## The original documents are located in Box 39, folder "Weekly Briefing Notes, 4/5/1976" of the William J. Baroody Files at the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library.

#### **Copyright Notice**

The copyright law of the United States (Title 17, United States Code) governs the making of photocopies or other reproductions of copyrighted material. Gerald R. Ford donated to the United States of America his copyrights in all of his unpublished writings in National Archives collections. Works prepared by U.S. Government employees as part of their official duties are in the public domain. The copyrights to materials written by other individuals or organizations are presumed to remain with them. If you think any of the information displayed in the PDF is subject to a valid copyright claim, please contact the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library.



## THE VICE PRESIDENT WASHINGTON

April 7, 1976

MEMORANDUM FOR BILL BAROODY

Attached is this week's copy of the Weekly Briefing Notes.

fueson

#### WEEKLY BRIEFING NOTES

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### FOR CALENDER YEAR 1976

April 5,1976

FREQUENCY LEGEND: W=Weekly: M=Monthly; Q=Quarterly; A=Annual; O=Other							
SECTION A-General Economic Indicators	DATE SERIES LAST AP- PEARED IN BRIEFING NOTES						
Part 1-National Income and Product							
A.1.1 (Q) Gross National Product	1/26,2/23 1/26,2/23,3/22 3/22 3/22 1/26,3/15						
Part 2-Employment and Unemployment A.2.1 (M) Unemployment Rate A.2.2 (M) Duration of Unemployment A.2.3 (W) Unemployment Insurance A.2.4 (M) Labor Turnover A.2.5 (M) Help Wanted Index	1/12,2/9,3/8 1/12,2/9,3/8 1/5,2/2,3/1 1/12,3/8						
Part 3-Hours, Earnings and Productivity A.3.1 (M) Average Workweek, Manufacturing	1/19.2/16.3/15 1/19.2/16.3/15 2/2.3/1 1/26.2/23.3/22 1/5.3/1						
Part 4-Production and Trade A.4.1 (W) Industrial Production Index	1/19.2/23.3/22 2/9.3/15 1/12.2/9.3/15						
and Orders	1/5,1/26.2/9,3/1,3/8,3/22 1/5,1/26.3/29 1/12.2/16,3/15 1/12.2/16,3/15						
Inventories and Sales	1/19,2/16,3/22						
Part 5-Foreign Trade and Balance of Payments A.5.1 (M) Exports and Imports							
and Orders of Durable Goods	3/29						



Part 6-Prices A.6.1 (M) Consumer Price Index	
Part 7-Construction A.7.1 (M) Housing Construction	
Part 8-Energy, Raw Materials, and Commodities A.8.1 (W) Distribution of Electric Power	2/9
Part 9-Agriculture A.9.1 (M) Farm Income and Expenses	1/5,2/2,3/1
Part 10-Money and Credit A.10.1 (W) Money Stock Measures	3/15
A.10.2 (W) Bank Peserves	
Part 11-Indicators of Business Activity A.11.1 (M) Composite Index of Leading Indicators A.11.2 (M) New Business Incorporations A.11.3 (M) Number of Business Failures	
Part 12-Transportation A.12.1 (O) Commodity Transportation	2/9

#### Section B-General Social Indicators

Part 1-Population	
B.1.1 Population Estimates	
(M)-Total Population	
(A)-Total Population by Age, Sex, Race	3/15
(A)-Rate of Growth	
(A)-Components of Change (Birth, Death,	
Net Immigration)	2/2,3/15
(A)-Abortions	
(A)-Total Fertility	
(0)-Population Projections	
B.1.2 Population Distribution	
(0)-Population by Size of Place	1 /10
(0)-Population in Rural and Urban Areas	1/12
B.1.3 Migration	
(A)-Recent Movers	
(A)-Migration by Region	
Dank A The Family	
Part 2-The Family B.2.1 Living Arrangements. Selected Characteristics	
	1/10 2/0
(A) -Age, Sex, and Race	1/19.3/8
(A)-Single Person Households	1/19
(A)-Average Family Size	3/8
B.2.2 Family Formation and Dissolution	3/0
(A)-Marital Status of the Population	1/19
(M)-Marriage and Divorce Rates	1/19,3/15
(A)-Marriages Ending in Divorce	17 13,07 10
B.2.3 (0)-Attitudes Towards Family Life	
b.z.o (0) Attitudes found as family zife	
Part 3-Health	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth	3/15
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth	3/15
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth	3/15 3/15
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth (A)-At Selected Ages (M,A)-Death Rates by Cause (A)-Leading Causes of Death (M,A)-Infant Mortality	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth (A)-At Selected Ages (M,A)-Death Rates by Cause (A)-Leading Causes of Death (M,A)-Infant Mortality B.3.2 Morbidity (M)-Communicable Diseases	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth (A)-At Selected Ages (M.A)-Death Rates by Cause. (A)-Leading Causes of Death (M,A)-Infant Mortality B.3.2 Morbidity (M)-Communicable Diseases (A)-Acute Iliness B.3.3 Disability	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth (A)-At Selected Ages (M,A)-Death Rates by Cause. (A)-Leading Causes of Death (M,A)-Infant Mortality B.3.2 Morbidity (M)-Communicable Diseases (A)-Acute Illness B.3.3 Disability (O)-Days of Disability by Type	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth (A)-At Selected Ages (M.A)-Death Rates by Cause. (A)-Leading Causes of Death (M,A)-Infant Mortality B.3.2 Morbidity (M)-Communicable Diseases (A)-Acute Iliness B.3.3 Disability	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth (A)-At Selected Ages (M,A)-Death Rates by Cause (A)-Leading Causes of Death (M,A)-Infant Mortality B.3.2 Morbidity (M)-Communicable Diseases (A)-Acute Illness B.3.3 Disability (O)-Days of Disability by Type (O)-Institutionalized Population (A)-Disability by Degree of Limitation and Cause	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth (A)-At Selected Ages (M,A)-Death Rates by Cause. (A)-Leading Causes of Death (M,A)-Infant Mortality B.3.2 Morbidity (M)-Communicable Diseases (A)-Acute Illness B.3.3 Disability (O)-Days of Disability by Type (O)-Institutionalized Population (A)-Disability by Degree of Limitation and Cause (A)-Short-Term Disability	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth (A)-At Selected Ages (M,A)-Death Rates by Cause (A)-Leading Causes of Death (M,A)-Infant Mortality B.3.2 Morbidity (M)-Communicable Diseases (A)-Acute Illness B.3.3 Disability (O)-Days of Disability by Type (O)-Institutionalized Population (A)-Disability by Degree of Limitation and Cause (A)-Short-Term Disability.	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth (A)-At Selected Ages (M.A)-Death Rates by Cause. (A)-Leading Causes of Death (M.A)-Infant Mortality. B.3.2 Morbidity (M)-Communicable Diseases (A)-Acute Illness B.3.3 Disability (O)-Days of Disability by Type (O)-Institutionalized Population (A)-Disability by Degree of Limitation and Cause (A)-Short-Term Disability. B.3.4 Health Status -Nutrition	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth (A)-At Selected Ages (M.A)-Death Rates by Cause. (A)-Leading Causes of Death (M,A)-Infant Mortality B.3.2 Morbidity (M)-Communicable Diseases (A)-Acute Illness B.3.3 Disability (O)-Days of Disability by Type (O)-Institutionalized Population (A)-Disability by Degree of Limitation and Cause (A)-Short-Term Disability.  B.3.4 Health Status -Nutrition (O) o Dietary Intake	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth (A)-At Selected Ages (M.A)-Death Rates by Cause. (A)-Leading Causes of Death (M.A)-Infant Mortality. B.3.2 Morbidity (M)-Communicable Diseases (A)-Acute Illness B.3.3 Disability (O)-Days of Disability by Type (O)-Institutionalized Population (A)-Disability by Degree of Limitation and Cause (A)-Short-Term Disability. B.3.4 Health Status -Nutrition	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth. (A)-At Selected Ages. (M.A)-Death Rates by Cause. (A)-Leading Causes of Death. (M,A)-Infant Mortality.  B.3.2 Morbidity (M)-Communicable Diseases. (A)-Acute Illness.  B.3.3 Disability (O)-Days of Disability by Type. (O)-Institutionalized Population. (A)-Disability by Degree of Limitation and Cause. (A)-Short-Term Disability.  B.3.4 Health Status -Nutrition (O) o Dietary Intake. (O) o Clinical Measurements.	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth (A)-At Selected Ages (M,A)-Death Rates by Cause (M,A)-Leading Causes of Death (M,A)-Infant Mortality. B.3.2 Morbidity (M)-Communicable Diseases (A)-Acute Iliness. B.3.3 Disability (O)-Days of Disability by Type (O)-Institutionalized Population (A)-Disability by Degree of Limitation and Cause (A)-Short-Term Disability. B.3.4 Health Status -Nutrition (O) o Dietary Intake (O) Obesity	
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth (A)-At Selected Ages (M,A)-Death Rates by Cause. (A)-Leading Causes of Death (M,A)-Infant Mortality.  B.3.2 Morbidity (M)-Communicable Diseases (A)-Acute Illness  B.3.3 Disability (O)-Days of Disability by Type (O)-Institutionalized Population (A)-Disability by Degree of Limitation and Cause (A)-Short-Term Disability.  B.3.4 Health Status -Nutrition (O) o Dietary Intake (O) o Clinical Measurements  (O) ObesityDrugs	3/15
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth (A)-At Selected Ages (M,A)-Death Rates by Cause (A)-Leading Causes of Death (M,A)-Infant Mortality B.3.2 Morbidity (M)-Communicable Diseases (A)-Acute Illness B.3.3 Disability (O)-Days of Disability by Type (O)-Institutionalized Population (A)-Disability by Degree of Limitation and Cause (A)-Short-Term Disability. B.3.4 Health Status -Nutrition (O) o Dietary Intake (O) o Clinical Measurements (O) ObesityDrugs (M) o Drug Deaths	3/15
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth (A)-At Selected Ages (M,A)-Death Rates by Cause (A)-Leading Causes of Death (M,A)-Infant Mortality.  B.3.2 Morbidity (M)-Communicable Diseases (A)-Acute Illness B.3.3 Disability (O)-Days of Disability by Type (O)-Institutionalized Population (A)-Disability by Degree of Limitation and Cause (A)-Short-Term Disability.  B.3.4 Health Status -Nutrition (O) o Dietary Intake (O) o Clinical Measurements  (O) ObesityDrugs (M) o Drug Deaths (M) o Drug Deaths (M) o Drug Abuse Episodes	3/15
Part 3-Health B.3.1 Life Expectancy (A)-At Birth (A)-At Selected Ages (M,A)-Death Rates by Cause (A)-Leading Causes of Death (M,A)-Infant Mortality B.3.2 Morbidity (M)-Communicable Diseases (A)-Acute Illness B.3.3 Disability (O)-Days of Disability by Type (O)-Institutionalized Population (A)-Disability by Degree of Limitation and Cause (A)-Short-Term Disability. B.3.4 Health Status -Nutrition (O) o Dietary Intake (O) o Clinical Measurements (O) ObesityDrugs (M) o Drug Deaths	3/15

(O)-Physical Fitness
(0)-Perceived Health Status
B.3.5 Health Care Delivery
(A)-Physician and Dental Visits
(A)-Costs and Expenditures
(A)-Facilities
(A)-Personnel
(0)-Attitudes Toward Health Care
(b) At the desired the difference of the differe
Pant 4 Education
Part 4-Education
B.4.1 Educational Achievement, Selected Characteristics
(O)-Math, Science, Reading, Writing
(0)-Music, Art, Literature, Citizenship
B.4.2 Attainment
(A)-High School Graduation Rate
(A)-The High School Educated
Population by Race and Sex
(A)-College Educated Population
by Race and Sex
B.4.3 School Enrollment
(A)-Primary and Secondary School
(A)-Preprimary by Age, Race, Income
(A)-Modal Grade Enrollment by Sex.
Race and Age
(0)-High School Students
Expecting to go to College
(O)-College Entrance Rates by Sex,
Race, and Socioeconomic Status
(A)-College Enrollment
(O)-Participation in Adult Education
8.4.4 Educational Facilities and Personnel
(A)-Schools, Classrooms
(A)-Teachers, Administrative. Others
B.4.5 Costs and Expenditures
(0)-Expected Student Expenses.
Higher Education
(A)-Expenditures by Level of Government
(A)-Primary and Secondary School
(A)-Primary and Secondary School
Pane 5 March
Part 5-Work
B.5.1 Labor Force, Employment and Unemployment
(A)-Labor Force Participation
(A)-Part-time, Part-year Workers
(A)-Employment by Occupation
(M,A)-Unemployment
(Q)-Discouraged Workers
(A)-Labor Union Membership
B.5.2 Earnings
(A)-Median Earnings
B.5.3 Working Conditions
(A)-Regular and Overtime Hours
(A)-Work Injuries by Occupation
(O)-Time, Distance, and Mode of Transportation
to Work
B.5.4 Benefits
(0)-Vacations, Holidays
(A)-Benefit Plans
B.5.5 Retirement

(A)-Persons Retiring From Work	
Part 6-Income, Consumption, and Wealth	
B.6.1 Income Levels (A)-Median Family Income	2/2
(A)-Per Capita Income  B.6.2 Distribution of Income (A)-Age,Race, and Sex (A)-Regional Differences	
B.6.3 Poverty	2/2
(Q)-Personal Consumption Expenditures	2/2
<pre>B.6.5 Wealth    (0)-Wealth and Net Worth of Consumer Units</pre>	
(O)-Composition of Wealth	
B.6.7 Consumer Attitudes	2/2
Part 7-Housing B.7.1 Housing Conditions (A)-Average Size of Households	
by Size, Race, Tenure, and Location  (A)-Average Number of Persons Per Room  B.7.2 Home Tenure  (A)-Single Family Dwellings	
(A)-Condominiums and Other Multi- Unit Structures	1/5
(A)-Average Mortgage Payments	1/5
Part 8-Leisure and Recreation B.8.1 Use of Leisure Time	
<pre>B.8.2 Recreation   (0)-Outdoor (Social, Active Sports, etc)   (A.O)-Indoor (Television, Visiting, Other)</pre>	
Part 9-Public Safety B.9.1 Crimes Known to Police (Q,A)-Violent	1/5
(Q,A)-Property	1/5

#### Table of Contents-Continued (A)-Violent....... B.9.3(0) Fear of Crime, Selected Characteristics..... B.9.4 Police Activity (A)-Persons Arrested by Charge...... (A)-Offenses Cleared...... B.9.5 Judicial Activity (A)-Persons Sentenced for Federal Crimes..... B.9.6 Prisoners: Adults and Juveniles (A)-Prisoners by Sentence,..... (A)-Average Length of Sentence...... (A)-Persons Executed and Sentenced to Death..... (A)-Average Prison Population...... B.9.7(A) Expenditures for Administration of Criminal Justice..... B.9.8 Selected Studies

#### SECTION C-Government Activity

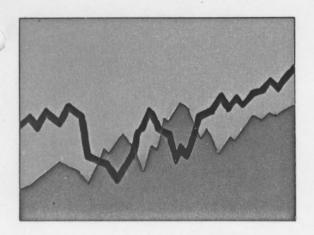
	-Social Welfare and Security	
C.1.0	Social Welfare and Security-General	2/16
C.1.1	Social Security (OASDHI)	
	(M) -Current Beneficiaries	
	(M) -New Beneficiaries	
	(M) -Average Payment	
C.1.2	Old Age Assistance	
	(M) -Benefits Paid	
	(M) -Recipients	
C.1.3	Aid to the Disabled	
	(M) -Blind	
	(M) -Deaf	
	(M) -Other	
C.1.4	Aid to Families with Dependent Children	
••••	(M) -Recipients	
	(M) -Benefits	
C.1.5	Unemployment Insurance Coverage	
<b>UU</b>	(M) -Benefits Paid	
	(M) -Recipients	
C.1.6	Housing Assistance	
0.1.0	(M) -Recipients	
	(M) -Benefits	
C.1.7	Food Stamps	
C. 1.7	(M) -Recipients	
	(M) -Benefits	
C.1.8		
Ç.1.0	Aid to Disaster Victims (A) -Recipients	
	(A) Recipients	
	(A) -Benefits	
C.1.9	Veterans Benefits	
	(M) -Recipients	
	(M) -Benefits	
D=-4 0	P 1 D a s A to a l b c	
	-Equal Opportunity	
C.2.1	Equal Employment Opportunity	4 /00
	(A) -Minority Employment	1/26
	(A) -Earnings, Promotions, etc	1/26
	Only of December 1997	
C.2.2	School Desegregation	
	(A) -Students Attending Predominantly	
	Minority Schools	
	(A) -Public/Private Enrollment	
	and Control	
_		
	-Government Operation	
C.3.1	Federal Employment	
	(M) -Employees	1/26
	(M) -Payroll	1/26
C.3.2	State and Local Employment	
	(M) -Employees	
	(M) -Payroll	

#### SECTION D-Environment, Science, Culture

	-Environment
D.1.1	Air Quality
	(A) -Amount of Pollutants Released
	Into the Atmosphere
	(A) -Ambient Air Quality, Nationwide,
	Major Cities
	(0) -Perceived Quality
D.1.2	Water Quality
	(A) -Miles of Streams Meeting EPA Standards
	(A) -Oil Spills, Fish Kills
	(0) -Eutrophication of Lakes
D.1.3(	0) Hazardous Substances
	(A) -Amounts Produced
	(A) -Concentration in Biosphere
D.1.4	Ecological Balances
	(A) -Endangered Species (Plant and Animal)
	(0) -Critical Areas (Coastal Zones)
	(A) -Land/People Density
	-Science
D.2.1	Professionals in Basic Research
	(A) -By Speciality
	(A) -Person Years of Scientists,
	Engineers Engaged in R&D
D.2.2	Expenditures for Research and Development
	(A) -Private Industry
	(A) -Government
D.2.3	Science Achievement in Schools
	(0) -Secondary Schools
	(0) -Higher Education
D.2.4	Public Attitudes
	Toward Science and Technology
	-Culture
D.3.1	(0) Persons Employed in Artistic Professions
	(0) Children's Skill and Appreciation of
	Literature, Arts, Music
D.3.3	Participation in Cultural Activities
	(A) -Voluntary Organizations
	(A) -Travel
	(A) -Hobbies, Sports, Music, etc
D.3.4	Attendance at Cultural Events
	(A) -Plays, Galleries, Motion Pictures
	(A) -Concerts, Museums, etc
	,

#### SECTION E-Selected Subjects

E.O.1	(A)	-Spanish Origin Population	
E.0.2	(A)	-Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Population	
E.0.3	(0)	-Shareownership of Public Corporations	1/19
E.0.4	(0)	-Driver Licenses	1/19
E.0.5	(0)	-Trends in Employment of College and University	
		Graduates in Business and Industry	3/1
E.0.6	(A)	-Motor Vehicle Facts	3/29



# WEEKLY BRIEFING NOTES ON U.S. DOMESTIC DEVELOPMENTS



Prepared for the President and the Vice President

**APRIL 5, 1976** 

COMPILED BY THE FEDERAL STATISTICAL SYSTEM

# Coordinated by the Bureau of the Census at the request of the Statistical Policy Division, Office of Management and Budget

Vincent P. Barabba, Director Bureau of the Census Joseph W. Duncan,
Deputy Associate Director
for Statistical Policy
Office of Management and Budget



## SOURCES OF DATA

#### **Unemployment Rates**

U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States"

#### **Duration of Unemployment**

U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States"

#### Labor Turnover in Manufacturing

U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Employment and Earnings Statistics for the United States"

#### Index of Help Wanted Advertising

The Conference Board

#### Work Stoppages

Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Monthly Labor Review"



#### Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders," Series M3-1

#### Wholesale Trade

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Monthly Wholesale Trade Report"

#### Manufacturers' Export Sales and Orders of Durable Goods

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census "Manufacturers' Export Sales and Orders of Durable Goods"

#### Wholesale Price Index

U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, "Wholesale Price Index"

#### **Housing Construction**

National Association of Realtors, "Existing Home Sales"

#### Value of New Construction Work Done

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, "Value of New Construction Put in Place"

#### Agricultural Prices

U.S. Department of Agriculture, Crop Reporting Board

#### Composite Index of Leading Indicators

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, "Business Conditions Digest"

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

SERIE	ES RAY		WEEKLY	MONTHLY	QUARTERLY	ANNUAL	OTHER	
SECT	TION A—General Economic Indicators							
A.1.1 A.1.2 A.1.3 A.1.4 A.1.5	-National Income and Product Gross National Product Personal Income Corporate Profits Federal Receipts and Expenditures Business Investment			x	X X X			
	-Employment and Unemployment							
A.2.1	Unemployment Rate	The state of the s		X				
A.2.2 A.2.3	Duration of Unemployment		V	X				
A.2.4	Unemployment Insurance		X	X		199		
A.2.4 A.2.5	Labor Turnover			X				
				^				
Part 3- A.3.1	-Hours, Earnings, and Productivity  Average Workweek, Manufacturing			X.				
A.3.2	Compensation Per Man-Hour			X				
A.3.3	Productivity Indexes				X			
A.3.4	Real Earnings			X				
A.3.5	Work Stoppages			X				
David 4	Production and Trade							
A.4.1								
A.4.2	Industrial Production Index		V	X				
A.4.3	Production and Sales of Transportation Equipment		X	V				
A.4.4	Production and Sales of Transportation Equipment			X				
A.4.5	Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders			X	Х			
A.4.6	Capacity Utilization			х	^			
A.4.7	Wholesale Trade: Sales and Inventories			X				
A.4.8	Manufacturing and Trade Inventories and Sales			X				
A.4.9	Manufacturers' Evaluation of Their Inventories			^	X			
					^			
	-Foreign Trade and Balance of Payments							
A.5.1	Exports and Imports			X				
A.5.2	Manufacturers' Export Sales and Orders of Durable Goods			X				
A.5.3	Balance of Payments				X			
A.5.4	Foreign Travel					X		
Part 6	-Prices						,	
A.6.1	Consumer Price Index			x				
A.6.2	Wholesale Price Index	- 4		X				
A.6.3	Tuesday Spot Market Price Index		х					
71.0.0	Tuosaay Spot market Trice mack		^			1	1	-

TARA RAA	1	1_			1 1
SERIES	WEEKLY	MONTHLY	QUARTERLY	ANNUAL	OTHER
SECTION A—General Economic Indicators (Continued)	×	×	00	A	10
Part 7—Construction  A.7.1 Housing Construction		X			
Part 8—Energy, Raw Materials, and Commodities  A.8.1 Distribution of Electric Power		x			
Part 9—Agriculture					
A.9.1 Farm Income and Expenses		X			
Part 10—Money and Credit A.10.1 Money Stock Measures A.10.2 Bank Reserves A.10.3 Consumer Credit A.10.4 Common Stock Prices A.10.5 U.S. Government Securities A.10.6 Business Credit A.10.7 Interest Rates	X X X	x			
Part 11—Indicators of Business Activity				ija-	
A.11.1 Composite Index of Leading Indicators  A.11.2 Number of New Business Incorporations  A.11.3 Number of Business Failures		XXX			
Part 12 - Transportation					
A.12.1 Land					X
SECTION B—General Social Indicators					
Part 1—Population					
B.1.1 Population Estimates  — Total Population		X	X X X X		
B.1.2 Population Distribution  — Population by Size of Place  — Population in Rural and Urban Areas			X		
B.1.3 Migration  — Recent Movers  — Migration by Region			×		

A. FORD

IADL	E OF CONTENTS—Continued						
SERII	ES OTHER ARE	WEEKLY	MONTHLY	QUARTERLY	ANNUAL	ОТНЕК	ب
SECT	ION B—General Social Indicators (Continued)						
Part 2	-The Family						
B.2.1	Living Arrangements, Selected Characteristics  — Age, Sex, and Race				X X X		
B.2.2	Family Formation and Dissolution  — Marital Status of the Population		×		x x		
B.2.3	Attitudes Towards Family Life					x	
Part 3	Health						
B.3.1	Life Expectancy  — At Birth  — At Selected Ages  — Death Rates by Cause  — Leading Causes of Death  — Infant Mortality		×		X X X X		_
B.3.2	Morbidity  — Communicable Diseases		×		×		
B.3.3	Disability  — Days of Disability by Type				X X	××	
B.3.4	Health Status  - Nutrition  • Dietary Intake  • Clinical Measurements  - Obesity  - Drugs  • Drug Deaths		×			x x x	
·	<ul> <li>Drug Abuse Episodes</li> <li>Liquor Consumption</li> <li>Smoking</li> <li>Physical Fitness</li> <li>Perceived Health Status</li> </ul>		X		X	××	

SERIES	WEEKLY	MONTHLY	QUARTERLY	ANNUAL	OTHER
SECTION B—General Social Indicators (Continued)					
B.3.5 Health Care Delivery  — Physician and Dental Visits  — Costs and Expenditures  — Facilities  — Personnel  — Attitudes Towards Health Care				X X X	×
Part 4—Education					
B.4.1 Educational Achievement by Sex, Race, Socioeconomic Status, Region  — Math, Science, Reading, Writing					x x
B.4.2 Attainment  — High School Graduation Rate				X X X	
B.4.3 School Enrollment  — Primary and Secondary School  — Preprimary by Age, Race, Income  — Modal Age Enrollment by Sex, Race  — High School Students Expecting to go to College  — College Entrance Rates by Sex, Race, Socioeconomic Status  — College Enrollment				X X X	××
- Participation in Adult Education				^	x
B.4.4 Educational Facilities and Personnel  — Schools, Classrooms				X X	
B.4.5 Costs and Expenditures  — Expected Student Expenses, Higher Education  — Expenditures by Level of Government		:		x	x
Part 5—Work					
B.5.1 Labor Force, Employment, and Unemployment  — Labor Force Participation, Selected Characteristics  — Part-time, Part-year Workers, Selected Characteristics  — Employment by Occupation, Selected Characteristics  — Unemployment, Selected Characteristics  — Discouraged Workers  — Labor Union Membership		x	x	X X X	
B.5.2 Earnings					
Median Earnings, Selected Characteristics				x	

	4. FORDE		ı	ا ا	1	ı	
SERI	ES 8 RAA A	WEEKLY	MONTHLY	QUARTERLY	ANNUAL	ОТНЕК	
SEC1	FION B—General Social Indicators (Continued)	=	2	O	*	0	
B.5.3	Working Conditions  Regular and Overtime Hours, Selected Characteristics				X X	x	,
B.5.4	Benefits  — Vacations, Holidays				x	x	
B.5.5	Retirement  — Persons Retiring From Work				x	X	
Part 6 B.6.1	Income, Consumption, and Wealth Income Levels  — Median Family Income  — Composition of Family Income  — Per Capita Income		:		X X X		
B.6.2	Distribution of Income  — Age, Race, and Sex				X X		
B.6.3	Poverty				х		
B.6.4	Consumption  — Personal Consumption Expenditures			x	x		
B.6.5	Wealth  — Net Worth of Consumer Units  — Composition of Wealth					X X	
B.6.6	Consumer Borrowing and Debt  — Amount of Debt Outstanding				X X		
B.6.7	Consumer Attitudes			х			
	-Housing						
B.7.1	Housing Conditions  — Average Size of Households				x		
	and Location				X		

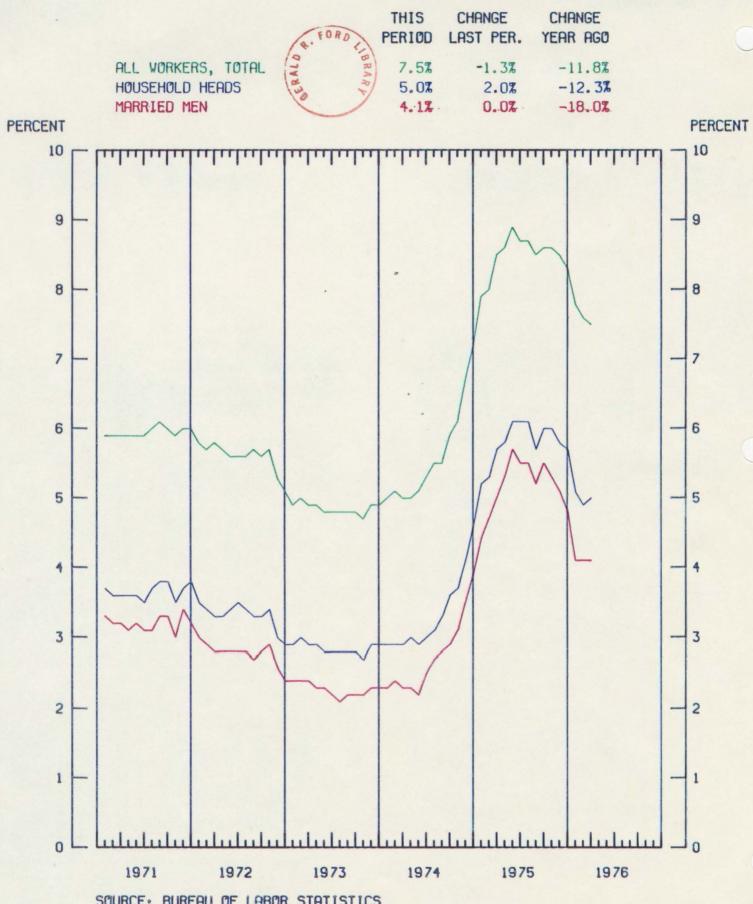
	4. FORD	1	ı	I 👡 I	ì	
SERII	ES RAAP	WEEKLY	MONTHLY	QUARTERLY	ANNUAL	ОТНЕК
SECT	ION B—Socioeconomic Series (Continued)	5	2	0	¥	0
B.7.2	Home Tenure  - Single Family Dwellings  - Mobile Homes  - Condominiums and Other Multiunit Structures  - Vacation Homes				X X X	
B.7.3	Cost and Expenditures  - Average Mortgage Payments  - Upkeep and Maintenance  - Average Rental Payments				X X X	
B.7.4	Attitudes Towards Housing and the Community					x
Part 8-	-Leisure and Recreation					
B.8.1	Use of Leisure Time					x
B.8.2	Recreation  — Outdoor (Social, Active Sports, etc.)  — Indoor (Television, Visiting, Other)				×	××
Part 9-	-Public Safety					
B.9.1	Crimes Known to Police  - Violent			X	X X	
B.9.2	Victims of Crime, Selected Characteristics  — Violent				X X	
B.9.3	Fear of Crime, Selected Characteristics					x
B.9.4	Police Activity  — Persons Arrested by Charge  — Offenses Cleared				X X	
B.9.5	Judicial Activity  — Persons Sentenced for Federal Crimes				x	
B.9.6	Prisoners, Adults and Juveniles  — Prisoners by Sentence				X X X	
B.9.7	Expenditures for Administration of Criminal Justice				×	
B.9.8	Selected Studies					

SERIES  SECTION C—Government Activity	WEEKLY	MONTHLY	QUARTERLY	ANNUAL	ОТНЕЯ	
Part 1—Social Welfare and Security						
C.1.1 Social Security (OASDHI)  — Current Beneficiaries  — New Beneficiaries  — Average Payment		X X X				
C.1.2 Old Age Assistance  - Benefits Paid		X				
C.1.3 Aid to the Disabled  — Blind		X				
C.1.4 Aid to Families With Dependent Children  — Recipients		X				
C.1.5 Unemployment Insurance Coverage  — Benefits Paid		X				
C.1.6 Housing Assistance  — Recipients		X				
C.1.7 Food Stamps  — Recipients		X				
C.1.8 Aid to Disaster Victims  — Recipients				X		
C.1.9 Veterans Benefits  — Recipients  — Benefits		××				
Part 2—Equal Opportunity						
C.2.1 Equal Employment Opportunity  — Minority Employment				X X		
C.2.2 School Desegregation  — Students Attending Predominantly Minority Schools				X X		

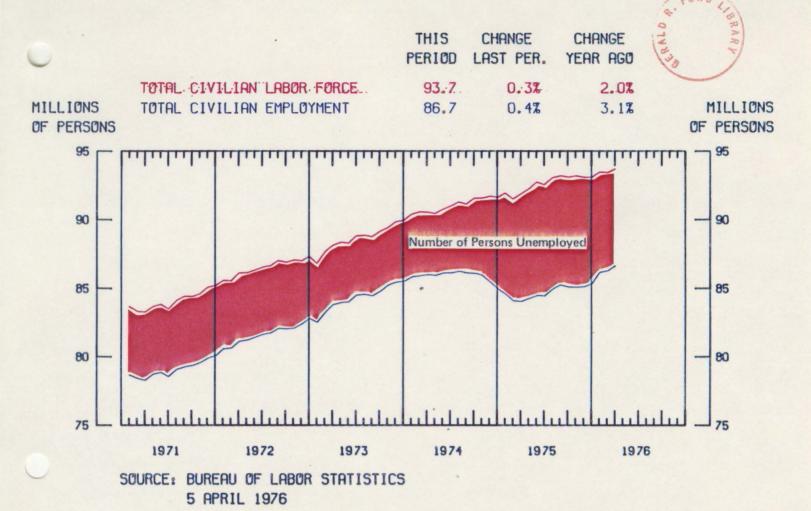
SERIES  SECTION C—Government Activity (Continued)	7 17 47 18	MONTHLY	QUARTERLY	ANNUAL	OTHER
Part 3—Government Operation C.3.1 Federal Employment					
Employees		X			
C.3.2 State and Local Employment and Finances  — Employees		X			
SECTION D—Environment, Science, Culture					
Part 1—Environment					
D.1.1 Air Quality  — Amount of Pollutants Released Into the Atmosphere  — Ambient Air Quality-National, Major Cities				××	×
D.1.2 Water Quality  - Miles of Streams Meeting EPA Standards				X	
D.1.3 Hazardous Substances  — Estimated Amounts Produced				X	
D.1.4 Ecological Balances  — Endangered Species (Plant and Animal)  — Critical Areas (Coastal Zones)  — Land/People Density				x	x
Part 2—Science					
D.2.1 Professionals in Scientific Fields  — By Specialty				X	
D.2.2 Expenditures for Research and Development  — Private Industry				X	
D.2.3 Science Achievement in Schools  — Secondary Schools					X X

SERI SECT	TION D—Environment, Science, Culture	WEEKLY	MONTHLY	QUARTERLY	ANNUAL	OTHER	
D.2.4	Public Attitudes Towards Science and Technology				x		
Part 3	–Culture						
D.3.1	Persons Employed in Artistic Professions  — By Type	1				x	
D.3.2	Children's Skill and Appreciation of Literature Arts, Music					x	
D.3.3	Participation in Cultural Activities  — Voluntary Organizations				X X	х	
D.3.4	Attendance at Cultural Events  — Plays, Galleries, Motion Pictures				X X		
SECT	ION E—Selected Subjects						

## A.2.1 - Unemployment Rate

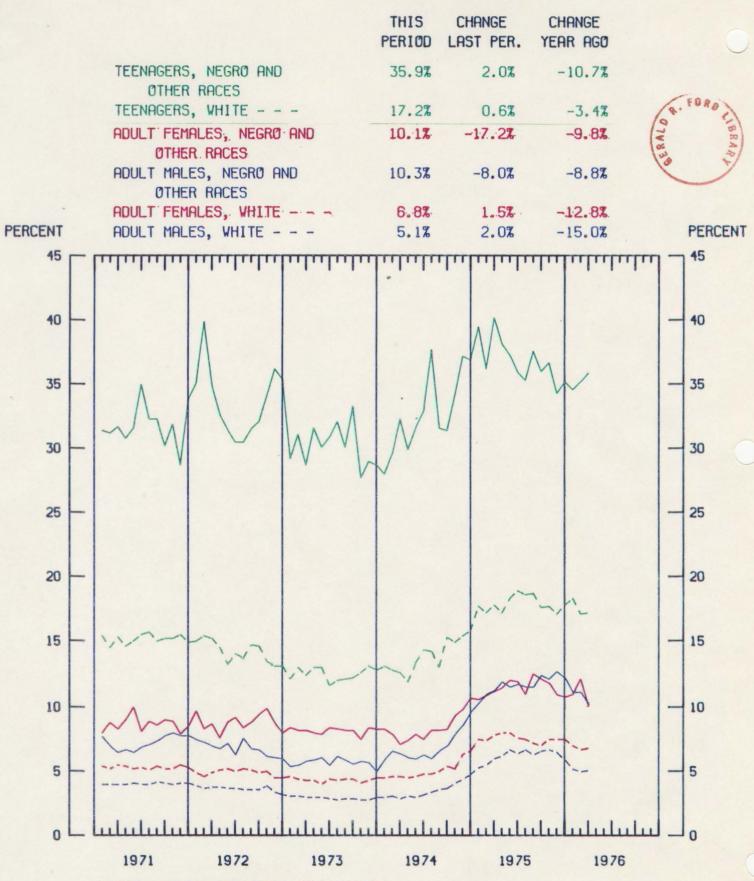


### A.2.1 - Civilian Labor Force and Employment



- The Nation's jobless rate dropped slightly to 7.5 percent in March, registering the fifth consecutive monthly decline.
  - The number of job-seeking workers declined by 109,000 to 7,027,000.
- While the Civilian Labor Force rose by 260,000 in March, Employment gained even further, increasing 375,000 workers to a record high 86.7 million.
  - The gain occurred largely among adult women.

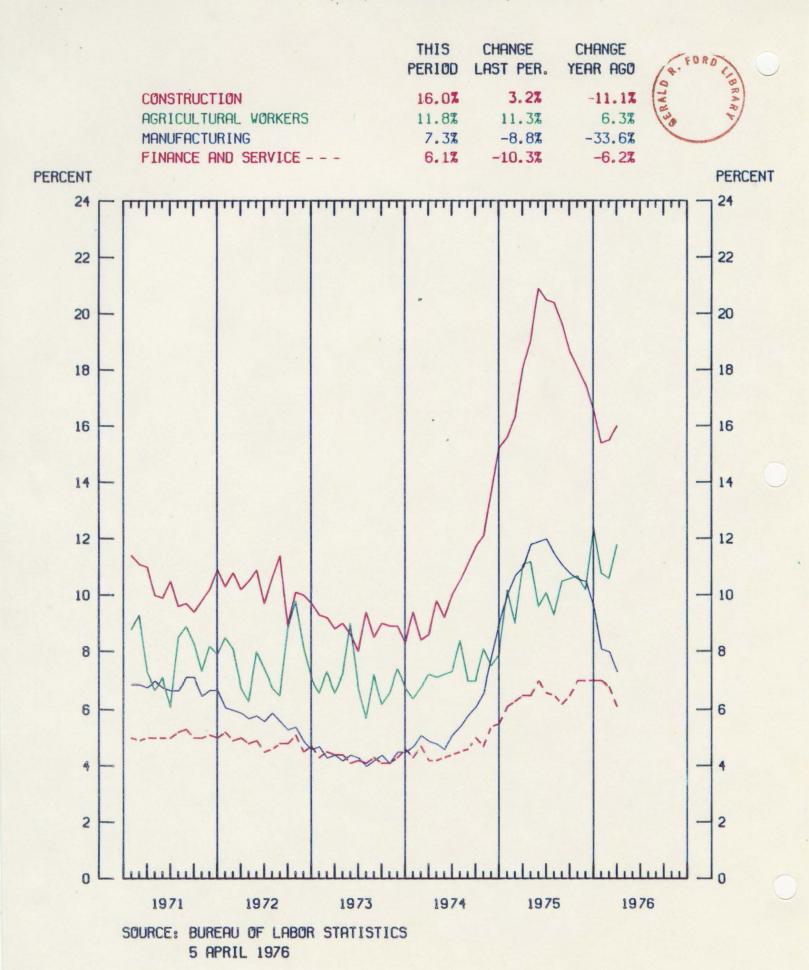
## A.2.1 - Unemployment by Age, Sex, and Race





- The improvement in the Jobless Rate was concentrated among Adults of Negro and Other Races:
  - The overall jobless rate for Negro and Other Races declined to 12.5 percent from 13.7 percent, while White Workers remained virtually unchanged.
- The Unemployment Rate for Adult Females, Negro and Other Races, dropped sharply in March to 10.1 percent from 12.2 percent, the sharpest decline since June 1971.
- The rate for Adult Males, Negro and Other Races, improved 0.9 percentage points to 10.3 percent.
  - Lowest level since January 1975.
- The jobless rate for Teenagers was virtually unchanged.

## A.2.1 - Unemployment Rate by Industry

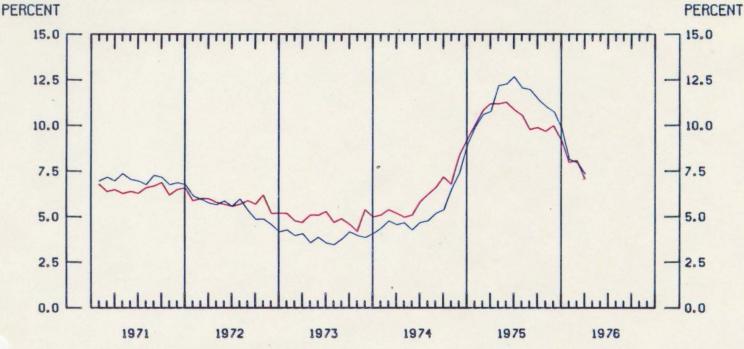


### A.2.1 - Unemployment Rate by Industry

Components of Manufacturing

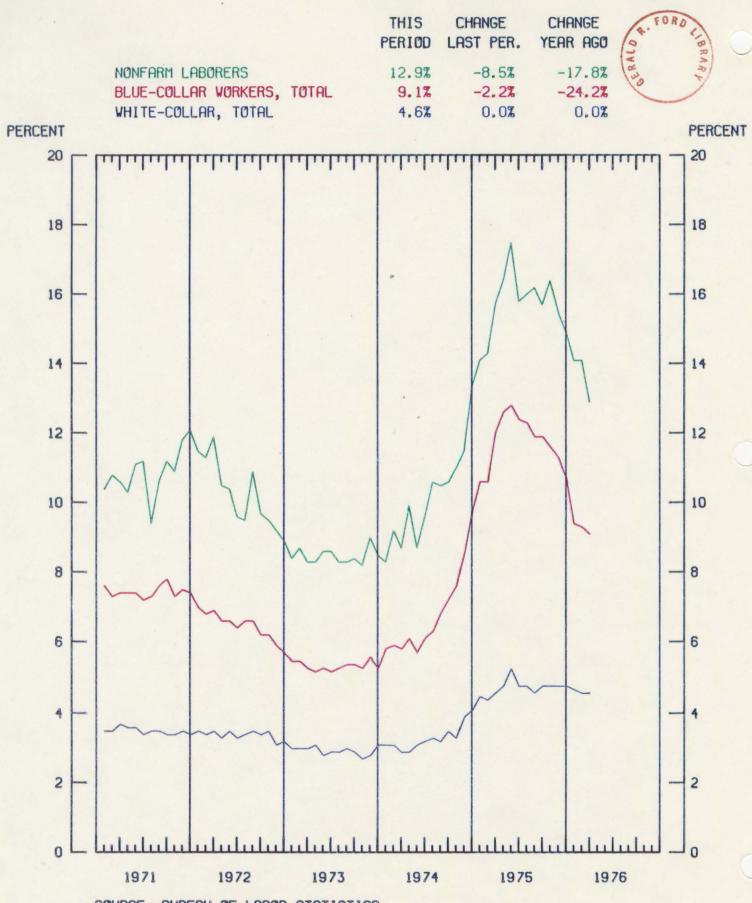
	THIS PERIOD	CHANGE LAST PER.	CHANGE YEAR AGO	BRAND
DURABLE MANUFACTURING	7.4%	-7.5%	-31.5%	
NONDURABLE MANUFACTURING	7.1%	-12.3%	-36.6%	
				PE

FORD



- There were offsetting movements in the jobless rate among the major industry groups.
  - Manufacturing continued a steady downward trend declining 8.8 percent to a rate of 7.3 percent.
    - Nondurable Manufacturing was the major factor, declining to 7.1 percent.
  - Finance and Service Industries showed improvement for the second straight month, dropping to a rate of 6.1 percent.
  - The jobless rate in the Construction Industry rose for the second consecutive month after reaching a 12-month low in January.
  - Unemployment among Agricultural Wage and Salary Workers increased to 11.8 percent.

## A.2.1 - Unemployment Rate by Occupation

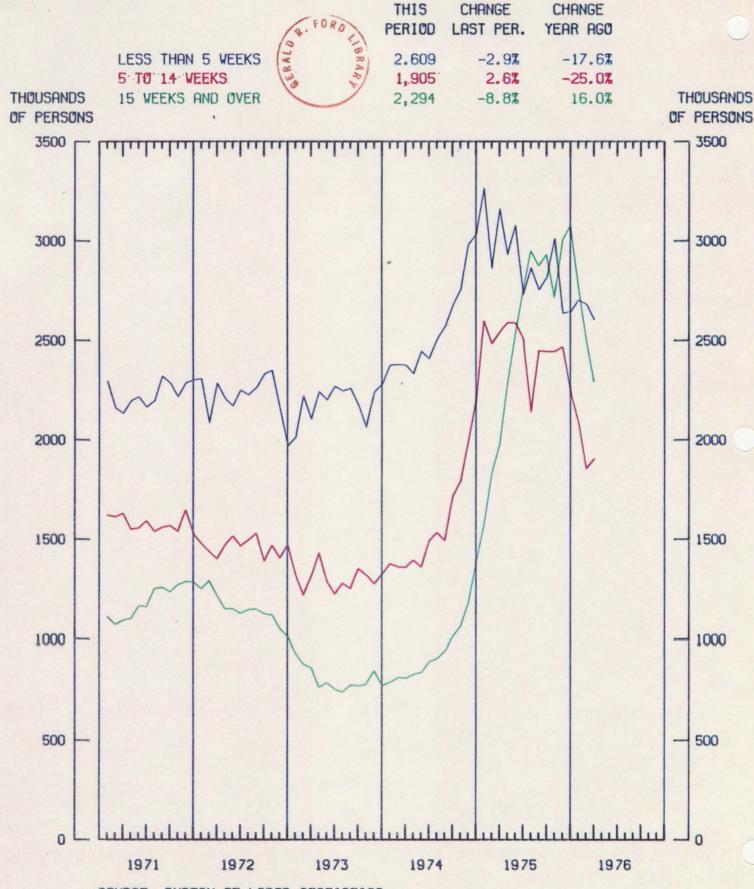




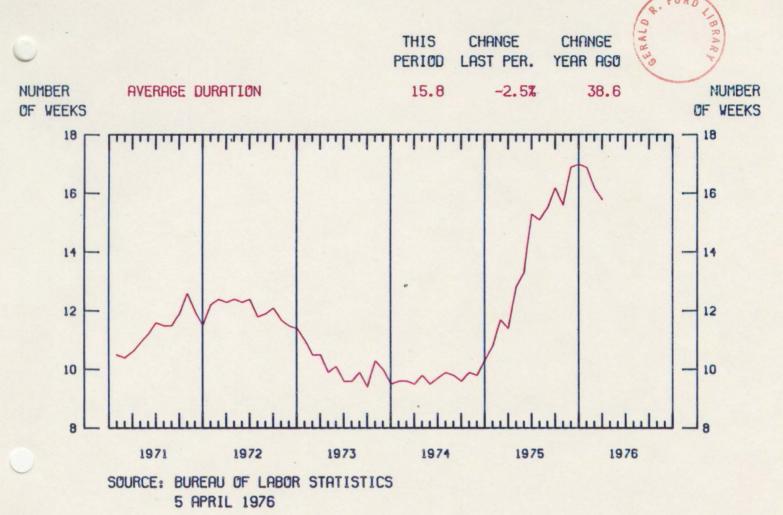
- Unemployment in most occupational groups was little changed from February.
  - Blue-Collar Workers dropped slightly to 9.1 percent from 9.3 percent.
    - Nonfarm Laborers were responsible for the improvement; dropping to 12.9 percent, the lowest rate since November 1974.
  - White-Collar Workers remained unchanged.

## A.2.2 - Duration of Unemployment

Number of Workers Unemployed

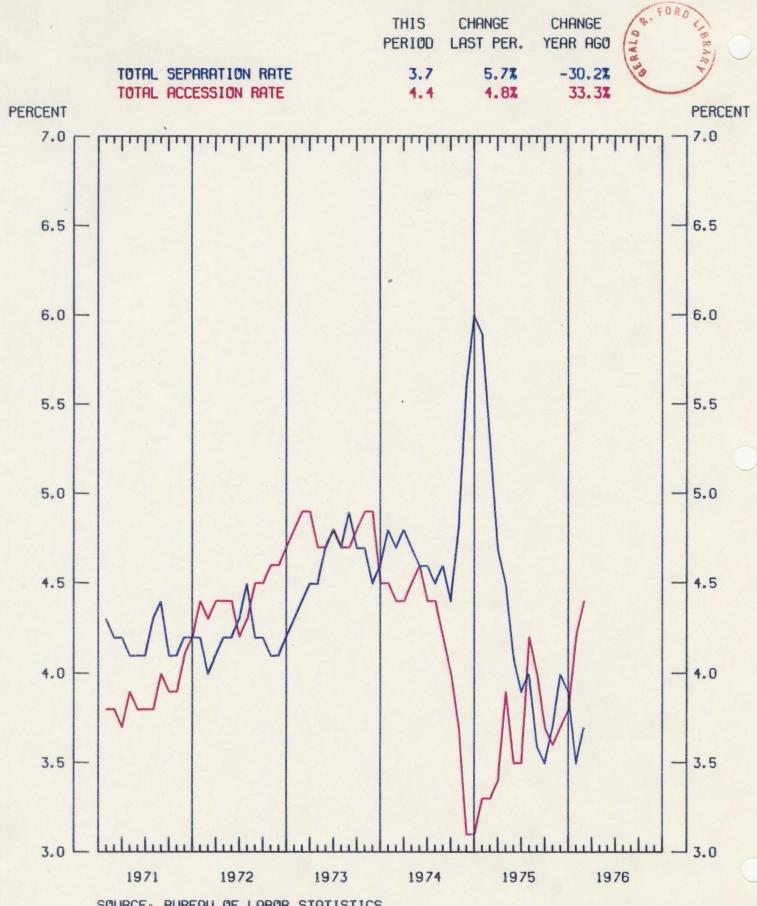


## A.2.2 - Average Duration of Unemployment

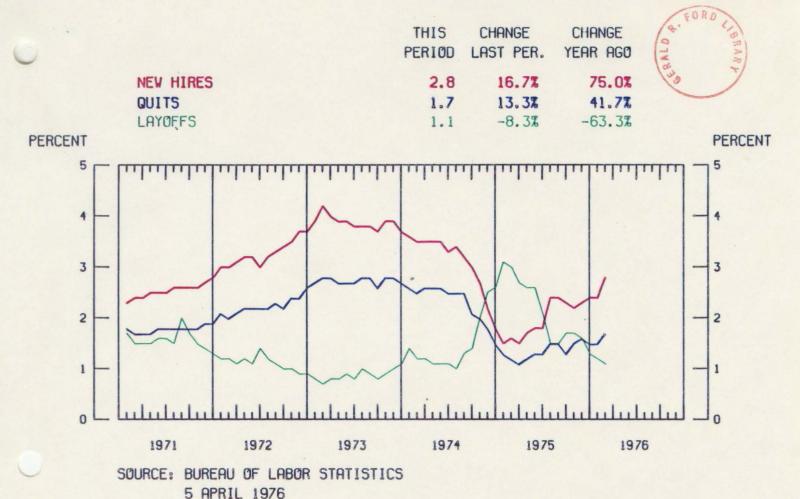


- The Average (Mean) Duration of Unemployment fell for the third straight month to 15.8 weeks in March.
- The drop in Average Duration was primarily due to an 8.8-percent decline in the number of persons unemployed 15 weeks and over, particularly those who were unemployed for 6 months or longer.
- Workers unemployed 5 to 14 weeks increased slightly, the first rise since November.
- The number of persons unemployed less than 5 weeks dropped 2.9 percent to a level of 2,609,000 workers.

A.2.4 - Labor Turnover Rates in Manufacturing



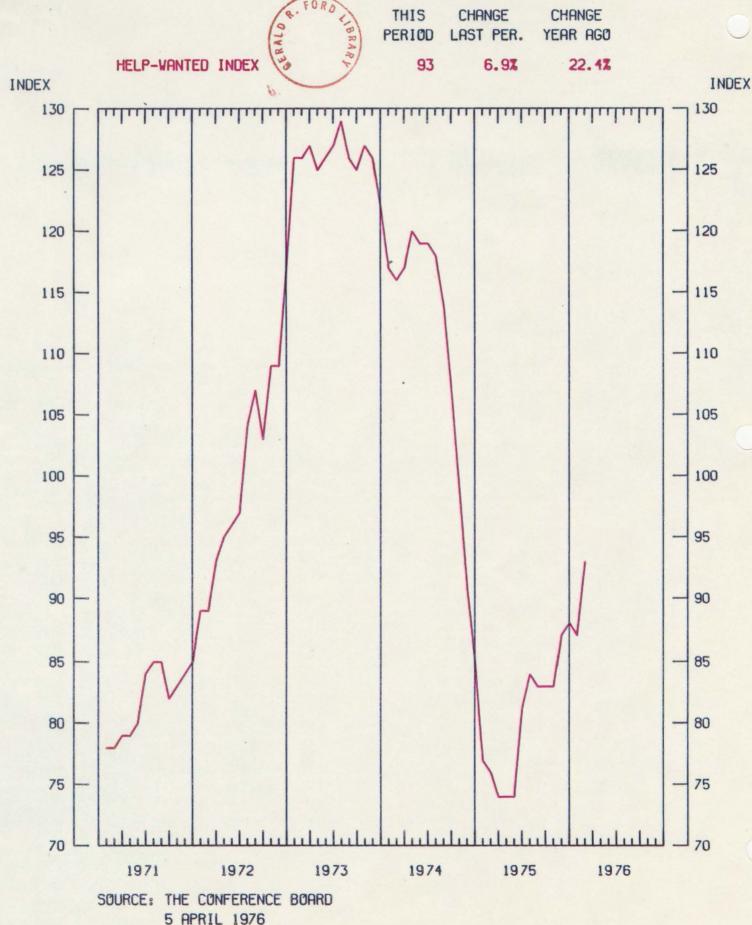
### A.2.4 - Components of Labor Turnover



- Total Accessions rose 4.8 percent in February, the fourth consecutive increase.
  - Highest level since July 1974.
  - New Hires increased 16.7 percent to reach a rate of 2.8 per 100 employees—highest since September 1974.
- The Total Separation Rate rose 5.7 percent in February following a 2-month decline totaling 12.5 percent.
  - The Quit Rate rose 13.3 percent after remaining unchanged in January.
  - Layoffs declined 8.3 percent to a 19-month low of 1.1 percent.

A.2.5 - Index of Help-Wanted Advertising (1967=100)

THIS CHANGE CHANGE

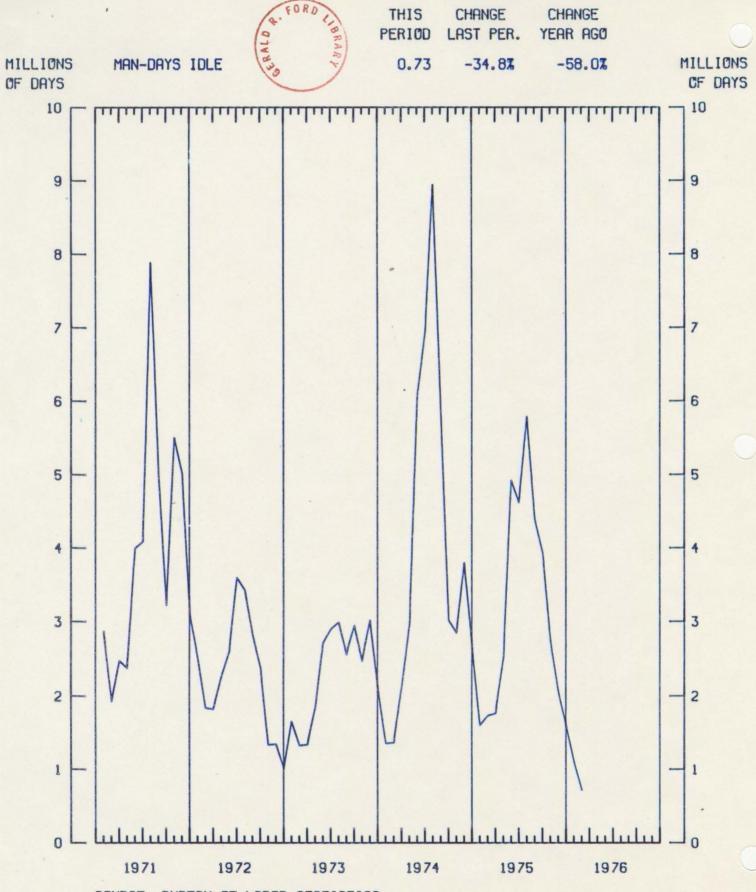




- The Index of Help-Wanted Advertising rose a substantial 6.9 percent in February.
  - The Index, which measures the volume of classified advertising in 51 major U.S. newspapers, has risen in 3 of the past 4 months to reach 93--highest level since October 1974.
  - The Index stands 25.7 percent above the low recorded in March-May 1975, but remains 28 percent below the July 1973 high.

A.3.5 - Days Idle As A Result of Work Stoppages

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



SOURCE: BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS
5 APRIL 1976

## A.3.5 - Number of Work Stoppages (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

CHANGE CHANGE THIS PERIOD LAST PER. YEAR AGO IN EFFECT DURING MONTH 474 10.7% -10.6% BEGINNING IN MONTH 288 3.6% -4.0% NUMBER OF STOPPAGES 1300 1100 900 700 500 300

1974

1975

1976

SOURCE: BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS 5 APRIL 1976

1972

NUMBER OF

STOPPAGES

1300

1100

900

700

500

300

100

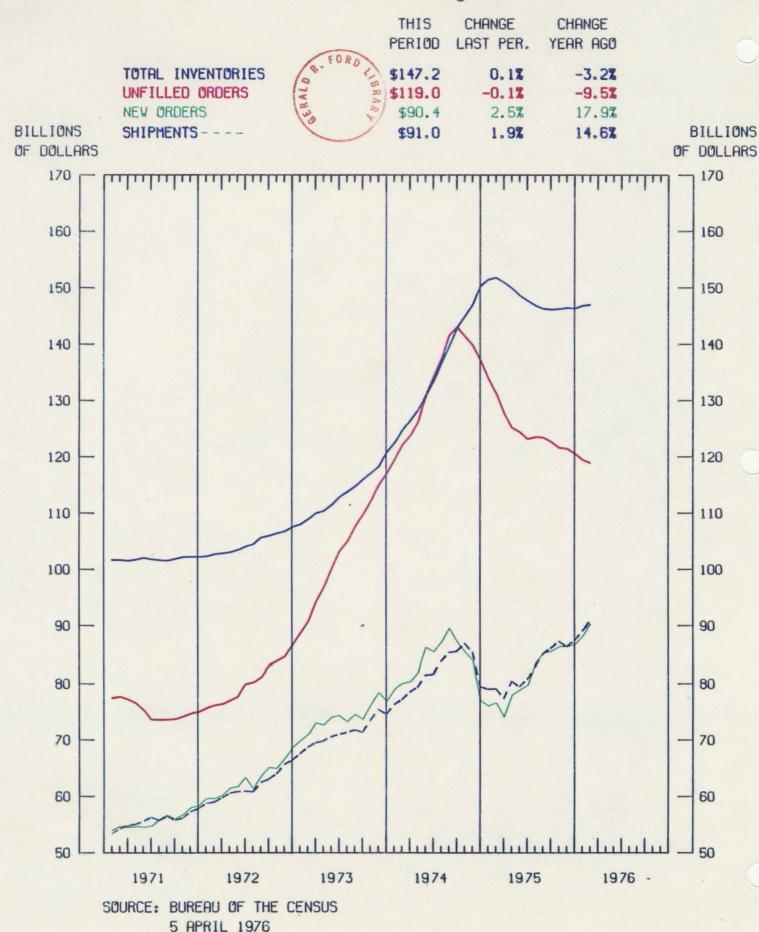
1971

• The number of Man-Days Idle as a result of strike activity declined in February to an 18-year low of 730,000 days.

1973

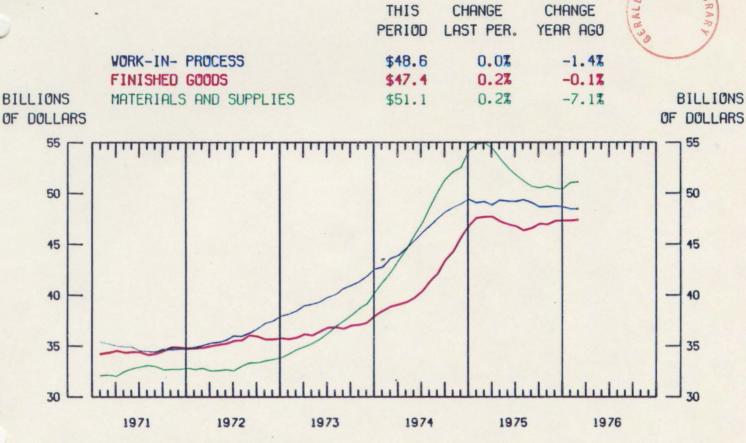
- The first time since February 1966 that idleness has dropped below 1 million man-days.
- Although 474 Work Stoppages were in effect—an increase of 10.7 percent—they were relatively smaller (averaging 241 workers per strike), and shorter (averaging 6.4 days).
- 288 Work Stoppages were begun in February, a slight increase over the 278 that started in January, but below the level of 300 of a year ago.

A.4.4 - Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders
All Manufacturing



## A.4.4 - Inventories by Stage of Fabrication

All Manufacturing

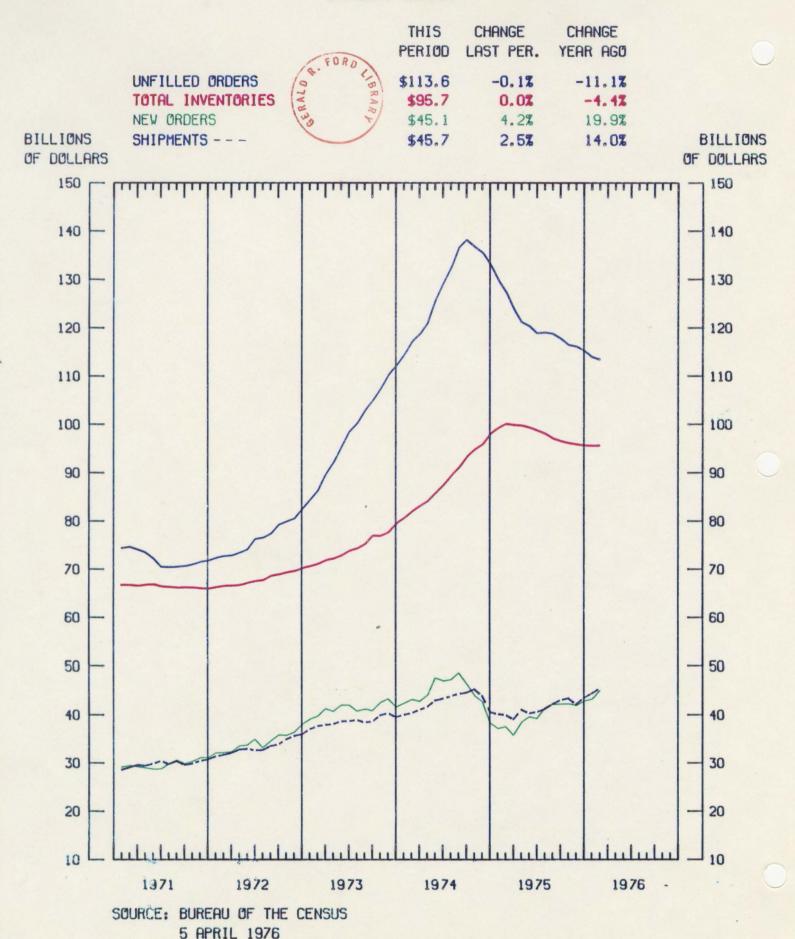


SOURCE: BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 5 APRIL 1976

- In February, Total New Orders rose 2.5 percent--the largest monthly increase since last June--to a record level of \$90.4 billion.
  - Half of the total increase was reported by Transportation Industries.
- Shipments advanced 1.9 percent for the second month in a row to a new high of \$91.0 billion, with most industry groups showing advances.
  - Most of the increase resulted from an 8.8-percent increase in deliveries of automobiles.
- For the 16th time in the last 17 months, more factory goods were shipped than New Orders received, resulting in another decline in Unfilled Orders.
  - Down 9.5 percent from a year ago and 15.3 percent below the high registered in September 1974.
- There was little change in Manufacturers' Inventory holdings.

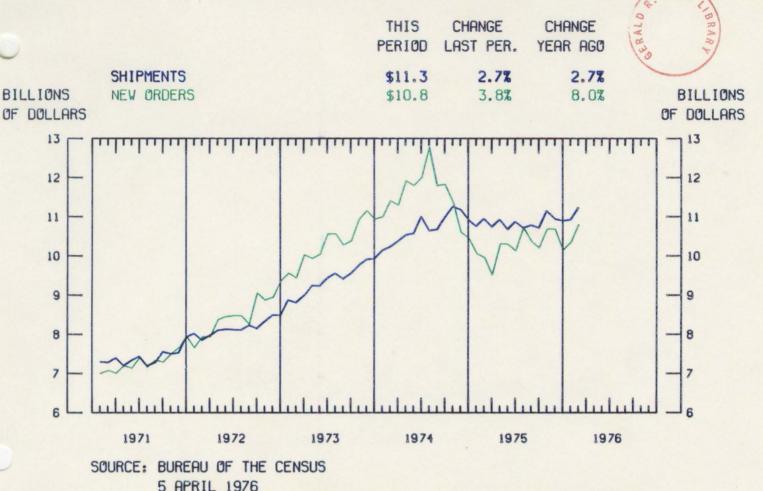
A.4.4 - Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders

Durable Goods

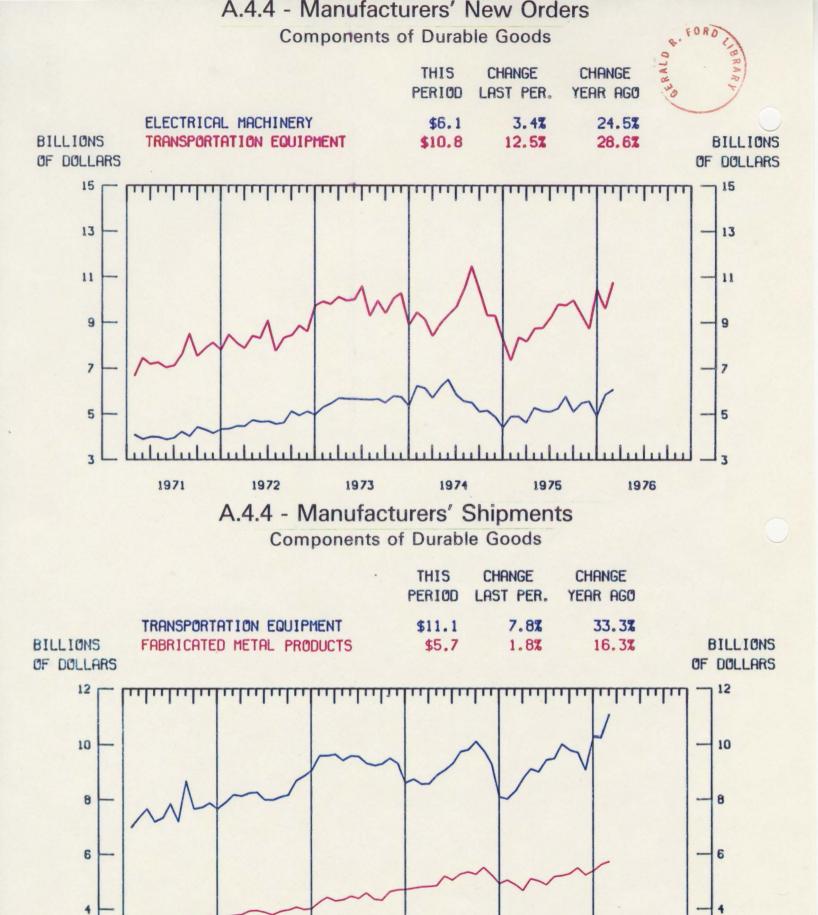


A.4.4 - Manufacturers' Shipments and New Orders

Capital Goods Nondefense Industries



- Four-fifths of the total increase of \$2.2 billion in New Orders in February was accounted for by Durable Goods.
  - \$1.1 billion of this was recorded in Transportation Industries.
- Durable Goods Shipments were up 2.5 percent to \$45.7 billion, the second highest level on record.
  - Motor Vehicles and Aircraft registered the largest increases.
- Continuing a 17-month downward trend, Shipments again exceeded New Orders, causing Unfilled Orders to decline an additional \$0.6 billion.
- Durable Goods Inventories remained unchanged.
- Contrary to the pattern of the previous 3 months, Shipments and New Orders for Nondefense Capital Goods registered strong increases to the highest levels in more than a year.



SOURCE: BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
5 APRIL 1976

### A.4.4 - Manufacturers' Unfilled Orders

Components of Durable Goods

BIL

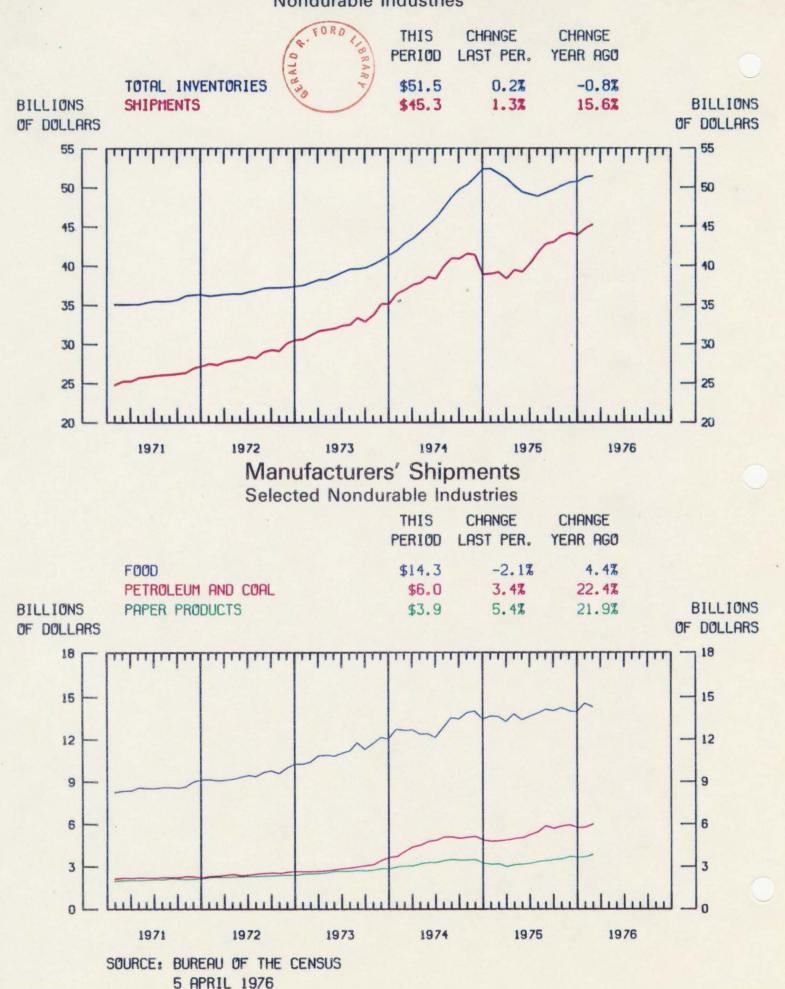
				THIS PERIOD	CHANGE LAST PER.	CHANGE YEAR AGO	TARALO RESERVO
		ATION EQUIP		\$30.9 \$24.5	-1.0% -1.2%	-8.3% -13.7%	
LLIONS DOLLARS	FABRICATE	D METALS		\$17.3	-1.1%	-9.9%	BILLIONS OF DOLLARS
35	mmmm	mhuhulu	سلسلسلت	Lululi	HULLIN	ulululul	шш J 35
30 —				1			30
25 —	~			/		-	25
20 —							- 20
15 —							- 15
10 —							-10
5 _ [	سلتتليبلين	ıılıılıılıı	سلسلسلين	سلسلي	سسلسل	ىلىىلىىلىىل	ء لـ ليليا
	1971	1972	1973	1974	197	5 1976	5

• An increase of \$1.1 billion in New Orders for Transportation Equipment, coupled with an increase of \$241 million in Electrical Machinery, comprised nearly two-thirds of the total increase of \$1.8 billion in Durable New Orders.

SOURCE: BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 5 APRIL 1976

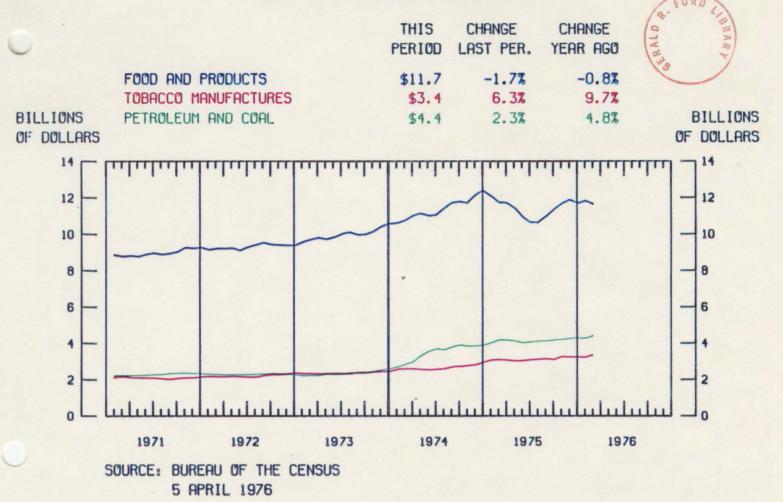
- Shipments of Transportation Equipment, increasing \$0.8 billion from the previous month's level, constituted almost 73 percent of the increase in Durable Goods shipments.
  - Fabricated Metal Products rose \$114 million to \$5.7 billion.
- The decline in Unfilled Orders was primarily distributed among Transportation Equipment (\$313 million), Nonelectrical Machinery (\$219 million), and Fabricated Metals (\$219 million).

# A.4.4 - Manufacturers' Shipments and Inventories Nondurable Industries



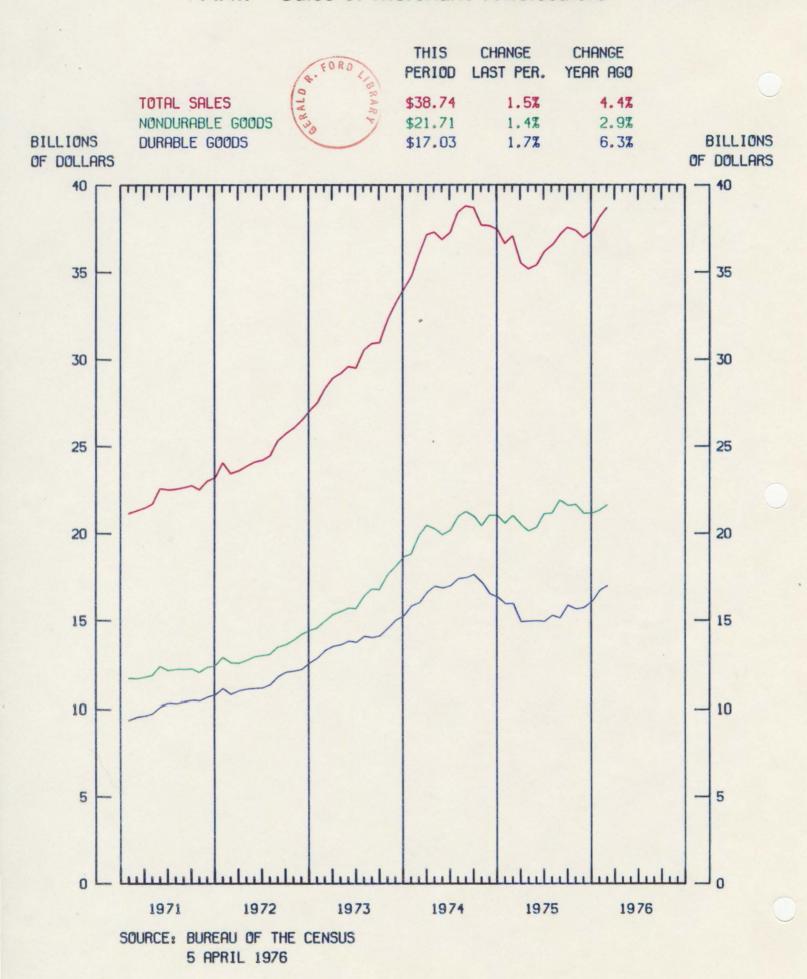
### A.4.4 - Manufacturers' Inventories

Selected Nondurable Industries



- Nondurable Shipments were up 1.3 percent, or \$566 million.
  - Moderate increases in most industries were partially offset by a \$248 million decline in Food and Products.
- Nondurable Inventories posted a small gain of 0.2 percent, or \$171 million, accounting for the entire gain in all manufacturing for for February.
  - Gains reported by Tobacco Manufacturers and in Petroleum and Coal were partially offset by a decline in Food and Products.

### A.4.7 - Sales of Merchant Wholesalers



## A.4.7 - Sales of Merchant Wholesalers Selected Components

		THIS PERIOD	CHANGE LAST PER.	CHANGE YEAR AGO	TARALO TARARA
	METALS, METALVORK( EXCEPT SCRAF		12.6%	-3.6%	
01111000	DRY GOODS, APPAREL	\$1.50	9.8%	37.3%	DILL TONG
BILLIONS OF DOLLARS	LUMBER, CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS	5 \$1.64	7.9%	37.5%	BILLIONS OF DOLLARS
3.0	<del>արդակակակակական</del>	Indudutí	Muluh	umuni	سلس کے 2۰۵
2.5					- 2.5
2.0 —		1	'-	/\/	2.0
1.5			N N		1.5
1.0					1.0
0.5		سلسلسل	بانتانيان	التبليبلييا	0.5 لىلى
	1971 1972 1973	1974	1975	1976	3
. 5	OURCE: BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 5 APRIL 1976				

Preliminary data indicate that:

- February Sales of Merchant Wholesalers rose for the third consecutive month, up 1.5 percent to a level of \$38.74 billion.
  - Highest sales level since the August 1974 peak of \$38.83 billion.
- Sales of Durable Goods rose 1.7 percent following January's 3.9-percent spurt.
  - Over the past 2 months, Metals and Metalwork (Except Scrap) have increased a total of 17.6 percent.
  - Lumber and Construction Materials recorded a level of \$1.64 billion; highest since April 1973.
- Sales of Nondurable Goods advanced for the second straight month, rising 1.4 percent in February.
  - Dry Goods and Apparel advanced 9.8 percent after declining 6.1 percent in January.

#### A.4.7 - Inventories of Merchant Wholesalers



#### A.4.7 - Inventories of Merchant Wholesalers Selected Components

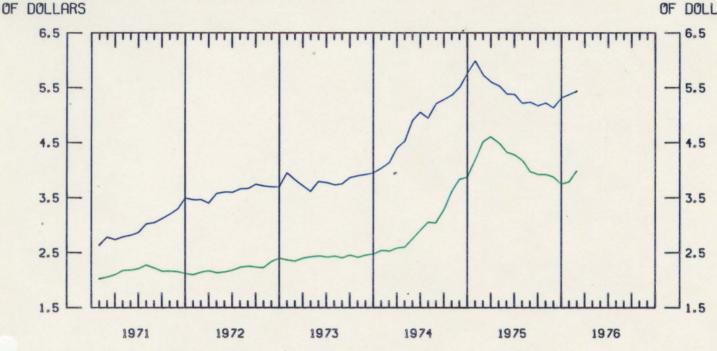
THIS CHANGE CHANGE LAST PER. YEAR AGO PERIOD

MOTOR VEHICLES, AUTO. EQUIPMENT \$5.45 METALS, METALWORK (EXCEPT SCRAP) \$4.00 BILLIONS

1.2% -5.2%

5.2% -11.5%

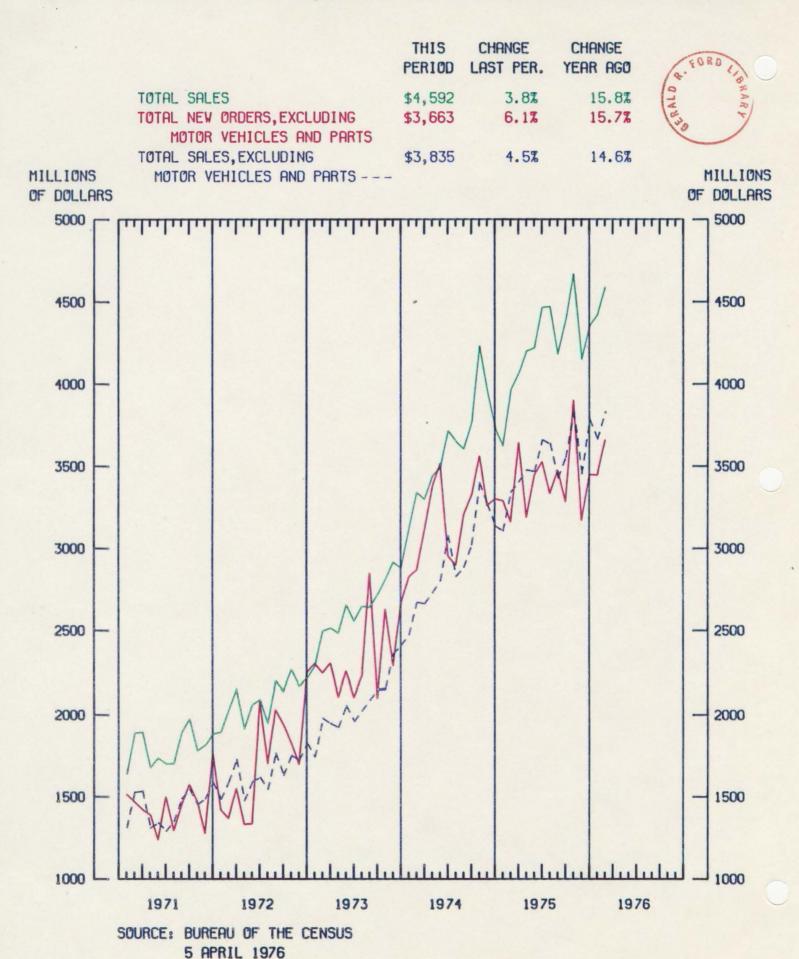
BILLIONS OF DOLLARS



SOURCE: BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 5 APRIL 1976

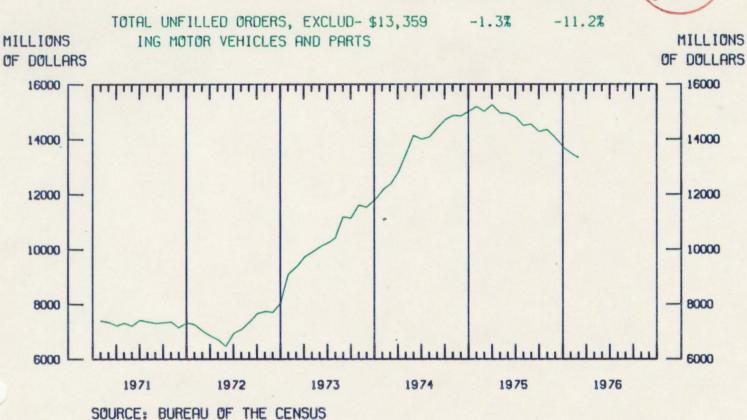
- February Inventories of Merchant Wholesalers were valued at \$46.10 billion, 1 percent above the January level of \$45.65 billion.
  - Highest level since January 1975.
- Inventories of Durable Goods rose for the second straight month.
  - Metals, Metalwork (Except Scrap) rose 5.2 percent in February following a 1-percent increase in January.
  - Motor Vehicles and Automotive Equipment increased 1.2 percent in February, the third consecutive rise.
- Inventories of Nondurable Goods increased for the first time in 5 months, advancing 1.8 percent.
  - The major contributors were Farm-Product Raw Materials and Tobacco and Tobacco Products. (Data for these categories were not published due to extreme variability or high nonresponse rates.)

### A.5.2 - Manufacturers' Export Sales and Orders of Durable Goods



#### A.5.2 - Manufacturers' Export Unfilled Orders of Durable Goods

THIS CHANGE CHANGE PERIOD LAST PER. YEAR AGO

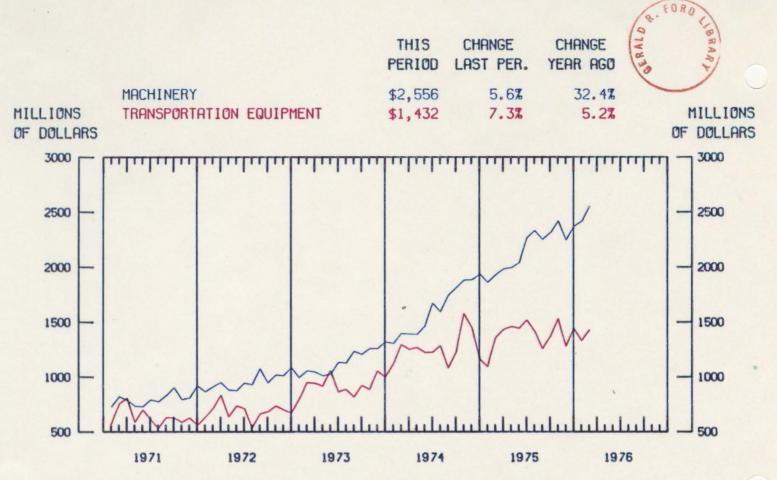


- Total Export Sales of Durable Goods increased for the third consecutive month in February, up \$168 million, or 3.8 percent; more than double January's gain of \$69 million.
  - Most industries reported gains.

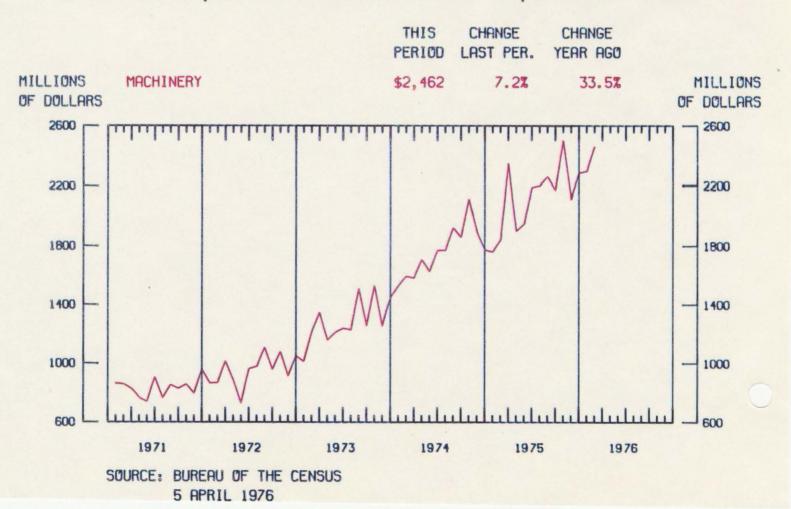
5 APRIL 1976

- New Orders of Durable Goods, Excluding Motor Vehicles and Parts, posted a \$212 million gain (6.1 percent) after recording no change in January.
  - Still 6.2 percent below the high posted in October of \$3,905 million.
- Export Sales of Durable Goods, Excluding Motor Vehicles and Parts, recovered from January's loss, up \$165 million, or 4.5 percent, to equal the October high of \$3,835 million.
- Export Unfilled Orders, Excluding Motor Vehicles and Parts, continued a downward trend, dropping \$179 million, or 1.3 percent.

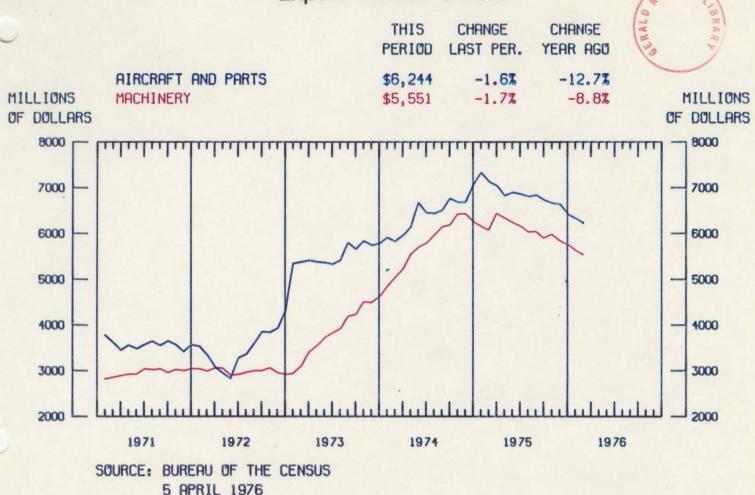
A.5.2 - Selected Components of Manufacturers' Export Sales



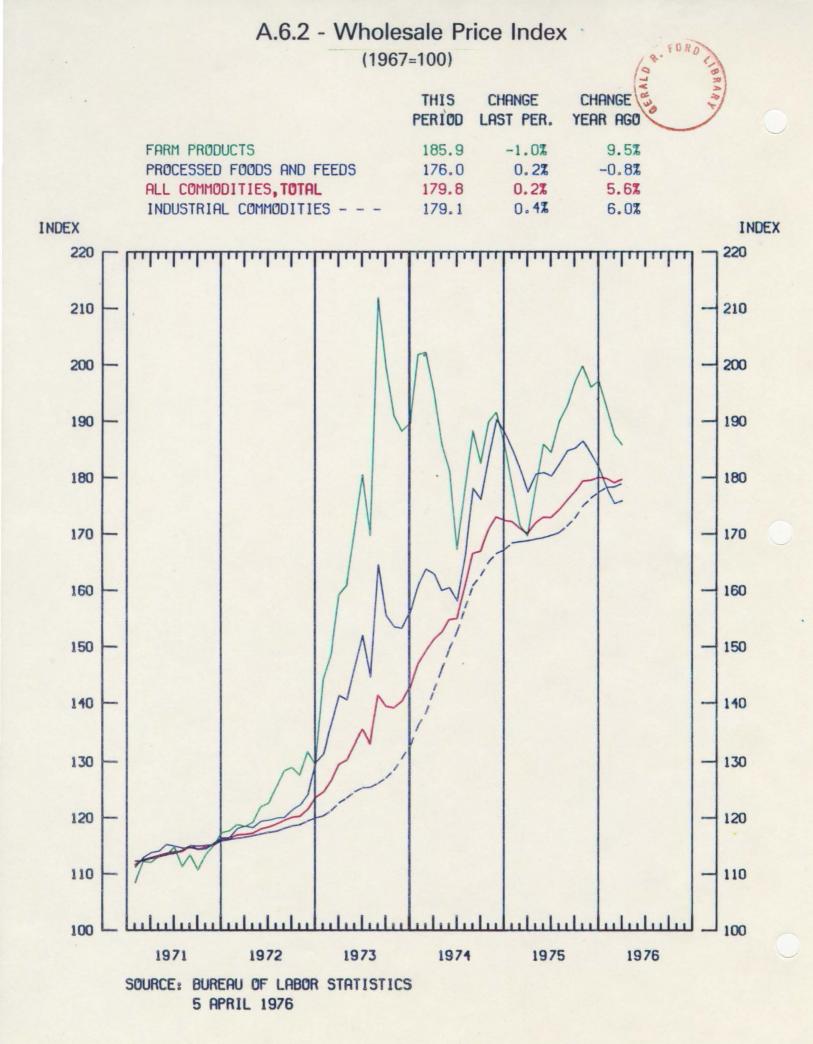
Selected Components of Manufacturers' Export New Orders



# A.5.2 - Selected Components of Manufacturers' Export Unfilled Orders



- The largest increases in Export Sales of Durable Goods were reported in the Machinery and Transportation Equipment industries.
  - Machinery rose \$136 million to a new high of \$2,556 million; and Transportation Equipment increased \$97 million, recovering from January's decline.
- A \$165 million increase in New Orders for Machinery accounted for more than three-fourths of the rise in Export New Orders.
  - Third consecutive monthly increase, but still 1.8 percent below the high posted in October of \$2,503 million.
- The largest declines in the backlog of Export Orders occurred in the Aircraft industries (down \$101 million) and the Machinery industries (down \$95 million).





- Reversing a 2-month decline, the Wholesale Price Index for All Commodities edged up 0.2 percent in March.
  - Wholesale prices had declined 0.2 percent and 0.3 percent in January and February, respectively.
  - Since October, there has been little change in the overall index as declining prices for Farm Products and Processed Foods and Feeds have offset continued increases in Industrial Commodities.
- Prices of Farm Products declined for the third month in a row, but not as sharply as in January and February.
  - Down 1.0 percent, compared to a 2.5-percent drop in February and a 2.3-percent drop in January.
- Processed Foods and Feeds edged up 0.2 percent following 4 months of sharp declines.
- Following a modest 0.1-percent gain in February, the smallest since March 1975, Industrial Commodities rose 0.4 percent.
  - Industrial Commodities rose more slowly in the first quarter of 1976, up 3.6 percent at annual rates compared to a 10.6-percent gain in the final quarter of 1975.

## A.6.2 - Wholesale Price Index Selected Farm Products

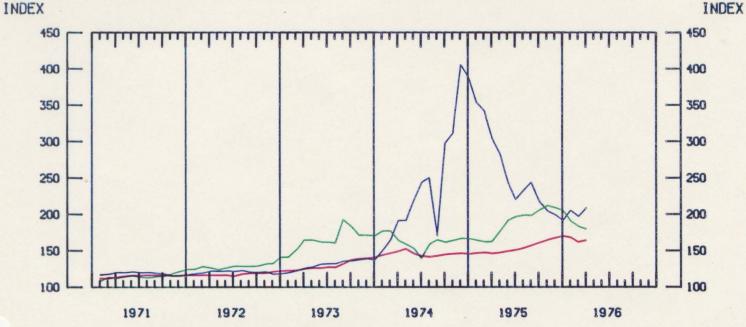


SOURCE: BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS
5 APRIL 1976

#### A.6.2 - Wholesale Price Index Selected Processed Foods and Feeds

	PERIOD	LAST PER.	YEAR AGO
SUGAR AND CONFECTIONERY	209.6	5.9%	-31.5%
DAIRY PRODUCTS	164.9	1.3%	12.2%
MEATS, POULTRY, AND FISH	180.8	-2.2%	10.3%





SOURCE: BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS 5 APRIL 1976

#### · Among Farm Products:

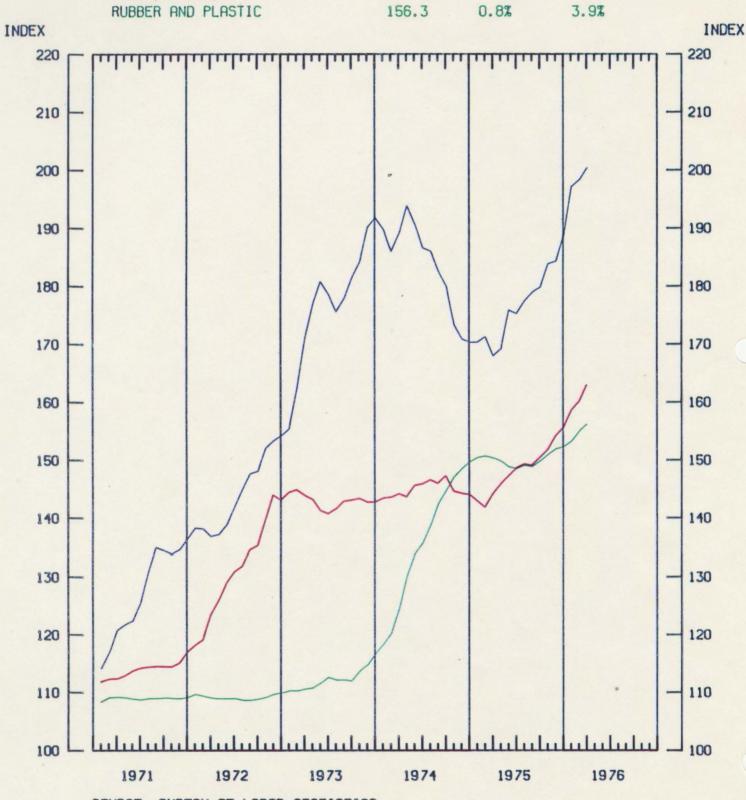
- Livestock declined for the fifth month in a row to 167.1, the lowest level since March a year ago.
- Live Poultry rose 2.9 percent, reversing a 4-month decline which totaled 20.9 percent.
- Fresh and Dried Fruits and Vegetables continued to decline in March, down a total of 8.8 percent since December.
- Egg prices fell 12.8 percent from the 2-year high recorded in February.

#### • Among Processed Foods and Feeds:

- Sugar and Confectionery and Dairy Products posted increases after declining in February, up 5.9 percent and 1.3 percent, respectively.
- The fifth consecutive monthly decline brought Meats, Poultry, and Fish to a level of 180.8, 15.0 percent below the October 1975 level.

## A.6.2 - Wholesale Price Index Selected Industrial Commodities

ARY	THIS PERIOD	CHANGE LAST PER.	CHANGE YEAR AGO
LUMBER AND WOOD	200.5	1.1%	19.3%
HIDES, SKINS, & LEATHER	163.1	1.8%	13.1%
RUBBER AND PLASTIC	156.3	0.8%	3.9%



SOURCE: BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS 5 APRIL 1976



- There were price rises in most Industrial Commodities but most of the increases were moderate.
- Among the major increases:
  - Lumber and Wood Products continued to rise, up 1.1 percent, for a total gain of 14.3 percent since June.
    - The March rise compares to an increase of 0.6 percent in February and 4.4 percent in January.
    - 19.3 percent above last March when Lumber and Wood prices were the lowest in 2 years.
  - Hides, Skins, and Leather Products increased 1.8 percent to another new high.
    - After relatively stable prices in 1973 and 1974, Hides, Skins, and Leather Products have risen 14.9 percent since the February 1975 low of 142.0.
  - Prices for Rubber and Plastic Products rose for the seventh consecutive month, up 0.8 percent in March.

A.7.1 - Existing Single-Family Home Sales Volume Index Seasonally Adjusted (1972=100)THIS CHANGE CHANGE LAST PER. YEAR AGO PERIOD UNITED STATES, TOTAL -11.5% 33.3% 1.16 INDEX INDEX 

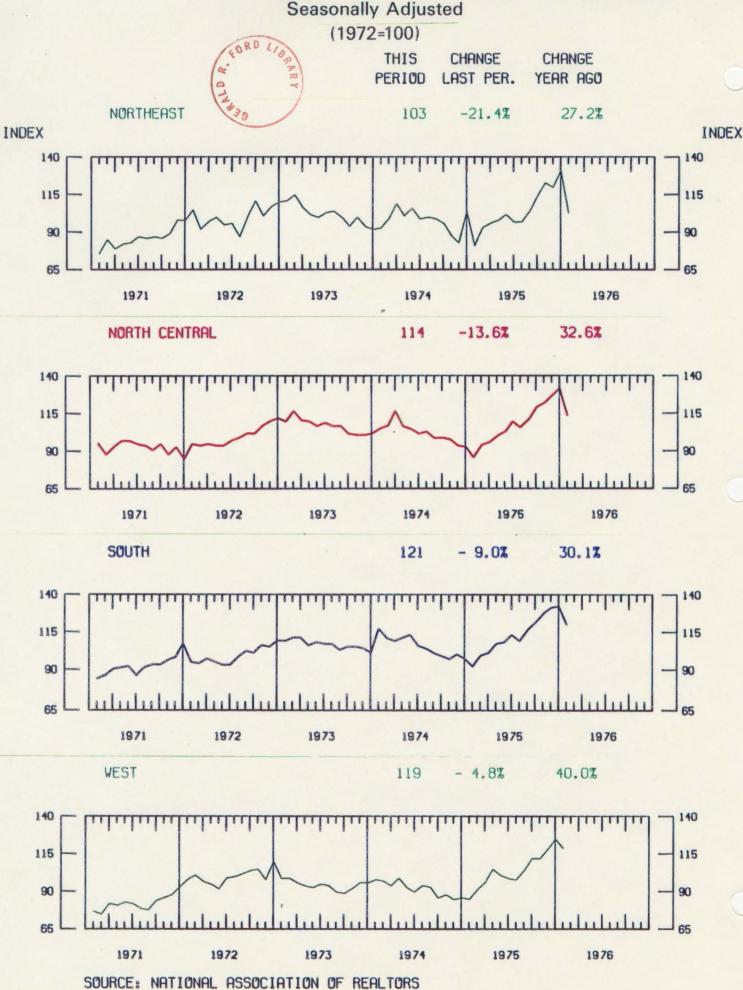
SOURCE: NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS 5 APRIL 1976



- Resales of Existing Single-Family Homes dropped substantially in January.
  - The 11.5-percent drop is the first substantial dip in the index since it began to recover 12 months ago.
    - Prior to the decline, the index had risen 50 percent from the January 1975 low.

NOTE: The National Association of Realtors warns that "Month-to-month changes may be irregular, particularly during the winter season, when sales activity is generally slow. Proper analysis cannot be made until data for February are available because it often takes 2 months before cyclical movements in the home sales series are revealed."

#### A.7.1 - Existing Single-Family Home Sales Volume Index Seasonally Adjusted



5 APRIL 1976



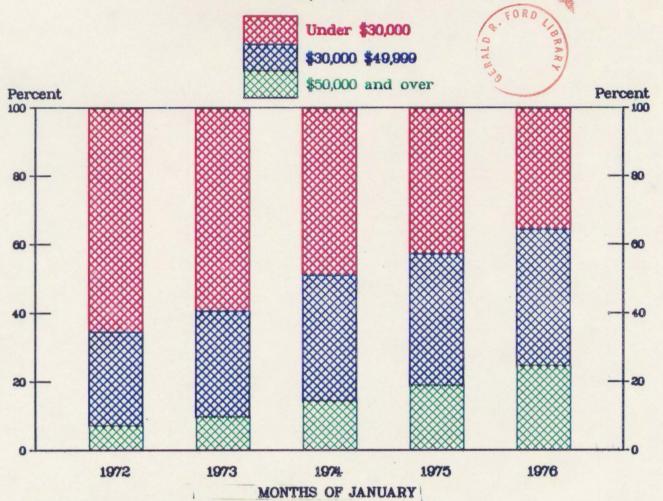
- All regions declined with the Northern regions reporting the largest drops.
  - The Northeast region fell 21.4 percent to its lowest level since July 1975.
  - The North Central region declined 13.6 percent.

# A.7.1 - Sales of Existing Single-Family Homes Median January Sales Price



A.7.1 - Sales of Existing Single-Family Homes

By Price



Source: National Association of Realtors 5 April 1976

- •The national median sales price of an existing single-family home in January was \$36,300, up 9.3 percent over the January 1975 median of \$33,210.
  - The median sales price has almost doubled over the decade.
- In the West, the median sales price jumped 15.6 percent over the year; more than twice the 7.6-percent increase reported in the North Central region.
- There has been a substantial increase in the percentage of homes selling at higher prices-sales of homes at \$50,000 and over have risen from 7.3 percent of all sales in January 1972 to 24.8 percent in January 1976.
  - Homes selling at under \$30,000 now account for only 35 percent of total resales compared with 65 percent in January 1972.

A.7.2 - Value of New Construction Work Done (Seasonally Adjusted Annual Rates) THIS CHANGE CHANGE PERIOD LAST PER. YEAR AGO CURRENT DOLLARS \$132.5 -1.3% 2.7% BILLIONS CONSTANT 1967 DOLLARS \$68.2 -1.3% 0.0% BILLIONS OF DOLLARS OF DOLLARS 150 150 140 140 130 130 120 120 110 110 100 100 90 90 80 80 70 70 60 60 50

> SOURCE: BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 5 APRIL 1976

1972

1973

1974

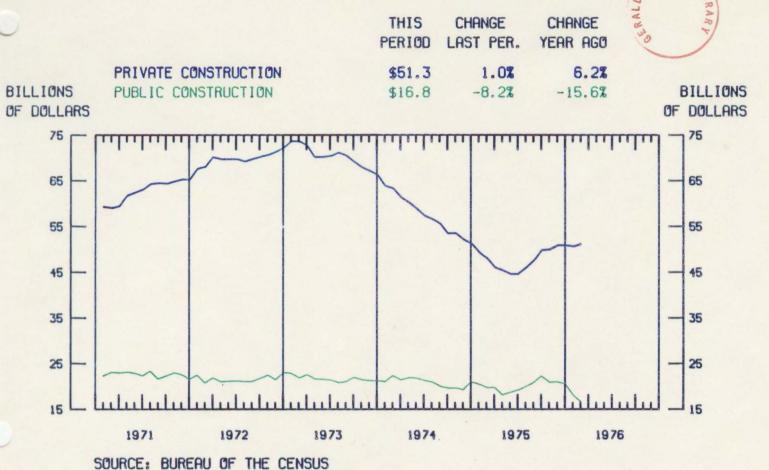
1975

1976

1971

#### A.7.2 - Value of New Construction Work Done

Private and Public Construction (In Constant Dollars)



• Construction activity, measured in both current and constant dollars, declined 1.3 percent in February from January's downward-revised rate.

5 APRIL 1976

- The January rate, initially estimated at \$139.8 billion, was sharply adjusted to reflect a revised procedure for estimating State and local government construction activity. See note below.
- Private Construction Outlays (in 1967 dollars) rose 1.0 percent to a rate of \$51.3 billion--the highest since December 1974.
- Public Construction activity declined 8.2 percent from January to a rate of \$16.8 billion.

NOTE: In January 1976, a new procedure was used to collect data on State and local government construction activity. Data prior to 1976 was not revised. Therefore, exact comparisons should not be made between January 1976 and earlier figures. Estimates of 1975 monthly expenditures using the new procedure averaged about 95 percent of estimates made from the old series.

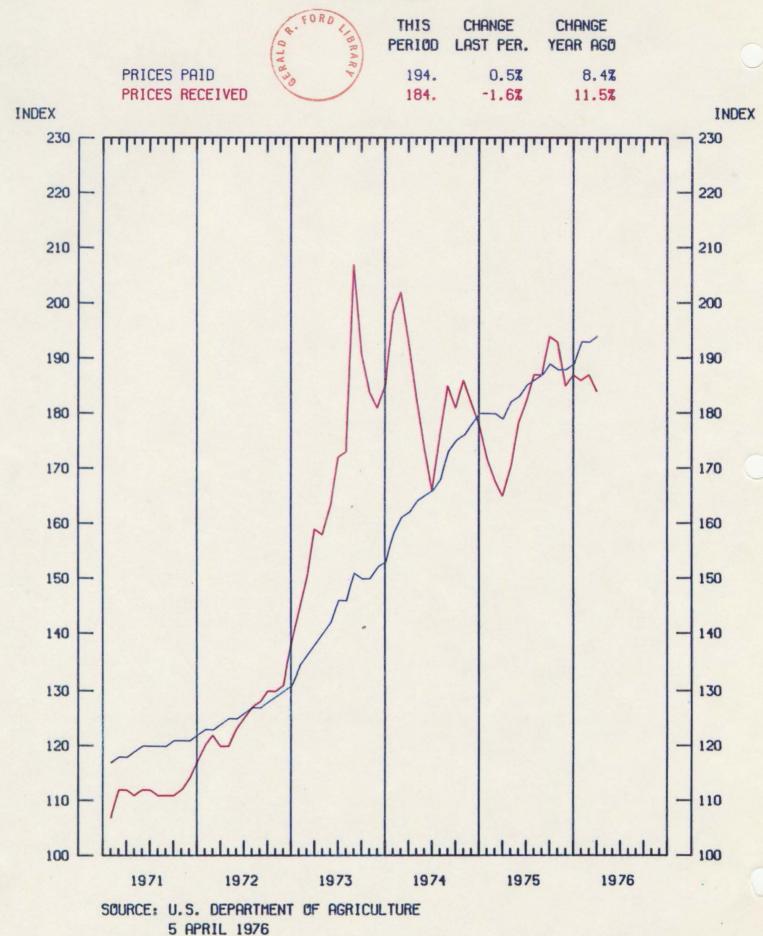
Private Residential Structures (In Constant Dollars) THIS CHANGE CHANGE YEAR AGO LAST PER. PERIOD 22.3% 1.8% RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS \$27.4 51.7% 1-UNIT STRUCTURES \$17.6 3.5% -16.7% BILLIONS BILLIONS MULTIUNIT STRUCTURES \$3.5 -2.8% OF DOLLARS OF DOLLARS 50 50 40 40 30 30 20 20 10 10 1974 1975 1976 1971 1972 Private Nonresidential Structures (In Constant Dollars) THIS CHANGE CHANGE PERIOD LAST PER. YEAR AGO 5.6% -10.1% NONRESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS \$13.3 5.0% -16.0% \$6.3 COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS BILLIONS INDUSTRIAL BUILDINGS \$4.0 5.3% -9.1% BILLIONS OF DOLLARS OF DOLLARS 20 16 16 12 12 8 8 4 1974 1975 1976 1972 1973 1971 SOURCE: BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 5 APRIL 1976

A.7.2 - Value of New Construction Work Done



- Private Residential Building construction edged up to a \$27.4 billion annual rate--1.8 percent above January.
  - A 3.5-percent increase in one-unit structures outweighed a 2.8-percent decrease in multiunit structures.
- Construction of Nonresidential Buildings increased 5.6 percent, nearly reversing a 2-month decline equaling 6.0 percent.
  - Commercial and Industrial Building activity contributed equally to the rise.

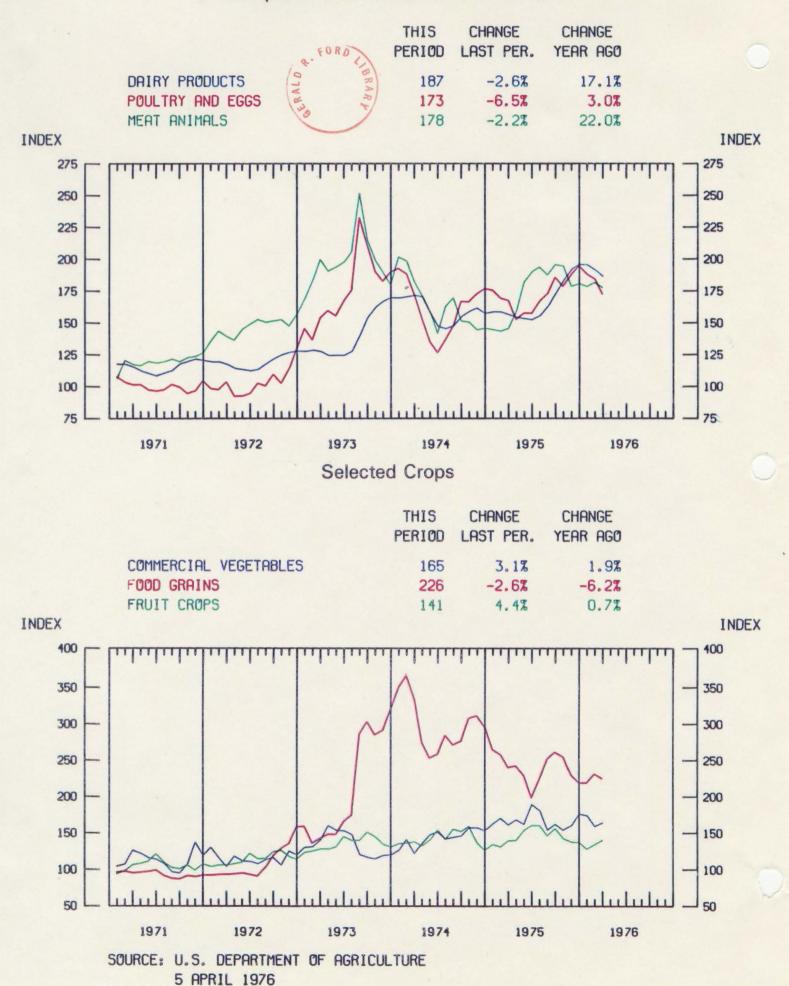
A.9.1 - Prices Received and Paid By Farmers (1967=100)





- The Index of Prices Received by Farmers declined 3 points (1.6 percent) in March to 184.
  - Still 11.5 percent higher than a year ago.
    - Price hikes in Fruit Crops and Commercial Vegetables only partially offset declines in Dairy Products, Poultry and Eggs, Meat Animals, and Food Grains.
- The Index of Prices Paid by Farmers for commodities and services rose 1 point (0.5 percent) to 194, 8.4 percent higher than March of last year.
  - Major contributors to the rise in prices paid by farmers were farm machinery, tractors, used autos, feed, food, and clothing.

## A.9.1 - Prices Received By Farmers Components of Livestock and Products





- Poultry and egg prices declined more than any other farm product (6.5 percent).
- Prices for Meat Animals declined 2.2 percent to 178 but remained 22.0 percent above a year ago.
  - Since November there has been little change.
- Dairy Product prices dropped 5 points (2.6 percent) to 187, the third consecutive decrease.
- Commercial vegetables rose 3.1 percent, partially recovering from the prior month's sharp decrease.
- Price declines for rice and wheat pushed prices for Food Grains down 2.6 percent.
- The Fruit Crop index increased 6 points (4.4 percent) during the month to 141 as a result of higher lemon, apple, orange, and pear prices.

A.11.1 - Composite Index of Leading Indicators (1967=100)

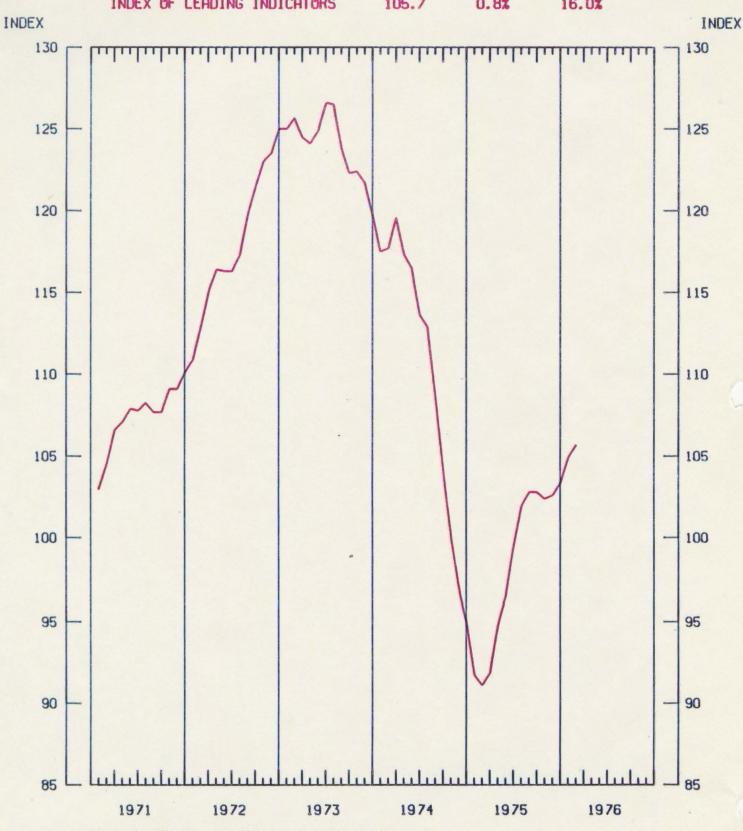
CHANGE THIS CHANGE PERIOD LAST PER. YEAR AGO

INDEX OF LEADING INDICATORS

105.7

0.8%

16.0%



SOURCE: BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS 5 APRIL 1976



#### Preliminary data indicate that:

- The Index of Leading Indicators continued to trend upward reaching 105.7 in February—an 0.8-percent increase over January.
  - Except for a brief period in late 1975, the Index has been gaining steadily and has increased 16.0 percent since the low recorded last February.
- Eight of the 11 indicators now available increased from January;
   3 indicators declined.

## A.11.1 - Vendor Performance Companies Reporting Slower Deliveries

PERCENT

105

90

75

60

45

30

1971

1972

SOURCE: BUREAU OF ECONIMIC ANALYSIS

5 APRIL 1976

THIS

CHANGE

CHANGE

Percent Change in Total Liquid Assets
(Seasonally Adjusted)

1974

THIS

1975

CHANGE

1976

CHANGE

1973

PERIOD LAST PER. YEAR AGO LIQUID ASSETS (M7) .76 -13.6% 46.2% PERCENT PERCENT 1.20 1.20 1.10 1.10 1.00 1.00 0.90 0.90 0.80 0.80 0.70 0.70 0.60 0.60 0.50 0.50 1972 1973 1975 1976 1971 1974



- The largest factor in the increase was a 19.0-percent rise in the percentage of companies reporting slower deliveries from their suppliers (Vendor Performance).
  - Vendor Performance climbed to 50 percent, the highest level since September 1974.
  - •Slower deliveries are indicative of increased demand and a pickup in economic activity.
- The strongest downward influence on the Index was a 13.6-percent decline in holdings of Liquid Assets by consumers and nonfinancial companies.