, the staff of the Washington Office of The American Legion is again aware of the contribution made by many of our good friends to the success of our programs.

As a small token of our appreciation for the very able assistance received from those friends, I shall host a social gathering in their honor during the National Convention.

I should, therefore, like to extend a cordial invitation to you to be my guest at a stag Reception and Buffet Dinner in the New York Room, Leamington Hotel in Minneapolis, Minnesota, on Monday, August 18, from 6:30 to 8:30 p.m.

I look forward to greeting you on that occasion.

Sincerely yours,

WILLIAM F. HAUCK

Dr. Theodore C. Marrs
Special Assistant to the President
The White House
Washington, D. C. 20500

RSVP (202) 393-4811 - Ext. 32 or 1608 K Street, N. W. Washington, D. C. 20006

OFFICE OF NATIONAL ADJUTANT

THE AMERICAN LEGION

1608 K STREET, N.W.

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20006



Dr. Theodore C. Marrs Special Assistant to The President The White House Washington, D. C. 20500

Fifty-seventh Annual National Convention The American Legion

Acceptance of this invitation includes tickets for the following functions.

At a later date you will receive information regarding the location of the Distinguished Guest Suite, and a card on which you may indicate those functions which you wish to attend.

Reserved seating for the Musical Spectacular, Saturday, August 16 Reserved seating for the National Convention Parade, Sunday, August 17

> Reserved seating for National Commander's Dinner to Distinguished Guests, Tuesday, August 19

Reserved seating, Minneapolis Auditorium & Convention Hall Joint Opening Session, Tuesday, August 19

Reserved seating, Minneapolis Auditorium & Convention Hall Business Sessions, Wednesday and Thursday, August 20 and 21

We will assist you in obtaining reservations at the Leamington Hotel
If you will indicate below the type of accommodations you wish

A PROMPT RESPONSE WILL BE APPRECIATED

WR. JAMES W. WAGONSELLER	
National Commander	
THE AMERICAN LEGION	
P. O. Box 1055	
Indianapolis, Indiana 46206	
☐ I accept) your invitation to attend the 57th Annual National	
☐ I accept \ your invitation to attend the 57th Annual National ☐ I cannot accept \ Convention in Minneapolis, Minnesota	
My wife will accompany me.	
I request assistance in obtaining the following accommodations at your	
National Headquarters Hotel, the Leamington Hotel	
☐ single room ☐ twin room	
☐ single room ☐ twin room ☐ double room ☐ suite	
	TT-4-1
☐ I have made other arrangements to be housed at	Hotel
Arrival date	
Departure date	
•	
(Please print name and preferred mailing ad	dress)
(I tease print name and prejerred maning date	u 1 0 3 3 <i>j</i>

Mr. Tarre M. Waconerry Pr.

National Commander James M. Wagonseller requests the pleasure of your company as a Distinguished Guest at the Fifty-seventh Annual National Convention of The American Legion Minneapolis, Minnesota - August seventeenth to twenty-first Nineteen hundred and seventy-five

R.LV.P

NATIONAL ADJUTANT THE AMERICAN LEGION

P. O. BOX 1055
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA 46206

The National Alliance of Senior Citizens cordially invites you to attend a reception honoring those Members of Congress with outstanding ratings for the nation's aged in the 93rd Congress Golden Age Index.

Sen, Howard H. Baker Sen. Harry F. Byrd Sen. Carl T. Curtis

Sen. Sam Nunn

Cong. Skip Bafalis

Cong. Dan Daniel Cong. Thomas Downing

Cong. L. H. Fountain

Cong. Edward Hutchinson

Cong. William Ketchum

Cong. Trent Lott

Cong. George O'Brien

Cong. Alan Steelman

Cong. David Treen

Sen. Bill Brock

Sen. Lawton Chiles Sen. Jesse A. Helms

Sen. John C. Stennis

Cong. Omar Burleson

Cong. Edward Derwinski Cong. John Flynt

Cong. James Haley

Cong. Jack Kemp Cong. Phil Landrum

Cong. G. V. Montgomery

Cong. David Satterfield

Cong. Sam Steiger

Cong. Joe Waggonner

R.S.V.P. 280-5755

Cannon Caucus Room Seven O'clock P.M. June 17, 1975





DR. Ted Marke Executive Office Building Washington, D.C. The White House



CITY HALL " SAN FRANCISCO " CALIFORNIA " 94102 " (415) 558-5885

June 19, 1975

Dr. Theodore Marrs White House 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C.

Dear Dr. Marrs:

Detter .



I am pleased to invite you on behalf of Mayor Joseph L. Alioto to participate in a conference on June 24 on the subject of Asian immigration. The conference is being sponsored by the City and County of San Francisco for the purpose of bringing together policy-makers, community leaders and scholars to identify areas of concern related to the immigration and resettlement of Asian peoples in the United States. The City and County is being assisted in this conference by a grant from the National Science Foundation.

This conference is the first of a two step process aimed at the identification of critical research needs and the development of a research agenda as well as the formulation of issues to be forwarded to the Federal government. Following this conference a workshop is planned in the early autumn to discuss in detail the research issues raised at the June meeting.

The "San Francisco Research Planning Conference on Asian Immigration" will be held Tuesday, June 24, 1975 at the Towne House Hotel, 8th and Market Streets, San Francisco. A tentative agenda is attached for your information. The conference will include lunch. Please confirm your attendance with Ms. Pamela Woolfolk (558-5885) prior to June 23, 1975. Ms. Woolfolk can also give you information regarding attendance by other members of your organization.

We look forward to seeing you and invite you to give some thought to those areas of particular concern to you and your organization.

Sincerely,

Charles Q. Forester

Canang found

Director

TENTATIVE SCHEDULE - 2

"SAN FRANCISCO RESEARCH PLANNING CONFERENCE ON ASIAN IMMIGRATION

DATE: TUESDAY, JUNE 24, 1975

LOCATION: TOWNE HOUSE HOTEL

8th & MARKET STREETS

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

A.M.

8:15 9:00 Registration and Coffee

10:00 Opening Speeches 9:00

Welcome - Charles Q. Forester, Director, Mayor's Clearinghouse

An Historical Perspective - Kevin Starr, San Francisco

City Librarian

Panel Discussion 11:45 10:00

Moderator: Dr. John T. McAlister, Dept. of Engineering Economic

Systems, Stanford University

Participants:

Le Thanh Minh Chau, Director of University of Nue

Mrs. Gaetana Enders, Member, Presidential Advisory

Committee on Vietnam Refugees

David Gordon, Special Assistant to Dr. Wilson Riles,

State Superintendent of Public Instruction

East-West Population Inst., Dr. Allan Howard,

& Department of Anthropology, University of Hawaii,

Honolulu, Hawaii

Chau Kim Nhan, Former Minister of Economics, Republic

of Vietnam

11:45 - 12: 45 No host cocktails

Luncheon -- Keynote Address--Joseph L. Alioto, Mayor, 12:15 -1: 45

San Francisco; Member, Presidential Advisory Committee on

Vietnam Refugees

1:45 - 4:30 Concurrent Workshops

Workshop "A" -- Administrationeof Justice -- Superior Court Judge Harry Low, San France

Workshop "B" -- Education -- Dr Alex Inkeles, Director, Stanford International

Development Education Center

Workshop "C" -- Health -- Dr. Louis Lazaroff, Asia Foundation, San Francisco

Workshop "D" -- Housing -- Mr. John Williams, Executive Director, Oakland Redevelopment

Workshop "B" -- Inter-Cultural Communications -- Ms. Le Thi Anh, Former faculty member,

Buddhist University, Saigon

Workshop "P" -- Manpower/Economic Development -- Ms. Eunice Elton, Director, Mayor's Office of Manpower

Workshop "G" -- Miami, Florida Experience -- Dr. Clyde Wooten, University of Maimi, Center for Advanced International Studies & Monsignor Bryan Walsh, Archdiocesean, Directory of Charity, Archdiocese of Miami





Dr. Theodore Marrs White House 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C.

CITY HALL . SAN FRANCISCO . CALIFORNIA . 94102

TRIBAL COUNCIL

Clayton Sylestine, Chairman Clem Sylestine, Vice-Chairman Herbert Johnson, Secretary Raymond Poncho, Treasurer Burke Walker, Councilman Levete Alexander, Councilman Calvin Battise, Councilman

TRIBAL CHIEFS
Fulton Battise, Principal Chief
Emmett Battise, 2nd Chief



Alabama-Coushatta Indian Reservation

Office Location: Indian Village, U.S. 190

17 miles east of Livingston, Texas

TEXAS INDIAN COMMISSION

Dempsie Henley, Chairman Victor Fain, Commissioner Tom Diamond, Commissioner Walt Broemer, Exec. Director

SUPERINTENDENT

Emmett Battise Route 3, Box 640 Livingston, Texas 77351 Phone: (713) 563-4391



Dr. Theodore Marrs
Special Assistant to the President
White House
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Marrs:

The Alabama-Coushatta Tribes are proud to announce that the new "Sundown Outdoor Theatre" will be dedicated and the first playing of our Historical Drama "Beyond the Sundown" will be on June 20, 1975. This is only the second Outdoor Theatre for Texas and the first in America built and managed by an Indian Tribe. The \$650,000 Theatre has been made possible by the assistance of the State of Texas, the Economic Development Administration and many Legislators, Agencies, Officials and Friends. Besides the Leaders of our State and Washington, I am inviting the Governors and Tribal Chiefs of Oklahoma, New Mexico, Arkansas, Mississippi, Louisiana and particularly Governor George Wallace of the Great State of Alabama that was named for our Tribe when the area was our home.

The Outdoor Theatre is the major project in our final phase of tourist development that will make our Tribes self-sufficient and I would like to invite you and your family to be my guest for this memorable occasion. For your convenience in letting us know if you can be with us on this day, I have enclosed a post card for you to mail so we can reserve your complimentary tickets to our regular Activities, for the BBQ Dinner and the Theatre. We will hold your tickets at the Ticket Booth for you. If you must cancel or need additional tickets, please call Barbara Noriega at 713/536-4391.

The Activities listed on the enclosed brochure start at 9:00 A.M. and are continuous until 7:00 P.M. The BBQ Dinner for our guests will begin at 6:30 P.M. and the Dedication will be at 8:15 P.M. The Play will start at 8:45 P.M. and end at 10:45 P.M.

Those persons wishing to fly can use the Tyler County/Woodville Airport where we will have vehicular transportation available to and from the Reservation. If you wish for us to make motel reservations for you or if you will fly, please indicate on the post card.

We sincerely appreciate your freindship and support and hope you can be with us to share this proud moment.

Your Friend,

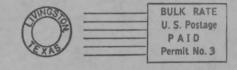
Fulton Battise, Chief

Alabama-Coushatta Indian Tribes of Texas

Regulted

June 20, 1975

Name:				
Address:				
Telephone:				
Will Attend [] Will Not Attend []		Will Fly Yes Time of Arrival	No	
Daytime Activities - No. of Tickets Needed BBQ Dinner - No. of Tickets Needed Outdoor Theatre - No. of Tickets Needed	[]	Motel Reservations - No Other Needs	of Rooms []



BUSINESS REPLY MAIL

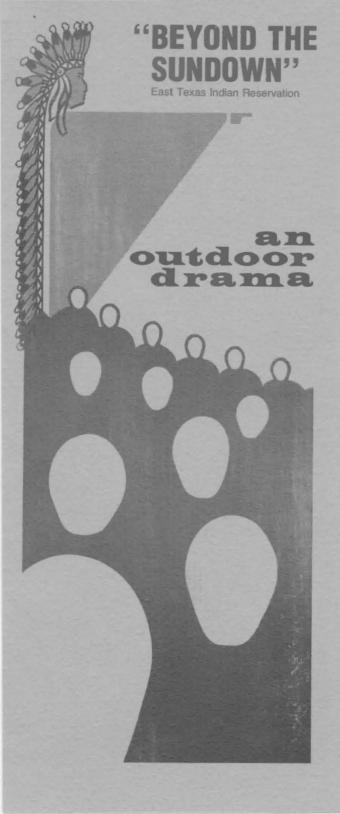
No Postage Stamp Necessary if Mailed in U. S. A.

- POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY -

ALABAMA-COUSHATTA INDIAN RESERVATION

Route No. 3, — Box 640 Livingston, Texas 77351





TEXAS SUMMERTIME IS OUTDOOR DRAMA TIME

On a hidden hillside deep in the Big Thicket of East Texas unfolds a saga of courage. A new tale of native American wisdom and strong purpose.

Beyond the Sundown!

An outdoor drama by Kermit Hunter, with music by Frank Lewin.

Here in a unique amphitheatre—built especially for this great drama of the Alabama and Coushatta Indians-the finest moments of Indian history, dramatic inspiration and architectural mastery combine for a splendid summer evening's entertainment.

War in the Woodlands Generations of wandering brought the Woodland Indians of the Alabama and the Coushatta to the peace of dense, lush forests in Mexico's province of Texas. By 1836, eastern settlers rebelled against Mexican rule. Open warfare came nearer and nearer to the Indians' pine-boughed Eden.

At last confronted by the armies of Sam Houston and Santa Anna who insist they fight or be destroyed, the Indian chiefs, Antone and Long King must choose: Be-

come unwilling warriors or abandon

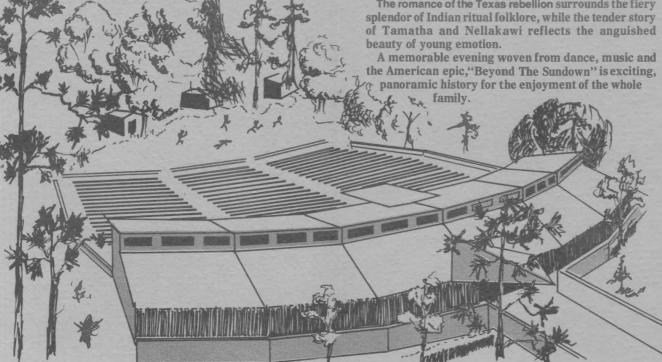
their forest home!

You'll be glad your family saw it!! Here is spectacle on a unique Big Thicket stage, a strong and intriguing Indian story highlighted, with colorful lighting and beautiful music to bring out exciting entertainment such as the memorable scenes of a visit by the Indians to the underworld gods.



Let the bald eagle cry, let the white wolf mourn, Down the long caverns of the night-time: Nothing shall disturb our sleeping. My love shall sleep here beside me forever, And together we shall drift into the sunrise.

The romance of the Texas rebellion surrounds the fiery beauty of young emotion.



A HISTORY OF PEACE

Nestled deep in the Big Thicket area of East Texas lies Texas' oldest Indian Reservation, home of the Alabama and Coushatta Indian tribes. The reservation is located on 4,600 acres of verdant virgin timber land, and is 90 miles north of Houston and 17 miles east of Livingston, Texas on U.S. Highway 190.

The Reservation is called home by some 500 members of the two tribes. Both the Alabama and Coushatta tribes are members of the Creek Confederacy of Indians and both are of Muskogeean stock. Both tribes came from the state of Alabama, and were closely related before they came to Texas.

The two tribes still speak their native tongues, a language which has never been written. Many Indian children learn English as a second language, and, therefore, have to learn to communicate with the people outside the tribes in a language which is not their first. Great strides in acquiring skills has been made in the past few years, and many Indians are now receiving on-the-job training. Some of the tribal members have excelled as workers in the timber industry. A good example would be the chief of the tribes, Robert Fulton Battise.

Chief Battise started working in the timber industry when he was only 13 years old, and by the time he stepped out of the woods as a worker in 1970, he was known as one of the best. He could fell a tree with an axe as fast as most men could with a sharp saw, and then drive a stake with the trunk of the falling tree.

Young Indians have a strong desire for education. Several hold degrees from Texas colleges. College costs are paid through scholarships, assistance from civic groups and direct loans from the Tribal Coun-

During the 1960's Texas was enjoying a boom in tourism. The new tourist industry was creating jobs throughout the state. The decision was made to invite guests to visit Texas' only Indian Reservation to enjoy the beautiful scenery and learn of Indian customs and ways of life.

The tourist attraction is now completing its eighth year, and is recognized as one of the fastest growing enterprises of its kind in Texas. More than 600,000 visitors have already enjoyed stepping briefly out of our busy, everyday world and into the rich history and culture of Texas' first inhabitants.

The final phase of this tourist development is the outdoor drama "Beyond The Sundown." We welcome you to enjoy the Alabama and Coushatta Indian Reservation presentation and invite you back again to come and visit with us.

ADVANCE RESERVATIONS AND TICKETS

Tickets purchased in advance insure best seats and not standing in line at the box office. Telephone 713-563-4397 for reservations or mail the Ticket Order Form for prompt attention. Group rates available for 16 or more persons. Travel agent commissions paid. Your BankAmericard is welcomed at Sundown Theatre and at the Indian Village.

SUNDOWN THEATRE TICKET PRICE SCHEDULE AND TICKET ORDER FORM

Scheduled Performance Time: 8:30 p.m. (CDT) No performance on Sunday evenings.

Place number of tickets needed in the square(s).

MONDAY	THEOLICH	THURSDAY
MONDAI	Innough	INUNSUAT

	Ad	ults	Under	Age 12
Lower		\$4.00		\$3.00
Upper		\$3.50		\$2.50
FRIDAY	AND	SATUR	RDAY	
Lower		\$4.50		\$3.50
Upper		\$4 00		\$3.00
ction preference				

(Preference considered in order of receipt)

(Babies in arms admitted free)

Check, money order, or BankAmericard authorization and number must accompany order on all advance reservations. We will hold your tickets at box office until 7:30 p.m. on date of performance. Group reservations must be confirmed by spokesman no later than 48 hours before performance. We cannot make refunds unless reservations are cancelled prior to 7:30 p.m. on performance date.

MAIL TO:

SUNDOWN THEATRE TICKETS ROUTE 3, BOX 640 LIVINGSTON TEXAS 77351

	check or money		
Name	Y WELL	And the last	
Address		MARIE .	161031
City	State	Zip	
for the perfor	mance of	dov	data

EAST TEXAS INDIAN RESERVATION

In The Big Thicket

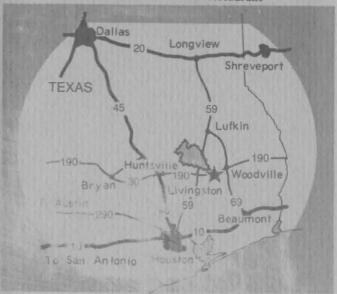
Home of the ...

Alabama and Coushatta Tribes

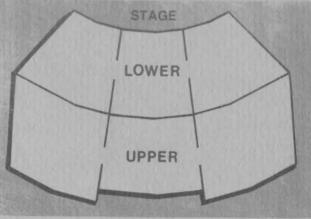
Big Thicket Reptile Garden Tribal Dances "Indian Chief" Railroad Living Indian Village

Big Thicket Tour Indian Country Tour

Inn of the 12 Clans Restaurant



SEATING CHART



Visit East Texas' only

Indian Reservation

Home of the Alabama and Coushatta Tribes



Indian Village

on U.S. 190 between Livingston and Woodville, Texas- 90 miles north of Houston



Big Thicket woodland scenery



Historical and educational



Fabulous family fun



BIG THICKET TOUR

Majestic virgin pine forest and swampy bottomlands provide unique plant community contrasts and Indian guides will point out state champion trees and other plant species.



TRIBAL DANCES

Na Ski La Dancers in their colorful feathered and beadwork costumes perform daily during the summer season and weekends the rest of the year.

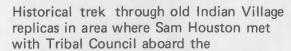


"INDIAN CHIEF" RAILROAD

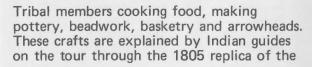
A replica of the old "Iron Horse" meandering through the dense forest continues to be popular with young and old. Keep your eyes open for buffalo, Texas longhorns or even a bear.

Snakes, alligators, turtles and a rare American crocodile are featured subjects of lectures by Indian guides.

BIG THICKET REPTILE GARDEN



INDIAN COUNTRY TOUR

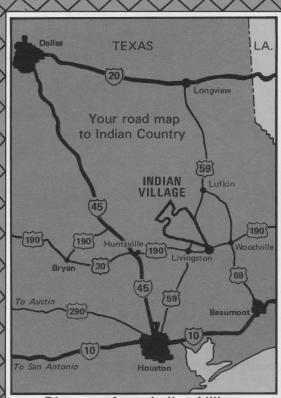


LIVING INDIAN VILLAGE









Distances from Indian Village

Austin 220	Lake Charles, La 124
Beaumont . 72	New Orleans, La322
Dallas 227	Texarkana 240
Fort Worth . 244	San Antonio 275
Houston 90	Shreveport, La177

SEASON SCHEDULE

MEMORIAL DAY-LABOR DAY 9:00 a.m.-6:00 p.m. Sunday 12:30-6:00 p.m. FALL - WINTER - SPRING 10:00 a.m.-5:00 p.m. Sunday 12:30-5:00 p.m. CLOSED After 2nd Weekend in December through Christmas Day

FOR MORE INFORMATION WRITE OR CALL

TRIBAL ENTERPRISE

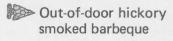
Indian Village Route 3 / Box 170 Livingston, Texas 77351 (713) 563-4391



Inn of the 12 Clans Hand-made Indian Restaurant

crafts

Arts and Crafts Shop



Past - Present - Future



The Alabama-Coushatta Indians of Texas



Chief Fulton Battise

A HISTORY OF PEACE

Nestled deep in the Big Thicket area of East Texas lies Texas' oldest Indian Reservation, home of the Alabama and Coushatta Indian tribes. The Reservation is located on 4,600 acres of verdant virgin timber land, and is 90 miles north of Houston and 17 miles east of Livingston, Texas on U.S. Highway 190.

The Reservation is called home by some 500 members of the two tribes. Both the Alabama and Coushatta tribes are members of the Creek Confedracy of Indians and both are of Muskogeean stock. Both tribes came from the state of Alabama, and were closely related before they came to Texas.

Approximately one thousand Alabama Indians came to Tyler County's Peach Tree Village in 1805. The Coushatta Tribe was already in East Texas, having arrived in the Big Thicket area sometime after 1795. Inter-tribal friendship between the Alabama and Coushattas became even stronger as they roamed and hunted this new land together. Housing for the Indians, when they first formed villages, was typical for woodlands Indians, with log cabins for families and outbuildings with palmetto roofs fashioned out of the abundant East Texas timber with crude instruments.

In the early 1800's the Texas Congress granted each tribe two leagues of land on the Trinity River. This land, however, was soon taken by white settlers leaving the Indians homeless. Sam Houston recommended that the State purchase 1,280 acres of land for the Alabama Tribe and set aside an additional 640 acres for the Coushattas. The Alabamas were granted 1,280 acres in 1854, but no provision was ever made for the Coushatta Tribe. Some Coushattas, through marriage or by special permission from the Alabama Tribe, came to live on the original land grant. Many others moved to an area near Kinder, Louisiana, where some are still living today.

The Tribes lived for 74 years without assistance. Because their land was unsuitable for raising crops or grazing cattle, they were forced to roam the Big Thicket area in search of food. When hunting became prohibited, malnutrition and disease struck hard, reducing tribal population to less than 200.

During the 1920's the poor living conditions of the Indian people brought to the attention of the State and Federal Governments. Beginning in 1928, both bodies appropriated funds to help improve these conditions. The Federal Government purchased 3,071 acres of land adjoining the original Reservation to be held in trust for the Indians. Two and four room houses were built to replace meager log cabins. Shallow water wells eliminated long treks to local springs for water. Medical and educational needs were at last recognized.

A 1948 ruling by the Texas Attorney General made the Indians eligible to vote. In 1954 the Federal Government relinquished its trusteeship of all lands and other assets pertaining to the Tribes. The State of Texas assumed full responsibility, and management of the Reservation was vested jointly in the Board of Texas Hospitals and Special schools and the Tribal Council. In September 1965, State management was shifted to the newly created Texas

Commission of Indian Affairs. The Commission is made up of three members appointed by the Governor.

In 1957 the Attorney General ruled the tribal council had the right to manage the timber on the reservation, and to use revenue from timber sales to finance projects which would benefit all the people. Authority was given to conduct a timber management program in cooperation with the Texas Forest Service. This was done to prevent excessive or premature cutting of timber, thereby, protecting the long range financial interest of the people. In 1971 the reservation won the state's top award for forestry conservation for their achievements in timber management.

In 1959, Texas lawmakers passed a bill enabling the Tribal Council to lease land on the reservation for mineral rights. Income from timber sales and mineral leases is used to a great degree to finance the education on young tribal members who are interested in furthering their education.

Some 500 Indians from the two tribes live on the reservation today. Another large group live in the surrounding towns. While Indian families generally prefer to live on the Reservation, many are forced to leave because of job opportunities. Although the expanding tourism program is creating new jobs every year, the reservation offers employment only to a small number on a permanent basis. Those who do not leave the reservation or work on it, usually have to commute to jobs as far as 60 miles away. Although the state appropriates funds for medical care, maintenance of homes and educational help, Indians must provide for their own food, clothing and other necessities.

The two tribes still speak their native tongues, a language which has never been written. Many Indian children learn English as a second language and, therefore, have to learn to communicate with the people outside the tribes in a language which is not their first. These language difficulties and a lack of adequate vocational training add to their employment problems. Great strides in acquiring skills has been made in the past few years, and many Indians are now receiving on-the-job training. Some of the tribal members have excelled as workers in the timber industry. A good example would be the chief of the tribes, Robert Fulton Battise.

Chief Battise started working in the timber industry when he was only 13 years old, and by the time he stapped out of the woods as a worker in 1970, he was known as one of the best. He could fell a tree with an axe as fast as most men could with a sharp saw, and then drive a stake with the trunk of the falling tree.

In addition to the timber industry, tribal members are finding jobs in industrial plants or in service vocations. A few are school teachers, and one is a lawyer in Dallas.

While the residents of Texas' only Indian Reservation face many problems, their outlook for the future is far from bleak. Many progressive changes have come about during the past decade. Boy Scout and Girl Scout troops, home economics and personal programs and vocational training have done much

to prepare the Indian for better citizenship.

The kindergarten, established in 1957, prepares the Indian child for entrance to public schools by teaching him to speak English and function in group situations. A two-year federal Head Start program now enables the kindergarten to remain open twelve months each year. Older students attend schools at Big Sandy, Livingston or Woodville. Many go to the Indian vocational schools in Oklahoma, New Mexico and Kansas after completing high school.

Young Indians have a strong desire for education. Several hold degrees from Texas colleges. College costs are paid through scholarships, assistance from civic groups and direct loans from the Tribal Council.

Improvements in medical care have kept pace with advances in education. At one time the Reservation maintained a small hospital which was supervised by a physician only on a part-time basis. Today, tribal members select their own physicians and use the more up-to-date facilities of the Tyler County Hospital in Woodville. Two nurses live on the Reservation and provide for day-to-day medical needs. They also maintain health records, conduct classes in home nursing and first aid, and provide general health guidance to Indian families.

Religious influence, a mainstay in times of great need, is still strong today. Presbyterian Missionaries came first and still have the largest following. Indian people also attend Baptist and Assembly of God churches located just off the Reservation.

Tribal leadership has also improved over the years. Throughout their history, the tribes have been ruled by a Chief, who is elected for life. Bronson Cooper Sylestine was chosen Chief in 1936; Fulton Battise was elected Second Chief at that time. Chief Sylestine, born in 1879, served his people until his death in February 1969. He was succeeded by Fulton Battise, whose colorful inauguration was witnessed by thousands of Texans on January 1, 1970. His cousin, Emmett Battise, was selected as the new Second Chief.

An Indian Tribal Council was first elected by popular vote in 1957. While the Chief is still highly respected, the Tribal Council is now recognized as the governing body. The Chief and Second Chief serve as life-time voting members of the Council. The remaining seven seats are filled by popular elections held every three years. The Tribal Council and the Texas Commission of Indian Affairs work closely together. The Council meets twice each month to conduct the business of the Tribes.

During the early 1960's tribal leaders began to look for a solution to the problems of limited job opportunities. Poor soil, the high cost of farm implements and the lack of modern farming knowhow ruled out farming as a source of family income. The outlook for industrial development was discouraging because of the large investment required and, again, the lack of technological knowledge.

During the 1960's Texas was enjoying a boom in tourism. The new tourist industry was creating jobs throughout the state. The decision was made (3)

to invite guests to visit Texas' only Indian Reservation to enjoy the beautiful scenery and learn of Indian customs and ways of life. Governor Price Daniel also felt that a tourist attraction would be beneficial. In 1963 the Governor allocated \$40,000 to help finance a museum, restaurant and arts and crafts shop. The tribes financed the construction of a Tribal Dance Square and developed the Big Thicket Tour Program. More than 20,000 guests visited Indian Village during its first year of operaton. Now, more than ten times that number visit annually.

By 1969 the program offered each visitor a rich experience in the historical and cultural aspects of Indian life. Motorized tours took guests deep into virgin forests. A train ride through a small animal kingdom allowed many city dwellers their first glimpse of deer, buffalo and the famous Texas Longhorn cattle. Tours through the Living Indian Village provided actual demonstrations of how the Indian people create their beautiful costumes and prepare native dishes. Colorful performances by the now-famous Na-Ski-La dancers proved to be a photographer's paradise. But 1969 also brought the realization that these facilities were growing overcrowded and would no longer adequately serve the ever-growng number of visitors.

To care for the increased business, the Texas Legislature appropriated funds for additional tourist development on the Reservation. A camping area with modern restrooms, cooking grills and picnic tables was built. The spring-fed creek which ran through the new camp ground was dammed up to provide fishing and swimming facilities. Other additions included a new dressing room for dancers, an information booth, new restroom facilities and improvements to road and trails at Indian Village.

an information booth, new restroom facilities and improvements to road and trails at Indian Village.

A scenic, 26-acre lake was completed late in 1971, and now affords an ideal spot for picnickers and campers. The lake features a swimming area and complete picnic areas. Lake Tombigbee, as it is called, is completely encircled by a paved park road. The lake is starting to produce a variety of fish for the amateur angler. Camping facilities include electrical and water hook-ups for trailers as well as a sewer dump station. A modern restroom with shower facilities is also located in the camping area.

The main area near the museum has been enlarged to accomodate a quarter of a million guests annually. The new Inn of 12 Clans Restaurant is of award winning design and is suitable for serving large banquets. Other attractions added include a tribal council house, a new arts and crafts sales area, the Big Thicket Reptile Garden, Po Kam Ma Petting Zoo, and a new ticket booth. Improvements and expansions have been made at the Tribal Dance Square, the Living Indian Village, and at the Tribal Administration Offices.

In addition to all of these improvements, a second train has been added on the Indian Chief Railroad, and new tour vehicles for the Indian Country and Big Thicket tours have been added. Topping all this off is expanded parking facilities, a new attractive entrance, and expansion of the Tribal Museum.

On the drawing board and soon to be constructed is a 1,500 seat amphitheater, an arts and crafts center where Indian handicraft can be performed the year-round, a grocery store and filling station, more camping and trailer facilities, an overhead water system and a sewage disposal plant.

Much of the work will be financed by State appropriations, with matching funds provided by the Economic Development Administration.

The tourist attraction is now completing its eighth year, and is recognized as one of the fastest growing enterprises of its kind in Texas. More than 600,000 visitors have already enjoyed stepping briefly out of our busy, everyday world and into the rich history and culture of Texas' first inhabitants. The colorful activities and dynamic growth attract many travel and vacation writers. Radio and TV personnel, gathering stories, are also frequent visitors. The Small Business Administration gave the operation's growth and sound business management top recognition through an award in 1969.

The new jobs generated by tourism have greatly improved living conditions of the Indian people. The ultimate aim is to become completely self-sufficient by 1975. The Tribal Council will someday operate the business as a free enterprise undertaking, thereby eliminating the need for support from Texas taxpayers. Forty new brick homes have been built on the Reservation through a Mutual Help Housing Project administered by the Department of Housing and Urban Development. This project offers home ownership to residents of the Reservation for the first time.

Help and encouragement from various State and Federal Agencies, along with the initiative and hard work of Indian people, have produced a tourist attraction that Texans can point to with pride.

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Dr. Theodore Marrs
Special Assistant to the President
White House
Washington, D.C.

The Secretary of H.E.W. and Mrs. Caspar W. Weinberger The Assistant Secretary for Education Virginia Y. Trotter The Commissioner of Education and Mrs. Terrel H. Bell cordially invite you to attend a reception honoring the Commission on Presidential Scholars and the 1975 Presidential Scholars at the Diplomatic Reception Rooms of the Department of State, 2201 C Street, NW.. on Monday afternoon, the thirtieth of June, at five o'clock



R.S.V.P. by June 15



Liquetoa