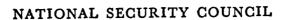
The original documents are located in Box 13, folder "People's Republic of China (9)" of the Presidential Country Files for East Asia and the Pacific at the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library.

Copyright Notice

The copyright law of the United States (Title 17, United States Code) governs the making of photocopies or other reproductions of copyrighted material. The Council donated to the United States of America his copyrights in all of his unpublished writings in National Archives collections. Works prepared by U.S. Government employees as part of their official duties are in the public domain. The copyrights to materials written by other individuals or organizations are presumed to remain with them. If you think any of the information displayed in the PDF is subject to a valid copyright claim, please contact the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library.





6567

October 1, 1975

MEMORANDUM FOR JACK CALKINS

FROM:

Jeanne W. Davis

SUBJECT:

Request for Photos of the President for Bernice Behrens! Delegation to the PRC

In response to your memorandum of September 30 to General Scowcroft, we strongly recommend against providing photos of the President or any other items of the First Family to private organizations visiting the PRC.



Send to Sof 6567

for staffing

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 30, 1975

Memorandum to: General Scowcroft

From: Jack Calkins

Joann Wilson of the Hartmann staff has been contacted by her friend, Mrs. Bernice Behrens of San Francisco, who is the leader of a delegation of 18 prominent American women who will depart very soon for the Peoples' Republic of China as guests of the PRC government. The trip is being made under the aegis of the American Women for International Understanding, which was founded by Mrs. Behrens some years ago.

Mrs. Behrens requested that she be supplied with 20 copies of a photograph of the President and of the First Family for use by the delegation in making presentations while in China.

We feel this request should receive your approval before we comply as there is a possibility that the delegation has already been equipped with some sort of memento for this purpose by the Department of State or other sources.

Mrs. Behrens requested that we respond by Wednesday, October 1 (her request just came in) because Mrs. Jayne Spain, another member of the group, is departing Washington on Thursday, October 2 for the West Coast to tie in with the others and Mrs. Behrens wanted Mrs. Spain to bring the photographs. Therefore, we would appreciate your guidance ASAP.



					1
NSC	CORRE ONDENCE PROFILE		DOC RECD MO DA MO DA HR 9 30 0 1 11 7	506562 Tal	L ACTION O
SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION	KISSINGER SCOWCROFT	COLBY, W CHLESINGER, J T EX SEC	REFER S/S OTHER OTHER S/S OTHER	C EYI	
DISTRIBUTION/INITIAL ACTION ASGMT	ADVANCE CYS TO HAK/SCONCREFT STAFF SECRETARY FAR EAST SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA MID EAST / NO. AFRICA / SO. ASIA EUROPE / CANADA LATIN AMERICA UNITED NATIONS ECONOMIC SCIENTIFIC PROGRAM ANALYSIS NSC PLANNING CONGRESSIONAL OCEANS POLICY INTELLIGENCE	TON TIMEO	REPLY FOR APPROPRIATE ACTI MEMO TO RECOMMENDATIONS JOINT MEMO REFER TO ANY ACTION NECES: CONCURRENCE DUE DATE: COMMENTS: (INCLUDING)	FOR: SARY? SARY? SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS)	
SUBSEQUENT ROUTING/ACTIONS	DATE FROM TO	s	SUBSEQUENT ACTION RE	FORD OR TAKEN!	Drean .
NSC/S DISP INSTR	CROSS REF W/ SUSPENSE CY ATTACHED:	mil d	BY AB	MICROFILM & I	SA SF HP NS WH PA DY

6830

PCM has seen

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

-SECRET/SENSITIVE

ACTION

October 10, 1975

MEMORANDUM FOR GENERAL SCOWCROFT

FROM:

THOMAS J. BARNES

SUBJECT:

Encouraging Peking-Taipei Negotiations

At Tab A is a memorandum to Secretary Kissinger suggesting an authoritative but unofficial overture to the ROC that would expound the arguments for a related but formally separate approach to ROC and U.S. negotiations with Peking. The memorandum outlines the arguments in favor of this approach and recommends that the Secretary authorize us to develop a scenario for such an approach. It also includes suggested talking points on the subject for use in the Secretary's discussions in Peking.

Jay Taylor drafted the memorandum, and I fully concur in it.

RECOMMENDATION:

That you pass the memorandum at Tab A on to Secretary Kissinger and authorize me to provide copies of the memorandum to Win Lord in the State Department.

DISAPPROVE

SECRET/SENSITIVE

NSC MEMO, 11/24/98, STATE DEPT. GUIDELINES HR , NARA, DATE 2/3/03



NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION Presidential Libraries Withdrawal Sheet

WITHDRAWAL ID 012758

REASON FOR WITHDRA	AWAL			National security restriction
TYPE OF MATERIAL				Memorandum
CREATOR'S NAME . RECEIVER'S NAME				Thomas J. Barnes Secretary Kissinger
CREATION DATE .				10/10/1975
VOLUME				4 pages
COLLECTION/SERIES				032400140 NATIONAL SECURITY ADVISER. PRESIDENTIAL COUNTRY FILES FOR EAST ASIA AND THE PACIFIC
BOX NUMBER FOLDER TITLE				13 People's Republic of China (9)
DATE WITHDRAWN WITHDRAWING ARCHIV				

exempt 7/27/2004

SC	CORRESPONDENCE PROFILE			MO D	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	130 INIT	TAL ACTION O
SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION	TO: PRES FROM KISSINGER SCOWCROFT DAVIS SUBJECT: US Govt Q Clune reg	Banner Ba	3, 3 _	se se	REFERENCE: S/S OTHER Ment	UNCLAS LOU C S	AS APPROPRIATE LOG IN/OUT NO FORN NODIS EYES ONLY EXDIS CODEWORD SENSITIVE
DISTRIBUTION/INITIAL ACTION ASGMT	INTERNAL ROUTING AND DISTRIB ADVANCE CYS TO HAK/SCOWCROFT STAFF SECRETARY FAR EAST SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA MID EAST / NO. AFRICA / SO. ASIA EUROPE / CANADA LATIN AMERICA UNITED NATIONS ECONOMIC SCIENTIFIC PROGRAM ANALYSIS NSC PLANNING CONGRESSIONAL OCEANS POLICY INTELLIGENCE		FO	REC CY FOR	ACTION REQUIRED MEMO FOR HAK	FOR:	. · () . · () . · () . · () . · () . · ()
SUBSEQUENT ROUTING/ACTIONS	DATE FROM TO [0][1] SCHAT 10/27 NSY		Dec	SUBS	Scut appr	oved 1	LCOM
NSC/S DISP INSTR	DISPATCH CY RQMTS: SEE ABOVE PLUS: NOTIFY SPECIAL DISPOSITION: CROSS REF W/ SUSPENSE CY ATTACHED:			BY			& FILE ROMTS: BY SA SF HP NS WHEP DY

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

SECRET

URGENT INFORMATION

October 16, 1975

MEMORANDUM FOR: SECRETARY KISSINGER

FROM: WILLIAM L. STEARMAN

SUBJECT: Are There Mutual PRC-U.S. Interests

in Indochina?

The U.S. and China may have few mutual interests in Indochina; therefore, we can probably expect little PRC cooperation in furthering our objectives in this area. Probably neither the Khmer nor the Chinese want us to play any significant role in Cambodia; moreover, the Chinese may be less worried about Hanoi than is generally assumed. Our main concern should be the future of Peking-Hanoi complementary support of the insurgency in Thailand.

Friction Between Hanoi and Peking

Peking-Hanoi relations are certainly cooler now than before the fall of Saigon. This is generally attributed primarily to Sino-Vietnamese competition in Southeast Asia. Actually other factors, not necessarily helpful to us, are probably mainly responsible for this recent chill. In any case, China can handle its problems with Hanoi without any help from us.

The main bone of contention is most likely the continued Vietnamese claims to the Spratleys which first the GVN and now Hanoi have occupied; moreover, Hanoi may still be claiming the Chinese-occupied Paracels. The Chinese also may well resent Hanoi's high-handed treatment of the Khmer for whom the Chinese feel some responsibility. In addition, the victorious North Vietnamese are probably even more insufferable than before -- even towards their allies -- and current demands for Chinese aid may well irritate Peking.

The main question, however, is whether or not China fears Vietnamese hegemony in the area. It has long been assumed by many that China opposes such hegemony because of the USSR's strong influence in North Vietnam which would spread in the wake of Vietnamese conquests in Southeast Asia.

DECLASSIFIED

NSC MEMO, 11/24/98, STATE DEPT. GUIDELINES TO 9/27/02

BY LR NARA DATE 9/3/03

R. FORO LIBRATO

SECRET



This thesis ignores considerable evidence that Peking consistently supported Hanoi's hegemonic goals in Indochina more than did Moscow. Cambodia is a good case in point. After the 1970 coup, Peking supported Hanoi's efforts to build a Khmer political and military apparatus. Moscow, much to Hanoi's displeasure, continued to recognize the Lon Nol government, not the GRUNK.

Why China Supports the Khmer

As it turned out, Hanoi seems to have constructed a kind of Khmer Frankenstein's monster which turned against its North Vietnamese creators. The Chinese would probably prefer not to get involved in this Vietnamese-Khmer dispute; however, the Khmer urgently needed help which they would not ask of the Soviets, whom they still distrust, or the Vietnamese who are hardly in a position to help, even if relations were better. This left the Chinese; moreover, a strong affinity for the Chinese has understandably developed among Khmer leaders. The Chinese also probably feel certain moral and political obligations to the Khmer whose government they officially hosted for five years. In addition, Peking is no doubt critical of the high-handed way in which Hanoi has treated the Khmer (e.g., seizure of Cambodian islands).

Soviet Influence in Hanoi

All of this has little to do with fear of Soviet influence moving in on Hanoi's coattails. It is true that the Chinese have privately expressed concern about growing Soviet influence in Hanoi. This may well be simply part of Peking's persistent campaign to warn Asians and others against Soviet designs in Asia. The Chinese are well aware that many in Asia and elsewhere are convinced of Soviet influence in Hanoi and want to capitalize on this. At the same time, China is firing a shot across Hanoi's bow to be doubly sure the Soviets do not gain any special advantages in Indochina -- specifically base rights. On the other hand, Peking should know the Vietnamese well enough to realize the latter are not going to limit their own independence of action and -- even more important -- risk Chinese animosity by granting the Soviets concessions which Peking would perceive as a threat.

In fact, the putative Soviet influence in Hanoi has so far not been manifested in any way which significantly threatens Chinese interests, for example:

- -- Hanoi has not given the Soviets bases or base rights.
- -- Hanoi has not supported the Soviet campaign for an Asian Collective Security Conference, which China opposes.





-- Hanoi has not supported Soviet efforts to convene an international conference of Communist Parties, which China also opposes.

If Moscow does have much influence in Hanoi, it is hard to see what the Soviets are getting out of it, other than denying China the political and ideological advantage of being Hanoi's principal supporter. (Hanoi, on the other hand, clearly does not want to be too dependent on either of her two major allies.)

U.S. Role in Cambodia

As far as Cambodia is concerned, the Khmer probably do not need or want our help in confronting the Vietnamese; therefore, China is not likely to be interested in a U.S. role in Cambodia. On the other hand, China is promoting Cambodia's international prestige and acceptability -- needed to overcome widespread reports of Khmer Communist excesses -- and in this context would promote U.S.-Khmer contacts such as the Habib-Sarin Chhak meeting in New York. It is highly unlikely that the Chinese would go beyond facilitating cosmetic exchanges between the Khmer and us.

The Future of Peking-Hanoi Roles in the Thai Insurgency

Our real and immediate problem in Southeast Asia is Thailand. This will be the touchstone of Chinese intentions in the area. So far, Peking and Hanoi support for the Thai insurgency has been complementary with no reported friction between the two in respect to objectives in Thailand. The Thai Communist Party leadership is based in and controlled by China. China's support has gone mainly to north Thailand, whereas Hanoi has mostly supported the insurgency in the northeast.

If, as has been recently reported, Hanoi ultimately intends to annex a large part of northeast Thailand to Laos, the Chinese reaction will be interesting. Peking has long accepted (or been resigned to) Hanoi's hegemony in Indochina, and actively helped promote it. (In the last year of the war, for example, China provided Hanoi twice as much war material as did the USSR.) Whether, on the other hand, China will accept Hanoi's hegemony in a large part of Thailand remains to be seen -- if indeed this is Hanoi's goal.



NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

VIA LDX

November 21, 1975

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Mr. George S. Springsteen
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT:

Presidential Visit to the PRC --Commemorative Gift

We would appreciate having your recommendation on presenting the Chinese with a gift to commemorate the President's trip to the PRC. It is our understanding that a lucite paperweight with a Presidential signature card in English and Chinese was used for President Nixon's visit to China. However, there apparently was some confusion over the gift and the Chinese did not understand that the paperweights were for them. We would like to have your views on the appropriateness of a similar gift being given to the Chinese at the reciprocal dinner and your suggestions as to the design.

Jeanne W. Davis Staff Secretary



ATV I'DX

November 21, 1975

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Mr. George S. Springsteen Executive Secretary Department of State

SUBJECT:

Presidential Visit to the PRC --Commemorative Gift

We would appreciate having your recommendation on presenting the Chinese with a gift to commemorate the President's trip to the PRC. It is our understanding that a lucite paperwight with a Presidential signature card in English and Chinese was used for President Nixea's visit to China. However, there apparently was some confusion over the gift and the Chinese did not understand that the paperweights were for them. We would like to have your views on the appropriateness of a similar gift being given to the Chinese at the reciprocal dinner and your suggestions as to the design.

Jeanne W. Davis Staff Secretary

cc: Tom Barnes Gen. Scowcroft

> Maria Downs Marge Wicklein



ME SENT:	RECEIVED:
75 KW 21 PM 5:37	
x na: 640 SITUATION /	
A DIA/G PATE DIA/H RCC TREAS MCC NPIC A ERDA	DESCRIPTION/COMMENT
Trans DAVIS Thank Sain slee	2
Executive Se.	1675



1SC	CORRESPO	NDENCE P	PROFILE			DOC MO I		LOG NE	BR II	ITIAL A	CTION O
	4-10	TIP ETTOE I	KOTILL			-	11 11 229	750 /80	04		
ASS/DESCRIPTION	SCOW(NGER		ST EX	SUGER, J		S/SOTHER	EFERENCE:	LOU C S TS	LOG IN	RN NODIS
LA	,	Dan to	9 600	1	.,00	10	Comm	1	-tun	0	1_
SOURCE/CL	SUBJECT:	equest	Too	1 100	ugg,	11	comm	luga	anne	gy	7
SC	los,	Ones!	4/1set	- 4	All P	20				00	
00	700	1100	00,00		2 / /	_					
S	1										
	INTE	RNAL ROUTING	G AND DISTRIB	UTION			Lastion provin				
				ACTION	I INFO	REC	ACTION REQUIR	RED			
	ADVANCE CY	S TO HAK/SCO	WCROFT		Xz	FOR	MEMO FOR HAK			()
SGMT	STAFF SECRI	ETARY				,	MEMO FOR PRE	s		()
186	FAR EAST	Barn	es		XU		REPLY FOR			()
N N	SUB-SAHARAI	Pro-					APPROPRIATE .	ACTION		()
CTION			O. ASIA				мемо	TO		()
ACT	MID EAST / NO. AFRICA / SO. ASIA						RECOMMENDATI	IONS		()
AL /	LATIN AMERICA						JOINT MEMO			()
							REFER TO				
Z	UNITED NATI	IONS					ANY ACTION NE)
×	ECONOMIC						CONCURRENCE				,
RIBUTION/INITI	SCIENTIFIC						DUE DATE:				/
BU	PROGRAM AN						- DOC DATE.				
	NSC PLANNIN						COMMENTS: (INC	LUDING SPECIA	L INSTRUCTIONS)		
DIST	CONGRESSION		- 4.								
	OCEANS POL		INS M		1						
	INTELLIGEN	SE WICK	lein, M		XL						
			/								
	DATE	FROM	то	5		SUB	SEQUENT ACTION	REQUIRED	(OR TAKEN):		CYTO
	11/21			1	1 -		1	1	6 -	_	1.12
	11/41			1	Java	2 /	age men	us to	punys	lla	11/50)
	01/1			h	DV2	I	0 1	15	, ,	1	1
N S	16				00	1	fer	1	cary	1	
E							/		/		
VAC						/	/				
NG						0					
E											
ROUTING/ACTIONS											
SUBSEQUENT								68.	FORO		
G								12	5		
BS								loc my	77		
SU								10	4		
~	DISPATCH_								37.00	حروري والم	Mark Town
INSTR		EE ABOVE PLU	US:						MICROFIL	M & FIL	E ROMTS:
=	NOTIFY		& DATE			_ BY			M/ flat as A	O BY	
SP	SPECIAL DIS								JANU	0 19	76
D			/						CRT ID	1.01	SA SF
S	CROSS REF W	×/	/						OPEN A		HP NS
NSC/		Y ATTACHED:	1/			FOLDER	₹:		CLOSE MO		WH \ EP
Z										V	PA DY

THE WHITE HOUSE

7905

WASHINGTON

MEETING WITH WOMEN'S ATHLETIC DELEGATION FROM THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

Friday, November 28, 1975 10:30 a.m. (15 minutes) Rose Garden (or State Dining Room in case of rain)

From: Brent Scowcroft

I. PURPOSE

To underline the importance you attach to our relations with the People's Republic of China, and to lend a positive and cordial note to your departure for Peking the next day.

II. BACKGROUND, PARTICIPANTS & PRESS ARRANGEMENTS

- A. Background: This is a basketball delegation of 19 women from the PRC. They will be touring the country and playing exhibition matches on their two week visit to the United States. This exchange tour is being organized by the National Committee on U.S.-China Relations, a private organization which assists the government in the development of cultural exchanges with the Chinese. The Association for Intercollegiate Athletics for Women (AIAW) is assisting the National Committee in promoting this exchange.
- B. Participants: The 19-member basketball team; PRC Liaison Office Deputy Chief Han Hsu; Secretary Kissinger; Brent Scowcroft; Assistant Secretary of State John Richardson; Arthur Rosen, President of the National Committee for U.S.-China Relations; Kay Hutchcraft, Executive Secretary of the AIAW; Peggy Burk, President-elect of the AIAW. (See Tab A for complete list of attendees.)
- C. <u>Press Arrangements:</u> Press photo session. Meeting to be announced.

III. TALKING POINTS

- I am pleased to welcome Mme. Li Shih-hua (pronounced LEE SHIR-HWA) and the other members of the Chinese National Women's Basketball Team. I am also glad to see the Deputy Director of your Liaison Office here, Mr. Han Hsu (HAN SUE).
- 2. The sports exchange program between China and the United States is an important part of our efforts to build normal and constructive ties. Such visits improve our mutual understanding and contribute to the spirit of good will that exists between our two countries.
- 3. Mrs. Ford, Susan and I are looking forward to our trip to your country, which we begin tomorrow morning. While the major purpose of our visit is to hold talks with your leaders, I know we will have a chance to see some of the very interesting historical sites in Peking. I also understand that a sports event has been planned for one evening.
- 4. We attach the greatest importance to our new relationship with the People's Republic, and I welcome this opportunity to learn more about your country -- which I visited in 1972 -- and to exchange ideas with your leaders. I can tell them that in the area of sports exchanges we are making good progress according to the spirit of the Shanghai Communique.
- 5. I understand that you will be playing against the Federal City College tonight in an exhibition match at the University of Maryland's Cole Field House. I know you will receive a warm and friendly reception from the American people, and I wish you good luck.
- 6. I hope you have enjoyed your tour of the White House. Before you leave, let me express appreciation to your host organization, the National Committee on U.S.-China Relations, for its hard work on behalf of exchanges between our two countries. The Committee is making an important contribution to normalizing U.S.-PRC relations. We are proud of the work they are doing.

I also want to thank the officials of the Association for Intercollegiate Athletics for Women for their assistance in promoting this athletic exchange.

Presidential Meeting with a Group of Women basketball Players from

the People's Republic of China, November 28, 1975 at 10:30 a.m.

PRC National Women's Team

Li Shih-hua Pu Chen-kuei Wang Chia-tung Li Ya-pei Hsueh Yin-hsien Hsia Kun Shan Jui-jung Lu Hung Feng Yu-shu Liu Ke-hsien Chang Chin-yun Wang Chiang Lo Hsueh-lien Chu Kuei-vin Li Li-na Sun Wei-kuo Chang Li-chun Sung Chieh Fu Man-shou

U.S. Government Officials

Secretary Kissinger
Brent Scowcroft
John Richardson, Assistant
Secretary of State
Richard Solomon, NSC

National Committee on U.S.- China Relations

Arne de Keijzer
Peggy Blumenthal
Arthur Rosen
Jan Berris
Carmen Santiago
June Mei
Jay Henderson

Association for Intercollegiate Athletics for Women

Barbara Reimann Susan Peplin Darlene May Kay Hutchcraft Peggy Burke

PRC Liaison Office Officials

Han Hsu Chang Chih-hsiang Shen Jo-yun



 \boldsymbol{A}

O THE STATE OF THE

ACTION - 8179

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

CONFIDENTIAL

December 11, 1975

MEMORANDUM FOR:

BRENT SCOWCROFT

FROM:

DAVID ELLIOTT
BOB HORMATS

DENIS CLIFT

SUBJECT:

Manufacture of British
Jet Engines in China

You may remember that two years ago the British were holding preliminary discussions with the PRC concerning the transfer of technology and equipment for manufacturing Rolls Royce Spey 202 engines. This is an after-burning engine with 20,000 pounds thrust which would presumably be used in the Chinese MIG 21's or other supersonic fighters.

At that time, the British Prime Minister sought agreement from the US that we would not block this deal in COCOM. HAK gave an indication to the British that we were not adverse to the deal; however, his position did not constitute a clear statement of approval or disapproval. Subsequently, when the UK tabled this proposal in COCOM, the US (following interagency consideration) and two other countries, entered reservations. The British did not press the question in COCOM, and the matter has been quiescent since then.

Earlier this week, a representative of the British Embassy handed Larry Eagleburger the aide memoire at Tab B, which indicates that Rolls will sign the contract with the Chinese this week. The UK does not plan to submit it for COCOM approval fearing that such approval would be unattainable.

The British argue that inasmuch as the global strategic balance would not be upset by the Chinese manufacture of jet engines for fighter aircraft, and that the Chinese may be on the threshold of this technology themselves, the £90 million deal is too attractive to pass up.

Our main concern in this situation is its impact on COCOM. This will be the first time that a major COCOM partner has baldly exported significant military hardware and technology to a Communist country, while ignoring its COCOM obligation to seek approval within that framework and to abide

-GONFIDENTIAL/GDS

DECLASSIFIED

NSC MEMO, 11/24/98, STATE DEPT. GUIDELINES TD 9/27/02

BY 11R, NARA, DATE 2/3/03

by its findings. This seems to us to have the distinct potential for undermining the viability of COCOM. If the British can export military jet engine manufacturing capability, it is hard to imagine what one would protect through COCOM embargo.

We understand from the staff at DOD that you will be receiving an objection, based on the above arguments, from Clements, who has been made aware of the British intention through Embassy representatives.

It is also worth noting that the failure of COCOM to function effectively may not serve Chinese interests either. Such a breakdown could well lead to Soviet acquisition of advanced technology having important military potential. So while the Chinese security may gain from having Spey engines available to them, in the long run this benefit may be counterbalanced by improvements to Soviet military capability that could flow from the demise of the COCOM embargo system.

Dick Solomon points out that we should take into account the legitimate Chinese interest in improving their defensive capability. If we are successful in denying them a Spey engine manufacturing capacity, we should suggest to the PRC our willingness to explore the possibility of alternatives to meet their needs. Although no acceptable alternative comes immediately to mind, contact with the Chinese might suggest something (perhaps related to lower temperature core technology). You may want to pursue this with HAK upon his return.

The Japanese, who were made aware of the UK action by the British Ambassador in Tokyo, have said that they would like to know the US view before responding. They have also hinted that if the British were allowed to go ahead with this deal, it would be difficult to hold back Japanese manufacturers of military equipment from sales of manufacturing technology.

State is in the process of preparing a note to be delivered tomorrow in London in which the US will "regret" the UK decision to proceed. We think it is very important that we not only express regret, but also explicitly remind the British of their responsibility to submit a case of this type and importance for consideration by the COCOM partners.

We believe it is important to take this position for two reasons: First, there is genuine concern over the impact on COCOM's future effectiveness of the British ignoring it on a deal of this proportion and implications. Second, it will put us in a stronger position to deny acquiescence in the British action, which may be characterised in the US press as putting weapons in the hands of potential adversaries.

-CONFIDENTIAL

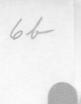
Dick Solomon concurs.

RECOMMENDATION:

That you sign the memorandum today to Ingersoll (Tab A), recommending that the US response to the British aide memoire include a strong statement of US concern over the British plans to bypass COCOM in the Spey engine deal.

You also may want to send a back channel to HAK noting your memorandum to Ingersoll.

Carled to MAK & EnMayter.



A



THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

CONFIDENTIAL

MEMORANDUM FOR

THE DEPUTY SECRETARY OF STATE

SUBJECT:

UK Sale of Spev 202 Engine Manufacturing

Capability to PRC

The British have notified the Administration of their intention to proceed, without COCOM approval, with the transfer of Spey 202 jet engine manufacturing technology and equipment to the Peoples Republic of China. I understand that State is preparing a note to be delivered in London expressing regret that the UK has decided to proceed on this basis.

Because the current British approach will have the effect of undermining COCOM, I believe it important that we express serious concern over the UK's failure to observe its obligation under COCOM, and urge them to reconsider their decision and to submit this proposal to COCOM for review.

Brent Scowcroft

-CONFIDENTIAL/GDS

DECLASSIFIED

E.O. 12958, SEC. 3.5 State Dept Review

RSC MEMO, 11/24/98, STATE DEPT. GUIDELINES TO 9/27/02

WR. HARA, DATE 2/3/03

6 d

В

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION Presidential Libraries Withdrawal Sheet

WITHDRAWAL ID 012762

REASON FOR WITHDRAWAL .		National security restriction
TYPE OF MATERIAL		Notification
CREATOR'S NAME RECEIVER'S NAME		
CREATION DATE		12/09/1975
VOLUME		3 pages
COLLECTION/SERIES/FOLDER COLLECTION TITLE		032400140 NATIONAL SECURITY ADVISER. PRESIDENTIAL COUNTRY FILES FOR EAST ASIA AND THE PACIFIC
BOX NUMBER FOLDER TITLE	: : :	
DATE WITHDRAWN WITHDRAWING ARCHIVIST .		

NSC	CORRESPO	NDENCE P	PROFILE			DOC МО D	RECD A MO DA	HR 260	NBR 8119	INITI	AL ACTIO	OK
SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION	TO: PRES KISSING SCOWCI DAVIS	ROFT X	from:	ST EX S	W SINGER, J			HER		E CO		NODIS
DISTRIBUTION/INITIAL ACTION ASGMT	ADVANCE CYS STAFF SECRE FAR EAST SUB-SAHARAN MID EAST / NO EUROPE / CAN LATIN AMERIC UNITED NATIO ECONOMIC SCIENTIFIC PROGRAM ANA NSC PLANNING CONGRESSION OCEANS POLIC INTELLIGENCE Johnson DATE	TO HAK/SCO TARY AFRICA AFRICA / S NADA A NS LYSIS AL CY	O. ASIA	S	X		MEMO FOR REPLY FOR APPROPRIA MEMO	TE ACTION	FOR:Y?	CTIONS)
SUBSEQUENT ROUTING/ACTIONS	12/15		NSC/S	^ c	Dan	Cro	H cle	2-18)	Cable	P. BERNALO B.	Hak	
NSC/S DISP INSTR	CY RQMTS: SEE ABOVE PLUS: NOTIFY & DATE BY SPECIAL DISPOSITION: CROSS REF W/										FILE RON	SF NS EP
									(NSC 75-2	2)		9

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION Presidential Libraries Withdrawal Sheet

WITHDRAWAL ID 012763

REASON FOR WI	THDRAWAL		National security restriction
TYPE OF MATER	IAL		Memorandum
			Brent Scowcroft The President
CREATION DATE			12/28/1975
VOLUME			1 page
BOX NUMBER .	TLE		NATIONAL SECURITY ADVISER. PRESIDENTIAL COUNTRY FILES FOR EAST ASIA AND THE PACIFIC 13
FOLDER TITLE			People's Republic of China (9)
DATE WITHDRAW WITHDRAWING A			

paretized 919104

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

SECRET/SENSITIVE/EYES ONLY

INFORMATION

December 28, 1975

MEMORANDUM FOR:

THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

BRENT SCOWCROFT

Charge' of the PRC Liaison Office, Ambassador Han Hsu, made the following points:

"If the U.S. fails to deter the Soviet Union in Angola, it would be a signal to the Soviets that the U.S. would stand aside from Soviet moves to control Third World countries.

"This would be the beginning of an irreversible course of eventual Soviet domination over lesser developed countries.

"If this were indeed the case, the PRG, no longer convinced of U.S. will and resolve to stem illegal Soviet advances and to honor its commitment to other nations, would have to reassess its own state of relations with the Soviet Union."

Such a strong statement by a high PRC official on future PRC relations with the Soviet Union is almost unprecedented.

the clear implication was that the PRC might seek an accommodation with the Soviet Union, although Han Hsu's statement left that open to speculation. One other instance in which a similar impression had been given by a high Chinese official occurred several months ago when the PRC Ambassador to the UN, Huang Hua, made a comment to the effect that there were factions in China that had cautioned Chairman Mao against the provocatory line he was taking with the Soviet Union.

Mith PORTIONS EXEMPTED

E.O. 12958 Sec. 1.5 (C.)

acet Junior 9/9/04

MKO4-7/ M/0: C/A Jeb 9/9/04

FORD LIBRARY A PARABILI OF BARARY

NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION Presidential Libraries Withdrawal Sheet

WITHDRAWAL ID 012764

REASON FOR WITHDRAWAL National security restriction
TYPE OF MATERIAL Note
RECEIVER'S NAME The President
CREATION DATE
VOLUME 1 page
COLLECTION/SERIES/FOLDER ID . 032400140 COLLECTION TITLE NATIONAL SECURITY ADVISER. PRESIDENTIAL COUNTRY FILES FOR EAST ASIA AND THE PACIFIC
BOX NUMBER
DATE WITHDRAWN

paintized 9/9/04

76

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

: menos to Pres -

the though of the following points.

DECLASSIFIED • E.O. 12958 Sec. 3.0

With PORTIONS EXEMPTED

E.O. 12958 Sec. 1.5 (6).

27252 August 9127102

MR 04-71, #11: CIA LLL 919164

M del NARA Data 3/20/06



SECRET/SENSITIVE/NODIS

December 26, 1975

EYES ONLY FOR GENERAL SCOWCROFT

Tosco 26

FROM: JOHN MATHENY

General:

Bill Hyland thought you should see this. I am endeavoring to get a copy to Secretary Kissinger.

SECRET/SENSITIVE/NODIS

SENSITIVE EYES ONLY



PRECEDENCE

SECRET SENSITIVE

FOR COMMCENTER USE ONLY

0000 7/ 11

FROM: THE SITUATION ROUN//TOSCO 26//

TO: GENERAL SCOWCROFT (VAIL)

INFO:

DAD CHA

GPS____

LDX ____

PAGES 2/

TTY _____

EYES CYLY

CITE

DTG: 26/90/2 Bec. 75

RELEASED BY:

TOR: 2620000

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:

Tosco 26

EXCLUSIVELY EYES ONLY DELIVER IN SEALED ENVELOPE

SECRET

F SENSITIVE EYES ONLY

UNCLASSIFIED UPON REMOVAL OF CLASSIFIED ATTACHMENTS



NATIONAL ARCHIVES AND RECORDS ADMINISTRATION Presidential Libraries Withdrawal Sheet

WITHDRAWAL ID 012765

REASON FOR WITHDRAWAL National security restriction	
TYPE OF MATERIAL Memorandum of Conversation	
CREATOR'S NAME John Matheny	
CREATION DATE	
VOLUME 1 page	
COLLECTION/SERIES/FOLDER ID . 032400140 COLLECTION TITLE NATIONAL SECURITY ADVISER. PRESIDENT: COUNTRY FILES FOR EAST ASIA AND THE PACIFIC	
BOX NUMBER	
DATE WITHDRAWN	

exempt 1014105