The original documents are located in Box 1, folder "IT 9: Free Europe, Inc., Executive" of the White House Central Files Subject Files at the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library.

Copyright Notice

The copyright law of the United States (Title 17, United States Code) governs the making of photocopies or other reproductions of copyrighted material. Gerald R. Ford donated to the United States of America his copyrights in all of his unpublished writings in National Archives collections. Works prepared by U.S. Government employees as part of their official duties are in the public domain. The copyrights to materials written by other individuals or organizations are presumed to remain with them. If you think any of the information displayed in the PDF is subject to a valid copyright claim, please contact the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library.

BROUGHT FORWARD EXECUTIVE Previously filed Name Affred Workhum Organization New File Symbol Date Final Action Str & above
from Mr Marsh

oct sula

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

COI (Baltie)

FIH

I 19

CO 10

FC6-11-1 Mans, Theodore

MEMORANDUM FOR:

THE MAILROOM

FROM:

DR. THEODORE C. MARRS

October 1, 1974

SUBJECT:

Letters from The Joint Baltic American Committee

HANDLE AS PRESIDENTIAL

The attached letters are forwarded for appropriate handling. Delivery to me was made today during a meeting with this group.

Attachments (3)

Musdery L' Vinne

Dy. John Genys, Chairman

Coint Baltic American Committee

Mr. Gunars Meierovics

Latvian Association of the US

Mr. Heikki Leesment

Estonian American Council, Inc.

Mr. Edward Sumanas

Public Relations Director

October 8, 1974

EXECUTIVE IT 9
FG118

Dear Abbott:

Please accept my apologies for this belated reply to your August 7 letter.

I appreciate your concern regarding the necessity for continuation of the work being done by Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty. You were kind to send me the Eisenhower Commission Report. It is a persuasive, well-written document, which makes eminent good sense.

Many thanks for sharing your concern and thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

John O. Marsh, Jr. Counsellor to the President

The Honorable Abbott Washburn Commissioner Federal Communications Commission Washington, D.C. 20554

JD:cmp



NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

10/7/74

MEMORANDUM FOR JEANNE DAVIS

The attached memo for your signature to John Marsh would forward a proposed letter for his signature to Mr. Washburn.

A. Denis Clift

229 70



RECEIVED
OCT 15 1974
CENTRAL FILES

October 7, 1974

MEMORANDUM FOR JOHN O. MARSH

FROM:

Jeanne W. Dav

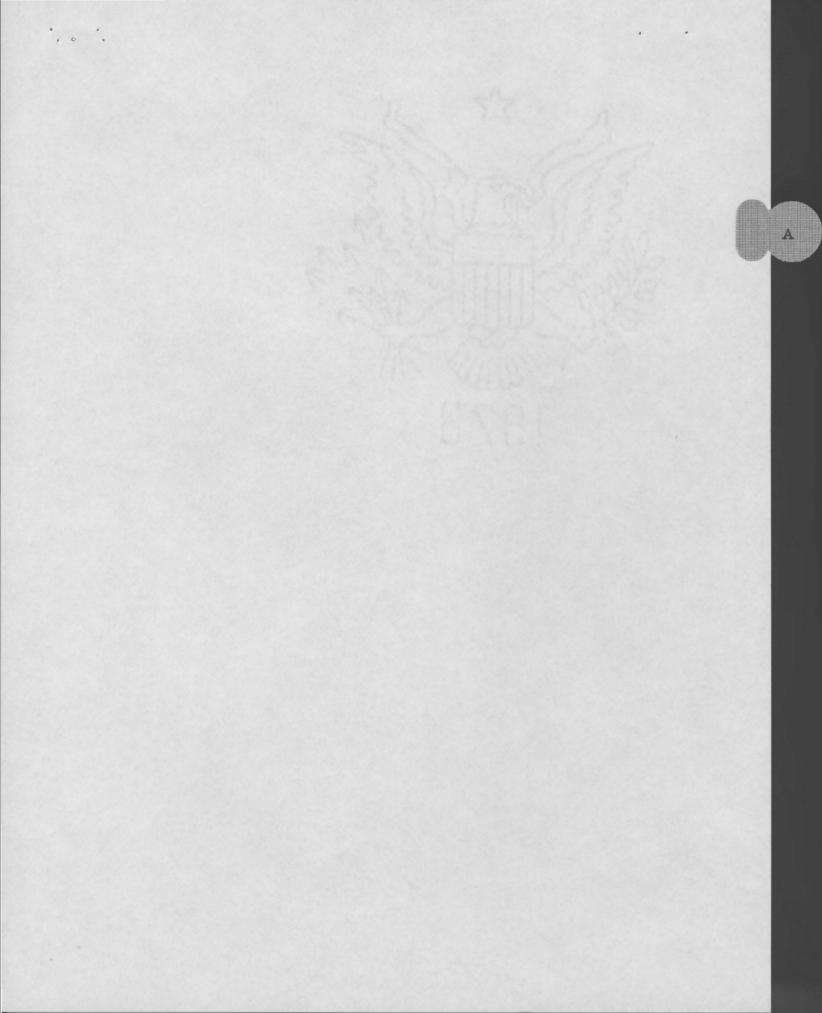
SUBJECT:

Reply to Abbott Washburn

On August 7, Mr. Abbott Washburn, a member of the Federal Communications Commission, sent you a letter concerning Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty.

Please find at Tab A a proposed reply for your signature to Mr. Washburn.





PROPOSED REPLY

Dear Abbott:

Please accept my apologies for this belated reply to your August 7 letter.

I appreciate your concern regarding the necessity for continuation of the work being done by Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty. You were kind to send me the Eisenhower Commission Report. It is a persuasive, well-written document, which makes eminent good sense.

Many thanks for sharing your concern and thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

John O. Marsh

Mr. Abbott Washburn Commissioner Federal Communications Commission Washington, D. C. 20554





DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D.C. 20520

UNCLASSIFIED

September 30, 1974

MEMORANDUM FOR LIEUTENANT GENERAL BRENT SCOWCROFT THE WHITE HOUSE

Subject: Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty

Attached is a draft reply from John O. Marsh, Assistant to the Vice President for Defense Affairs, to a letter from Abbott Washburn of the Federal Communications Commission, dated August 7, 1974 concerning Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty.

In his reply, Mr. Marsh praises the Eisenhower Commission report and responds positively to Mr. Washburn's suggestion that Mr. Marsh plan to visit Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty installations in Munich, Germany.

George S. Springsteer Executive Secretary

Attachments:

1. Draft reply.

2. Incoming correspondence.

3. Eisenhower Commission Report.

SAND OND THE STATE OF THE STATE

UNCLASSIFIED

Mr. Abbott Washburn Commissioner Federal Communications Commission Washington, D. C. 20554

Dear Abbott:

It was good to see you at the Motion Picture Association on August 6 and to receive your August 7 letter about the necessity for continuation of the work being done by Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty. You were kind to send me the Eisenhower Commission Report. It is really a very persuasive and well written document, which makes eminent good sense as does your suggestion that I visit RFE and RL when next in Europe.

Many thanks for sharing your concern and thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

John O. Marsh

NSC/S:

Mr. Gates said to change the action on 3688 from Elliott to Clift re: Radio Free

Chris

Europe.

9/10

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

REFERRAL

To: State Secretariat

Department of State

Date: September 9, 1974

ACTION RE	QUESTED
XXX Draft reply for:	
President's signature.	
Undersigned's signature.	
	NOTE
Memorandum for use as enclosure to reply. Direct reply. Furnish information copy. Suitable acknowledgment or other appropriate handling. Furnish copy of reply, if any. For your information. For comment.	Prompt action is essential. If more than 72 hours' delay is encountered, please telephone the undersigned immediately, Code 1450. Basic correspondence should be returned when draft reply, memorandum, or comment is requested.
REMARKS: Suspense date of September 20,	1974. Thank you.
	R. FORO
Description: XXX Letter: Telegram: Other: To: Mr. John O. Marsh From: Abbott Washburn Date: August 7, 1974 Subject: Commissioner Washburn writes adv Europe.	OF RAKE

By direction of the President:

Pat Trudrice

Jeanne W. Davis

National Security Council

for

Jak.

August 23, 1974

FG 118
Radio Laberty

MEMORANDUM FOR

Jeanne Davis Staff Assistant National Security Council

Mr. Marsh would like to have any comments NSC may have on the attached.

Howard "J" Kerr Commander, USN



Atch: Ltr, Federal Communications Commission, Abbott Washburn, August 7, 1974

HJK/ncc

RECEIVED
AUG 2 4 1974
CENTRAL

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

August 23, 1974

MEMORANDUM FOR

Jeanne Davis Staff Assistant National Security Council

Mr. Marsh would like to have any comments

NSC may have on the attached.

Howard "J" Kerr Commander, USN



The / Right / to / Know

REPORT OF THE
PRESIDENTIAL STUDY COMMISSION
ON
INTERNATIONAL RADIO BROADCASTING

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20554

August 7, 1974

The Honorable John O. Marsh Assistant to the Vice President for Defense Affairs Room 294, Old Executive Office Building Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Jack:

It was good to see you last evening at the Motion Picture Association.

Per our conversation at dinner, detente has brought no liberalization in the communist regimes' rigid control of information reaching their peoples. Indeed, the contrary has been the case. Radio Free Europe (for the five Eastern European satellite countries) and Radio Liberty (for the USSR), therefore, are serving as "substitute free presses." They are on the air all day long, sending in news and commentary -- the largest portion of which is devoted to what is going on in the listeners' own country and in the rest of Eastern Europe.

Until such time as there are policy changes toward a free-flow-of-information, Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty will be needed. In the Milton Eisenhower Commission Report, enclosed, this is estimated to be at least for another decade.

The Voice of America can't do this job. Its primary task is to convey official U.S. foreign policy positions and to depict America, its culture and people.

David Abshire is doing an outstanding job as Chairman, Board for International Broadcasting. This Board was established by Congress last October to serve as the oversight body for RFE and RL.

Since coming over here to the FCC, I have had to get off the Board for International Broadcasting. I much regret this but the statute makes it impossible to serve on both.

The headquarters of the two Radios are in Munich. Their staffs are highly professional. Next time you are in Europe you might want to



consider scheduling a visit to take a look at these important facilities.

All best regards,

Sincerely,

Abbott Washburn Commissioner

Enclosure

PRESIDENTIAL STUDY COMMISSION ON INTERNATIONAL RADIO BROADCASTING

Milton S. Eisenhower, Chairman • Edward W. Barrett, Director, Communications Institute, Academy for Educational Development • John A. Gronouski, Dean, Lyndon B. Johnson School of Public Affairs, University of Texas • Edmund A. Gullion, Dean, Fletcher School, Tufts University • John P. Roche, Professor of Politics, Brandeis University • Ben Posner, Executive Director

c/o Department of State • Room 5517 • Washington, D.C. • 20520 • (202) 632-0532

FEBRUARY 5, 1973

DEAR MR. PRESIDENT:

The Presidential Study Commission on International Radio Broadcasting which you established on August 9, 1972, submits herewith its report.

The five members of the Commission state at the outset that they share a commitment to the principle of freedom of information.

"Let facts be submitted to a candid world," wrote Thomas Jefferson and his colleagues in the Declaration of Independence. It is in that spirit that all the members of this Commission have in the past supported various American programs designed to present facts and interpretations, not propaganda, to the citizens of nations within the Soviet bloc. The question we asked ourselves is: Are such instruments of information as Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty still worthy of our support? Is it still in the American national interest to broadcast directly into the Soviet Union and the five Eastern European nations under Soviet hegemony? Or are these radio stations relics of a by-gone age, Cold War monuments surviving in an era of detente?

We have attempted to answer these questions objectively. Our commitment to peaceful relations with the Soviet bloc is just as strong as our view on freedom of information. Since none of us has had any

The President of the United States

(111)



operating, or any other sort of connection with either Radio Free Europe or Radio Liberty, we conducted our inquiry in an atmosphere of dispassionate skepticism. The fact that we are all on record against summary and unreasoned termination of these radio stations provided, if anything, a spur to our endeavors. We are satisfied that we have asked the right questions; we hope that you will find our answers useful in the formulation of your own views on "the relationship of the radios to the national interest and to this nation's foreign policy objectives."

You also asked us, if continuation of the radios is deemed to be desirable, to suggest how the stations should be operated and funded in the future. Obviously, the critical problem is how can Federal financial support be granted to private corporations in such a way as not to impair their professional independence, credibility, and effectiveness, while retaining assurance that the broadcasts will not jeopardize the objectives of United States foreign policy.

We have obtained, as you suggested, the views of some 30 members of the United States Senate and House of Representatives who have been most active in considering this important question. We have studied all of the relevant Senate and House hearings, the reports of the Research Branch of the Library of Congress, and the report of the General Accounting Office, which, collectively, deal with every aspect of the problem you assigned to us. We have conferred with the top leaders, headquartered in New York, of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty, and held conferences with State Department officials as well as with interested private individuals who gave us their suggestions on whether—and how—the stations should be continued.

We have studied the hour-by-hour operations of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty. For this purpose we went to Munich, Germany, site of the studios, where we went as deeply and thoroughly as we could into the research, news gathering, monitoring, broadcasting, and related operations. We interviewed recent emigres from the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe in an effort to satisfy ourselves of the validity of testimony previously presented to the Congress on the effectiveness of the broadcasts.

Finally, we conferred at length with those who write and voice the broadcasts in order to satisfy ourselves of their attitudes, notably their restraint from harmful polemics, from temptations to attack in-



divi disc abso

> in t repr pres the fina ble

Radio Free atmosphere cord against ns provided, hat we have our answers . onship of the reign policy

leemed to be . and funded can Federal ch a way as y, and effecill not jeop-

me 30 memtatives who on. We have e reports of eport of the every aspect with the top e and Radio ials as well ggestions on

Radio Free lunich, Geroroughly as oadcasting, n the Soviet elves of the on the effec-

e and voice les, notably o attack individuals or governmental actions in the receiving countries. In our discussions with all of the foregoing individuals, we emphasized the absolute necessity for truth and objectivity.

We have arrived at unanimous judgments on the cardinal points in this important foreign policy assignment. We are submitting our report earlier than the February 28, 1973, deadline you suggested, for present financing of the stations will expire on June 30, 1973, and if the enterprise is to be continued we asume you will wish to submit your financial and policy recommendations to the Congress as early as possible in the present session.

Respectfully yours,

John A. Gronouski

Edmund A. Gullion

Milton S. Eisenhower, Chairman

4SC	CORRESPO	ONDENCE PI	ROFILE			рбс мо р		HR	LOG NBR		Cly	AGTION	· K
SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION		CROFT_	FROM	M: KISSINGE COLBY, SCHLESI ST EX SE	W INGER, J	2		THER	1727 1727	76	CODE	IN/OUT	NODIS
DISTRIBUTION/INITIAL ACTION ASGMT	ADVANCE CY STAFF SECRE FAR EAST SUB-SAHARAN MID EAST / N EUROPE / CA LATIN AMERI UNITED NATI ECONOMIC SCIENTIFIC PROGRAM AN NSC PLANNIN CONGRESSION OCEANS POLI	N AFRICA IO. AFRICA / SO ANADA ICA IONS IALYSIS NG NAL ICY CE	O. ASIA	ACTION	INFO	REC	MEMO FOR REPLY FOR APPROPRIES MEMORE FOR TO ANY ACTI CONCURR DUE DATE	R HAK	SARYS ING SPECIAL	FOR:		7	
SUBSEQUENT ROUTING/ACTIONS	DATE /0/7	FROM	70		Aui	SUB.	SEQUENT	CON RE	EQUIRED	R JAKEN):	Last	CY	ТО
NSC/S DISP INSTR	SPECIAL DISE	POSITION:	_ & DATE_			BY	?:		967	MICROF M/F'D CRT ID: OPEN CLOSE	FILM & FI	SA HP WH	SF NS EP

	2,00					Clift
SC	CORRESPONDENCE PROFILE	1	MO D	A MOLDA LUB	1403688	MINITIAL ACTION O
SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION	SUBJECT: Lel Che &	ROM: RISSINGER, H COLBY, W SCHLESINGER ST EX SEC	212/0	SK fin	of Altali	CIRCLE AS APPROPRIATE UNCLAS LOG IN/OUT LOU NO FORN NODIS C EYES ONLY EXDIS S CODEWORD TS SENSITIVE WAShire Letente
DISTRIBUTION/INITIAL ACTION ASGMT	INTERNAL ROUTING AND DIST ADVANCE CYS TO HAK/SCOWCROFT STAFF SECRETARY FAR EAST SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA MID EAST / NO. AFRICA / SO. ASIA EUROPE / CANADA LATIN AMERICA UNITED NATIONS ECONOMIC SCIENTIFIC PROGRAM ANALYSIS NSC PLANNING CONGRESSIONAL OCEANS POLICY INTELLIGENCE		FO REC CY FOR	MEMO FOR PRES REPLY FOR APPROPRIATE A MEMOT RECOMMENDATIO JOINT MEMO REFER TO ANY ACTION NEC CONCURRENCE. DUE DATE:	CTION	1/Maisk *
SUBSEQUENT ROUTING/ACTIONS	9-9-74 NSC 9-9-74 NSC 9/9 States NSC/ 11/4 1/4	Is Se	more profit	& State	aft in 9/20 Allie 6 An	reparation ly. Afat.
NSC/S DISP INSTR	DISPATCH & DAT CY ROMTS: SEE ABOVE PLUS: & DAT SPECIAL DISPOSITION: & DAT CROSS REF W/ SUSPENSE CY ATTACHED:	6	BYFOLDER	7	CRT OPEN CLOS	BY SA SF HP NS EP PA DY
					/NBC-74-	211

Name	Date			
CLAUDIA/117	12-9-74			

6/6

4/1

State a Rocky (9/2)
Chylinte Alts hapt
Che 7404496 gr. Alt.

MAC

MEMORANDUM OF INFORMATION FOR THE FILE

EXECUTIVE

DATE 10/21/74

CO 158 PR 7-1

IT 9

SC

LETTER, MEMO, ETC.

SCHEDULE PROPOSAL

TO:

THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

HENRY KISSINGER

SUBJECT:

Meeting with Vladimir A. Kirillin,
Deputy Premier of the USSR and

Chairman of the State Committee for

Science & Technology

١,



CORRESPONDENCE FILED CENTRAL FILES - CONFIDENTIAL FILE

October 31, 1974

FG 352

Dear Mr. Chairman:

This is to acknowledge and to thank you on behalf of the Precident for your letter of October 30 submitting the first Annual Report of the Board for International Breadcasting, as required in Public Law 93-129.

With all good wishes,

Sincerely,

Reinad L. Elliett Special Assistant to the President



The Henorable David M., Abehire Chairman Beard for International Breadeasting Suite 430 1036 Fifteenth Street, NW., Washington, D. G., 20005

JJR:emf

(One copy of report received. Sent to Warren Hendriks, Domestic Council.)

FI 4/FG 352 6192 FG 352

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

December 24, 1974

Dear Dave:

Thank you for your December 16 letter concerning the Board's FY 76 budget request for Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty. In the meantime I have learned that the \$3.0 million capital investment request has been restored to your budget. I hope that this good news will permit you to proceed as planned with the transmitter improvements for both radio stations.

Best wishes for the Holiday Season.

Sincerely,

Brent Scowcroft

Lieutenant General, USAF
Deputy Assistant to the President
for National Security Affairs

Dr. David M. Abshire Chairman Board for International Broadcasting 1030 Fifteenth Street, N. W. Washington, D. C. 20005

Dispatched 12/26/74 (adc)

RECEIVED
DE C 3 0 1974
CENTRAL FILES

gah



BOARD FOR INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING

United States of America

Suite 430 1030 Fifteenth Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005 202/254-8040 FG 352 FG 6-11-1/Mars, Ted

EXECUTIVE

December 31, 1974

Honorable William J. Baroody, Jr. Assistant to the President The White House Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Bill:

This note is to express my deep appreciation for the assistance rendered recently by Ted Marrs at the time of our Board's appearl of an earlier OMB ruling with regard to a modernization request for Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty. It was truly essential that we move forward this year on a very limited modernization program -- one that has very strong Congressional support -- and I know that it was Ted's persuasive action with OMB that led to a reversal of its ruling.

I did want you and Ted to know how much we appreciated this action, which we all feel is so strongly in the national interest.

With warm regards,

Sincerely yours,

David M. Abshire Chairman

RECEIVED

(L. . G. . M.)

CENTRAL FLECS

"ness and diving

February 13, 1975

179

Dear Mr. Benton:

Enclosed is the transcript of the session you attended on January 29, 1975, in our Executive Briefing Room. I hope the session — and this transcript — prove useful to you in understanding the problems our Nation faces and the ways the President has proposed to deal with them.

I have also enclosed the President's fiscal 1976 budget message, which states quite succinctly and graphically the President's fiscal plans for the coming year.

If you have questions or if we can be of further assistance please feel free to write or call (202-456-6623).

With every good wish.

Sincerely,



Gerald L. Warren Deputy Press Secretary to the President

Mr. Monroe Benton Chief, Special Events Radio Free Europe Two Park Avenue New York, New York 10016

Enclosures: RTNDA transcript
Budget Message

GLW: bmr

978

FC230

February 13, 1975

Dear Bob:

Thank you for your February 8 letter to the President expressing your opposition to certain recommendations of the Stanton Commission with respect to the United States Information Agency, Voice of America and Radio Free Europe.

You may be assured your views will be called to the President's attention at the earliest opportunity. In addition, they will be shared with the appropriate Presidential advisers. I know that your comments will be appreciated and will receive full consideration.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely,

Vernon C. Loen Deputy Assistant to the President

FORD LIBRARY

The Honorable Bob Wilson House of Representatives Washington, D.C. 20515

bcc: w/incoming to General Scowcroft for your consideration. bcc: w/incoming to Bob Bonitati, OMB, for your information.

VCL:EF: VO:vo

MEMORANDUM OF INFORMATION FOR THE FILE

DATE 6/16/75

EXECUTIVE IT-104 FG352

LETTER, MEMO, ETC.

TO: David M. abshire
FROM: Gen. Scourcraft

SUBJECT: Radio jamming issue in contest of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe



MEMORANDUM OF INFORMATION FOR THE FILE

DATE 7/24/75

EXECUTIVE

00122

LETTER, MEMO, ETC

FROM: Col. Granger

SUBJECT: Radio Free Europe Contingency

MEMORANDUM





ACTION

July 24, 1975

MEMORANDUM FOR: SECRETARY KISSINGER

FROM:

COLONEL GRANGER

SUBJECT:

Radio Free Europe Contingency Plan

Should wet hand Should wet thek good to thek

At your direction, a working group has been formed comprised of representatives of the Department of State, USIA, the Board for International Broadcasting and Radio Free Europe (Tab A). This group is about to meet for the second time on Monday, July 28, at which time VOA and RFE are expected to present papers relating to the technical feasibility of VOA facilities acting as contingency backup for the loss of the RFE facility at Gloria, Portugal.

We have learned informally at the staff level that VOA representatives have been instructed by Mr. Keogh, Director USIA, to refrain from any discussion involving RFE use of VOA facilities in the event the Gloria facility is lost.

Contingency planning for the loss of the Gloria facility will be foreclosed from the outset if VOA refuses to even discuss the issue. I believe it would be useful if you would ensure that Mr. Keogh understands your desire that this issue be fully examined, including all aspects of RFE use of VOA facilities in a contingency situation. At the same time to press on Mr. Keogh now would compromise our source of information - on Mr. Keogh's staff, and would complicate our ability to negotiate the issues. However, if the VOA representatives hold with their obstructionist tactics, we will never get a contingency plan developed.

I would suggest that you communicate your concern over this possibility to State, to ensure that USIS conforms to the spirit and letter of the Secretary's directive of July 7, while not specifically admitting that the NSC staff is aware of the directions which Mr. Keogh has given to his staff.

Approve	Disapprove	
		RECEIVED
		All 1 3 1975
		re

As an alternative, we can let the Monday meeting develop, and if VOA refuses to cooperate I can communicate concern to Mr. Keogh in the absence of you and the Secretary

Approve	Disapprove	
11PP1010	 Disapprove	



5401. Granger

THE WHITE HOUSE

SECRET - GDS

July 7, 1975

MEMORANDUM FOR:

The Deputy Secretary of State
The Director, United States Information Agency
The Director, Board for International Broadcasting

SUBJECT:

Radio Free Europe Contingency Planning

The political situation in Portugal raises the possibility that Radio Free Europe (RFE) may at some point be denied the use of its Gloria transmission station. RFE broadcasts from Gloria to Eastern Europe are known to have an extensive and loyal listening audience and, as a result, make a valuable contribution to the successful execution of U.S. foreign policy. It is in the U.S. interest to insure continuation of RFE broadcasts should events result in termination of operations at Gloria. It is essential, therefore, to examine alternatives to the use of the Gloria facilities. A satisfactory contingency alternative, both in terms of technical quality and interagency relationships, can only be developed with the full cooperation of all interested parties.

It is requested that a working group comprising representatives from the Board for International Broadcasting, RFE, USIA, VOA and the Department of State convene as soon as possible to explore all possible options, excluding that of using the VOA facility at Greenville, North Carolina, for developing an acceptable contingency arrangement to be used in the event the RFE facility at Gloria is denied. This working group will be chaired by the representative of the Department of State. The findings and recommendations of the working group should be forwarded to the Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs no later than July 25, 1975.

Henry A. Kissinger

cc: The Director, Voice of America
Deputy Assistant Secretary of State,
Bureau of European Affairs

SECRET - GDS

		111					
		(11)	DOC	RECD	LOG NBR	INITIAL ACTION O	
NSC	CORRESPONDENCE PROFILE	1	MO DA	MO DA HR	2505079		
		11	1/1/	7 00 0			
NO		laver	()		EFERENCE:	CIRCLE AS APPROPRIATE	
PTI	TO: PRES FRO	M: KISSINGER,	_			UNCLAS LOG IN/OUT	
R P	KISSINGER	COLBY, W	7	OTHER	1	NO FORN NODIS	
SCRI	SCOWCROFT	SCHLESINGER, J	/	_		EYES ONLY EXDIS	
DE	DAVIS //	ST EX SEC		_	/5	CODEWORD	
Is It to boar too! fail						SENSITIVE.	
						XXX	
	SUBJECT! (MULL)	1/10/					
SC	Moe	Queler	100	(ml	1000000	Prair	
OURCE		/			X	7	
S		/			011		
	INTERNAL ROUTING AND DISTRI	BUTION INFO	13.00	ACTION REQUI	RED		
	ADVANCE CYS TO HAK/SCOWCROFT		FOR	MEMO FOR HAK		()	
T.W.	STAFF SECRETARY				S		
ASG	FAR EAST			REPLY FOR		()	
NO	SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA			APPROPRIATE	ACTION	()	
CTIO	MID EAST / NO. AFRICA / SO. ASIA			мемо	70	()	
AC	EUROPE / CANADA		1-	RECOMMENDAT	IONS	()	
AL AL	LATIN AMERICA			JOINT MEMO		()	
ITINI	UNITED NATIONS			REFER TO	FOR:	()	
₹I	ECONOMIC ANY ACTION NECESSARY?						
O	SCIENTIFIC			CONCURRENCE)			
5	PROGRAM ANALYSIS			DUE DATE:			
80	NSC PLANNING			COMMENTS: (INC	CLUDING SPECIAL INSTRU	CTIONS)	
TS	CONGRESSIONAL		COMMENTS: (INCLUDING SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS)				
۵	OCEANS POLICY						
	INTELLIGENCE						
	, , ,				/	,	
	DATE FROM TO	5	SUBSE	QUENT ACTIO	N REQUIRED ION TAK	EN): CY TO	
	134	1x14	de		2 7-	-3/1	
NG	7/21/	004	277	1	1	4	
-	134	00	in t	ler	Just		
ROUT			/		X		
SUBSEQUENT					U		
00							
858							
SU							
			1	R. FOR			
			/3	9 6			
			at at				
			100				
02	DISPATCH		1	V	هروي او د د ميل م		
CY ROMTS: SEE ABOVE PLUS:						CROFUM & FILE ROMTS:	
	NOTIFY & DATE_		BY		AUbilled	19/3 BY 40 C	
DISP	SPECIAL DISPOSITION:						
0	7147	10			CRT	SA SF	
5	CROSS REF W/	70/			OPEN	HP I'S	
NSC	SUSPENSE CY ATTACHED:		FOLDER:		CLOSE	H DE WH EP	
						PA DY	

BB

MEMORANDUM OF INFORMATION FOR THE FILE

DATE 9/17/75

EXECUTIVE ITG PRT FBII

LETTER, MEMO, ETC.

TO: Sen. Scowcroft

Ladio Liberty

9 11

Proposal for

Sig Mickelson

RATOROLLERATO

6068

ADMINISTRATIVELY CONFIDENTIAL

ACTION September 17, 1975

MEMORANDUM FOR GENERAL SCOWCROFT

FROM:

Mr. Clift

SUBJECT:

Schedule Proposal for Sig Mickelson

With the memorandum at Tab C, Max Friedersdorf informs you that Sig Mickelson, the new President of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty, will be in Washington this week and that his Congressional Relations Director has asked for a courtesy call on the President for Mr. Mickelson. Mr. Friedersdorf asked for your views.

The Department of State advises (at Tab B) that the President agree to an appointment. I concur that a courtesy call would be appropriate. After extended controversy concerning the two Radios, Mickelson has the formidable task of consolidating their operations and restoring staff morale. The Radios have an important role in reaching Communist audiences in Europe, and a brief meeting would demonstrate continued Administration support for their mission.

If you agree, the schedule proposal for your signature at Tab A would recommend that the President agree to a brief courtesy call by Mickelson this week.

Les Janka concurs.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the schedule proposal at Tab A.

(OTTORO)

ADMINISTRATIVELY CONFIDENTIAL

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

SCHEDULE PROPOSAL

Date:

FROM: Henry A. Kissinger VIA: Warren S. Rustand

ADMINISTRATIVELY CONFIDENTIAL

MEETING:

Mr. Sig Mickelson, President of Radio Free

Europe and Radio Liberty

DATE:

September 18-19, 1975

PURPOSE:

Courtesy call

FORMAT:

-- The Oval Office

-- Sig Mickelson and Henry A. Kissinger

-- 10 minutes

CABINET

PARTICIPATION:

Secretary of State

SPEECH MATERIAL:

Talking points will be provided by NSC.

PRESS COVERAGE:

The meeting will be announced; White House

photographer only.

STAFF:

Henry A. Kissinger

RECOMMEND:

Max Friedersdorf and Henry A. Kissinger

OPPOSED:

None

PREVIOUS

PARTICIPATION:

None

BACKGROUND:

Sig Mickelson took office on July 1 as the first President of a unified Radio Free Europe (RFE) and Radio Liberty (RL). He has had a distinguished career in communications, during which he has served as President of CBS News and Vice President

of Time, Incorporated.

ADMINISTRATIVELY CONFIDENTIAL Mr. Mickelson has become president of the unified RFE/RL after a long controversy over their past clandestine funding and at a time when major efforts are underway to rationalize and consolidate administrative, fiscal, engineering and other support services of the two Radios. The Radios continue to play an important role in furthering our foreign policy objectives by reaching audiences in Communist countries. A brief greeting for Mr. Mickelson would emphasize the importance you attach to the Radios' mission and would provide welcome encouragement for Mr. Mickelson's efforts to improve administrative and broadcast quality.

I recommend that you agree to a brief courtesy call by Sig Mickelson.

APPROVE	DISAPPROVE
772	



ADMINISTRATIVELY CONFIDENTIAL



DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D.C. 20520

Seltember 13, 1975

UNCLASSIFIED

MEMORANDUM FOR LIEUTENANT GENERAL BRENT SCOWCROFT
THE WHITE HOUSE

Subject: Appointment for Sig Mickelson with the President

In response to Mrs. Davis' request of September 10, the Department of State recommends that the President agree to an appointment with Sig Mickelson, the new President of Radio Free Europe (RFE) and Radio Liberty (RL). Mickelson took office on July 1 as the first President of a unified RFE and RL. He has had a distinguished career in communications which, among other things, has included service as President of CBS News and Vice President of Time, Incorporated.

He comes to the Presidency of RFE and RL at a time when major efforts are underway to rationalize and consolidate administrative, fiscal, engineering and other support services of the two Radios. The Radios continue to play an important role in the furtherance of our foreign policy objectives, and we believe that a meeting between the President and Mickelson would underscore the importance we attach to the Radios' mission.

George S. Springsteen
Executive Secretary Fore

Attachment:

Correspondence returned.

UNCLASSIFIED



D. MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

INFORMATION

February 11, 1976

FGII

MEMORANDUM FOR:

WILLIAM G. HYLAND

FROM:

CLINTON E. GRANGER

SUBJECT:

Radio Free Europe Credentials Lifted at

Innsbruck Olympics

On February 4, 1976, the Radio Free Europe (RFE) news team at Innsbruck was informed by the Austrian organizing committee that the International Olympic Committee (IOC) had ordered the withdrawal of RFE credentials. While no reason was given, Lord Killanin of Ireland has admitted that the exclusion was based on political grounds. On that same day, Tass and Radio Moscow announced that the Soviet delegation at Innsbruck, supported by radio - TV representatives of Bulgaria, Hungary, Poland, Czechoslovakia and the German Democratic Republic, had challenged the RFE accreditation because (in Radio Moscow's words) RFE "represents no one and engages in slanderous subversion propaganda against the socialist countries." The Czechoslovak news agency Ceteka specified that the Communist initiative in the IOC had come through the East-block Organization for International Radio and Television.

RFE sports reporters have been accredited to every Olympic game since 1952. There have been Soviet challenges to RFE credentials at previous Olympics, notably Mexico City in 1968 and Munich in 1972, but these were rejected. If the present exclusion is allowed to stand, a serious precedent of political exclusions will have been set for future Olympics -- not only for Montreal this summer but, more importantly, Moscow in 1980. The Department of State is aware of the problem but has not taken any action pending RFE's assessment of support within the IOC. I understand Rogers Morton has also been briefed on the problem.

We are being briefed by representatives of the Board for International Broadcasting as the situation develops, and remain in contact with Jack Armitage at State (EUR).

Constitution of Secus

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 8, 1975

MEMORANDUM FOR:

BRENT SCOWCROFT

FROM:

MAX FRIEDERSDORF M.

SUBJECT:

Sig Mickelson

Sig Mickelson, the new President of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty will be in town the week of September 15th.

The Congressional Relations Director for Sig, Gretchen Brainerd, has requested we seek a handshaker that week for Sig with the President.

What think?



CL	ASSIFICATION:			

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL REFERRAL

Date: Sept 10, 1975 NSC log # 7506068

MEMORANDUM FOR:

George S. Springsteen Executive Secretary Department of State

DOC	UME	NT	DES	CR	IPT	'ION:

To: General Scowcroft

From:Max Friedersdorf

Date: Sept 8, 1975

Subject: Request appt between Pres & Sig Mickelson new President of RFE

ACTION R	REQUESTED:		***	
I	Draft reply for:	**************************************	nt's Signature ouse Staff	
I	Direct reply	_	Furnish info	сору
I	Dispatch		Translation	
xxx_ I	Recommendations/	Graxxxxxx _	Appropriate	Handling
	Other	of constant set of the set of th	Information	
OUE DAT	E: Sept 13, 197	- 1000 (1000) 5		R. FORO
COMMEN	TS:			7742

or Jeanne W. Davi Staff Secretary

CLASSIFICATION:

NSC	CORRESPONDENCE PROFILE		DOC NO.	MO DA HR	OG NBR INITIAL AS	Jion o K
SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION	TO: PRES FROM KISSINGER SCOWCROFT AND DAVIS SUBJECT: Reguest to the week of the week of the second	FREDER KISSINGER, IN COLBY, W SCHLESINGER ST EX SEC	t w	REFERENCE SISSESSION OTHER SISSESSION OF STATE O	LOU NO FOR	OUT NODIS NLY EXDIS
DISTRIBUTION/INITIAL ACTION ASGMT	ADVANCE CYS TO HAK/SCOWCROFT STAFF SECRETARY FAR EAST SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA MID EAST / NO. AFRICA / SO. ASIA EUROPE / CANADA LATIN AMERICA UNITED NATIONS ECONOMIC SCIENTIFIC PROGRAM ANALYSIS NSC PLANNING CONGRESSIONAL OCEANS POLICY INTELLIGENCE		FO CY FOR	MEMO FOR PRES REPLY FOR APPROPRIATE ACTION MEMO TO RECOMMENDATIONS . JOINT MEMO REFER TO ANY ACTION NECESSA	' 5	
SUBSEQUENT ROUTING/ACTIONS	9/15 9/17 CAST CRITT 9/19	D Se - a Ke X A C C	engent	State State Language Lan	15/7848 19/19)	dation ya)
NSC/S DISP INSTR	DISPATCH & DATE & DATE & DATE CY RQMTS: SEE ABOVE PLUS: & DATE SPECIAL DISPOSITION: CROSS REF W/ SUSPENSE CY ATTACHED:		BY		SLOSE WAY	RQMTS: A SF IP NS H EP

v else

						te.		
LOC NOR LOCALD ACTION O MA	I mecan I	200	*					
1 + 1 4 4 1 1 2 x x 0 2 5	- 411 AC ON A				ROFILE	NDENCE P	CORRESPO	(SC
- 22 - 25 / 1 Er C 102329 - C	2 1011/12/1					-	77.	
	Name	lost	Dod	te				8
LOU . NO PORN NOOIS	4 1 0		J. da	1 8 108				
C EYES ONLY EXDIS	Course Serre	ard	1-191	76				
CODEWORD			100	X3-1				
TS SENSITIVE:								002 204
has SIE Michelia	Tarket to		100	2	color +	Kes		
	The state of		11-20	1	. The	-		
Erwind Gorans	Harl Dil	30	3000	cia	305ch	Organi		
11			153	-	SQ 1	h v	breck	20
	ACTION REQUIRED	1 100			USISTEID ONA	NAL ROUTING	RETHI	
		CYC	INFO-	ACTION	WCROFF			
					Tool or			1 2
	REPLY FOR		-					150
	APPROPRIATE ACT					APRICA	SUB-SAHARAN	1 3
	MEMO70				AISA (C	O. AFRICA / S	MID EAST / NO	ä
Seeden to	RECOMMENDATIONS	X		3	sine.			
10.00	REFER TO							
	9							
								1 8
311	OUE DATE: 9							1 3
NG SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS!							NSC PLANHIN	
				X				
					-			
GUIRED (OR TAKENI) CY TO	EQUENT ACTION RE	SUDS		8	QT	FROM	STAG	-
				1				
	nold			4				
(Cy to / Horze)	(814)							SMZ
							51/2	SUBSEGUENT KONTING/ACTIONS
				2				Me
					1 0 14		1-1	1 3
[4][4]	45		Ano		Lever St.	ETH	11115	
1	0 0	64	100			1	11.1	
100	ne we	3	30				13/16	
		1					1	285
8 9								122
								327
								BAZZM
Y 8								
TE AS 9101 0 101 TRO						16011120		9210
и ин огоро								
on Cas VAIR 13/6								HEC.2
PA DY								

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

September 19, 1975

adie Liberty

MEMORANDUM FOR:

JON HOWE

FROM:

Jeanne W.

SUBJECT:

Response to Letter from David Abshire on RFE/RL

Mr. Abshire's letter to the Vice President (Tab B) is one of a large number of similar letters he sent to Administration and Congressional officials seeking general statements of support which he can use in connection with his report to the full membership of the Board for International Broadcasting which is scheduled to meet in December.

A proposed response is at Tab A.



Dear Mr. Abshire:

I appreciate your most encouraging report on the recent activities of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty. These activities which are critical to the continued accurate presentation of United States interests to many with whom our only link is through the regular broadcasts. It is personally gratifying to me to know that the continued efforts of a small group of dedicated Americans can achieve such exceptional results.

You may be certain that you have my continued interest and support, and I look forward to even more effective actions under the new professional leadership of both Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty.

Sincerely,

Mr. David M. Abshire
Chairman, Board for International Broadcasting
Suite 430
1030 Fifteenth Street, Northwest
Washington, D.C. 20005



BOARD FOR INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING

United States of America

Suite 430 1030 Fifteenth Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005 202/254-8040

August 25, 1975

Honorable Nelson A. Rockefeller Vice President of the United States Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. Vice President:

As a friend of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty, you may have become aware of recent press reports from Munich reflecting employee anxiety in connection with pending staff reductions. You may therefore be interested in my recent letter to the Wall Street Journal commenting on one such report, and attempting to clarify the financial and political context of these reductions.

We believe that the Radios' consolidation efforts have been decisive in obtaining such broad Congressional support for our Fiscal Year 1976 budget request of \$65,640,000. Our legislative progress thus far has been encouraging, to wit:

Authorization: The Senate Foreign Relations Committee recommended—and the Senate has approved—the full authorization of \$65,640.000. The House International Relations Committee went even further, adding a \$5,000,000 reserve fund against possible future foreign currency losses. The committee likewise noted—see pp. 4-5 of its report, enclosed—that "the effectiveness of the broadcasts will be maximized if improved efficiencies are sought and instituted."

Appropriation: The House Appropriations Committee recommended—and the House has approved—a 5 percent reduction to \$62,350,000. However, the Senate Appropriations Committee subsequently recommended the full appropriation of \$65,640,000. These are indications that, if full funding is authorized by both Houses and the Senate votes to appropriate the full amount, the House may agree in conference to support the full appropriation.

Although legislative action may not be completed for several additional weeks, we believe there is reason for satisfaction in the broad extent of Congressional support for the Radios' essential mission. We feel confident, too, that the effectiveness and quality of RFE and RL programming (and of vital program services, such as research) will be maximized by the new Radio leadership which took office last month. consider ourselves extremely fortunate to have attracted, as the first President of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty, such a distinguished professional broadcast journalist as Sig Mickelson; and are pleased that he has recruited, as his principal aide in the U.S., Harold E. Anderson, former President of NBC International. In Munich, we are encouraged by the return, as Executive Vice President and overseas manager for the combined Radios, of Walter K. (Ken) Scott; his previous service as Executive Director of Radio Liberty, and as U. S. Consul-General in Munich, assures continuity and essential expertise.

The professional leadership of Mr. Mickelson, Mr. Scott and Mr. Anderson will, we expect, be of enormous benefit in solidifying the long-range Congressional support which is indispensable to the technical modernization of the transmitter facilities of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty. We hope that we, and the Radios, can count on your continued sympathetic interest as we move forward in developing these long-range plans.

Sincerely yours,

David M. Abshire

Chairman

Enclosures

I'U



Letters to the Editor of the Journal

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL, Monday, August 18, 1975



Radio Free Europe

Editor, The Wall Street Journal:

Felix Kessler's report from Munich (July 25) presents a somewhat one-sided picture of the situation of Radio Free Europe. While staff reductions have been necessary at RFE and its sister station, Radio Liberty, the radios are in no danger whatever of being "silenced" by alleged calculations of detente. Quite the contrary: Under the process of open oversight, authorization and appropriation, they have won the broadest measure of bipartisan support in Congress.

Both the Senate Foreign Relations Committee and the House International Relations Committee have now approved an unprecedented 30% increase in the radios' authorization for the new fiscal year. The action in both committees was without recorded dissent, a dramatic change from the period in which Senator Fulbright and others were challenging the radios' very existence.

However, this broad support is the result of actions taken to fulfill the clear mandate of Congress: Namely, in the words of the House Committee report, "to carry out the consolidation of the two radios" and "to reduce the personnel base to a stable and fundable level which will avoid future financial crises." A new consolidated management for RFE and RL has been created under Sig Mickelson, former president of CES News, with Harold E. Anderson, formerly of NEC International, as a principal aide. Personnel reductions have been made necessary by the rapid devaluation of the dollar since 1968. The cost per employe in Munich (where three-fourths of radio personnel are located) has more than tripled in these last seven years.

Even after the current personnel reductions, however, the consolidated radio staff will number more than 1,700 persons. Broadcast hours at RFE and RL remain more extensive than those of any other Western service—25 languages in all, with 12 or more hours daily in six of them (Russian, Ukrainian, Polish, Czechoslovak, Hungarian, Romanian). Employe pension plans are being improved for the first time since 1968, and new transmitters being installed for the first time since 1964. We are now working, with congressional support, on a major program for long-range transmitter modernization.

The administration and the Congress are in agreement that the mission of the radios—in maintaining an informed public opinion in the U.S.S.R. and Eastern Europe—is more important than ever. We believe that with new, professional management, streamlined organization and technical modernization, Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty—far from being "silenced"—will communicate more effectively to their scores of millions of listeners.

DAVID M. ABSHIRE Chairman Board for International Broadcasting JUNE 26, 1975 .- Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Service of the servic Mr. Morgan, from the Committee on International Relations, submitted the following REPORT

or experimental section to together with the effective energy and

ADDITIONAL VIEWS

[To accompany H.R. 4699]

The Committee on International Relations, to whom was referred the bill (H.R. 4699) to authorize appropriations for fiscal years 1976 and 1977 for carrying out the Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973, having considered the same, report favorably thereon with amendments and recommend that the bill as amended do pass.

The amendments are as follows:

Page 1, beginning on line 10, strike out "\$65,640,000 for fiscal year 1976" and insert in lieu thereof the following: "\$70,640,000 for fiscal year 1976, of which \$5,000,000 shall be available only to the extent that the Director of the Office of Management and Budget determines (and so certifies to the Congress) is necessary, because of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, in order to maintain the budgeted level of operation for Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty

Page 2, lines 1 and 2, strike out "and such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 1977".

Amend the title so as to read:

A bill to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1976 for carrying out the Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973.: ...

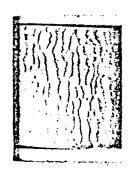
PURPOSE OF THE BILL

The purpose of H.R. 4699, as reported, is to authorize an appropriation of \$70,640,000 for fiscal year 1976 to support the operations of Radio Free Europe, Radio Liberty, and the Board for International Broadcasting.

38-006--75-







COMMITTEE ACTION

On February 5, 1975, the Executive forwarded to the Speaker of the House Executive Communication 257, together with a draft bill "to authorize appropriations for fiscal years 1976 and 1977 for carrying out the Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973", which was referred to the Committee on International Relations. The Honorable Thomas E. Morgan, Chairman of the Committee on International Relations, introduced the draft bill as H.R. 4600 on March 12, 1975.

The committee held a public hearing on this bill on May 12, 1975. It received testimony from Dr. David M. Abshire, Chairman, and other members of the Board for International Broadcasting, Other Board members are: Hon. Foy D. Kohler, professor, Center for Advanced International Studies, the University of Miami, Coral Gables Fla.; Mr. Thomas Henry Quinn, general partner, law firm of O'Connor & Hannan, Washington, D.C.; and ex officio (nonvoting) Board members, representing the two stations-Hon. William P. Durkee, president, Free Europe, Inc., and Hon. Howland Sargeant, president, Radio Liberty Committee; Hon. John P. Roche, Henry R. Luce Professor of Civilization and Foreign Affairs, the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy, Tufts University, Medford, Mass., was unable to attend the hearing. The fifth voting member of the Board, Mr. John T. Murphy, president, AVCO Broadcasting Corp., Cincinnati, Ohio, had not been sworn in at the time of the hearing and, consequently, did not testify.

On June 17, 1975, the committee held an open markup session and ordered favorably reported the bill II.R. 4699 with amendments by

unanimous voice vote.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The first amendment authorizes an additional appropriation of \$5 million to be available until expended. These funds, or any portion thereof, may be made available to the radios only to the extent that the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) determines (and so certifies to the Congress) they are necessary to compensate for foreign currency exchange losses in order to maintain the budgeted level of operation for Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty. (For a full explanation of this amendment see sections on "Devaluation Problem" and "Committee Amendment on Exchange Loss Contingency Fund.")

The second amendment deletes all references to fiscal year 1977—

thus limiting the authorization to fiscal year 1976 only.

The third amendment amends the title of the bill to reflect the above change.

BACKGROUND

Radio Free Europe (RFE) and Radio Liberty (RL) had their origin in the years immediately following World War II, when the Soviets gave every indication of establishing hegemony over Eastern Europe and threatening Western interests. RFE was incorporated in New York in 1950 and RL in Delaware in 1951. Operational head-quarters for both stations are located in Munich, Germany.

Until June 30, 1971, both radios were supported by funds provided by the Central Intelligence Agency. In the case of RFE, some funds

through April 1975. After CIA funding of the two radios was tern nated by Congress, they were funded on a temporary basis unsection 703 of the U.S. Information and Educational Exchange 4 of 1948, as amended. This funding procedure was adopted as a traitional mechanism—pending the completion of studies on RFE a RL by the Library of Congress, the General Accounting Office at subsequently, the Presidential Study Commission on Internatio Radio Broadcasting, headed by Dr. Milton Eisenhower.

In October 1973, Congress passed and the President signed to Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973. This act, bas on the Eisenhower Commission's recommendations, created a filmember Board for International Broadcasting which was authorized receive congressionally appropriated funds and to allocate them the two radios. The Board was also charged with certain spec-

review and oversight responsibilities.

THE BOARD FOR INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING

The Board consists of five voting members appointed by the Prident by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and two officio (nonvoting) members representing the two stations. Voti members are to be selected from "among Americans distinguished the fields of foreign policy or mass communications" who are a regular full-time employees of the U.S. Government. Not more that three such members may be of the same political party. Board me bers serve without annual salary, although they may be compensated on a daily basis at level V of the executive schedule while attending Board meetings or engaged in official Board business, and receitance travel expenses and per diem.

STAFF

The Board is currently serviced by a small staff, consisting of for members and three secretaries. Staff headquarters are located Washington, D.C.

Functions

The Board is authorized to receive congressionally authorized a appropriated funds for allocation to the two radios. In addition, it charged with the responsibility of reviewing and evaluating the m sion and operation of the two radios and assessing the "quality, efficiencess, and professional integrity" of their broadcasting within a context of broad U.S. foreign policy objectives. The 1973 act a requires the Board to "encourage the most effective utilization available resources and undertake such studies as may be necessate insure economic and efficient operations"; to develop financial a auditing procedures to insure that grants are being made for the prosess Congress intended; and to report annually to the President a Congress on the activities of the Board and the operations of RI and RL.

BOARD'S OVERSIGHT PROGRESS DURING FISCAL YEAR 1975

The Board for International Broadcasting has been in operation is approximately 1 year—beginning in May 1974. Predictably, the first several months were taken up largely with organizational activities

During fiscal year 1975, the Board utilized the assistance of experts and consultants in both the telecommunications and management areas. The consultants traveled to Munich and worked with Board staff on fiscal, management, and general operations relating to the two radios.

During fiscal year 1975, the New York headquarters of the two radios were brought together in one building—in preparation for the move to Washington. Early in fiscal year 1976, a single headquarters will be established there under one President, Mr. Sig Mickelson. A former president of CBS news, vice president of Time-Life, Inc., and chairman of the Department of Editorial Journalism of the Medill School, Northwestern University, Mr. Mickelson possesses outstanding qualifications for his new assignment. He is scheduled to take over as president of both Radio Liberty Committee, Inc. and Free Europe, Inc., on July 1, 1975.

Construction of added space at RFE's programing center in Munich will enable Radio Liberty programing to be accommodated there in the fall of 1975—with the reduction of 90 supporting service employees. Henceforth, RFE/RL programing will be carried out under a single

program director stationed in Munich.

Despite these indications of initial progress, the committee is of the opinion that the Board has a long way to go in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities. During the hearings, evidence was presented which confirms that BIB consultants and staff have not had full and unimpeded access to information on the Radios. On the contrary, directives have been issued by the Radios' executives specifically limiting such access and circumscribing the Board's activities. Such actions, the committee wishes to state categorically, run counter to the legislative mandate assigned to the Board under the Board for International

Broadcasting Act of 1973 and should be halted forthwith. The committee supports the authorization contained in this bill because of its belief that during this past fiscal year, the U.S. Board for International Broadcasting has begun to carry out the mandate of the Congress to foster the consolidation of the two Radios, to reduce the personnel base to a stable and fundable level which will avoid future financial crises, and to accomplish these objectives with reference to other relevant U.S. international broadcasting activities. Any assertions (such as have appeared in the foreign press) that reductions in the personnel of the two Radios have been diplomatically or politically motivated as a part of "détente" are oblivious to: (a) the congressional demands for economies during a domestic recession; (b) the financial predicament of the Radios; (c) the need for a stable base and more interagency coordination prior to requesting greater Government resources for modernization; and (d) the fact that BIB has been persuasively testifying before Congress that the radio broad-

casting mission is more important than ever.

The basis for the authorization has been the committee's belief that B1B is in the process of becoming an active oversight board. In this regard, it is important that the corporate management communicate to the rank and file of the Radios the need for the acceptance, in practice and in spirit, of the present process of authorization, appropriation and oversight, which is quite different from the earlier years of the Radios. Furthermore, the new Chief Executive Officer of the two corporations, Mr. Sig Mickelson, must have full corporate authority in his role; the mission of the Radios is too important to be

hindered by past bureaucratic interests. The effectiveness and quality of the broadcasts will be maximized if improved efficiencies are sought and instituted. Congressional support will be influenced by developments in those areas.

The committee intends to monitor the relationship between BIB and RFE/RL during the coming fiscal year to insure that the legislative intent set forth above is strictly adhered to. If necessary, the Board's authority to investigate, advise, and implement its recom-

mendations will be strengthened by legislation.

The committee also hopes that before proceeding with the modernization of transmitters, the Board will carefully assess the possibility of sharing equipment which may be in the possession of—but not fully utilized by—other U.S. agencies, as well as other options (including rental or exchange of transmitter time with private or foreign entities) suggested in the course of the committee's hearings.

FISCAL YEAR 1976 BUDGET REQUEST

As noted above, the administration's request for a 2-year authorization was disapproved. As reported by the committee, H.R. 4699

authorizes appropriations only for fiscal year 1976.

The fiscal year 1976 request includes \$65,240,000 in grants to Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty—and \$400,000 to finance the operations of the Board for International Broadcasting. This compares with a total fiscal year 1975 authorization of \$49,990,000 and an appropriation of \$49,800,000. Thus the fiscal year 1976 authorization request represents an increase over the fiscal year 1975 authorization level of \$15,650,000 or approximately 30 percent.

This proposed grant increase to the two Radios is based on: (1) Exchange loss since last September resulting from the devaluation of the dollar vis-a-vis European currencies, especially the deutsche mark (see section entitled "Devaluation Problem"); (2) increased pension payments imposed by the Employment Income Security Act and similar legislation enacted by the West German parliament; (3) severance pay and benefits for the termination of approximately 245 employees; (4) Baltic language programing (initiation of Latvian and Estonian service in addition to Lithuanian programing begun in January 1975); and (5) net operating cost increases due to inflation.

ONE-TIME COSTS

The fiscal year 1976 budget includes an estimated \$11.1 million in so-called "one-time costs." These are nonrecurring expenditures for such purposes as:

(1) Cost of headquarters consolidation in the United States

and proposed move to Washington, D.C.

(2) Cost of operational consolidation in Munich.

(3) Replacement of transmitters.

(4) Severance pay and benefits for terminated employees, required by law.

(5) Pension "make-up" (i.e., pension payments for past years in which payments were not made owing to budgetary limitations).

A detailed breakdown of the BIB request follows:

	Fiscal year 1974 Fiscal year 1975 actual estimate		Fiscal year ostima	Fiscal year 1976 estimate		
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amoun
Regular operating expenses: Personnel compensation:	;				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Annual salaries: Permanent employees Temporary and part-time em-	2, 025	25, 547	2, 011	27, 457	1,789/1,739	25, 24
ployees	48	306	31	348	26	258
Total annual saleries	2, 073	25, 853		27, 805	1, 815/1, 765	25, 500
Employee benefits: Taxes Pension program Finge benefits	********	2, 673 605		2, 883 1, 170 6, 544	***********	3, 147 15, 386 7, 139
Total employee benefits		9, 848		10, 597	*****	15, 671
Miscellaneous lens and profes-		1, 749		2.		2, 309
Total personnel compensation		37, 450		40, 403	enderenderende Oschriger	43, 480
Administrative costs: Travel Pent and utilities Licenses, royalties, copyrights Technical News and information		217 1, 319 576 2, 111		265 1, 233 619 2, 378		292 965 630 2, 856
Conferences Representation General and administrative		36 2,005		49	************	53 2, 416
Total administrative costs		6, 690		7, 045	***********	7, 783
Total regular operating expenses				47, 448	***************************************	51, 263
Consolidation expenses: Operating and termination costs.		5, 518		375	(240/290)	3 5, 622 470
Total consolidation expenses		5, 518		1,150	*****	6, 092
Capital expenses: Regular Modernization		68		292		425 2, 710
Total capital		68		662	***********	3, 135
Summary: Regular operating expenses Conculidation expenses Capital exponses		44, 140 5, 518		*************		1 51, 263 2 6, 092 4 3, 135
Subtotal, expenses at \$1 = Deutsche marks as indicated Exchange loss as indicated Exchange loss as indicated	*********	49,726	}	* 49, 260 * 2, 276		* 60, 490 * 1, 360 * 3, 450
Grand total expenses	*******	43,740		51, 536		65, 240
Financing: U.S. Government grant. Application of working capital		49,500		49,510		65, 240
Total		49 726		51 536		65, 240

P. I The Radios' pension plans are of the type normal to the private sector requiring premium payments that include amortization of past service costs and funding for future benefits in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles. In addition, twoy are now governed by the provisions of new pension legislation, both in the United States (ERISA) and in Germany.

2 This line includes the cost of 30 reductions from consolidating the management and supporting services of the Radios and from 150 20 additional terminalisms not related to consolidation.

3 Congressional authorization for brandessiting in the Battle languages at the earliest possible date required that a portion of the total real modernization program scheduled for fiscal year 1976 be completed earlier.

4 Deutsche marks 2.54.

5 Deutsche marks 2.55.

6 Represents 7 months actual loss; 5 months projected loss at \$1 = Deutsche marks 2.35.

7 Deutsche marks 2.53.

	Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty Justification	
Reg	gular operating expenses: (In Annual salaries—Permanent employees	thaues: -\$2,
	Savings from fiscal year 1975 and fiscal year 1976 consolida- tion actions: Fiscal year 1975 nonrecurring cost of salaries prior to terminations; fiscal year 1976 salary savings after terminations.	
	other termination actions in fiscal years 1976: In order to achieve a lower fiscal year 1977 budget level, the Radios will reduce staff during fiscal year 1976 by about 10 percent (150-200 employees) beyond the 90 staff reductions due to	
	consolidation efforts. This will result in savings of approximately \$4.1 million (at \$1/DM 2.35) in fiscal year 1977. The fiscal year 1976 salaries for the personnel affected will be reprogramed to pay their termination costs.	-3,
	General salary increase of 5 percent for all employees in line with expected cost of living and wage scale level increases. In-grade increases in accordance with union contracts and company policy for employees below the tops of their grades. Annualization of fiscal year 1975 personnel actions	
1	(in-grades, hires, promotions, etc.) Salaries for 15 new employees to initiate broadcasting in Latvian and Estonian as authorized by Congress.	+2,
	Annual salaries—temporary and part-time employees.	-
	Savings from fiscal year 1975 and fiscal year 1976 consolida-	,
	Savings from reduced usage of temporary personnel. General salary increase of 5 percent for all personnel in line with expected cost of living increase.	- -
•	Employee benefits: Taxes	<u>'</u>
	Sayings from fiscal year 1975 and fiscal year 1976 consolida-	
: .	Increase in taxes due to fiscal year 1976 general increase, fiscal year 1976 in-grade increases and annualization of	
•.	fiscal year 1975 personnel actions. Effects of known or expected increases in tax rates in the United States, Germany, Iberia, and other countries in which the Radios operate.	÷ -i
	Employee benefits: Pension program	+4,
	Increase in current year's pension premiums caused by	
	salary increases offset by savings from fiscal year 1975 consolidation actions	-
•	funding to four plans: RL: German plan \$225; HQ plan \$70; RFE: DM plan \$913; Dollar plan \$1,200	÷2,
	Budgetary problems in prior years had required some de- ferral of pension premiums. Partial makeup payments are planned this year in accordance with new United States	· ·
•	and German pension legislation and with actuarial recommendations: RL-HQ plan \$395; RFE-DM plan \$895. Improvements in pension plans in order (a) to bring them into line with new pension legislation and (b) to make RFE and RL plans more comparable.	÷1,
	Employee henefits: Fringe benefits	
	Nonrecurring fiscal year 1975 costs and savings from consolida-	_
	Improvements in insurance provisions to make RFE and RL plans more comparable.	

Radio Free Europe/Radio Liberty Justification -- Continued Capital expenses.... Regular costs: Continues program to replace worn and obsolete equipment and to install new equipment for more efficient operations

Modernization costs: Required funds to continue the modernization program of the technical facilities of the Radios (\$370 was expended in fiscal year 1975 for this purpose) Foreign exchange loss +2, 4 Continued deterioration of the U.S. dollar in relation to the foreign currencies in which the Radios are required to expend most of their funds (primarily the deutsche mark, peseta and escudo) has substantially increased their operation costs. This loss amounted to \$2.276 million in fiscal year 1975 and represented the difference between the buying power of the dollar at the original budgeted rate of DM 2.60/\$1 and the actual average cost of foreign currencies for 7 mouths plus the remaining 5 months loss projected at DM 2.35/\$1. The loss for fiscal year 1976 is estimated at \$1.750 million (an increase over fiscal year 1975 of \$2,474 million) and is composed of \$13 million representing the difference between \$1/DM 2.60 and the fiscal year 1976 budgeted rate of \$1/DM 2.53, and \$3,450 million redecting the additional cost arising out of the dollar's further deterioration to around \$1/DM 2.35 Board for International Broadcasting, Rudio Free Europe/Radio Liberty Desi . Intion of costs by type of expense for the transition period (July 1, 1976, to Sept.). 1976) (In thousands of dollars) Personnel compensation: Annual salaries—all employees (estimate 1,804) ______ \$6, ! Employee benefits: loyee benefits: Pension: nsion:

Normal payment

Deferred fiscal year 1976 payment plus interest and penalty*

Minor cost-of-living adjustment past pensioners (3 percent Administrative costs: Licenses, royalties, conyrights (increase by Spanish and Portuguese Governments in fees)*_____ Total administrative costs 2, 6 Consolidation expense—Senior staff termination costs and December cuts* Total other costs Board for International Broadcasting * Norre,-All enlegaries unless unreked * new ff of full year roots. Those marked * are parable on the roof

Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty are especially vulnerable to the effects of dollar devaluation because 80 percent of their expenditures are made in foreign currencies, especially the deutsche mark (DM).

In this connection, the Comptroller General of the United States

observed:

We think this situation is rather unique in the case of the Radios from the standpoint of the large percent of their funds being spent in foreign currencies. Offhand, I cannot think of a single U.S. Government Department or Agency that spends near that percent of funds in foreign currencies * * * (Letter, dated April 11, 1975, from Comptroller General Elmer B. Staats to Hon. John M. Slack, chairman, Appropriations Subcommittee on State, Justice, Commerce and Judiciary.)

The Board for International Broadcasting budget request for fiscal year 1976 was submitted to the Office of Management and Budget in September 1974. At that time the value of the U.S. dollar to the German deutsche mark was \$1=2.60 DM. By November 1974, the exchange rate had slipped to \$1=2.53 DM. This change was provided for in the budget transmitted to Congress by the President. But even before the President's budget was printed in final form, the dollar had slipped to \$1=2.25 DM. Although the exchange rate has since leveled off at \$1=2.35 DM, the total loss resulting from the devaluation of the dollar since last September already amounts to \$4.750 million. An authorization sufficient to cover this exchange loss is included in the bill.

It is impossible to predict at this point what will happen to the U.S. dollar-deutsche mark exchange rate during the next 12 months. If the value of the dollar should drop further, the Radios will be faced with a second consecutive annual deficit. In fiscal year 1975, that deficit was covered by personnel reductions, reprograming, and depletion of the working fund. Continued reliance on such administrative remedies can only aggravate the already difficult personnel and operational situation faced by the Radios.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT ON EXCHANGE LOSS CONTINGENCY FUND

During the hearings on H.R. 4699, attention was called to one possible long-range solution to this problem, suggested by the General Accounting Office. In his communication to the Appropriations Subcommittee (referred to above), Comptroller General Staats suggested the establishment of a \$5 million "reserve fund" to be used exclusively for the purpose of compensating the Radios for currency exchange losses. Under this concept, funds would be made available to the Radios to maintain programed levels of operations and placed back into reserve when and if the dollar is revalued upward.

EFFECT OF COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

With the general outlines of the GAO proposal in mind, the committee adopted, by unanimous voice vote, an amendment which includes the following provisions:

1. It authorizes an additional appropriation of \$5 million

which is authorized to remain available until expended.

2. It stipulates that this additional funding, or any portion c it, "shall be available only to the extent that the Director of th Office of Management and Budget determines (and so certific to the Congress) is necessary because of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates in order to maintain the budgeted level of operation for Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty."

Because the budgeted level of operation for the radios for fiscal year 1976 takes into account an anticipated \$4,750 million devaluation loss, funds made available under the committee amendment could not be used to offset devaluation during fiscal year 1976 except to the extent that the resulting loss may exceed \$4.750 million. For an subsequent fiscal year, funds in the devaluation reserve will be available to maintain the budgeted level of operations if the rate of exchange falls below that which was used in preparing the budge for such fiscal year.

It is understood by the committee that, in the event of an upwarevision in the value of the dollar, the Board for International Broad casting would make its grants in such a way that the amounts furnished to the Radios would not exceed those required by [them :

maintain their budgeted levels of operation.

The legislative intent of the committee's amendment is identic with the following declaration of purpose set forth by the Comptroll General in his letter to Chairman Slack:

The whole idea of our proposal is that Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty could be assured that they may proceed to operate at an approved program level without being penalized if the dollar depreciates against the German mark and other foreign currencies and without gaining any advantage from the upward revision of the dollar.

THE RADIOS AND "DÉTENTE"

In the past, critics of the Radios have charged that the operations Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty are inconsistent with the offic U.S. policy of seeking "détente" with the Soviet Union. The comittee has reviewed this issue over a period of years and finds t

argument unpersuasive.

The continuation of RFE/RL broadcasting has been advocated an impressive cross-section of academic specialists in Soviet a Eastern European affairs, as well as by journalists with experience the U.S.S.R. The Radios also enjoy strong editorial support with the United States and Western Europe. It is the overwhelming a sensus of those knowledgeable in the field that these Radios continuous to perform a useful function and, in long-range terms, contributoward, rather than inhibit, a lessening of tension between the Unit States and the countries of Eastern Europe.

If a meaningful détente is to develop—one that is based on substance rather than rhetoric-it must include a freer flow of people, ideas and information between East and West. That has been the position of the United States at the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Geneva which is moving toward conclusion of a crucial stage in the negotiations. International broadcasting has become an important aspect of those negotiations. Article 19 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights-to which both the United States and the Soviet Union are signatories-states that "everyone has the right of freedom of opinion and expression; this right includes freedom to hold opinions without interference, to seek, receive and impart information and ideas through media, regardless of frontiers." This right to impart ideas through any media, regardless of frontiers, is also spelled out in the Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973, enacted by the Congress. Any unilateral action to terminate the Radios' operations would, in fact, serve to undermine U.S. adherence to this position at a crucial juncture in the Geneva negotiations.

Moreover, the Radios permit the voices of moderation within Soviet and Eastern European societies to be heard—an essential ingredient of détente. Recent audience research studies, conducted by reputable, independent polling organizations in the West, indicate that the Radios are listened to not only by so-called "dissidents" within the target areas but also by a substantial number of middle- to senior-level Communist party officials. These individuals have come to rely on the Radios for news and information about what is actually taking place within their own societies—information which is denied to them by their own strictly controlled media. Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty are, in fact, the only source of this type of information. It is not provided by any other broadcast facility. It is for this reason, in particular, that the committee feels their operations should be continued.

THE IMPORTANCE OF DEVELOPING A COMPREHENSIVE U.S. INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING POLICY

Although the proposed legislation (II.R. 4699) is concerned exclusively with the support of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty, the mandate given the Board for International Broadcasting by the Congress—to eliminate costly duplication, to promote consolidation of facilities and broadcasting hardware, and to achieve greater economy in operations—cannot be carried out without reference to other U.S. broadcasting activities in Europe. Moreover, there is an evident need for the United States to develop a broader, more comprehensive policy on all U.S. international broadcasting operations.

To date, there has been a notable lack of cooperation and coordination among U.S. overseas broadcasters, which include—in addition to RFE and RL—the Voice of America (VOA), the Armed Forces Network (AFN), and Radio in the American Sector of Berlin (RIAS). The history of these various operations, which have developed since World War II, indicates that each has operated independently of the others, leading to duplication of facilities and efforts and, in some cases, bureaucratic conflicts.

Apart from the urgent need to rectify this situation for budgetar reasons, the U.S. Government should be concerned about the lack of interagency cooperation because of recent developments relating to pending reallocation of international broadcasting frequencies.

Last October, the International Telecommunication Union (ITU sponsored a Regional Administrative Conference for Low and Medium Frequency Broadcasting. The first session of that Conference, held in Geneva, produced general agreement on criteria for assigning o reassigning radio frequencies to various government and commercia interests throughout Europe, Africa, and the Middle East. The crunch will come at the Conference's second session, scheduled fo next October, when specific proposals for reassigning frequencies will be considered.

In the competition for available wave bands, pressures have been building up among European commercial broadcasters to have U.S broadcasters move from LF/MF bands to shortwave. The United States is not a participant in the ITU Conference and much will depend upon the outcome of forthcoming bilateral talks with the FRG authorities who will represent U.S. interests at the Conference If some sacrifice is called for in this regard, there is an evident need to develop a set of priorities which represent the overall U.S. interest as opposed to the parochial interests of the individual U.S. Governmen broadcasters.

Possible Expansion of U.S. Broadcasting to Other Region:

During the hearings on II.R. 4699, questions were raised by committee members as to the possible expansion of U.S. broadcast operations to include other parts of the world—particularly in Asia. It was suggested, in fact, that BIB be authorized to conduct a feasibility study along this line.

After considerable discussion, a consensus was reached that such a move would be premature at this time. It was felt, in particular, that certain basic policy decisions would have to be made in order to establish the parameters or terms of reference within which such a study of technical possibilities would be carried out. There was general agreement among the committee's membership, however, that this is a desirable area for future investigation, leading to development of policy recommendations which could provide the framework for subsequent action.

BALTIC LANGUAGE PROGRAMING

In accordance with last year's congressional mandate, broadcasting in Lithuanian began in January 1975. Radio Liberty new broadcast up to 9 hours a day in Lithuanian and will begin weekly programing in Latvian and Estonian in July 1975. Daily broadcasting in the latter two languages is scheduled to commence in September 1975.

Financing of these Baltic language broadcasts is included in the

fiscal year 1976 authorization request.

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XIII of the House Rules, the committee has examined the request submitted by the Executive and has determined that an authorization of \$70,640,000—including a \$5 million contingency for unforscen exchange losses—is sufficient to support the operations of Radio Free Europe, Radio Liberty, and the Board for International Broadcasting for fiscal year 1976. As noted elsewhere in this report, the fiscal year 1976 request includes an estimated \$11.1 million in nonrecurring expenditures for such special requirements as replacement of transmitters, consolidation of facilities, and severance pay and benefits for terminated employees. The Board for International Broadcasting has assured the committee that if the fiscal year 1976 request is approved and the necessary funds appropriated, the fiscal year 1977 authorization request should not exceed \$57 million.

The projected cost of this program over the next 5 years cannot be estimated at this time. The level of future funding will depend in part on progress achieved in consolidating broadcasting facilities available to the U.S. Government and in implementing a coherent interagency policy on international broadcasting.

STATEMENT REQUIRED BY RULE XI(1)(3) OF HOUSE RULES

Pursuant to the requirements of rule XI(1)(3) of the Rules of the House of Representatives the following statements are made:

(A) Oversight findings and recommendations.—Under applicable provisions of the Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973, the Board is assigned direct oversight responsibility over two distinct aspects of the Radios' operations: (1) Broadcast policy and effectiveness, including the responsibility to insure that broadcasts of RFE and RL are carried out within the context of broad U.S. foreign policy objectives, and (2) administration, to insure the most effective utilization of available resources. The Board is also required to report annually to Congress on the operations of the Board and the two Radios.

Since the Board has only been in existence for approximately 1 year, several months of which were devoted primarily to organizational requirements, a definitive assessment of its effectiveness is not yet possible. The committee has included in this report a summary of its preliminary findings in this regard, including certain initial accomplishments, apparent deficiencies and recommendations for future action.

The committee also reached a consensus in favor of pursuing an investigation during the coming fiscal year into developing a comprehensive international broadcasting policy, which would include not only the two Radios covered under this authorization bill, but also other publicly funded U.S. international broadcasting operations. Such a policy is necessary to increase U.S. broadcasting effectiveness, avoid duplication, and cut operating costs.

(B) Congressional Budget Act section 308(a) requirement.—This measure provides no budget authority or increased tax expenditures outside of the regular authorization and appropriation process.

(C) Congressional Budget Office estimate and comparisons.—Nestimate and comparison prepared by the Director of the Congressional Budget Office under section 403 of the Congressional Budge Act of 1974 has been received by the committee.

(D) Committee on Government Operations summary.—No oversigh findings and recommendations have been received which relate this measure from the Committee on Government Operations under this measure from the Committee on Government operations.

clause 2(b)(2) of rule X.

INFLATIONARY IMPACT STATEMENT

The measure would not have any identifiable inflationary impact Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty have undergone significan staff reductions in recent years; Net reductions in personnel amounted to 295 in fiscal year 1974, 31 in fiscal year 1975, and will reach 227-27 in fiscal year 1976. Total staff reductions since 1965 (not including the fiscal year 1976 projections) amount to about 30 percent. More over, consolidation of headquarters in the United States and operating facilities in Munich is expected to be completed in the fall of 1975 As a consequence of this retrenchment program, long-range economic are anticipated. The fiscal year 1977 authorization request, fo instance, will be at a level of about \$57 million or \$13,640,000 les than that provided for in this bill.

Given the phase down of the program as a whole and the fact tha 80 percent of the proposed authorization will be spent abroad or international operations, this authorization is not likely to have an

measurable inflationary impact.

CHANGES IN EXISTING LAW MADE BY THE BILL, AS REPORTED

In compliance with clause 3 of rule XIII of the Rules of the Hous of Representatives, changes in existing law made by the bill, a reported, are shown as follows (existing law proposed to be omitted is enclosed in black brackets, new matter is printed in italic, existing law in which no change is proposed is shown in roman):

BOARD FOR INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING ACT OF 1973

FINANCING AND IMPLEMENTATION

SEC. 8. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated, to remain available until expended, [\$49,990,000 for fiscal year 1975, of which not less than \$75,000 shall be available solely to initiate broadcast in the Estonian language and not less than \$75,000 shall be available solely to initiate broadcasts in the Latvian language [\$870,640,000 for fiscal year 1976, of which \$5,000,000 shall be available only to the extendate the Director of the Office of Management and Budget determines (an so certifies to the Congress) is necessary, because of fluctuations in fareign currency exchange rates, in order to maintain the budgeted level of operation for Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty. There are authorize to be appropriated for fiscal year [1975] 1976 such additional of supplemental amounts as may be necessary for increases in salary, pay retirement, or other employee benefits authorized by law and fer othe nondiscretionary costs.

(b) To allow for the orderly implementation of this Act, the Secretary of State is authorized to make grants to Radio Free Europe and to Radio Liberty under such terms and conditions as he deems appropriate for their continued operation until a majority of the voting members of the Board have been appointed and qualified, and until funds authorized to be appropriated under this Act are available to the Board.

A Company to be a get a comment post

o visito de la compositiva de la compo La compositiva de la

and the state of t

The second of th

The same of the sa

The contract of the contract o

2. In the constant of the first of the fi

The second of the second of the process of the second

and the state of t

and the company of th

1997年,1997年,1997年,1997年,1997年,1987年

ADDITIONAL VIEWS OF HON, STEPHEN J. SOLARZ

Although efforts must be made to continue and strengthen the in portant broadcasts produced by Radio Liberty and Radio Fr Europe and beamed to the captive nations of Eastern Europe, v must also take affirmative steps to direct our attention to those n tions in other parts of the world which are governed by totalitarizing mes and in which there is neither freedom of expression nor an

sort of opposition media as well.

There are several nations in the Western Hemisphere, in the F East and in Africa in which the written and electronic media a strictly controlled and where the general populace is not permitted know of significant developments in either the outside world or home. Artists, intellectuals, journalists, political leaders and other who fail to parrot the government dogma or who partake in responsible opposition to the regimes in power are silenced. In some instance the suppression is ruthless and many have been arrested and in prisoned. Other nations strictly censor and control all media and ferrof public information and the people are unaware of any developments—internally or externally—even of those events which directifications.

affect their daily lives and destiny.

If the justification for RFE and RL rests ultimately on the fe that both of these stations beam their messages into those clos societies in order to provide the peoples of those countries with p cise and accurate information and news, then presumably the sa: rationale would apply elsewhere in the world. During the course the hearings on H.R. 4699 there was general agreement that the co mittee would carefully consider the lack of a free press, of free spec or of unfettered expression in other closed societies throughout world with a view toward recommending legislation to author broadcasts similar to those now conducted by RL in the Soviet Un and RFE in Eastern Europe. To the extent that closed societies ex in other parts of the world, meaningful steps must be taken to insthat the people of these lands know of important developments their own countries as well as in the outside world. I am hopeful th the committee will closely examine this issue and that it will for its attention on those countries in which responsible dissent and free press are stifled. Should it be determined that there are nations which there is little or no open communication, then we must decisively to insure that uncensored and unabridged news reaches many people as possible.

to impose Russian over their own languages. In the face of the Soviet Union's policy of genocide in the Baltic nations, the Board for International Broadcasting and Radio Liberty are serving a tremendous humanitarian interest in beaming these broadcasts to the Baltic lands in their native languages.

I urge my colleagues to join me in voting approval of this authori-

(a) I have been a minimum production of the second of the least of

the source of the second of the control of the money of the second of th

သူ မြေသို့ မြောက်ပြုနှစ်ပြီး အသိမြေသည်။ မေသာ သမားများကို အသည့်အသည်။ သို့ပညာ သည်။ မြေသီး အသည်များများသည်။ အသိသို့ မြေသူများ သည်။ မေသည်မြေသွားတွေများသည်။ အျပညာ

ું કે એ એક એક ફેર્મ શકારે પ્રાપ્ય કરે છે. તેને કે તેને કે કે કે તેને કે તેને કે તેને કે તેને કે તેને કે તેને ક તેને એક ફાયાન કે તેને તેને કે સ્પેટિંગ કે તેને તેને એક જો જો જો જો કે તેને કે

The second stages of the property of the control of

And the state of the second colored to be seen the control of the second colored to the

รางคลัง (ชาติก) เป็นที่บานสาคา พาพัทธาเคาสังเกรสานเป็นเป็นเกรสาน จะนัก พ.ศ. บาลสายคายตัวโดเมติดสุด พ.ศ. บาลสโทสานย์ เปรียบ ค.ศ. พายมา จะนัก (พ.ศ.)

(i) Attended to the property of the propert

ABO The man last line mend this care is a season with the first transfer of the season with th

Commence of the second second

zation request.

EDWARD J. DERWINSKI.





MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

September 19, 1975

MEMORANDUM FOR:

JEANNE W. DAVIS

FROM:

CLINTON E. GRANGER OU

SUBJECT:

Response to Mr. Abshire from the Vice

President

I have been in close contact with Dave Abshire on the problems of the Board for International Broadcasting for quite some time. He is now in the process of establishing a solid foundation to report to the full membership of the Board for International Broadcasting (next scheduled for December), and the letter to the Vice President is one of a large number which he shotgunned to the Administration and the Congress.

He is only seeking generalized statements of support, which he can in turn cite to his Board in his role as chairman. It would be inappropriate to have too specific a statement from the Vice President, but would be a useful aid for our overall policies to to have a general statement of support which he can refer to. Such a generalized answer is at Tab A.

Dear Mr. Abshire:

I appreciate your most encouraging report of the advances in the activities of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty. These are activities which are critical to the continued accurate presentation of United States interests to many with whom our only link is through the regular broadcasts. It is personally gratifying to me to know that the continued efforts of a small group of dedicated Americans can achieve such exceptional results.

You may be certain that you have my continued interest and support, and

I will look forward to the certainty of even more effective actions under the
new professional leadership equired by both Radio Free Europe and Radio
Liberty.

Sincerely,

PALD R. FORD

Mr. David M. Abshire Chairman, Board for International Broadcasting Suite 430 1030 Fifteenth Street, Northwest Washington, D. C. 20005

OFFICE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT WASHINGTON

ACTION

Memo No. 798-75 September 10, 1975

FOR:

JEANNE DAVIS

FROM:

Jon Howe

SUBJECT:

Letter to the Vice President from Mr. David

Abshire

The Vice President has received the attached letter from Mr. David Abshire, Chairman of the Board for International Boradcasting, U.S.A. Mr. Abshire requests the Vice President's continued support for Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty.

Could we please have a proposed response.

ISC	CORRESPO	NDENCE P	ROFILE			МО		ir Holl	LOG NBR 15061	44	INITIAL	ACTION (·K
SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION	TO: PRES FROM: KIESINGER, II					отн		HENCE:			N/OUT ORN N ONLY E	NODIS	
DISTRIBUTION/INITIAL ACTION ASGMT	ADVANCE CY STAFF SECRE FAR EAST SUB-SAHARAN	N AFRICA O. AFRICA / SO NADA CA ONS ALYSIS IG	CROFT	ACTION	INFO	REC CY FOR	ACTION REC MEMO FOR F REPLY FOR APPROPRIA MEMO RECOMMENT JOINT MEMO REFER TO ANY ACTION CONCURREN DUE DATE: COMMENTS:	DATIONS	SARY?	E	(><	
SUBSEQUENT ROUTING/ACTIONS	9/19	FROM	TO	C	Acu		SEQUENT ACT	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				CY	TO
SC/S DISP INSTR	SPECIAL DIS		S: & DATE	livet			R:			MICROI MF P	1976	SA :	S: 5 2 E

MEMORANDUM COUNCIL ACTION September 23, 1975 SECRETARY KISSINGER MEMORANDUM FOR: CLINTON E. GRANGE FROM: SUBJECT: Schedule Proposal for the President to Meet with Members of the Boards for International Broadcasting, Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty The Board for International Broadcasting will be meeting in Washington in December. Dr. David Abshire, the Chairman, has requested that the Board. along with selected members of the Boards of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty, be given an opportunity to meet with the President during that period. President Ford has not yet met with these bodies. Such a meeting would afford him an opportunity to review with them the current status of U.S. foreign broadcasting programs and to discuss key issues in this extremely important policy area. In this regard, Congressional interest in the government's activities in this area is high, due in part to recent recommendations on this subject made by the Stanton Panel and Murphy Commission. The meeting will also serve as an opportunity for the President to thank the members of these Boards for their unselfish service to the country and to encourage their future activities. Dave Abshire feels strongly that such a meeting will cement his efforts to coordinate foreign broadcasting, and facilitate relations with the Congress.

RECOMMENDATION

That you approve the attached schedule proposal.

_		
Approve	Disapprove	
*********	Droupp. 010	



BOARD FOR INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING

United States of America

Suite 430 1030 Fifteenth Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005 202/254-8040

EXECUTIVE

Beam. Jacob D Hayes, John 5.

December 29, 1975

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Jeanne W. Davis Staff Secretary

National Security Council

SUBJECT:

Draft Presidential Statement

Submitted by RFE/RL

The statement forwarded by you was initially drafted in connection with a proposed meeting of the President with members of the Board for International Broadcasting, trustees of Radio Liberty and directors of Free Europe, Inc. Since the meeting could not take place, there is no need for a statement along these lines at this time.

The Board will submit an appropriate draft in the event a meeting should be scheduled at some future time.

Executive Director

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

February 13, 1976

MEMORANDUM FOR

RON NESSEN

FROM

ROMORTON

David Abshire, Chairman of the Board for International Broadcasting, gave me this material and considerable verbage on this issue, of which I know nothing.

Dispose of it as you will.



BOARD FOR INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING

United States of America

Suite 430 1030 Fifteenth Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005 202/254-8040

February 11, 1976

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. C. B. Rogers Morton

Counsellor to the President

The White House

SUBJECT:

RFE Credentials at Innsbruck

Olympics

Apropos our conversation of last night attached is a background paper regarding the RFE credentials at the Innsbruck olympics. I feel that it would be very appropriate for the President to make a statement deploring this action.

David M. Abshire Chairman

Attachment





BOARD FOR INTERNATIONAL BROADCASTING

United States of America

Suite 430 1030 Fifteenth Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005 202/254-8040

February 10, 1976

RFE Credentials Lifted at Innsbruck Olympics

The Problem: As as result of Soviet initiatives, Radio Free Europe sports reporters, who have been accredited to every Olympic game since 1952, have been excluded from Innsbruck. The chairman of the International Olympic Committee, Lord Killanin of Ireland, has openly admitted that the exclusion was based on political grounds. If this decision is permitted to stand, a dangerous precedent of political exclusions will have been set for future Olympics—not only Montreal this summer but, more importantly, Moscow in 1980.

Background: There is no evidence that Lord Killanin or other members of the committee are aware that since 1971, RFE and its sister station Radio Liberty have been funded by open Congressional appropriation—at first through the Department of State, and since April 1974 through grants from the Board for International Broadcasting, whose members were appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate. The FY 1976 appropriation for the Board and the Radios, representing more than 99 percent of their funds and a 30 percent increase over FY 1975, was passed without a single recorded dissent in either house of Congress.

There have been Soviet challenges to RFE credentials at previous Olympics, notably Mexico City in 1968 and Munich in 1972, but these have been rejected. RFE has covered the games in a completely non-political manner.

The Facts: On February 4, 1976, the RFE news team at Innsbruck was informed by the Austrian organizing committee that the IOC had ordered the withdrawal of RFE credentials. No reason was given. However, the Tass news agency at 1427 Innsbruck time, followed by Radio Moscow at 1700 Innsbruck time that same day, announced that the Soviet delegation at Innsbruck, supported by radio-TV representatives of Bulgaria, Hungary, Poland, Czechoslovakia and the German Democratic Republic, had challenged the RFE accreditation because (in Radio Moscow's words) RFE "represents no one and engages in slanderous

subversion propaganda against the socialist countries."
The Czechoslovak news agency Ceteka specified that the
Communist initiative in the IOC had come through the Eastbloc Organization for International Radio and Television.

In the face of the initial IOC action February 4, the Austrian organizing committee gave the RFE reporters until February 7 to return their credentials. The Austrian committee has stated repeatedly that in its view, and according to the bylaws of the IOC, RFE had been properly and duly accredited. Some confusion entered the situation when an anonymous IOC spokesman told the Reuters news agency that the credentials had been withdrawn because of a technicality--namely, that RFE credentials had not been formally endorsed by the West German Olympic Committee. However, this alleged technicality was exposed as fraudulent by West German and other journalists on the scene: many other press and radio organizations located in West Germany lacked the same endorsement because of last-minute haste. Thereafter, no further reference was made to the technicality. On February 9, after RFE reporters had left the Olympic grounds, Lord Killanin stated on West German television that RFE had been excluded because "we do not want the Olympic games to be used for propaganda, or as bait for propaganda."

Soviet and Eastern European media, who are in the midst of a major campaign against RFE and RL which charges that they are still controlled by the CIA, continue to take credit for the LOC exclusion of the RFE news team.

Membership of the IOC: In addition to Lord Killanin as chairman, the executive committee of the IOC includes representatives of the FRG, Spain, Brazil, Canada, Japan, Tunisia, Hungary and the U.S.S.R.

CSCE Relevance: The U.S.S.R. and its allies, in their campaign of recent months, have charged that RFE and RL are contrary to the spirit of Helsinki. However, the Final Act of the CSCE declared that the participating states "will favor cooperation among public or private, national or international radio and TV organizations, in particular through the exchange of both live and recorded radio and TV programs, and through the joint, production and the broadcasting and distribution of such programs."

In a clear reference to Soviet and East European jamming, the Final Act declares: "The participating states note the expansion in the dissemination of information broadcast by radio, and express the hope for the continuation of this process, so as to meet the interest of mutual understanding among peoples and the aims set forth by this Conference."

MEMORANDUM OF INFORMATION FOR THE FILE

DATE 7/9/76

LETTER, MEMO, ETC.

TO: Brent Scowcroft

FROM: Clinton Granger

SUBJECT: Kadio Free Europe / Radio Liberty at The Olympics

PR16-1



CORRESPONDENCE FILED CENTRAL FILES - CONFIDENTIAL FILE

Da

July 16, 1976

RE14
Co158

Dear Senator:

This will acknowledge receipt and thank you for your July 14 telegram to the President expressing your concern over reports that the Soviet Union is endeavoring to have press credentials withheld from Radio Free Europe.

Please be assured your message was called promptly to the President's attention upon receipt.

With kindest regards,

Sincerely,

Bill

William T. Kendall Deputy Assistant to the President

The Honorable James L. Buckley United States Senate Washington, D.C. 20510

bcc: w/inc to James Cannon for appro. handling

bcc: w/inc to General Scowcroft - FYI

WTK:JEB:VO:jem

10

RECEIVED

JUL 1 7 1976

CENTRAL FILES