The original documents are located in Box 48, folder "1975/07/07 - Highway Message Signing Ceremony" of the James M. Cannon Files at the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library.

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HIGHWAY SIGNING BILL CEREMONY MONDAY, JULY 7, 1975 11:00 a.m. The Rose Garden

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 4, 1975

HIGHWAY MESSAGE SIGNING CEREMONY AND MEETING WITH GOVERNORS

Monday, July 7, 1975 11:00 a.m. (30 minutes) The Oval Office

From: Jim Cannon

I. PURPOSE

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To sign your Message to the Congress transmitting your proposed Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1975.

II. BACKGROUND, PARTICIPANTS AND PRESS PLAN

A. <u>Background</u>. You are transmitting today to the Congress the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1975, covering fiscal years 1977-1980.

The twenty-year old Highway Trust Fund expires on October 1, 1977.

Your proposal will:

- Extend the Trust Fund indefinitely for the Interstate System only.
- Reduce gasoline tax revenues going into the Trust Fund from the current 4¢ to 1¢. (The other user taxes, e.g., tires, auto and truck parts, will continue to go into the Highway Trust Fund.)

The gasoline tax would break out as follows:

l¢ - into Trust Fund 2¢ - into the General Fund l¢ - repealed in any State which raises its gas tax by at least l¢

- Consolidate the approximately thirty highway categorical grant programs into four broad programs:
 - Interstate System
 - Urban transportation assistance (areas over 50,000 population)
 - Rural transportation assistance
 - Highway safety

The Interstate System will be funded from the Trust Fund and the other three categories from the General Fund.

The essence of your proposal is to give priority to completing those segments of the Interstate System which will make it truly national in scope and to give the States greater control over their transportation programs.

You have met with the Governors present today in your working meetings on your trips around the country and mentioned your ideas on highway legislation to them. This group represents the leadership of the National Governors' Conference. Your bill reflects their input, and consultation has occurred since those meetings.

- B. Participants. See Tab A.
- C. Press Plan.
 - White House Photographer in meeting with Governors.
 - Full coverage (sound and film) of signing in Rose Garden.
 - Secretary Coleman will brief the Press following the signing ceremony.

III. AGENDA

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- Meet with Governors and Secretary Coleman to discuss your highway proposal.
- Move to Rose Garden for signing ceremony.
 - Brief remarks (Talking Points at Tab B)
 - Sign Message (at Tab C)

PARTICIPANTS

Governors

Honorable Robert D. Ray (R), Iowa Chairman, National Governors' Conference

Honorable Calvin L. Rampton (D), Utah Past Chairman, National Governors' Conference

Honorable Arch A. Moore (R), West Virginia

Honorable Mike O'Callaghan' (D) , Nevada

Honorable Robert Bennett (R), Kansas

Honorable Philip Noel (D), Rhode Island

Administration

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William Coleman, Secretary of Transportation Ted Lutz, Deputy Undersecretary of Transportation Joseph Coupal, Federal Highway Administration Deputy Jim Cannon Jim Falk Mike Duval

TALKING POINTS - HIGHWAY MESSAGE

Twenty years ago, President Eisenhower launched this Nation on one of the most ambitious public works programs in history -- construction of the 42,500-mile Interstate Highway. System.

Today, eighty-five percent of the Interstate System is open to traffic. It has proven vital to the Nation's commercial prosperity and to the individual mobility of millions of Americans.

The Highway Trust Fund expires later this year. In preparing my highway proposal, I consulted closely with governors from all regions of the country. I am particularly pleased that leaders of the National Governors' Conference are here with me today.

I am recommending legislation to give priority to completion of key segments of the Interstate System. This will make our highway system truly national in scope by linking centers of population and commerce.

My proposal will also enable State and local governments to deal far more effectively with transportation problems in their areas. Federal restrictions will be simplified and reduced.

This legislation would eliminate overlapping programs and extend the Highway Trust Fund but limit its use to completion and improvement of just the Interstate System. Other highway projects receiving Federal assistance would be funded from the general treasury.

I want to express my appreciation to Secretary Coleman and these Governors who helped me develop this highway proposal. If enacted into law, it will benefit all Americans.

HIGHWAY MESSAGE

Twenty years ago, President Eisenhower sent to the Congress a landmark report on our Nation's highways. That report, and the legislation it inspired, launched the Nation on one of the most ambitious public works programs in history -- construction of the 42,500-mile Interstate Highway System.

Today, eighty-five percent of the Interstate system is open to traffic, and the system has proven vital to the Nation's commercial prosperity and to the individual mobility of millions of Americans.

The Highway Trust Fund which has financed this remarkable program is scheduled to expire on October 1, 1977. I am today recommending legislation to extend the Trust Fund but limit its use to completion and improvement of the Interstate system itself. Other highway projects receiving Federal assistance would be funded through the general treasury.

In addition, I am recommending that income to the Fund be reduced by transferring two cents of the current Federal gasoline tax from the Trust Fund to the general treasury. At the same time, I am recommending that the Federal gasoline tax be reduced by one cent per gallon in those States which increase their State gasoline tax by an equal amount.

In this way, the ability of State and local governments to deal with their own transportation problems will be improved, but costs to the highway user will not be increased. Top priority in this legislation will go to completion of those segments of the Interstate system which will make the system truly national in scope.

I am also proposing consolidation of Federal highway programs under three broadly-based categories, combining some thirty narrow grant-in-aid programs now in existence. The three programs will deal, respectively, with urban transportation, rural transportation and highway safety improvements.

The highway program is a classic example of a Federal program that has expanded over the years into areas of State and local responsibility, distorting the priorities of those governments.

The legislation I propose will refocus the Federal attention on the Interstate System, which is clearly of national significance, and provide flexible aid for other highway construction in a manner which fully respects State and local decision-making roles.

This is consistent with my general philosophy that we should not, at the Federal level, extend our influence into areas which other levels of government can handle better.

As we near our 200th birthday as a Nation, we must select with care the great national efforts we undertake, reflecting the responsibility we all have to preserve the integrity of our Republic. We must limit the Federal role to national concerns, strengthen the authority and resources of State and local governments, and protect the prerogatives of individuals.

I believe this legislation is the most responsible and effective means of meeting the Nation's transportation needs, and I urge the Congress to give prompt and favorable consideration to this legislation.

THE WHITE HOUSE

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July 4, 1975

HIGHWAY MESSAGE SIGNING CEREMONY AND MEETING WITH GOVERNORS

Monday, July 7, 1975 11:00 a.m. (30 minutes) The Oval Office

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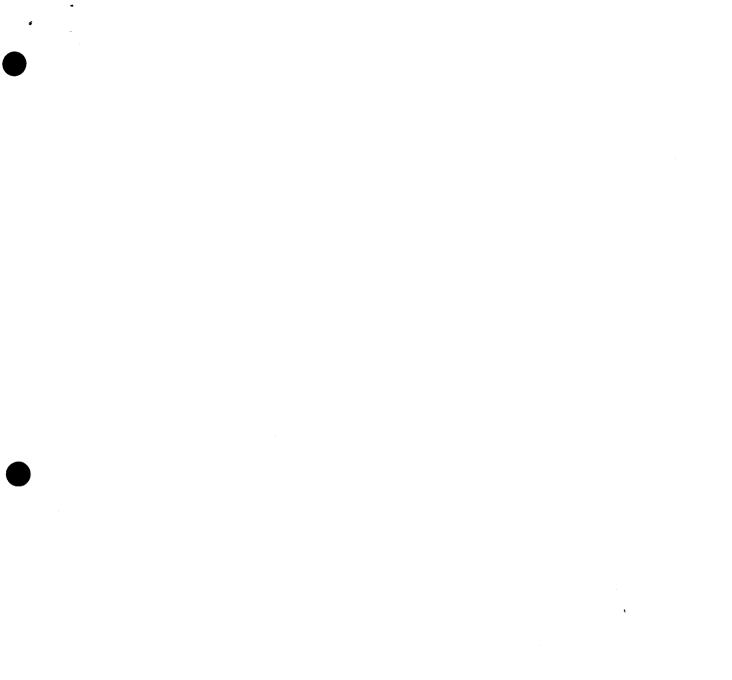
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Tab A

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Tab C

(Duval/Butler)PT

July 4, 1975

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THE WHITE HOUSE

FACT SHEET

FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY ACT OF 1975

The President is transmitting today to the Congress, the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1975. Covering the fiscal years 9 1977-1980, the Act has the following key objectives:

- -- Emphasize the Federal interest in completing and maintaining an effective national Interstate highway system.
- -- Permit new flexibility to State and local officials in utilizing non-Interstate Federal highway assistance.
- -- Provide responsible funding authorizations for the highway program, consistent with other transportation and national priorities.

BACKGROUND

The twenty-year old Highway Trust Fund expires on October 1, 1977. The current Federal-aid highway program consists of approximately thirty categorical programs. Interstate system projects are funded with 90% Federal funds and 10% matching from the States. Other projects are funded on a 70/30 basis.

The 42,500-mile Interstate system is nearly completed with 85% open to traffic.

KEY PROVISIONS OF THE PROPOSAL

-- Program Structure

1. To expedite completion of an <u>inter-city</u> Interstate system, Interstate funding will be gradually increased from the current annual level and the apportionment formula and operating procedures will be revised to place highest priority on expediting the completion of Interstate routes of <u>national</u> significance. Lower priority will be placed on completion of routes primarily serving local needs.

2. To enhance State and local flexibility in using Federal transportation assistance, approximately thirty highway categorical grand programs will be consolidated into four broad programs: Interstate system, urban transportation assistance program (areas over 50,000 population), rural transportation assistance program (any area not covered under the urban program), and the highway safety improvement program. Furthermore, urban, rural, and safety funds will be available for use on highways not on the Federal-aid systems and for projects to improve public transportation.

-- Financing Structure

1. The Highway Trust Fund's October 1, 1977, termination date would be eliminated and the Trust Fund would be extended indefinitely. It would be maintained exclusively for the construction and improvement of the Interstate system.

2. Beginning October 1, 1976, revenues from the Federal gasoline tax going into the Highway Trust Fund would be reduced from four cents to one cent. In addition, the Trust Fund would continue to receive revenues from other user taxes (tires, auto and truck parts, etc.) and the diesel fuel tax.

In view of their close relationship to general community 3. improvement and local transportation needs, all non-Interstate Federal highway programs -- including rural, urban and safety improvement -- would be financed out of the General Fund. Two of the three cents no longer going into the Highway Trust Fund would be returned to the General Fund of the U.S. Treasury.

The remaining one cent of the three cents would be 4. repealed in any State which correspondingly raises its State gasoline tax by at least one cent after September 30, 1976. If a State determines not to increase its own gasoline tax, the excess Federal revenues would go into the General Fund. It would not be mandatory that States use this one cent from the Federal gasoline tax for transportation purposes, though this would be encouraged to meet State needs for matching Federal transportation programs, for State/local highway www. wetren fo maintenance, and for public transportation investments.

	Current	President's Proposal
A)	4¢/gal. gas tax - Trust Fund (approximately \$4 billion per year)	<pre>l¢/gal Highway Trust Fund 2¢/gal Transferred to General Fund l¢/gal Available for State Pre- emption (revenues not preempt, go to General Fund).</pre>
B)	All other highway-related excise taxes - Trust Fund (approx. \$2 billion per year)	No change

FEDERAL HIGHWAY TAXES

REVENUE-FUNDING ESTIMATES

The revised fiscal structure would result in the following estimated revenues for each fiscal year.

REVENUES (\$ in billions)	1977	1978	1979	1980
Highway Trust Fund	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.7
General Fund (highway excise taxes)≮	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2
FUNDING LEVELS 1975 1976	<u>1977</u>	1978	<u>1979</u>	<u>1980</u>
Interstate System Program (Highway Trust Fund)	3.25	3.4	3.55	3.7
Other Non-Interstate Programs <u>l</u> / (General Fund)	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
State Tax Preemption (uses at State discretion)	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1
TOTAL	6.45	6.6	6.85	7.0

1/ In addition to the programs authorized in this bill, programs authorized in companion legislation -- such as the State and Community Grant program for highway safety -- would be shifted to the General Fund.

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