The original documents are located in Box 120, folder "No-Knock" of the Ron Nessen Papers at the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library.

Copyright Notice

The copyright law of the United States (Title 17, United States Code) governs the making of photocopies or other reproductions of copyrighted material. Ron Nessen donated to the United States of America his copyrights in all of his unpublished writings in National Archives collections. Works prepared by U.S. Government employees as part of their official duties are in the public domain. The copyrights to materials written by other individuals or organizations are presumed to remain with them. If you think any of the information displayed in the PDF is subject to a valid copyright claim, please contact the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library.

September 25, 1974

SUBJECT:

CONFEREES AGREE TO REPEAL NO-KNOCK PROVISION

The House Senate Conferees have agreed to repeal the controversial provision which allows police in D.C. to enter and search dwellings without knocking and identifying themselves. Police may now obtain no-knock warrants by persuading the courts that a regular search warrant could lead to destruction of evidence or permit a suspect to escape. If the action is upheld by the House and Senate, authority would be revoked for police to obtain no-knock search and arrest warrants prescribed in the 1970 D.C. Crime Act.

Does the President support the repeal of the no-knock provision?

GUIDANCE: Chief Jerry Wilson has stated that he has no objection to the repeal of this act, and it is my understanding that the D.C. police had used this provision and obtained court permission only five times since it was signed into law in 1971.

Therefore, since it was not used and it appears not to be that necessary, and the Chief of Police did not object to its repeal, the Administration does not oppose its repeal.