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HC
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

5/5/76

Inf. of your hectic
schedule and asked
her to keep us inf.
which she's glad to do.
She has inf. Bobbie
Kilberg & Jeanie Holm.

Sally Z.

Heila - 4/30/76 Sal
1:10

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

~~Jane Har~~

Ann Walker

333-6824

Restoring Metal
her relative

Should like to meet
with you sometime
to discuss it.

Povich gave it 15 minutes
Panarams

Please call
her
I
have seen
following
the story.
But he is
a tough
to schedule
be cause
I've
been out
of town
so much
she



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Can a Woman Battle Doctor Regain a Male-Only Medal?

By Rebecca Leet
Washington Star Staff Writer

A movement is afoot in Congress to return the Congressional Medal of Honor to a Civil War Union Army doctor who was the only woman ever to be awarded the nation's highest medal for valor.

Dr. Mary Edwards Walker, a pants-wearing, outspoken women's rights activist, had her medal revoked by a panel of five retired Army generals in 1917. About the same time, the qualifications for Medal of Honor recipients were changed so that only males could receive it, her grandniece said at a press conference on Capitol Hill yesterday.

DR. WALKER, the first woman commissioned as an Army doctor and the only woman to serve as a Union Army physician during the

Civil War, was recommended for the honor by President Abraham Lincoln and awarded the medal by President Andrew Johnson.

She was awarded it for her work in treating Union soldiers in the field, including the battles of Bull Run and Gettysburg, and in a Confederate prison, where she was held for four months after being captured in 1865.

At the request of Congress, a panel in 1917 reviewed the cases of all Medal of Honor winners and rescinded the medals of Walker and 910 other honorees, most of them the members of one Army regiment who had received the medal for merely enlisting.

Anne Walker, the doctor's grandniece and a Washington freelance writer who has spearheaded the fight to see her grandaunt vindicated, speculated yesterday that the real

See WALKER, A-6



11 Monday, May 5, 1975
Star

Liberating the White House Press

By Isabelle Shelton
Washington Star Staff Writer

Women's Liberation came to the White House Correspondents' Association Saturday night, in more ways than one.

The group inaugurated its first woman president in 61 years — Helen Thomas of United Press International — at a black tie dinner that drew a record 1,700 guests to the Washington Hilton Hotel.

And for the first time in memory, the evening's featured performer — comedian Danny Thomas — was hissed for what some men and women in the audience clearly regarded as sexist remarks.

The irony of such a performance at a dinner marking another professional breakthrough for women was not lost on the audience, many of whom shifted uncomfortably, groaned or hissed as others laughed.

IT HAD ALL STARTED out on a warm, cozy note. Almost everyone was feeling either triumphant or self-righteously virtuous that the club was finally installing a woman president.

Seven of Miss Thomas's eight sisters and brothers, seated at a table up front, were misty-eyed that their Lebanese immigrant parents were not still alive to witness the family's finest hour, as the President of the United States and many other top officials turned out to do honor to their sister.

The dinner also celebrated the end of a long, cold freeze between the presidency and the press.

"It was white knuckles there during the Nixon years, because he always hated the press, and the last few Johnson years were hairy, too, because of Vietnam," recalled one veteran White House correspondent.

PRESIDENT FORD and Helen Thomas both hailed the new era of good feelings in their after-dinner remarks.

The President's family and staff and the White House press corps form an "extended family," Ford said. "We work together, we laugh together, we exchange



—Washington Star Photographer Pete Copeland

At a party after the correspondents' dinner: Betty Ford, Danny Thomas, outgoing president of the association Jim Deakin, incoming president Helen Thomas, President Ford and Marlo Thomas.

ideas, facts and speculation. We interact. We cannot function well without each other."

MISS THOMAS, scrapping the tradition that the incoming president of the

correspondent's association "be a barrel of laughs," said she wanted "to pay my respects to the changes that have come over the White House since our last dinner a year ago."

"We must admit that the White House

press room is not yet Valhalla; but we are, I believe, free of scandal and arrogance — more or less," she said to frequent applause.

See THOMAS, C-4

THOMAS

Continued from C-1

"There still is too much doubletalk, too many half-truths and too little candor," she continued. "But we're happy to say that there is far less calculated deception than in the re-



CHICAGO (AP) -- MEN LIKE SEX A LOT MORE THAN WOMEN DO, A MARYLAND PSYCHOLOGIST REPORTS.

EVEN YOUNG WOMEN RATE MUSIC, NATURE, FAMILY, JOB AND TRAVEL HIGHER THAN THEY RATE SEX, DR. PAUL CAMERON REPORTED AT THE MIDWESTERN PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION ANNUAL MEETING THURSDAY.

BUT HE SAID FOR MEN, SEX IS NO. 1, AT LEAST UNTIL MIDDLE AGE, WHEN IT BECOMES TIED FOR NO. 2.

CAMERON AND A COLLEAGUE, PATT FLEMING, OF ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND IN ST. MARY'S CITY, ASKED 818 MEN AND WOMEN IN LOS ANGELES, LOUISVILLE, KY., AND SOUTHERN MARYLAND TO RANK 22 DAILY ACTIVITIES IN ORDER OF IMPORTANCE.

{ THESE INCLUDED EATING, WATCHING TELEVISION, SMOKING, CHURCH WORK, HOUSEWORK, SEXUAL ACTIVITY AND SO FORTH.

MEN UNDER AGE 26 RANKED MUSIC AND SEX IN A FIRST PLACE TIE. THOSE 26 TO 39 RANKED SEX ALONE AS NO. 1. THOSE 40 TO 55 RANKED FAMILY FIRST, AND NATURE AND SEX SECOND.

BETWEEN THE AGES OF 56 AND 64, EMPLOYMENT RANKED NO. 1 WITH MEN, WITH SEX AND SPORTS TIED FOR EIGHTH PLACE. AFTER AGE 64, SEX RANKED 15TH, AGAIN TIED WITH SPORTS.

NONE OF THE AGE GROUPS OF WOMEN RANKED SEX AS THEIR PRIMARY INTEREST.

THOSE UNDER 26 RANKED MUSIC, NATURE, FAMILY AND TRAVEL AHEAD OF SEX. BETWEEN 26 AND 39, THEY RANKED SEX WITH THEIR JOBS, IN FOURTH PLACE, AFTER FAMILY, NATURE AND TRAVEL AND MUSIC.

MIDDLE AGED WOMEN EVEN RANKED HOUSEWORK, SLEEPING AND TELEVISION AHEAD OF SEX. FOR THEM FAMILY CAME FIRST. SEX WAS 11TH. AND IT WAS ABOUT THE SAME FOR WOMAN 56 TO 64, WHO RANKED SEX 13TH, AND FOR OLDER WOMEN, WHO RANKED IT 17TH.

CAMERON SAID THAT FOR BOTH MEN AND WOMEN, GREATER SEXUAL PLEASURE WAS REPORTED BY THOSE WITH THE HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION. INCOME WAS NOT FOUND TO BE RELATED.

THE PSYCHOLOGIST SAID RESULTS OF THE STUDY SUPPORT THE CLAIM WIDELY MADE BY WOMEN THAT "ALL YOU MEN ARE EVER INTERESTED IN IS SEX."

05-02-75 11:46EDT

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SEX LEAD (TOPS N57)

CHICAGO (AP) -- IT SEEMS WOMEN DIDN'T LIKE THE SURVEY THAT SAID WOMEN DIDN'T LIKE SEX AS MUCH AS MEN.

THE SURVEY, PRESENTED IN A PAPER AT THE MIDWESTERN PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION CONVENTION BY A HUMAN DEVELOPMENT SPECIALIST, DREW GASPS FROM SOME WOMEN AND ARGUMENTS FROM OTHERS.

DR. PAUL CAMERON OF ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND SAID IN HIS PAPER THAT MEN OF ALL AGES FOUND MORE PLEASURE IN SEX AND THAT BEFORE MIDDLE AGE THEY LISTED IT AS THEIR MOST PLEASURABLE ACTIVITY.

WOMEN SURVEYED NEVER LISTED IT AS THEIR MOST ENJOYABLE ACTIVITY AND IN SOME AGE GROUPS EVEN PUT IT BEHIND HOUSEWORK AND SLEEPING.

A NUMBER OF WOMEN ARGUED THAT THE SURVEY DIDN'T ACCOUNT FOR SOCIAL PRESSURES THAT WOULD MAKE WOMEN DENY THEY ENJOY SEX.

"WOMEN MAY THINK SEX IS NO. 1 BUT WHEN QUESTIONED THEY GIVE A SOCIALLY DESIREABLE RESPONSE RATHER THAN A TRUTHFUL ONE," WAS THE WAY IT WAS EXPLAINED BY ANN FRODI, 30, OF GOTEBOG, SWEDEN, WHO IS ON A FELLOWSHIP AT THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN.

PETE LAWSON, 34, OF LAKEWOOD COMMUNITY COLLEGE IN WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINN., AGREED. "IF YOU ASK A WOMEN IF SHE ENJOYS SEX, SHE THINKS YOU ARE PROPOSITIONING HER. SHE IS IN A CULTURE ROLE. SHE LOVES SEX BUT DOESN'T WANT TO LET ANYONE KNOW. YOU CAN'T GET TRUE ANSWERS IN SUCH A SURVEY."

GEORGE HURLEY, A 26-YEAR-OLD GRADUATE STUDENT, SAID MEN NATURALLY WOULD RATE SEX NO. 1 BECAUSE "THERE IS PEER PRESSURE TO BE POTENT AND TALK ABOUT IT."

LENORE DE FONSO, 34, OF ROCK COLLEGE IN JANESVILLE, WIS., HAD THE SAME REACTION.

"WOMEN, PERHAPS, ARE MORE ENTHUSIASTIC ABOUT OTHER THINGS BUT THAT DOESN'T MEAN THEY DON'T ENJOY SEX AS MUCH," SHE SAID. "MEN ARE SUPPOSED TO ENJOY SEX AND THEY BRAG ABOUT IT. WOMEN DON'T MAKE A BIG THING OF IT."

THE 35-YEAR-OLD CAMERON, WHO PRESENTED THE PAPER THURSDAY, SAID HE WAS SOMEWHAT SURPRISED AT THE SURVEY'S RESULTS AND THOUGHT YOUNGER WOMEN IN PARTICULAR WOULD RATE SEX ENJOYMENT HIGHER THAN THEY DID.

"BUT," HE ADDED, "ANYONE WHO THINKS THE SURVEY IS NOT TRUTHFUL IS LEANING ON A WEAK REED."

CAMERON EASED OFF, HOWEVER, WHEN AN ANGRY YOUNG WOMAN APPROACHED HIM AND ASKED IF THERE WEREN'T SOME HIDDEN FACTORS IN REPLIES OF WOMEN.

"WELL, I THINK WOMEN WOULD ENJOY IT MORE IF THE MEN PERFORMED ADEQUATELY," HE SAID.

(SEX)

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CHICAGO (UPI) -- A COLLEGE PROFESSOR SAID TODAY EXTENSIVE RESEARCH HAS LED HIM TO CONCLUDE THAT MEN ENJOY SEX A LOT MORE THAN WOMEN.

PAUL CAMERON, 35, ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR OF HUMAN DEVELOPMENT AT ST. MARY'S COLLEGE OF MARYLAND, PRESENTED THE RESULTS OF HIS RESEARCH TO THE MIDWESTERN PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION YESTERDAY AND AMPLIFIED THEM TODAY.

CAMERON SAID HE AND AN ASSOCIATE TOOK A SAMPLING OF 818 PERSONS IN LOUISVILLE, KY., LOS ANGELES, AND HOLLYWOOD, MD. IN EACH PLACE, CAMERON SAID THE RESULT WAS THE SAME. IN A LIST OF 22 DAILY ACTIVITIES SEX RANKS NO. 1 WITH MALES FOR ABOUT HALF OF THEIR LIVES WHILE IT NEVER GETS ABOVE NO. 5 WITH WOMEN.

THE ACTIVITIES INCLUDED EATING, DRINKING, WATCHING TELEVISION, SMOKING, CHURCH WORK, HOUSEWORK AND ENJOYMENT FROM FAMILY, MUSIC, NATURE, TRAVEL AND OTHERS.

"FOR MALES, SEX HITS THE TOP IN YOUNG ADULTHOOD AND STAYS THERE FOR THROUGH MIDDLE AGE," HE SAID. "FOR FEMALES THE HIGH POINT IS AGE 18 THROUGH 25 AND THEN GOES DOWN. SEX NEVER RANKS HIGHER THAN FIFTH."

CAMERON SAID WOMEN IN THE 18-25 AGE GROUP RANKED SEX AFTER MUSIC, NATURE, FAMILY AND TRAVEL.

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SACRAMENTO (UPI) -- IN A DRAMATIC TIE-BREAKING VOTE, THE CALIFORNIA SENATE HAS PASSED LEGISLATION TO LEGALIZE ALL PRIVATE SEX ACTS BETWEEN CONSENTING ADULTS.

THE BILL NOW GOES TO THE GOVERNOR FOR HIS CONSIDERATION.

SENATORS HELD AN EMOTIONAL DEBATE ON THE BILL YESTERDAY AND THEN WERE LOCKED IN THE CHAMBERS FOR NEARLY SIX HOURS WHILE THEY WAITED IMPATIENTLY FOR LT. GOV. MERVYN DYMALLY TO FLY 1,000 MILES FROM COLORADO BY JET AND HELICOPTER TO BREAK THE RARE 20-20 TIE.

THE FINAL 21-20 VOTE SENT THE MEASURE BACK TO THE ASSEMBLY FOR EXPECTED EASY APPROVAL OF AMENDMENTS. THE ASSEMBLY PASSED THE BILL ON A 45-26 VOTE FEB. 6.

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LINCOLN (UPI) -- NEBRASKA'S RAPE LAW GOT ITS FIRST SUBSTANTIAL UPDATING IN 100 YEARS YESTERDAY AS GOV. J. JAMES EXON SIGNED LEGISLATION REMOVING "RAPE" FROM THE LAWBOOKS, REPLACING IT WITH "SEXUAL ASSAULT".

THE LAW ALSO ABANDONS THE ASSUMPTION THAT THE VICTIM IS ALWAYS FEMALE AND MAKES REFERENCE ONLY TO THE "ACTOR" AND VICTIM IN THE CRIME.

UPI 05-02 03:11 PED

Michael Novak

America's Illusions: Women and Oppression

Mr. Novak is The Star's current writer in residence. His columns on "America's Illusion" will appear in this space every Tuesday and Thursday and in the Comment section on Sunday.

A vulgar, exuberant, exaggerated use of language has always been a trait of Americans, a sign of national vitality. Big dreams for a big land; great expectations, frontiers yonder. Extravagance of speech turned out, often, to be understatement.

But those were rules for when the land was young. Something of a surprise, to discover in our incipient adulthood — in the Sixties — an enormous appetite for guilt, self-pity, and self-hatred.

There is a rabbinical story about the cantor who stands before the Torah, smiting his breast, saying loudly: "I am as nothing! I am as nothing!" The rabbi nudges his assistant, and in a loud whisper rasps: "Look who thinks he's nothing."

Americans today use hyperbole to confess how awful we have been. Has ever an educated class groveled in deeper self-flagellation than our own intellectual class since 1964? Racists, militarists, counterrevolutionaries, imperialists, pigs, hypocrites, liars, cheats, sexists, white oppressors of the world — all these some have called themselves (or, more exactly, their parents) in the last dozen years.

Look who's calling themselves sinners.

PART OF THIS extravagance, of course, arises from the fundamentalism, the vivid lights and darks, of black religion. Shocked by the rise of black consciousness since 1963 or so, many Americans have learned new emotive cadences. So great an impression has the black experience made upon other Americans that it has become almost normative for understanding all our experiences. As the nation began in the guilt of slavery, so all our analyses now begin in self-accusation. Racism: the original sin.

No movement has suffered more from being forced into this mold than the women's movement. Women in our society are not, and have not been, in the position of blacks. The black experience is not an adequate model for understanding the experience of women. This model leads to erroneous, destructive theories.

Take our word "oppression." The word had an awesome quality when used for the destruction of 6 million Jews and millions of others in Hitler's death camps. It has such a quality when used of the 60 million political prisoners and murdered victims of the Gulag Archipelago.

"Oppression" also carries weight when used of slavery. Less so, when it is used for the system of segregation and "Jim Crow" after Reconstruction. Later, "discrimination" seems like the better word. It suggests black freedom and responsibility. It points to inequities and injustices.

C-4 The Washington Star

Women Ask Foreign Policy Role

By Isabelle Shelton
Washington Star Staff Writer

The U.S. Commission on International Women's Year will call for a bigger piece of the action for women in setting and carrying out U.S. foreign policy objectives.

1/7/74

access of U.S. Foreign Service posts, which charged were now heavily dominated by men. They also asked for a higher representation of women as delegates to international conferences, charging that such representation is now "totally one-sided," with "roughly 20 times as many men on U.S. delegations to international meetings as there are meetings."

Exact State Department figures on such conferences for 1975, the committee charged, were 3,459 as compared with

Post 1/31/76



Associated Press

The Parkers in 1972, after they were chosen to head Bennington.

Vt. College Head, Husband Resign

BENNINGTON, Vt., Jan. 30 (AP) — Gail Thain Parker and her husband, Thomas, the team heading prestigious Bennington College, have resigned, citing waning trustee support and an

chief author of the report.

In December, trustees began reviewing the Parkers' performance. A routine evaluation of the president and vice president had been planned.

Washington Post 6/24/75

First Lady Betty Ford and the Republican Women's Federal Forum

Personalities

First Lady Betty Ford yesterday that she is "drilling" into her mind that 53 per cent of

Forum at a buffet brunch in the state dining room at the White House.

Mrs. Ford was one of the

The group includes women who work in the federal government and wives of senators, representatives

ed: "I can hardly wait to start."

Jack Haley

"Wizard of Oz," was hospitalized a month ago with an undisclosed illness and underwent abdominal surgery. There is still no indication

open heart surgery next week at the Strong Memorial Hospital in Rochester, N.Y.

Serling suffered a heart

upset by what is being done to the friezes he designed for 35 of South Carolina's armories.

tell the story of the South Carolina National Guard from the Indian wars through World War II.

Post
1/30/76

Alimony Held to Be Rent Factor

The Justice Department said yesterday that it had been misquoted by an attorney in Thursday's editions of The Washington Post concerning alimony and child-support payments in determining a person's eligibility to rent.

WELL

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PUBLIC BROADCASTING--DISCRIMINATION
BY PEGGY SIMPSON

WASHINGTON (AP) -- THE FIRST MAJOR STUDY OF THE STATUS OF WOMEN IN BROADCASTING HAS FOUND A PATTERN OF SEX DISCRIMINATION AT ALL LEVELS OF EMPLOYMENT IN PUBLIC RADIO AND TELEVISION.

"A CLEAR PATTERN EMERGES: THERE IS A INDUSTRY-WIDE UNDER-REPRESENTATION OF WOMEN IN PUBLIC BROADCASTING AT THE HIGHER LEVELS," A REPORT BY THE TASK FORCE ON WOMEN IN PUBLIC BROADCASTING HAS CONCLUDED.

WOMEN HOLD SLIGHTLY LESS THAN 30 PER CENT OF ALL JOBS IN PUBLIC BROADCASTING, BUT ARE CLUSTERED AT THE BOTTOM AS SECRETARIES AND AS "SUPPORT" PERSONNEL, THE TASK FORCE SAID.

THEY ARE OUTRANKED 10 TO 1 BY MEN IN THE TOP JOBS. THE TASK FORCE SAID A DOUBLE STANDARD FOR MEN AND WOMEN APPEARS PREVALENT IN THE HIRING AND PROMOTION OF COMPARABLY EDUCATED AND EXPERIENCED PERSONS, WITH MEN TENDING TO BE "HIRED AT MORE RESPONSIBLE JOBS AND AT HIGHER SALARIES THAN WOMEN OF EQUAL EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE."

THE TASK FORCE REPORT IS TO BE OFFICIALLY RELEASED TUESDAY AT A NEWS CONFERENCE HELD BY DR. GLORIA L. ANDERSON, OF ATLANTA, A MEMBER OF THE CORPORATION FOR PUBLIC BROADCASTING BOARD WHO CHAIRED THE 15-MEMBER GROUP; AND CAROLYN ISBER, A CORPORATION OFFICIAL WHO DIRECTED THE STUDY.

THE TASK FORCE WAS CREATED BY THE CORPORATION LAST YEAR AFTER ALLEGATIONS THAT THE PUBLIC WAS BEING SHOWN A DISTORTED IMAGE OF WOMEN AND THEIR ROLE IN SOCIETY.

THE CORPORATION IS A FEDERALLY FUNDED AGENCY WHICH ALLOCATES MONEY TO 245 PUBLIC TELEVISION STATIONS AND 159 RADIO STATIONS. PUBLIC TELEVISION IS VIEWED IN APPROXIMATELY 20 MILLION HOMES EACH WEEK.

THE TASK FORCE MADE THE FIRST COMPREHENSIVE SURVEY OF THE STATUS OF WOMEN IN EITHER COMMERCIAL OR PUBLIC BROADCASTING. THE NATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR WOMEN HAS PERIODICALLY MONITORED PROGRAMS ON COMMERCIAL TELEVISION BUT THERE HAS NEVER BEEN A SYSTEMATIC STUDY OF HIRING AND PROMOTION OF WOMEN.

THE VOLUMINOUS TASK FORCE REPORT DEALT BOTH WITH SEX STEREOTYPING IN PUBLIC BROADCASTING PROGRAMS AND WITH DISCRIMINATION IN HIRING AND PROMOTION OF WOMEN WORKERS.

11-17-75 10:13EST



UP-074

(PREGNANT SERVICEWOMEN)

WASHINGTON (UPI) -- PREGNANT WOMEN WILL BE ALLOWED TO REMAIN IN THE ARMED SERVICES UNDER A NEW PENTAGON POLICY, A SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY.

PREVIOUSLY, PREGNANT SERVICEWOMEN WERE DISCHARGED. A PENTAGON SOURCE SAID THE SERVICES ALSO TACITLY ENCOURAGED THEM TO HAVE ABORTIONS OR GIVE UP THEIR CHILDREN FOR ADOPTION.

BUT NOW, A SPOKESMAN SAID, "WOMEN WHO GET PREGNANT WILL BE ALLOWED TO REMAIN IN THE SERVICE." THEY WILL BE DISCHARGED ONLY ON THEIR OWN REQUEST, HE SAID.

AN ARMY SPOKESMAN SAID 968 WOMEN OUT OF A TOTAL FORCE OF 31,000 WERE DISCHARGED FROM THE ARMY ALONE IN FISCAL 1975 FOR PREGNANCY. THAT COMPARED TO 1,129 PREGNANCY DISCHARGES FROM THE ARMY IN FISCAL YEAR 1974, WHEN THE TOTAL STRENGTH WAS 21,000.

APPROXIMATELY 2,200 ENLISTED WOMEN ON ACTIVE DUTY WITH THE ARMY HAVE MINOR DEPENDENTS.

SINCE 1951, ACCORDING TO A PENTAGON SOURCE, PREGNANT WOMEN AND MOTHERS WERE AUTOMATICALLY DISCHARGED UNLESS THEY COULD PROVE THAT STAYING IN THE SERVICE WOULD NOT RESULT IN THE NEGLECT OF THEIR CHILDREN OR THEIR MILITARY DUTIES.

UPI 07-08 01:17 PED

NY Daily News 12/15

Beame Goes to Bat for the ERA

By GENE SPAGNOLI

Conceding that his "consciousness" of women's "just struggle" for equality had been raised in the last few years, Mayor Beame yesterday urged strong support for the state's Equal Rights Amendment on the Nov. 4 ballot.

"We've made progress, yet I know that there is much more to be done," Beame said in a statement read for him by Barbara Reisch, an aid, at a forum of ERA supporters. "Sex discrimination still exists in city government as it still exists in

the state but needs voter ratification before it becomes part of the state Constitution, said passage is essential to erase the second-class status automatically accorded women.

"In this day and age," she said, "there is still no woman superintendent in any of the upstate schools."

City Councilman Carol Greitzman followed up by urging the women present to make a large city turnout to the Commission on Women.

L.A. Times 6/6/76

Betty Ford Says U.S. Fears Idea of Woman on Ticket

MONTEREY (UPI)—Betty Ford said Saturday the American people are "afraid" of the idea of a woman Vice President at this time.

The First Lady continued to be barraged by questions on the subject.

Marginalia . . .

Anthony J. Celebrezze Jr., the son of the one-time secretary of Health, Education and Welfare, is favored to defeat 11 opponents and win the Democratic nomination for Congress in a Cleveland district.

Star 6/6/74

More Women Serve In 'Fellows' Program

By Isabelle Shelton
Washington Star Staff Writer

Eight of the 17 White House Fellows selected for 1976-77 are women, according to a White House announcement.

A. Stier, administrative officer for policy studies of the American Psychological Association here.

Dr. Stier, who was one of 32 national finalists in last year's White House Fellows

Star 6/1/76

628-3600

Star
4/26/76

Male-Female

Income Gap

Still Grows

United Press International

Although women have made substantial gains in terms of life expectancy, education and employment since the turn of the century, the income gap between men and women continues to widen, the government reports.

In a 90-page statistical study on the progress of

UP-061

(WOMEN)

WASHINGTON (UPD -- PRESIDENT FORD TODAY TOLD ABOUT 70 WOMEN WITH HIGH POSITIONS IN THE GOVERNMENT THAT THEIR PERFORMANCE "OPENS THE DOOR" FOR HUNDREDS OF OTHERS AND HE PROMISED TO DO HIS PART WITH NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

"THIS ADMINISTRATION HAS 14 PER CENT OF THE TOP JOBS FILLED BY WOMEN, AN ALL TIME HIGH, AND IT WASN'T DONE OTHER THAN ON THE BASIS OF QUALITY," FORD SAID DURING A BRIEF SPEECH TO THE GROUP AT A MEETING IN THE WHITE HOUSE.

HE SAID "WE HAVE A LONG WAY TO GO, BUT I PLEDGE TO YOU THAT I WILL CONTINUE TO APPOINT, TO NOMINATE, MORE AND MORE WOMEN IN THE FUTURE.

"YOU'RE DOING AN OUTSTANDING JOB," HE SAID, AND "THAT OPENS THE DOOR, A DOOR THAT WAS HARD TO OPEN... YOU HAVE SHOWN US IT CAN BE DONE. THE DOOR IS OPEN FOR LITERALLY HUNDREDS AND HUNDREDS OF OTHERS TO FOLLOW. AND I'M SURE, AS WE MOVE ALONG, WE'LL DO THIS AS IT SHOULD BE DONE."

AMONG THOSE INVITED WERE BETTY JO CHRISTIAN, MEMBER OF THE INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION; BETTY MURPHY, CHAIRMAN OF THE NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD; ELIZABETH HANFORD, MEMBER OF THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION; U.S. TREASURER FRANCINE NEFF; AND VIRGINIA TROTTER, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF HEALTH, EDUCATION AND WELFARE.

UPI 04-26 11:49 AED

ERA
CLEVELAND (UPI) -- FOR "HER COURAGEOUS SUPPORT OF AMERICAN WOMEN AND THE EQUAL RIGHTS AMENDMENT," FIRST LADY BETTY FORD HAS RECEIVED THE WOMEN'S EQUITY ACTION LEAGUE'S HIGHEST HONOR DURING ITS NATIONAL WEEKEND CONFERENCE HERE.

WEAL FOUNDER ELIZABETH BOYER, CLEVELAND, FOR WHOM THE AWARD WAS NAMED, AND ARVONNE FRASER, WEAL PAST PRESIDENT FROM WASHINGTON, D.C., NOMINATED MRS. FORD FOR THE AWARD ANNOUNCED SUNDAY. MRS. FORD WAS NOT PRESENT TO ACCEPT IT.

"THE ERA IS A VITAL ISSUE FOR AMERICAN WOMEN," MISS BOYER SAID. "WE APPLAUD BETTY FORD'S WILLINGNESS TO STAND FOR AMERICAN WOMEN IN OUR STRUGGLE."

Myths Mar Women's Movement

BY MERLE S. GOLDBERG

A surprise may be waiting for the thousands of unofficial delegates attending the current U.N.-sponsored International Women's Year Conference in Mexico City.

The conference will ostensibly deal with the cause of feminism and with the triple theme of peace, equality, and economic development. However, these themes may well prove to

Merle Goldberg is executive director of the National Women's Health Coalition. Her article is excerpted from Saturday Review.

be merely the tip of a gigantic iceberg whose steady expansion is affecting, even paralyzing, the nations and organizations represented at the coming conference.

For American women, in particular, this meeting may be traumatic. Credited with initiating the feminist movement a decade ago, U.S. women have failed to provide the leadership expected of them. It is no secret that the U.S. movement has been leaderless and has begun to decline since the 1973 U.S. Supreme Court ruling liberalizing abortion. Like the women's suffrage victory of 1920, the abortion ruling, ironically, dissipated a major unifying force among women.

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In order for us to understand the present ineffectiveness of the movement, a candid reappraisal of recent history may be helpful. It was less than two decades ago that Simone de Beauvoir's "The Second Sex" provided the shock of recognition for a small, isolated generation of college women. That same shock was recreated for many middle-class women of the United States a decade later by Betty Friedan's "The Feminine Mystique." Almost immediately, the smoldering rage so effectively articulated by Ms. Friedan found expression in hundreds of small consciousness-raising groups and in the emergence of activist organizations, the most prominent and effective of which was the National Organization for Women (NOW), founded in 1966.

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In order for us to understand the present ineffectiveness of the movement, a candid reappraisal of recent history may be helpful. It was less than two decades ago that Simone de Beauvoir's "The Second Sex" provided the shock of recognition for a small, isolated generation of college women. That same shock was recreated for many middle-class women of the United States a decade later by Betty Friedan's "The Feminine Mystique." Almost immediately, the smoldering rage so effectively articulated by Ms. Friedan found expression in hundreds of small consciousness-raising groups and in the emergence of activist organizations, the most prominent and effective of which was the National Organization for Women (NOW), founded in 1966.

Later came the rallying cry, "I am woman; I am invincible." It became an instant anthem. But slowly, almost imperceptibly, one couldn't help wondering whether perhaps "the lady doth protest too much . . ." The media looked upon many attention-getting activities as a kind of malevolent entertainment. The legitimate message of street theater was most often overshadowed by hyperbole and unmitigated hostility. Thousands of responsible feminists, working quietly to improve the status of women, divorced themselves from the sloganeers and headline-seekers.

How did a revolution that mobilized thousands of women on Aug. 26, 1970, the 50th anniversary of women's suffrage, dwindle to the point where many NOW chapters, some in major cities, have difficulty gathering a quorum? Hope for the passage of the Equal Rights Amendment has all but evaporated; certainly it has no chance of being passed in this International Women's Year.

Admittedly, the issues are not sim-

Please Turn to Page 4, Col. 3

Out Front In Politics

Top Jobs Beckon From the Back Rooms

By Isabelle Shelton
Washington Star Staff Writer

Slowly but surely more and more women are shedding their white gloves and volunteer hats and plunging into the "man's world" of politics on their own.

They've actually been there for a long time, licking stamps and ringing doorbells. There is scarcely a male politician extant who has not at some time uttered the familiar litany about owing his victory to all those "little ladies who do the work" in the back rooms of headquarters.

BUT THOSE patronizing pats on the head have become an increasingly unsatisfactory payoff for the women toiling in the back rooms, many of whom are trying the bracing waters of candidacy for themselves, and liking what they find.

Connecticut now has a woman governor, New York has a woman lieutenant governor, and Kentucky and Mississippi elected women lieutenant governors earlier this month. The number of women elected to state legislatures doubled between 1968 and 1974 (305 to 610). Women mayors and city council members also have increased dramatically in recent years.

The number of women in Congress, which declined for a time, now is almost back to the record 21 that once served. There are 20 today. Of course, that still is a mere handful compared to a total House and Senate membership of 535.

BUT 112 WOMEN filed for Congress in 1974, a steep jump from past years. The bipartisan National Women's Political Caucus, which is particularly pressing for more women in office, expects another sharp increase next year. "We are very hopeful that 200 or more women will file," says Audrey Colom, head of the national caucus.

The Women in Power Committee of the International Women's Year Commission heard some bare-knuckled advice from women who have taken the plunge, at a recent conference on women in public life held in the Lyndon B. Johnson Library in Austin, Tex.

The women told their stories with moving sincerity, often with humor. But the message was always the same: It can be done, you can do it, what are you waiting for?

"BE AGGRESSIVE, don't wait for them to find you; they never will; go to them," said Federal Judge Sarah Hughes, age 80, who is just retiring after a long career on the bench. "Don't ever say you want to be the assistant to anybody," she added. "You want to be the person who gives the orders."

She cast her first vote in 1920, the first time women had the chance, and "I knew right then I would run for public office," the sprightly octagenarian told the conference. She won a seat in the Texas state legislature in 1930 against four male opponents. ("My runoff opponent was for gambling, liquor and horse racing; he killed himself in good old Baptist Dallas County; I didn't have to say a word.")

She eventually won a federal judgeship appointment from President John F. Kennedy.

ANN RICHARDS, who had made the transition from back-room stamp lickster to campaign manager for other women, and who finally is running herself this time, for Dallas County commissioner, told what it's like to "go public."

"It's a lot bumpier as a candidate than as a campaign manager," she confided. "From the time in the hospital nursery when that miniature pink ribbon is taped to our infant skulls, to the adolescent school experience of rippling-drill team skirts and billowing costumes, we (women) are directly aware of the message that our role is decorative, not dialectic."

"The natural progression from that is to voter hats and saucy suits of red, white and blue as girls for male candidates," she said.

"I PERSONALLY survived the stuffed doll years of politics with my political interests intact. Those of us lucky enough to have politically oriented husbands who encouraged our participation continued to stay informed through the various vicarious morsels that filtered home."

"None of us could have predicted that our fellow women (through development of the women's movement) would deliver us from the pep squad and make us the captains of the team."

Eddie Bernice Johnson, a black woman, told how she got elected to the legislature with three strikes against her — "I was a black, a woman, and divorced." Her campaign organization consisted of "myself, my 14-year-old son and my campaign manager." The latter, "a professional football player and quite handsome, agreed to work for three meals a day and all the watermelon he could eat."

See POLITICS, D-8

Gash. Star
11/24/75

2 Political Consultants Had 4 Winners in GOP Debacle

By Jules Witcover

Washington Post Staff Writer

As the dust settles over the Democratic victory of Nov. 5, the big winners—at least in the eyes of the professional campaign managers—may be a couple of Republicans.

They are John Deardourff and Doug Bailey, partners in the Washington campaign consultants' firm that engineered the election of two Republican governors and two GOP senators amid the party wreckage wrought by a sick economy and Watergate.

Deardourff, in planning and overseeing the election of Republican governors in Ohio and Michigan, prevented a Democratic sweep of the nation's 10 largest statehouses.

And Bailey, in mapping and supervising Republican senatorial victories in Pennsylvania and Maryland, underscored the team's basic political tenet: that progressive candidates, running in professional campaigns with the right issues and media exposure, are the GOP's hope for survival and growth.

Deardourff produced the major Republican upset, the victory of former Gov. James A. Rhodes over Democratic Gov. John J. Gilligan in Ohio that knocked Gilligan out of 1976 presidential contention. And in Michigan, Deardourff bucked Watergate and high state unemployment to eke out a second term for Republican Gov. William G. Milliken against Democrat Sander Levin.

Bailey had two easier races, both reelection campaigns, bringing in Sen. Richard S. Schweiker in Pennsylvania over Democratic Mayor Pete Flaherty of Pittsburgh and Sen. Charles McC. Mathias Jr. in Maryland over Baltimore City Councilwoman Barbara Mikulski.

Of the team's four 1974 winners, only Rhodes is not generally considered to be a liberal or progressive. But Deardourff argues the point, citing Rhodes' expansion of higher education facilities during his two other terms as governor of Ohio, and a close political association with former Gov. Nelson A. Rockefeller of New York, who was Rhodes' choice for President in 1968.

Their combined success, made conspicuous by the depth of the general Republican defeat, has focused a spotlight on a partnership that in less than eight years has climbed to or near the top of the business of electing candidates—for pay.

For their 1974 efforts, Bailey and

Deardourff grossed more than \$250,000, according to Bailey. They work under a contract and produce a minutely detailed campaign program, complete with the most elaborate time-flow charts that indicate what must be done by whom at what stage of the campaign.

They do not run campaigns on a daily basis. Rather, they provide a thick, specialized how-to volume that lays out the basic strategy and how it is to be implemented by the local campaign manager.

The elements, Bailey says, include budget, job descriptions, an organization chart, identification of the target vote in terms of demographics and geography, candidate scheduling, identification and treatment of issues, press relations and advertising content and management.

Their business-oriented approach and thoroughness—they handled Sen. Charles H. Percy's 1973 presidential "exploratory" effort and wrote a six-volume plan—is what sets them apart from most of their competitors.

"It's consistently a surprise to me," Bailey says, "that most campaigns are not planned out. It's that business management planning that we're selling. Where does a campaign start in June go in September?"

He likens the typical Bailey-Deardourff campaign volume to a professional football game plan—"you go into the game with it and you follow it, but it's not so rigid that you have to stick to it if you find yourself behind at halftime."

There is no single "right" plan for any one campaign, he says. "There can be a dozen successful ones, but the important thing is to settle on one. That's what our plan does—it decides on one approach and adheres to it as long as it's working."

The Bailey-Deardourff political game plans have worked impressively well since 1967, when the two first joined forces. More than 80 per cent of their candidates have won, according to Deardourff. None of the victories has been any sweeter than the four scored this fall, and especially Deardourff's two gubernatorial triumphs.

In Ohio, his master plan of saturating the heavily Democratic Cleveland-Akron area with benign TV spots about his somewhat bombastic candidate, former Gov. Rhodes, and with

And in Michigan, his plan of focusing the race almost exclusively on Milliken's statehouse record stemmed the

flood that sank other Republicans around the country.

"It feels good, especially with all the destruction around us," Deardourff said afterward, a little like the field goal kicker on a team that had just lost 73 to 3.

What made Deardourff's twin victories even sweeter was the fact that he bested two of the most highly regarded Democratic experts in the use of television—Charles Guggenheim of Washington, who did most of Gilligan's TV commercials in Ohio, and David Garth of New York, who worked for Levin in Michigan.

"Deardourff," an impressed Rhodes told him in the final days in Ohio as his own polls showed the former governor narrowing the gap, "you're the king, because you're beating the king."

"The king"—Guggenheim, who handled television for Robert Kennedy in 1968 and many other prominent Democrats since, did not go quite that far, but he too was impressed by Deardourff's performance in Ohio.

"I have great respect for him," Guggenheim said after the Ohio election. "He's intelligent, scientific, decent. He's a professional."

Garth, after Milliken's victory over his man in Michigan, used the same word to describe Deardourff—"professional."

The Ohio and Michigan races taken together underline the versatility of Deardourff as a campaign strategist. In Rhodes he had a candidate who started out with a very negative image, running against a man who also had a very negative image. In Milliken he had a candidate who started out with a very positive image that was threatened first by his party's negative image and at the last moment by a possible scandal.

In the Ohio race, Deardourff decided on a two-step strategy: first, build up Rhodes; second, capitalize on Gilligan's vulnerabilities, thus making Gilligan the issue. In Michigan, Deardourff chose the opposite course. Confident in Milliken's record, he labored to make Milliken as governor the only issue, and to free him of the party albatross of Watergate.

The first phase of the Rhodes campaign, heavily reliant on television, reminded voters he was the son of a working-class family, a self-made man with a two-term record of achievement as governor. The second phase then was to contrast him with Gilligan, whose reputation for arrogance was so great that Guggenheim devoted a full

N-4

"The more it changes the more it is the same in the sense that there is this power gathering around the President," Thomas said. "Maybe it's human nature; you've got to begin to think so. It's happened so many times. It's very very difficult to rise to this position of power and share or be open. I guess it takes a mighty big person." -- ABC's AM America (5/23/75)

Mrs. Ford Helping All American Women,
Weidenfeld Says

Asked what mark Mrs. Ford will leave on the Nation as First Lady, her Press Secretary, Sheila Weidenfeld, said: "I think that's what we'll see. She's got a lot of interests; she's people oriented. Whatever it is, will be within the area of people...Actually her fight for women is really for people in terms of accomplishments, equality, her approach to children. It's a human element about her that I love, that I really just love....She is herself. Her reaction to Pendleton, her wanting to go there was a last minute decision."

Weidenfeld said she is fascinated with Mrs. Ford and hopes she never loses that attraction.

All the women of America stand taller because Betty Ford "is trying to get us into the Constitution," Liz Carpenter, Press Secretary to Lady Bird Johnson, said in a 8:30 minute interview. -- ABC's AM America (5/23/75)

David Beck Granted a Full Pardon

David Beck, former head of the Teamsters Union, was granted a full pardon Friday by President Ford. Beck was convicted in 1959 of faking Union income tax returns. The pardon will restore all of his civil rights. -- AP;UPI; NBC (5/23/75)

C-6

Mr. Ford and Public Opinion
(Editorial, excerpted, C.S. Monitor)

President Ford is on safe ground when he says (through Ron Nessen) that he is convinced that the American people want a bigger tax cut. You bet! Who wouldn't like lower taxes?

We won't accuse the President of political rhetoric on this occasion. Rather, we'll just applaud his solicitude for public opinion and hope it indicates a genuine sensitivity to what Americans think.

While he's at it then, the President will surely want to turn his attention to the latest Harris poll on the subject of gun control. The overwhelming majority of Americans, it seems, favor registration of handguns. A hefty 73% of them, according to Harris, and from among all segments of the population -- including gun owners and city dwellers.

Mr. Ford has his own adamant views on this issue and he does not favor gun registration. Only recently he stated, "In actuality it is the person who uses the gun that causes the trouble." Apparently more and more Americans see it otherwise. -- (10/28/75)

✓ Mrs. Ford -- "The Invisible Many"
(Editorial, excerpted, N.Y. Post)

The nation's First Lady is spiritedly continuing her crusade for the Equal Rights Amendment, and reaffirming her refusal to avoid "controversial" issues.

In a weekend speech she assailed "the cloud of fear and confusion" created by opponents of the amendment. Challenging the notion that its ratification would "alter the fabric of the Constitution" or "force women away from their families," she said: "It will help knock down those restrictions that have locked women into stereotypes of behavior and opportunity."

We commend her warm words to the voters of this state, who will have a chance next month to record themselves in support of the ERA. -- (10/28/75)

Ford Presidency Is Irrelevant
(Eric F. Goldman, Prof, History, Princeton Univ.)

The other day someone asked me to evaluate the Ford presidency. It all seems vaguely irrelevant. I'm afraid about the judgment history will make about Gerald Ford -- vaguely irrelevant. He is anything but a do-nothing President. He has policies. Yet,

N-8

✓ 82% in Poll OK Equal Rights Amendment for Women

By Harry Stathos

(Excerpted from the N.Y. News)

The equal rights amendment for women is supported by eight out of 10 New Yorkers interviewed in The Daily News Opinion Poll.

Eighty-two per cent -- the highest favorable response to any of two dozen questions in the poll -- said "yes" to the proposed constitutional amendment banning sex discrimination. Only 14% of the respondents opposed the amendment, and 4% had no opinion.

In The News poll, the Equal Rights Amendment drew its strongest support from unmarried persons, from the younger respondents, from the high-income bracket, from the better-educated, and from those who identified themselves as political "liberals." Men came out almost as strongly for the amendment as women, with 81% of the male respondents backing the proposal compared to 83% of the females. (7/7/75)

Ruffian Put to Death After Shattering Her Right Ankle

Champion filly Ruffian was humanely destroyed Monday, the victim of a shattered right ankle that ended her sensational racing career just one-half mile after the start of a great match race against Foolish Pleasure. After a 2.5 hour operation, Ruffian dislodged a cast and protective brace on her leg, prompting the decision by her owner Stuart Janney to have her "put to sleep" rather than suffer any more.

In her 11-race career, the three-year-old filly earned more than \$300,000 in prize money, reported Sam Chu Lin (CBS). At the request of her owner, Ruffian will be buried in the infield at Belmont Park race track, said Chu Lin Monday. -- UPI; AP; Networks (7/7/75)

UFW Workers Strike to Stop Illegal Aliens in Texas

The United Farm Workers union Monday launched a wildcat strike against illegal aliens in Mexico who cross the border daily to work in the melon fields in Texas, Ed Rabel (CBS) reported. Several members of the union managed to prevent about 150 aliens from crossing over into Texas on Monday, but were then forbidden by the Mexican government to re-enter Mexico.

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MRS. FORD-ERA

WASHINGTON (AP) -- FIRST LADY BETTY FORD SAYS SHE PLANS TO CONTINUE HER PERSONAL LOBBYING FOR THE EQUAL RIGHTS AMENDMENT DESPITE MAIL RUNNING 3 TO 1 AGAINST HER EFFORTS.

NOR DID SHE SEEM AT ALL FAZED BY THE REACTION.

"SHE EXPECTED IT," SAID PRESS SECRETARY SHEILA WEIDENFELD.

MRS. FORD EXPLAINED, "IT'S THOSE WHO ARE AGAINST (ERA) WHO ARE DOING THE WRITING. THOSE WHO ARE FOR IT SIT BACK AND SAY 'GOOD FOR HER -- PUSH ON.'"

MRS. WEIDENFELD SAID THURSDAY THAT MAIL THE WHITE HOUSE HAS COUNTED SO FAR SHOWS 360 LETTERS IN PRAISE OF THE FIRST LADY'S EFFORTS AND 1,128 AGAINST.

02-21-75 10:08EST

WASHINGTON (UPI) -- ABOUT TWO-THIRDS OF THE MAIL FIRST LADY BETTY FORD HAS RECEIVED CONCERNING THE EQUAL RIGHTS AMENDMENT OPPOSES HER LOBBYING FOR ITS PASSAGE, BUT SHE PLANS TO KEEP SUPPORTING THE MEASURE ANYWAY.

SHE "IS NOT AT ALL DISCOURAGED," SAID SHIELA WEIDENFELD, MRS. FORD'S PRESS SECRETARY.

MS. WEIDENFELD SAID MRS. FORD HAD RECEIVED 1,128 LETTERS OPPOSING AND 360 FAVORING ERA.

UPI 02-21 11:03 AES

- The delegation will testify in favor of the emergency food aid before the foreign operations subcommittee of the House appropriations committee Tuesday. He said it would also support some medical assistance.
- Rep. Bella Abzug (D., N.Y.), one of the delegation, said she would present a dissenting view to the opinion of the majority of the delegation that about \$124 million worth of ammunition should be sent to Cambodia.
- William Coleman won Senate confirmation as Secretary of Transportation. He becomes the second Black to hold a Cabinet position. NBC said Robert Weaver, Secretary of Housing and Urban Development in the Kennedy and Johnson Administrations, was the first.
- Rock Island Railroad officials and union leaders agreed to ask about 10,500 railroad employees to take a voluntary 10 per cent pay cut to help ease the road's financial problems. The lost pay would be repaid when and if the railroad started making money. Some 800 officers and managers agreed to take the cut.

* * * *

FROM THE WIRES

Mrs. Ford Happy Over Change in Mail

Washington (UPI) -- First Lady Betty Ford was described as "very happy" Monday that her mail has turned around and is now heavily in favor of her support of the Equal Rights Amendment.

Shiela Rabb Weidenfeld, the First Lady's Press Secretary said so far Mrs. Ford has received 6,412 letters and wires in favor of ERA and 2,729 against.

Earlier the mail was running 3-1 against Mrs. Ford's staunch support of the Amendment.

"Mrs. Ford said it was great," said Mrs. Weidenfeld. She quoted the First Lady as saying "it is very important that people who are for ERA not sit back because it's the only way ERA is going to be passed."

Mrs. Ford's eyes are on the Illinois legislature where there will be a crucial vote on ERA tomorrow.

The letter writers have not minced words on their different stands.

One letter writer wrote: "Dear Betty -- Good for you, push on." "Please continue to speak out for passage of ERA," wrote another woman. "Be sure that you have a veritable tidal wave of support behind you."

"I wish I had more time to sound your praises," one woman wrote. "Women in the country have long needed your support."

Among the letters in opposition was one reading: "Mr. Ford, can you kindly tell me how you expect to run the United States when you can't control your wife."

"Mrs. Ford, it's incomprehensible to me that you would desire equality when you are far superior to your husband in stupidity," wrote another woman.

Still another letter writer told Mrs. Ford, "You have the unique distinction of being the only woman in the White House that we cannot refer to as 'Lady'. Impeach Betty Ford."

Arabs Hope to Coordinate Stand on Israel

Damascus (UPI) -- Representatives from Syria, Jordan, Egypt and the Palestine Liberation Organization will meet later this month to coordinate their stands in the Middle East conflict, Arab League Secretary General Mahmoud Riad said Monday.

The meeting, originally planned for Feb. 3, was postponed because of a rift in Egyptian-Palestinian relations following PLO criticism of Egypt's Middle East policy.

Speaking to newsmen on his arrival from Beirut, where he held talks with PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, Riad said:

"There are no differences between Egypt and the Palestinians. There was a misunderstanding, but the situation is now clear."

Those Hypocritical Barriers

In simply stated and easily understandable language, the Equal Rights Amendment says men and women will be equal under the law. That is a concept that is basic and essential to a free, democratic society.

female against male. The issue is fairness and justice. And the ERA is the most expedient, comprehensive and, perhaps most important, symbolic way to give men and women equal status

Detroit Free Press, 2/24/75

Speech Freedom for Betty Ford

THE FIRST WOMAN of the land, Betty Ford, has been drawing criticism from opponents of the Equal Rights Amendment lately because they don't like her whole-hearted championship of the proposed constitutional addition.

However, as one of her staff members pointed out, Mrs. Ford has made her lobbying telephone calls on a WATS Line, for which a flat fee is paid, no matter how many long-distance calls are made.

As for the stationery, we understand

File : ER4A

This copy of *Women Today* was inadvertently mis-numbered and mis-dated. It should read, 'Vol. V, No. 10, May 12, 1975. Please excuse this error.

ERA NIXED IN FLORIDA DESPITE SUPPORT FROM BETTY FORD AND GOVERNOR ASKEW

The Florida Senate voted 21-17 against ratifying the Equal Rights Amendment this year, despite support and last minute lobbying by BETTY FORD who telephoned four Republican Senators and Governor REUBIN ASKEW who tried to change the minds of three Democrats. Earlier the Florida House of Representatives voted 61 to 58 in favor of the ERA. Only Missouri and Illinois can still act on the Amendment this year. In Illinois on May 1 the House passed the ERA with a 113-62 vote, the 3/5's vote required by the Illinois legislature. It has been sent to the Senate where action is expected very soon. In a press conference May 5, KAREN DeCROW, President of the National Organization for Women, reported on the progress of the ERA on the steps of Independence Hall in Philadelphia. She selected Philadelphia as the site for this statement not only because of its association with the Declaration of Independence but also because it will be the site of the 8th National NOW Conference next October. More than 4,000 feminists are expected to attend the national conclave. In earlier remarks to NOW members, Ms. DeCrow commented on the irony of celebrating a bicentennial when sexism and racism were still so rampant.

NEW CONGRESSWOMAN, SHIRLEY PETTIS SWORN INTO OFFICE

Rep. SHIRLEY PETTIS (R-CA) was sworn into office May 6 in the House of Representatives. Rep. Pettis defeated several other candidates in a special election April 29 to succeed her husband, Rep. JERRY PETTIS, who died in a plane crash in February of this year. She will probably be assigned to the Interior Committee, according to a spokeswoman from her office.

REGULATIONS TO IMPLEMENT THE EQUAL CREDIT OPPORTUNITY ACT RELEASED

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System recently proposed a regulation to implement the Equal Credit Opportunity Act, which forbids discrimination by creditors on the basis of sex or marital status. The new Act which was signed by President Ford last October will take effect October 28. It makes the Federal Reserve responsible for writing and implementing regulations. Enforcement is the responsibility of the Federal Trade Commission, the Federal Reserve Board, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Comptroller of the Currency and nine other Federal agencies. The Act covers all who regularly extend credit to individuals including banks, finance companies, department stores, credit card issuers and government agencies such as the Small Business Administration. The Board also announced a hearing on the proposed regulation to be held before Members of the Board beginning May 28. The Board will receive written comment on its proposed regulation—to be designated Regulation B—through June 30. In making its proposal, the Board said: "The proposed regulation attempts to reconcile the statutory goal of equal access to credit—without regard to sex or marital status—with the need to preserve the creditor's ability to distinguish, in his own judgment, between applicants that are, or are not, creditworthy. For example, the proposed regulation would not permit a creditor to downgrade an applicant merely because the applicant was divorced. But it would allow the creditor to decide whether an applicant's ability to repay had been impaired by divorce or other change in marital status. The Board has attempted in the proposed regulation—issued after extensive consultation with women's groups, other consumers and creditors—to facilitate both broader and fairer access to credit." The principal ways in which the proposed regulation would affect the practices of creditors include:

- Credit Scoring on the Basis of Marital Status. The draft would forbid making it a rule that married persons are more creditworthy than unmarried persons or those who are separated;
- Reasons for Denying Credit. The draft would require the creditor to supply a written statement of reasons for denying or terminating credit when any rejected applicant requests an explanation;
- Credit Accounts. The draft regulation would permit the creditor to limit the common "family" type of "joint" account (issued in the name of one spouse but usable by the other spouse) to married applicants only, since the creditor would rely on state laws to hold one spouse liable for the debts of the other;
- Alimony and Child-Support Payments. Creditors would be required to include in their assessment of creditworthiness an evaluation of an applicant's income in the form of alimony or child support;
- Childbearing. Creditors would be forbidden to ask whether an applicant makes use of birth control methods or whether the applicant intends to have children;
- Income. Creditors would not be permitted to discount any part of a person's income because of sex or marital status.

MERGING WOMEN IN MANAGEMENT WORKSHOPS ARE SCHEDULED FOR FIVE CITIES

The Emerging Woman in Management, a confidence and skills-building workshop session for women who are in or aspire to management, will be conducted in five cities, according to its sponsor, Response and Associates. The dates and locations are: May 21-23, Oklahoma City; May 28-30, Washington, DC; June 9-11, Chicago; June 23-25, San Francisco; and July 9-11, Boston. The \$250 fee includes materials, lunches, breaks, resources and private consultations. For more information, contact Response & Associates, P.O. Box 333, Chicago Heights, IL 60411.

RESOURCE CENTER RELEASES PUBLICATION ON BIASED TEXTBOOKS

The Resource Center on Sex Roles in Education has released *Biased Textbooks*, a publication which resulted from two years—review of research and action materials dealing with the portrayal of males and females in textbooks. It consists of two papers: a research perspective by LENORE J. WEITZMAN and DIANE RIZZO, "Images of Males and Females in Elementary School Textbooks in Five Subject Areas;" and suggestions for action, "What You Can Do About Biased Textbooks," prepared by the Resource Center. Described as "one of the most comprehensive studies in this area completed to date," the authors examined the illustrations in the mathematics, science, reading, spelling and social studies texts most frequently used in elementary classrooms throughout the country. In addition to the clear documentation of the relative omission of females and the stereotyping of both females and males, the study includes an analysis of a number of other variables which have been less frequently considered. The action steps included are organized to provide suggestions for students, teachers in the classroom, teacher groups, administrators and parents and community groups working to change textbook bias. They focus on ways of dealing with the biased materials now in use and on methods to encourage the elimination of such bias in new materials. Support for research was provided by the Rockefeller Family Fund and for publication and dissemination by the Ford Foundation. Copies are available for \$1 from the Resource Center on Sex Roles in Education, National Foundation for the Improvement of Education, 1156 15th St., NW, Washington, DC 20005.

WOMAN AS MANAGER WORKSHOP SET FOR MAY 19-22 AT BETHANY COLLEGE

"Woman as Manager," a three-day residential workshop for women presently in management, supervisory or administration positions and women oriented toward leadership roles, is set for May 19-22 at the Thomas E. Millsop Leadership Center for Continuing Education at Bethany College in West Virginia. It is designed to help participants improve their personal effectiveness, increase self-confidence and develop a plan for continued career growth. Leading the workshop will be JODY R. JOHNS, an experienced manager, multi-media program developer and author. Registration is \$265 for residential participants; \$225 for commuters. For more information, contact Dr. Nell C. Bailey, Director of Continuing Education, Bethany College, Bethany, WV 26032.

DELEGATES TO INTL. CONFERENCE ON STATUS OF WOMEN AGREE ON STATEMENT TO UN

Delegates representing 36 countries who attended the International Conference on the Status of Women last month at the University of Wisconsin at La Crosse (see *Women Today*, Vol. V, No. 8) approved a statement designed to insure equal rights for men and women in all areas. The statement, which will be sent to the United Nations, called for "immediate attention" to:

- full access to educational opportunities for both men and women on equal terms;
- full access to job opportunities and promotion for both men and women on equal terms;
- full access to political office for both men and women on equal terms;
- full equality for both men and women in all family matters;
- full participation of both men and women in international gatherings, including those concerning the status of women to promote greater understanding.

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Publisher of WOMEN TODAY is MYRA E. BARRER, an accredited reporter in the Nation's Capitol. She has had considerable experience in working with State and Federal agencies and more than 15 years of experience writing and editing technical and non-technical reports for government and industry.

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WOMEN today

WASHINGTON, D.C.

We have sent you a complimentary copy of *WOMEN TODAY* because you are actively involved in programs that promote the progress and development of women. You are also concerned about the provision of equal rights and opportunities for women. We hope that you will respond to us with your ideas, suggestions and the results of your own activities and achievements so that we may inform others about you and your work.

Each week, we scan hundreds of news stories, articles, transcripts, monographs, government documents, press releases, promotional materials, and scholarly papers to bring you timely information on topics ranging from day care to constitutional law. Our reporters are accredited to and attend press conferences at the Congress, the White House, the Supreme Court, U.S. Departments of State; Defense; Health, Education, Welfare; and many more, where we meet the top officials face-to-face and ask the right questions.

How often have you heard about a seminar devoted to a topic in which you are vitally interested only to learn that it was conducted last month?

How often have you, like so many others, embarked on a time-consuming search for a recently issued report which was briefly cited in a news story?

How often have you said: "Put me on your mailing list" only to find yourself spending valuable time trying to cull pertinent data from a deluge of mailed materials?

Too often?

You need *WOMEN TODAY*, the fact-filled newsletter dedicated to dissemination of up-to-date information about and for today's women.

WOMEN TODAY is not consciousness-raising; it is current awareness.

WOMEN TODAY is not opinion-oriented; it is a national clearinghouse of information.

WOMEN TODAY not for "wheel-spinners"; it is for activists — "movers and doers."

Our editorial aim is to keep you fully informed. Our editorial absolutes are accuracy and relevance. In our offices in New York City and Washington, D.C., we stay abreast of current developments in such critical areas as employment, education, litigation, politics, volunteerism and legislation.

Here is a sampling of topics recently covered in *WOMEN TODAY*:

Opportunities for Women in the Foreign Service.

First Women's Bank Announces 200,000-Share Initial Offering

Hearings in Five Cities Will Explore Housing Discrimination Against Women

Phi Chi Theta President Makes Case for Single-Sex Professional Organizations

U.S. Civil Service Commission Releases Only Partial Analysis of Job Discrimination Complaints by Federal Employees

WEAL Files Sex Discrimination Charges Against State College

American Bar Association Hits Laws on Prostitution

White House Fellows Program Seeks More Women Applicants

Women Begin in Pilot Program in Construction Industry

Not all Federal Government Agencies Have Civil Service Commission "Approved" Affirmative Action Plans, Investigation Reveals

Supreme Court Rules on Equal Pay For Women

Hearings Held on Admitting Women to Service Academies

Women Hold Few Top Jobs in Science and Engineering

Student Body Charges Sex Discrimination in Sports

NOW Survey Yields Statistical Profile of its Membership

Supreme Court Upholds New York City Human Rights Commission Finding

Now in its fifth year,

WOMEN TODAY brings you relevant facts, not rhetoric. We'll tell you what's happening. You decide what to do about it.

1975 EDITION

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"... This source provides
information on the women's movement
that is otherwise elusive. Recommended."

*I use your Women's Directory almost on a
several times a day basis. How did we ever
manage without it?*

Mildred Crosby
Chief, Women's Resource Library
Women's Bureau, U. S. Department of Labor

*Your book is a prime source for people in the
employment service industry or who are
concerned about affirmative action plans and
providing equal employment opportunities.
Firms are actively searching for qualified
women and this Directory helps us find them
fast.*

Daisy Fields, Consultant
American Management Association
& Past President, Federally Employed Women

*A valuable listing of feminist groups and
individuals. It fills a vital gap in the women's
movement literature, and should be a helpful
addition to most libraries.*

Arvonne Fraser
Past National President,
Women's Equity Action League

*The insider's guide to the women's
movement. It makes the whole country
accessible.*

Jane McMichaels, Executive Director
National Women's Political Caucus

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1975 Edition

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WOMEN'S ORGANIZATIONS & LEADERS DIRECTORY

The *WOMEN'S DIRECTORY* has grown with the women's movement. You will now find two large sections accommodating the text and the four comprehensive indexes. The *DIRECTORY* features 15,000 major entries for organizations, their leaders and prominent individuals in the women's movement.

More than a mere listing of national, state and local women's groups, here is a sourcebook for locating thousands of specialized organizations and resource persons throughout the world. You'll find them all: traditional & radical; business & government; academic & professional; associations & collectives; straight & gay; United States & foreign.

This is the only directory of women's groups to receive the accolade of "...*outstanding reference book of the year*..." from the American Library Association and to be placed on permanent exhibit at their professional meetings.

Now twice as large as the first edition, the *New 1975 Edition of WOMEN'S ORGANIZATIONS & LEADERS DIRECTORY* has the same easy-to-use format.

THE TEXT

The text for each entry includes such pertinent information as correct name of the organization, address, telephone numbers for information; names, addresses and telephone numbers for national, state and local officers, chapters, committees, task forces; membership data, year founded, number of chapters and publications; objectives, current and proposed activities, and significant achievements. Individuals are also identified by current occupation and position, organizational responsibilities; and areas of action and achievement in the women's movement.

THE INDEXES

How do you find what you are searching for? How do you identify a specific group or individual within your own state or country? Who does what, where, and who is responsible for the activities of that group?

The **1975 Edition** has four complete and time-saving indexes, each containing every entry and every individual listed, where appropriate.

ALPHABETICAL INDEX

Every organization along with their state and local chapters, committees, task forces, councils, commissions, advisory boards, etc; and every individual, is listed in alphabetical order with referral to every entry for that individual or organization in the entire Directory.

GEOGRAPHICAL INDEX

Every organization and individual as described in the Alphabetical Index is also listed in alphabetical order by state in the United States or by country for foreign entries.

SUBJECT AREA INDEX

Each organization and individual is indexed by subject area of action and achievement. More than 500 subject areas are used with a two-level, cross-referenced indexing scheme.

PERIODICAL INDEX

Each periodical including newsletters, journals, directories, magazines, etc., published by one of the listed organizations is indexed in alphabetical order by *title of periodical* and in a second list by *name of publishing organization*.

What makes *WOMEN'S ORGANIZATIONS & LEADERS DIRECTORY* such an EFFECTIVE RESOURCE?

Here is just a sampling of what it can do for you or your organization:

- ♦♦ identifies and provides information about leading individuals in women's organizations, government agencies and in various disciplines and areas of interest.
- ♦♦ aids employers and personnel directors in recruiting by identifying professional women's groups to contact.
- ♦♦ identifies women in various fields for those seeking to add women to their membership, or those seeking women consultants.
- ♦♦ lists potential sources of financial aid or grants to individuals, organizations or communities.
- ♦♦ enables people to locate others when traveling with whom they might share a professional or personal exchange.
- ♦♦ indicates where funds may be available for women's projects and who could help you write the proposal.
- ♦♦ locates part- or full-time colleges, vocational training opportunities, graduate study institutions and continuing education programs, and indicates which offer counseling, day care centers, financial assistance, etc.
- ♦♦ names the Federal Women's Program Coordinators for every federal agency across the country and abroad.
- ♦♦ states the name and location and provides information about hundreds of special interest groups and professional caucuses — from high school women to ethnic women's groups, from labor unions to professional associations.
- ♦♦ pinpoints the special library collections on women's studies and history of the women's movement.
- ♦♦ identifies the top women in government and the private sector.

ALSO

Looking for a job? See job banks.
Need to fill a position? See talent banks.

REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE NEWSLETTER

300 New Jersey Avenue, S.E.
Washington, D.C. 20515

Number 3
94th Congress, First Session
February 17, 1975

*Some Very
Unusual
Valentine
Cards*

— page 5

1,500 EXPECTED AT CONFERENCE

More than 1500 Republicans — from State central committee chairmen to volunteer envelope stuffers — will be welcomed in Washington March 6 to 8 for the RNC-sponsored National Leadership Conference. The meeting is designed to bring together Republicans from all 50 States to present a comprehensive plan for rebuilding the party and preparing for the 1975-76 campaigns.

President Ford and Vice President Rockefeller have both been invited to attend; should their schedules permit, each will speak and greet new faces and old friends at the Washington Hilton gathering.

RNC Chairman Mary Louise Smith said the conference will mark a "turning point for our party — a turning away from defeat and toward rebuilding and victory."

The three-day agenda includes the presentation of results of a nationwide voter-attitude study which will graphically show the party's situation (post November, 1974), along with a discussion of the campaign reform law

by Kansas Sen. Bob Dole, a former National Chairman. Vital panel discussions to follow will be steered by a veritable Who's Who of the Republican Party, tackling tough but timely issues:

■ Sen. Bill Brock of Tennessee — involving the under-35 non-college voter in the Republican Party.

■ Richard Rosenbaum, New York State Central Committee Chairman — involving the minority voter in daily affairs of the GOP.

■ House GOP Leader John Rhodes, Arizona, and Rep. William Cohen, Maine — re-establishing the confidence of the American people in elected leadership.

■ Rep. John Rousselot, California — the Republican Party in on-going development and advocacy of issues.

■ Iowa Gov. Robert Ray — how to hold Republican office-holders accountable to the party platform.

■ Rep. Jack Kemp, New York,

and Vic Kamber of AFL-CIO — the party's relationship with organized labor.

■ Rep. William Steiger, Wisconsin — undertaking structural changes in the Republican Party.

■ Columnist Mike Causey, the *Washington Post* — patronage and ethical standards.

■ Clarke Reed, Mississippi State Central Committee Chairman, and Anna Chennault, RNC Heritage Groups Board Member — expanding the base of the Republican Party.

■ GOP Conference Chairman John Anderson, Illinois, and Rep. Bill Frenzel, Minnesota — public campaign financing.

Information and registration forms (cost: \$36.50 per person) can be obtained from Republican Leadership Conference 310 First St., S.E., Washington, D.C. 20003, phone (202) 484-6750.

Fenwick to Read Farewell Address

Washington's famous 1796 Farewell Address to Congress will be repeated for the 65th time on February 17, the date his birthday is now observed, in the House chambers. Speaker Carl Albert awarded the 1975 honor to a new and articulate voice, Rep. Millicent Fenwick of New Jersey. Republicans uphold the tradition on alternating years.



OFFICERS of the 94th Club, elected by their peers January 27, are, from left, standing: Reps. Thomas N. Kindness, Assistant Minority Leader; Richard Kelly, Vice President; Richard T. Schulze, President; Charles E. Grassley, Secretary-Treasurer, and Robert W. Kasten Jr., Policy Committee. From left, seated: Reps. Millicent Fenwick, Research Committee, and Virginia Smith, Republican Congressional Committee. President Ford will host a White House reception February 19 for officers and members — all first-term GOP Congressmen.

Mrs. Ford on ERA

Here is a special statement by First Lady Betty Ford to Newsletter readers:

"Ratification of the Equal Rights Amendment is the single most important step that our Nation can take to extend equal opportunity to all Americans. It is a critical issue and one that is equally important to men and women if our country is to continue to progress in guaranteeing basic human rights. The upcoming year is one that can turn the corner for us in this important fight.

"Each vote so far this year has been uncomfortably close, and it is no secret that the pro-ERA forces are up against strong and emotional lobbying — lobbying that is changing votes even in final minutes. I hope you do whatever you can for ratification of this important amendment.

"It is important to us as Republicans to take a lead in this fight. And it is important to us as fair-minded citizens of this country to permit people equal opportunity regardless of sex, color, and creed."

Newsletter Analysis

EQUAL RIGHTS CHANGE GAINS A MAJOR BACKER

The Equal Rights Amendment has enlisted the help of a powerful lobbyist — First Lady Betty Ford — in its snowballing drive to become the 27th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution.

Thanks to last-minute telephone urging by Mrs. Ford to several legislators, the Missouri House approved the Amendment February 6 by an 82-75 vote, with 82 the exact minimum needed for final passage. It now goes to the State Senate, where, if approved, the action would make Missouri the 35th State to ratify. The proposal needs passage by 38 States by 1979 to become part of the Constitution.

States expected to vote soon are North Carolina, South Carolina, Nevada, Arizona, Indiana, Illinois, and Florida. A League of Women Voters spokesman, Ms. Mary Brooks, said all of these are "still very much in the running" and predicted that opposition will diminish each time another State votes to ratify the amendment. Mrs. Ford, she continued, "is becoming our heroine. She is very concerned and very involved in ERA."

The First Lady is understood to have written letters urging passage to several wavering legislators in North Dakota, which ratified as the 34th State on February 3, the same day Nebraska failed by 2 votes to overturn its rescission of the resolution originally passed by her lawmakers in 1972.

The actions ironically symbolize ERA's fitfully long history. First introduced in Congress over 50 years ago, its 52 words languished in committee for a variety of reasons, both real and imaginary, which plagued the public conscience then as now. For a comprehensive list of these major objections, with rebuttal to each, the Newsletter refers those interested to the *Congressional Record*, Jan.

Cartoon of the Week



—MacNelly in Richmond News Leader

28, 1975, page S 1084: "Ten Myths About the Equal Rights Amendment."

The text of ERA:

Section 1. Equality of rights under the law shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex.

Section 2. The Congress shall have the power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

Section 3. This amendment shall take effect two years after the date of ratification.

The two States which have voted to rescind their original ratifications, Tennessee and Nebraska, are still considered by the General Accounting Office as supporters. When and if the necessary 38th legislature sends its ratification to Washington, the GAO will likely declare the amendment law — including in its count the two disputed States. Should litigation ensue over the validity of the rescissions, as the National Organization for Women expects, proponents predict the amendment will be upheld.



REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE NEWSLETTER

The Newsletter is published bi-weekly while Congress is in session by the Public Relations Division of the National Republican Congressional Committee, 300 New Jersey Ave., SE, Washington, D.C. 20515. Telephones (all area code 202): Executive Director, 225-1832; Art Department, 225-1813; Broadcast Services, 225-1806; Campaign, 225-1816; Public Relations, 225-1800.

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MOUNTAINS OF PAPER, MONTHS OF DELAY

Behind Ford Plan for Less Regulation

On advice of his Council of Economic Advisors, President Ford has submitted legislation to reduce Federal regulation of airlines, railroads, trucking and related areas.

In addition, the President will shortly make public a more detailed program of regulatory reform including additional proposals now under study.

In the judgment of many in Congress and especially business executives, it would be difficult to imagine a more important step toward economic recovery.

Overgrown and seldom-investigated Federal regulatory agencies cost both business and the public billions of dollars, slow productivity and sometimes lead to bankruptcy of business firms. The President's economic report estimates that in surface transportation alone the cost of regulation lies between \$4 billion and \$9 billion annually. Total cost of Federal regulation is not available, but the Council estimates it at \$66 per person per year or up to 1 percent of gross national product.

Often, Federal regulations are nothing short of ridiculous as well as costly. No one knows this better than the businessman. At the Newsletter's request, the Chamber of Commerce of the U.S. supplied examples provided by its members. Here are a few:

■ Consider the case of the Holston Defense Corp., Kingsport, Tenn.

Holston operates an Army ammunition plant in Hawkins County, Tenn., under contract. The Occupational Health and Safety Administration ruled that the fireplugs at Holston's plant must be painted red. OSHA rules applied because Holston is a private corporation. However, according to Army regulations, fireplugs must be painted yellow, with a green, orange or red cap, depending upon water pressure. The Army rules also applied to Holston since it operates on an Army installation.

■ To build the Alaska pipeline, 1,100 permits were needed from the State and Federal governments.

■ To renew his license, the owner of a small radio station and an employee had to spend four months filling out an application form weighing 45 pounds.

■ To gain approval of a new drug, a pharmaceutical company had to submit 64 volumes of data, making a stack over 10 feet high.

And then there's the delay.

■ It takes the National Labor Relations Board an average of 11.5 months to rule on a routine unfair-labor-practice charge.

■ The Interstate Commerce Commission needs an average of 18 months to rule on a transportation rate case.

Paul McCracken, former chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers, has commented: "It would certainly be helpful if government would attack some of its own price-raising 'sacred cows' — the disgraceful Interstate Commerce Commission regulation of transportation that has bankrupted railroads and imposed higher costs on consumers; the postal monopoly; the Jones Act that forces higher coastal-shipping costs on people."

In addition to reducing regulation

of transportation, the council also proposes deregulation of the price of gas at the wellhead, commenting: "By holding the price of gas below the market-clearing levels, regulation has created chronic and growing shortages in the regulated interstate market beginning in the late 1960's. The shortages have resulted partly because of inadequate incentives for producers to explore for gas and bring it to market."

To deal with other regulatory problems, the Council said the President has endorsed legislation to repeal the antitrust exemption that allows fair trade laws (which discourage discount stores); he will also resubmit proposals to reform regulation of financial institutions, as well as legislation setting up a National Commission on Regulatory Reform.

ENERGY GOAL SEEN IN DECADE

A top energy adviser in the Ford Administration says the United States can become self-sufficient energy-wise, but that it will take a decade to achieve the goal.

Dr. Chalmer Kirkbride, scientific adviser to the Director of the new Energy Research and Development Administration (ERDA) made the prediction during radio and television interviews with Republican Congressmen. The interviews were arranged by the Congressional Committee.

Dr. Kirkbride, who has 40 years experience in the energy field, said the United States must especially concentrate on developing sources of shale oil and tar sand deposits. He predicted that, with sources of fossil fuels

dwindling, the United States will eventually have to place greater reliance in atomic and solar energy.

The United States could have developed greater internal energy sources long ago, he said, but the Nation became dependent on \$1.50 a barrel midEast oil. Now, with the price of Arab oil over \$10 a barrel, Dr. Kirkbride declared that development of domestic energy sources is "not only practical, but necessary." It will take until 1985, however, to gain self-sufficiency, he said.

ERDA came into official being on January 17 to work on research and development of new sources of energy production, and to coordinate Federal energy programs.



IN THE CROWD, at the welcoming reception given by the Republican Women of Capitol Hill for new and returning GOP members of Congress, were from left Rep. Tom Hagedorn of Minnesota; RWCH President Dorothy Maneri; House Republican Leader John Rhodes of Arizona; Rep. Guy Vander Jagt of Michigan, Chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee; Clara Posey, secretary to Rhodes, and Rep. Tom Kindness of Ohio. The buffet luncheon was held on the Senate side of the Capitol and attended by about 100 RWCH members and guests.



NEWLY APPOINTED as Deputy Assistant Secretary for Education is former Rep. Robert P. Hanrahan of Illinois. From left at the oath-taking are HEW Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger, Mrs. Hanrahan, Assistant Secretary for Administration and Management John Ottina, Hanrahan and Assistant Secretary for Education Virginia Y. Trotter. Hanrahan has unusual qualifications as an educator. From 1966 to 1971 he was school superintendent in suburban Cook County, Ill., running a system of 25,000 teachers and more than half a million students. In 1971-72 he was HEW's Education Commissioner for a six-State region of the Midwest.

26 ON POLICY PANEL

New at-large members of the House Republican Policy Committee were announced last week by House Republican Leader John J. Rhodes of Arizona and Committee Chairman Barber B. Conable Jr., of New York.

They are: Reps. William C. Wampler of Virginia; Marjorie Holt of Maryland; Robert McClory of Illinois; Robert J. Lagomarsino of California; William L. Armstrong of Colorado and Ronald A. Sarasin of Connecticut. Renamed to the committee was Rep. J. William Stanton of Ohio, who served at-large last year.

The new members will serve on the committee for the duration of the 94th Congress. The committee provides House Republicans with policy advisories on pending major legislation. With the new appointments, the committee now numbers 26 members.

The following will represent the House GOP leadership on the committee: Reps. Rhodes; Conable; Robert Michel of Illinois, Whip; John Anderson of Illinois, Conference Chairman; Samuel Devine of Ohio, Conference Vice Chairman; Jack Edwards of Alabama, Conference Secretary; Lou Frey of Florida, Research Committee Chairman; Guy Vander Jagt of Michigan, Chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee, and James H. Quillen of Tennessee, ranking Republican of the House Rules Committee.

Regional representatives on the committee are: Reps. Jerry L. Pettis of California; Garner Shriver of Kansas; Albert H. Quie of Minnesota; James T. Broyhill of North Carolina; John Erlenborn of Illinois; Chalmers P. Wylie of Ohio; James F. Hastings of New York and Albert W. Johnson of Pennsylvania.

Representing the 93rd Club is Rep. Bud Shuster of Pennsylvania; representing the 94th Club, Rep. Robert W. Kasten Jr. of Wisconsin. The 93rd and 94th Clubs are made up of Republicans elected to the 93rd and 94th Congresses.

Gude Urges Help for Hungry

Rep. Gilbert Gude (R., Md.) is organizing a "seasonal fast for the hungry" among his Capitol Hill colleagues.

He is urging them either to skip one meal on Fridays, preferably luncheon, from February 14 through March 28, or to do without meat throughout each Wednesday from February 12 through March 26.

In either case, the money saved — a minimum of \$1 per week by each member, or \$7 total — will be contributed to a hunger agency.

Said Gude: "The period covered is one when virtually all of the Western world takes time to reflect upon the sources of faith and identity. For Christians this is Lent, while Jews approach the Passover celebration and new-found identity as the people of God, and Humanists begin to reach from the dark of winter to the renewal of spring. Thus, now is the time to join in an effective demonstration of our fellowship."

For details of how to contribute, readers should contact Bill Reinsch, 104 Cannon House Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20515 or phone (202) 225-5341.

Pressler Gives 'South Dakota 10% of U.S. Pay

Freshman Rep. Larry Pressler (R., S.D.) has found out that it can be as tough to return money as it is to receive it.

The Government rejected Pressler's attempt to forego 10 percent of his \$42,500 annual salary. His attempt stemmed from a 1974 campaign vow to cut his Congressional pay by one-tenth to set an anti-inflation example.

The problem exists in a 50-year-old ruling by the Comptroller General that "members of Congress may not, in the absence of statutory authority, waive any portion of the statutory salaries."

The 32-year-old Pressler explained that "many Federal employees who, because of personal wealth or some other reason, do not need or wish to collect their full salary, feel compelled to do so to preserve their grade, rank, retirement privileges or other benefits."

Pressler is introducing legislation that would allow a civil servant or member of Congress to automatically refund a portion of his pay without losing any benefits.

Meantime, back in South Dakota, the State will be glad to oblige and be his substitute recipient for the 10 percent. The money — about \$354 a month — will go to the general fund, to be used for State and local purposes.

Pressler commented: "Incredible . . . Government, with a projected deficit of \$51.9 billion, is unable to accept money voluntarily refunded by members of Congress."

'Be My (Campaign) Valentine'



Editor's note: The House Office Building Annex on Capitol Hill houses the Democratic Club on its first floor, the Republican Congressional Committee on its fifth floor. It is, therefore, not surprising that some of the Valentine cards circulating among the gaggle of Democratic Presidential hopefuls — past and present — were misdelivered to the fifth floor where they were inadvertently opened and read.



From All the Gang to Scoop Jackson

*You're way out in front
You know where the cash is
You're much in demand
at all sorts of bashes
But bombers and liberals
Just simply don't swing
And no hawk can fly
with only one wing.*

From John Gardner to Senator Jackson

*You jump as far as Evil Kneivel
On a foreign policy that's medieval.*

From Hubert Hunphrey to Morris Udall

*I see my work was not for naught
You've learned the lesson that I taught
My eyes grow misty, I heave a sigh
When I hear you promise pie in the sky.*

From Hubie to Mo Udall

*You're earnest and bright,
in fields economic
And you make people laugh,
but who votes for a comic?*

From the Democratic Study Group to Hubie

*An adage old we pass to you
And it goes: to wit
If at first you don't succeed
Quit! Quit! Quit!*

From Teddy Kennedy to the Democrats

*I've given up on '76
Exhausted all my bag of tricks
There's nothing more to do, you see,
So draft me, draft me, draft me!*

From George Wallace to Birch Bayh

*Pack up all his bumper strips,
Press handouts, TV clips
Bye, Bye Birch Bayh
The Democrats don't want to see
You run again for the Presidency
Bye, Bye Birch Bayh
The trouble is that they all understand you
When you're mentioned voters tend to turn blue
Pack up all your cares and woes
Turn sharp left, follow your nose,
Bye, Bye, Birch Bayh.*

From Ed Muskie to Birch Bayh

*You're handsome and young
In fact you're quite fallow
Your record is bland
Like a soggy marshmallow
You're just too, too perfect
With nary a smirch
If you run in New Hampshire
It'll be bye Bayh Birch*

From George Wallace to Jimmy Carter

*You can't drive through the South,
Oh young Jimmy Carter
Your bandwagon won't go
Cause I swiped the starter.*

From Jimmy Carter to Bob Strauss

*Ah'm a comin' up from the land of cotton
Ah'm afraid the South has been forgotten
Look away, look away, look away
Dixiecrats.*

From George McGovern to Tex Bentsen

*You're a comet out of Texas
with Lyndon's style and flair
You have oil wells behind you
there's a passel of them there
But I think y'all should reckon
If gasoline runs low
You'll be like Davy Crockett
Back at the Alamo.*

From Fanne Fox to Wilbur Mills

*Since you've given up your chairmanship
I've decided I must take a trip
Therefore I find I must decline
To be your dancing valentine.*

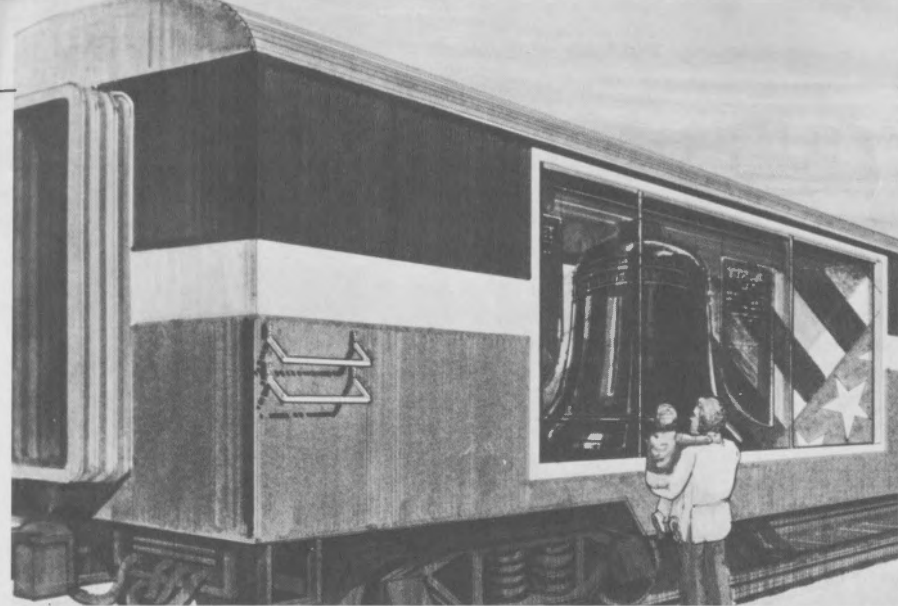
From Wilbur Mills to Fanne Fox

*While I was sick and on the cure
I hear that you were on a tour
Five bills a night to make the scene
You had your ways — now you've got your means.*

And this one bore a 1973 post-mark. Somehow it was held up in transit, and delivered just this week.

From Thomas Eagleton to George McGovern

*I know that you backed me
One thousand percent
How come I missed the ticket
And Sarge Shriver went?*



FREEDOM BELL — a double-scale model of the Liberty Bell — will be exhibited on the Freedom Train, as shown in this architect's drawing. The bell was given by the American Legion. Train also will carry the 1902 Oldsmobile that won the first American transcontinental race.

FREEDOM TRAIN TO ROLL APRIL 1, RUN FOR 2 YEARS, 17,000 MILES

On April 1, the American Freedom Train, a 400-ton steam locomotive born in America's golden age of railroads, will power into Delaware pulling 22 glistening red, white and blue cars filled with the history of America.

A priceless collection of historical memorabilia will begin a two-year, 17,000-mile journey in celebration of the American Bicentennial Revolution — an extraordinary project planned to bring two centuries of American experience within one-hour driving distance of 90 percent of the Nation's population.

Scheduled to stop in 76 cities throughout each of the 48 contiguous States, the magnificently restored Southern Pacific daylight engine, donated by the city fathers of Portland, Ore., will proudly display such materials as President Lincoln's Preliminary Emancipation Proclamation, FDR's speech to Congress after Pearl Harbor Day, a 1776 edition of Thomas Paine's *Common Sense*, Benjamin Franklin's draft of the Articles of Confederation, the original Louisiana Purchase Agreement, Indian artifacts, moon rocks, the Nobel Peace Prize and a giant "Freedom Bell."

The engine was so named because it operated on a daylight run.

A blue-ribbon committee carefully culled more than 500 items for the exhibit from the National Archives, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration and the Smithsonian Institution to reflect American achievement in government, inventions, the professions, labor,

sports and the fine and performing arts.

In a December ceremony recognizing the Freedom Train as an official Bicentennial project, President Ford declared it a fitting symbol of what the Bicentennial really represents. "This exhibit touches virtually every phase of the American experience," he said. "I see the Bicentennial of 1976 as a rebirth as well as a birthday — a rediscovery of our strength and of our potential."

The entire project manifests several old American virtues: cooperation, generosity and resourcefulness.

The idea for a Bicentennial freedom train came from Ross Rowland, a 35-year-old commodity broker with a passion for railroading. He wanted to create a modern version of a similar "Spirit of '47" train which toured the country to great popular acclaim shortly after World War II.

Like many ingenious ideas, his nearly died aborning for lack of financial support. He had just about given up the promotion effort when he made a presentation to the Pepsi-Cola Company. The idea caught fire with its chairman, Donald Kendall, who promptly enlisted three other major U.S. corporations (General Motors, Prudential Insurance and Kraft Foods) to donate \$1 million each for "seed money."

The donations made possible the formation of the American Freedom Train Foundation, Inc., a nonprofit, nonpolitical organization whose charter states that all funds remaining after the train's tour will be given to charities.

Republicans at Work 'KEEP REVENUE PLAN' — BROCK

Sen. Bill Brock of Tennessee has introduced a bill to make general revenue sharing permanent. The program will expire next year unless



Congress extends it. Brock said expiration of the program would mean "financial chaos" in State and local governments, forcing them "either to drastically reduce needed services or raise taxes to unacceptably high levels." — Rep. William H. Harsha of Ohio has asked the House Commerce Committee to investigate the extend of natural gas company reserves and production and to consider legislation allowing the Federal Power Commission to set up allocation programs and guidelines for natural gas distribution. Current allocation programs do not cover gas.

Rep. Bill Cohen of Maine has introduced two bills to encourage homeowners to save heating oil. The first would provide homeowners and small businessmen with a 25 percent tax credit on the first \$1,500 of the cost of new insulation or more efficient furnaces. The second would provide low-interest loans for improvements costing more than \$1,500.

Rep. Don Clausen of California has introduced legislation providing tax exemptions on interest earned in savings deposits. "This measure will



apply to savings in commercial banks, loan associations, mutual savings banks and credit unions — and should stimulate the housing and building-materials industry," Clausen said. . . . Rep. H. John Heinz III of Pennsylvania wants Congress to set up a national commission to determine whether Federal regulatory agencies contribute to inflation by reducing competition. The commission would examine the activities of regulatory agencies such as the Federal Communications Commission, Interstate Commerce Commission and the Civil Aeronautics Board. President Ford has proposed legislation to set up such a commission.

Republicans Say: 'ELK HILLS HAS LOTS OF OIL'

About Elk Hills Bill: Rep. James C. Cleveland of New Hampshire wants jurisdiction of the Elk Hills, Calif., petroleum preserve transferred from the Navy to the Department of the Interior. Cleveland said: "Development of [Elk Hills] could increase domestic oil production by 300,000 barrels per day within three



years. Such an increase could also reduce our balance of payments deficit by \$1 billion per year." . . . About President Ford's \$349 Billion Budget: "No one should be surprised . . . Every program it has has been approved by past Democratic-controlled Congresses. And no one in Washington really believes that the present liberal-dominated Congress will do anything to reduce spending." — Rep. Clarence J. Brown of Ohio.

About the New Congress: "The large majority the Democrats have . . . is evidently more concerned with the elections of 1976 than with trying to deal with the problems we're facing today. Instead of developing alternative programs to what the President has proposed in various fields, they're simply saying, 'NO!'" — Rep. Jim Johnson of Colorado.

About Inflation: "There are no simple, or easy, or painless answers to inflation. If the Congress refuses to come to grips with spending, and if the



American people won't accept the fact that we cannot have everything without paying for it, we are in for a rough and rocky road." — Rep. Keith Sebelius of Kansas. . . . About Illegal Aliens: "Illegal aliens take jobs, collect welfare, and increase the strain on a variety of State and local services they do not support. An attack on this problem should be a matter of top-priority importance at the present time." — Rep. William S. Cohen of Maine. . . . About Ecology: "The problem with ecology . . . is that . . . while claiming to champion the cause of all living things . . . it consistently overlooks — Man. — Rep. Steve Symms of Idaho.

FOUR CAMPAIGN GROUPS WILL MEET FEB. 21

The National Governors Conference will take a bipartisan look at "Priorities for Domestic Economic Adjustment" during their first semi-annual meeting for 1975, scheduled February 18-20 at Washington's Mayflower Hotel. Administration participants will include Vice President Nelson Rockefeller, Interior Secretary Rogers Morton, and White House economic adviser William Seidman. Republican Governors follow suit February 21 with a working session on

Political Notes

politics and energy. Invited speakers include Frank Zarb, U.S. energy czar; Robert Hartmann, Counsellor to the President; Mary Louise Smith, Chairman of the RNC; Rep. Guy Vander Jagt, Chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee; and Senator Ted Stevens, Chairman of the Republican Senatorial Committee. The session marks the first time that the chairmen of all GOP campaign organizations and representatives of the White House have been called together.

On Friday, February 28, the Republican National Committee is hosting a luncheon at the Sheraton Hotel, Washington, D.C., in honor of its Chairman, Mary Louise Smith. For tickets contact your State Central Committee, or in Washington call the D.C. Republican Central Committee, 229-9661.

Gary A. Myers, a first-termer from the 25th District of Pennsylvania, announced he has consulted an accounting firm, Arthur Anderson & Co., to explore the feasibility of auditing his office and personal books periodically while he is a member of Congress. He said his office procedures would be an "open book" so that residents of his district "would know that every act, every nickel, and every vote" while he is in office is a matter of public record.

President Ford presided February 7 at the official swearing-in of Edward H. Levi, 63, former dean of the University of Chicago law school, as Attorney General of the United States. After taking the oath from Justice Lewis Powell Jr. in the presence of

Vice President Rockefeller and members of the Cabinet and Congress, the new Attorney General pledged to administer the laws so that they would not be "an instrument of partisan purpose."

The Senate Select Committee on Intelligence Organizations unanimously accepted the recommendation of Chairman Frank Church (D-Idaho) for a staff director: Republican William G. Miller, former foreign policy adviser to Senator John Sherman Cooper (R-Ky.).

John T. Dunlop, former Director of the Cost of Living Council, will be returning to Government service as President Ford's next Secretary of Labor, upon Senate confirmation. The Harvard economics professor, author of nine books on American labor, will replace retiring Peter J. Brennan, who announced plans to resume leadership of the Building and Construction Trades Council in New York.

South Dakota's Republican State Central Committee meets February 22 in Pierre to elect a new State chairman, State vice chairman, and secretary-treasurer. The South Dakota Federation of Republican Women and the Young Republican Federation are taking advantage of the "convening of the clan" to stage annual meetings for their organizations that same weekend.

More than half the membership of the House, at 249, and nearly two-thirds of the Senate, at 60, formerly served in the Boy Scouts of America, either as Scouts or later as adult leaders, Rep. Clarence J. Brown (R., Ohio) announced last week. Brown, a former Eagle Scout and later an assistant Scoutmaster and counsellor, made his Scouting survey for the 94th Congress and the preceding four Congresses. The 1975 totals for the House are down from 1973, when there were 262, but up by 1 in the Senate from the former 59.

Rep. Robert Lagomarsino (R., Calif.) has introduced legislation to require House members to retire at age 70, or face substantial loss of retirement benefits. Lagomarsino says this is identical to similar legislation applying to judges in his native California, where he says the system has worked well.

WHAT'S YOUR QUESTION?

How did we get the odd Federal election day — the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November?—D.C., Arlington, Va.

It is set by Federal law.

In 1972, in the newspaper the *National Enquirer*, the Rev. Webb Garrison gave an insight into how the date was arrived at. He wrote:

"For many years, each State fixed its own election day. In 15 States, voters turned out the first Monday in November. One day later, four other States voted. Two States used a day one week later. One State — New Jersey — allowed voters to cast ballots on either of two days. Eight more States had other dates entirely . . .

"Newspapers [in 1844] clamored for establishment of a uniform national election day. November 1 was proposed, but, objected John Calhoun of South Carolina, 'many merchants balance their books the first day of the month' . . .

"Then the first Monday in November was suggested. But, it was pointed out, in those days of poor roads, many voters had to start for the polls the day before. A Monday voting day would require them to travel on Sunday. . . .

"Benjamin Tappan, a Senator from Ohio, found the winning formula in the election day already fixed by New York State. It was 'the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November' — and, for national elections, in 'years divisible by two.'

"He introduced an act to that effect, and it won passage in just a week."

What will the Social Security tax be for calendar 1975? Is there a "fund" into which Social Security taxes are paid, and if so do income and outgo equal each other? If there is a "fund," how much is in it and how long will it last? —D.W.D., Albany, Ore.

Social Security taxes will remain at 5.85 percent on both employee and employer in 1975, but the taxable wage base will rise to \$14,000 for the calendar year. There is a Social Security Fund, and on a yearly basis, income from taxes and outgo for benefits are approximately equal. (Income for fiscal 1973 was \$43.6 billion as against the same figure for outgo). The figures vary from year to

year. In fiscal 1973 there was \$44.3 billion in the trust fund. The estimates for fiscal 1974 and 1975 are \$45.6 and \$46.6 billion respectively. There is no way to know at present how long the fund will last, but it is safe to assume that Congress will not allow the fund to go broke.

How did the elephant and the donkey become the symbols of the Republican and Democrat Parties?—S.H., Washington, D.C.

This question is a perennial to us, and we are glad to answer it again.

Both the GOP elephant and the Democratic donkey were popularized



by the pen of Thomas Nast, great American illustrator and caricaturist of the 19th century. Nast's use of the elephant as a Republican symbol first appeared in the Nov. 7, 1874, issue of *Harper's Weekly* (see picture). His use of the donkey as a Democratic symbol appeared in that same publication four years earlier, Jan. 15, 1870.

Is it true, as I have heard, that the reason for the Watergate break-in was to verify reports that Cuba's Castro had offered a \$1 million campaign contribution for use by Democratic candidates in 1972? —A.C.D., Miami, Fla.

This and similar reports were widely circulated, but were never verified by the Senate Select Committee on Presidential Campaign Activities.

I seem to see less and less in the papers about the Democrats' plan

to ration gasoline. Are they backing away from this proposal?—E.L., Baltimore, Md.

According to Frank Zarb, Federal energy czar, it has gradually begun to dawn on the rationers just how difficult and unfair this proposal would be — and how expensive. The Federal Energy Administration describes gasoline rationing as "complex, expensive and at best a short-term solution." FEA estimates the cost to the Federal Government at \$2 billion, and this does not include the cost to States and localities of setting up 3,000 State and local boards to handle exceptions to the rationing law based on emergency or hardship.

With our grain reserves at the lowest ebb since 1940, and food prices rising almost weekly, is the United States planning to continue attempting to feed the whole world? —L.A., San Francisco.

No. Last October, President Ford halted shipment of 3 million tons of wheat and corn to Russia, and announced that in the future export arrangements would need his approval. Also, note Secretary of Agriculture Earl Butz's statement to the Rome food conference that the only real answer to the food needs of underdeveloped nations was "to develop."

Why are the labor unions tax-exempt?—Mrs. E.G., San Francisco.

Because they are non-profit organizations. As to their political activities, we suggest you read "The One Hundred Million Dollar Payoff," an excellent book by Douglas Caddy, a Washington, D.C., attorney.

Got a question that's been bothering you? Send it to "What's Your Question," GOP Newsletter, 300 New Jersey Avenue, S.E., Washington, D.C. 20515. Priority will be given to answering questions of general interest to a political audience. No questions can be answered by mail.