The original documents are located in Box 55, folder "9/13/76 S2862 Authorizing Appropriations for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974" of the White House Records Office: Legislation Case Files at the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library.

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Digitized from the White House Records Office: Legislation Case Files at the 🗯 🛱 erail d Ford Presidential Library

SEP 13 1976

SEP 13 1976

MEMORANDUM

FROM:

SUBJECT:

Attach

Tenate

THE WHITE HOUSE

ACTION

WASHINGTON September 10, 1976 Last Day: September 13

JIM CANNON TO DAMA

S. 2862 - Authorizing Appropriations for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974

Attached for your consideration is S. 2862, sponsored by Senators Magnuson and Pearson.

The enrolled bill authorizes appropriations of \$3.75 million for the transition quarter, \$15 million for 1977 and \$20 million for 1978 for the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration and authorizes appropriations of \$1.275 million for the transition quarter, \$5.5 million for 1977 and \$6 million for 1978 for the Fire Research Center.

On July 7, 1976 you vetoed H.R. 12567, which contained authorization amounts for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act identical to those included in this bill, because it contained a constitutionally objectionable legislative encroachment provision. That provision is not in this bill.

Additional information is provided in OMB's enrolled bill report at Tab A.

OMB, Max Friedersdorf, Counsel's Office (Lazarus), Bill Seidman and I recommend approval of the enrolled bill and proposed signing statement which has been cleared by the White House Editorial Office (Smith).

## RECOMMENDATION

That you sign S. 2862 at Tab B.

That you approve the signing statement at Tab C.

Approve

Disapprove



## EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

#### OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

SEP 3 1976

#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Enrolled Bill S. 2862 - Authorizing appropriations

for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act

of 1974

Sponsor - Sen. Magnuson (D) Washington and

Sen. Pearson (R) Kansas

## Last Day for Action

September 13, 1976 - Monday

## Purpose

Authorizes appropriations for the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration and the Fire Research Center for the transition quarter and fiscal years 1977 and 1978.

## Agency Recommendations

Office of Management and Budget

Approval

Department of Commerce

Approval(Informally)

## Discussion

The Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974 established a National Fire Prevention and Control Administration (Fire Administration) in the Department of Commerce to coordinate, encourage, and facilitate programs of fire prevention and control. The Act also established a Fire Research Center in Commerce to conduct basic and applied research into the fundamental processes underlying all aspects of fire.

S. 2862 would authorize appropriations of \$3.75 million for the transition quarter, \$15 million for 1977 and \$20 million for 1978 for the Fire Administration and \$1.275 million for the transition quarter, \$5.5 million for 1977 and \$6 million for 1978 for the Fire Research Center. The total authorization level of \$20.5 million for 1977 contained in the enrolled bill is \$10.322 million higher than proposed in your budget. However, P.L. 94-362, which you approved on July 14, 1976, provided appropriations of \$12.2 million for the Fire Administration and Fire Research Center in 1977, an acceptable amount which is about \$2 million higher than you requested. Although this bill's authorization for the transition quarter is \$2.746 million higher than requested, the funds already appropriated -- \$2.279 million -- are the amounts contained in your budget.

On July 7, 1976, you vetoed H.R. 12567, which contained authorization amounts for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act identical to those included in this bill, because it contained a constitutionally objectionable legislative encroachment provision. That provision is not in this bill.

James M. Truy Assistant Director for Legislative Reference

Enclosures

## STATEMENT BY THE PRESIDENT

I have today signed into law S. 2862, a bill which authorizes appropriations for the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration and the Fire Research Center.

While I have consistently supported the important work of the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration, I vetoed a similar bill -- H.R. 12567 -- two months ago because it provided for an unacceptable legislative encroachment on the President's constitutional responsibilities over Executive Branch operations.

Upon returning the earlier bill for Congressional reconsideration, I noted it provided that:

Congress may, by concurrent resolution, "veto" a plan to commit funds for construction of the National Academy for Fire Prevention and Control. This provision extends to the Congress the power to prohibit specific transactions authorized by law, without changing the law and without following the constitutional process such a change would require. Moreover, it involves the Congress directly in the performance of Executive functions in disregard of the fundamental principle of separation of powers.

Provisions of this type have been appearing in an increasing number of bills which this Congress has passed or is considering. Most are intended to enhance the power of the Congress over the detailed execution of the laws at the expense of the President's authority.

At my urging, the Congress has reconsidered and excluded this type of provision from the present bill. I commend the Congress for its more responsible action in deleting the objectionable provision.

Due to the great national loss caused by fires, both in terms of human lives and property, and because of the challenge of improving fire prevention and control, I am happy to sign this bill which permits the important government fire prevention and control effort to continue. With

passage of this bill, the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration will now have authority through fiscal year 1978 to carry out its important work of coordinating programs of fire prevention and control. The Fire Research Center can now continue to conduct the needed basic and applied research into the fundamental problems of fire prevention and control.

WASHINGTON

September 13, 1976

# SIGNING CEREMONY FOR S. 2862 FEDERAL FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL AUTHORIZATION

Monday, September 13, 1976 5:00 p.m. (5 minutes) Oval Office

From: Jim Cannon

## I. PURPOSE

- To sign enrolled bill S. 2862, which authorizes appropriations for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Administration.
- To provide an event where you can identify with the important work of the Fire Administration and America's many firefighters.

## II. BACKGROUND, PARTICIPANTS AND PRESS PLAN

A. Background: You have agreed to sign this bill which authorizes appropriations for the Fire Administration and Fire Research Center through fiscal year 1978.

In July you vetoed a similar bill which provided for an unacceptable legislative encroachment on the President's constitutional responsibilities over Executive Branch operations. The Congress has now reconsidered and excluded this type of provision from the present bill.

The work of the Fire Administration, which provides leadership and planning for the national fire prevention and control effort, is important in combatting a major national problem. The United States leads all the major industrialized countries in per capita deaths and property loss from fire. Each year in the United States, it is estimated

that more than three million fires and explosions kill 12,000 people, seriously burn another 300,000 and destroy more than \$4 billion in property. Many of the victims are the very young and the aged — those who are least able to do anything about fires. In addition, about \$7 billion annually is spent for fire departments, fire insurance and related costs by all State and local governments, business and labor groups, civic organizations and others.

## B. Participants:

Secretary Elliott Richardson

Howard Tipton - Administrator of National Fire
Protection and Control Administration

William Howard McClennan - President of
International Association of Firefighters

Robert Edward Carter - Chairman of Joint Council of
National Fire Service Organization

David Bearden Gratz - President of the International
Association of Fire Chiefs

Jim Cannon

Paul Leach

C. Press Plan: To be announced; White House photo to be made available.

#### III. TALKING POINTS

- I am pleased that you can be with me today as I sign this Fire Prevention and Control Authorization bill.
- With passage of this revised bill, the Fire Prevention and Control Administration and Fire Research Center can continue the important effort of coordination and research for the fire prevention and control fight.
- It is absolutely essential to reduce the great national loss of lives and property caused by fires.
- I am pleased to sign this bill which helps in that effort.



# OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

SEP 3 1976

## MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Enrolled Bill S. 2862 - Authorizing appropriations

for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act

of 1974

Sponsor - Sen. Magnuson (D) Washington and

Sen. Pearson (R) Kansas

## Last Day for Action

September 13, 1976 - Monday

## Purpose

Authorizes appropriations for the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration and the Fire Research Center for the transition quarter and fiscal years 1977 and 1978.

## Agency Recommendations

Office of Management and Budget

**Approval** 

Department of Commerce

Approval (Informally)

## Discussion

The Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974 established a National Fire Prevention and Control Administration (Fire Administration) in the Department of Commerce to coordinate, encourage, and facilitate programs of fire prevention and control. The Act also established a Fire Research Center in Commerce to conduct basic and applied research into the fundamental processes underlying all aspects of fire.

S. 2862 would authorize appropriations of \$3.75 million for the transition quarter, \$15 million for 1977 and \$20 million for 1978 for the Fire Administration and \$1.275 million for the transition quarter, \$5.5 million for 1977 and \$6 million for 1978 for the Fire Research Center. The total authorization level of \$20.5 million for 1977 contained in the enrolled bill is \$10.322 million higher than proposed in your budget. However, P.L. 94-362, which you approved on July 14, 1976, provided appropriations of \$12.2 million for the Fire Administration and Fire Research Center in 1977, an acceptable amount which is about \$2 million higher than you requested. Although this bill's authorization for the transition quarter is \$2.746 million higher than requested, the funds already appropriated -- \$2.279 million -- are the amounts contained in your budget.

On July 7, 1976, you vetoed H.R. 12567, which contained authorization amounts for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act identical to those included in this bill, because it contained a constitutionally objectionable legislative encroachment provision. That provision is not in this bill.

James M. Truy Assistant Director for Legislative Reference

**Enclosures** 

ACTION MEMORANDUM

WASHINGTON

LOG NO.:

Date:

September 7

500pm Time:

FOR ACTION:

Bank Leach

cc (for information):

Jack Marsh

Max Friedersdorf Ken Lazarus

Jim Connor Ed Schmults

Bill Seidman

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date:

September 8

Time: 500

SUBJECT:

H.2862-Authorizing appropriations for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974

## ACTION REQUESTED:

For Necessary Action

For Your Recommendations

Prepare Agenda and Brief

**Draft Reply** 

For Your Comments

**Draft Remarks** 

#### REMARKS:

please return to judy jihnston, ground floor west wing

## PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately.

K. R. COLE. JR. For the President

ACTION MEMORANDUM

WASHINGTON

LOG NO .:

Date: September 10

Time: 1100am

FOR ACTION:

Jim Jura

cc (for information): Jack Marsh

Max Friederddorf Kebblazärkberg

Jim Cannor Ed Schmults

Robert Hartmann

Bill Seidman

Bill Seluman

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: September 10

Time: 200pm

SUBJECT:

H.R. 2862-Authorization Appappropriations for the Federal Fire Rrevention and Control Act of 1974

(Signing statement)

## ACTION REQUESTED:

For Necessary Action	For Your Recommendations
Prepare Agenda and Brief	Draft Reply
X For Your Comments	Draft Remarks

## REMARKS:

please return to judy johnston,

## PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately.

K. R. COLE, JR. For the President

ACTION MEMORANDUM

WASHINGTON

LOG NO .:

Date: September 10

Time: 1100am

FOR ACTION:

Jim Jura

Max Friedersdorf Bobbie Kilberg Robert Hartmann cc (for information): Jack Marsh

Jim Connor Ed Schmults

Bill Seidman /

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: September 10

Time: 200pm

SUBJECT:

H.R. 2862-Authorization of Appropriations for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974

(Signing statement)

ACTION :	REOU	JESTED:	:
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For Necessary Action	For Your Recommendations
Prepare Agenda and Brief	Draft Reply
X For Your Comments	Draft Remarks

## REMARKS:

please return to judy johnston,

## PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately.

SEP 3 1976

Honorable James T. Lynn
Director, Office of Management
and Budget
Washington, D. C. 20503

Attention: Assistant Director for Legislative Reference

Dear Mr. Lynn:

This is in reply to your request for the views of this Department concerning S. 2862, an enrolled enactment

"To authorize appropriations for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974."

S. 2862 would amend section 17 of the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974, which authorizes funding for carrying out the purposes of the Act, to authorize not to exceed \$3,750,000 for the transitional quarter beginning July 1, 1976 and ending September 30, 1976; not to exceed \$15,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1977; and not to exceed \$20,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1978.

Section 16(b) of the Act of March 3, 1901, which authorizes a Fire Research Center located in the National Bureau of Standards, would be amended to provide authorization of not to exceed \$1,275,000 for the transitional fiscal year beginning July 1, 1976 and ending September 30, 1976; not to exceed \$5,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1977; and not to exceed \$6,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1978.

S. 2862 does not contain the provision providing an opportunity for Congressional disapproval with respect to plans for construction of the National Academy for Fire Prevention and Control which was objected to by the President in his veto of H.R. 12567, a related bill, on July 7, 1976.



This Department recommends approval by the President of S. 2862.

Public Law 94-362, the "Departments of State, Justice, and Commerce, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriation Act, 1977" appropriated for FY 1977, a total of \$12,239,000 for the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration, and a total of \$68,785,000 for Science and Technical Research which would include necessary expenses of the National Bureau of Standards and its Fire Research Center.

Sincerely,

General Counsel

ACTION	MEMORANDUX	
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WASHINGTON

LOG NO .:

Date:

September 7

500pm Time:

FOR ACTION:

Paul Leach

Max Friedersdorf

Ken Lazarus

Bill Seidman

cc (for information):

Jack Marsh

Jim Connor

Ed Schmults

#### FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date:

September 8

Time: 500

SUBJECT:

S.2862-Authorizing appropriations for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974

## ACTION REQUESTED:

For Necessary Action	I	OI I	16662	Sarv	MCHOI
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For Your Recommendations

\_\_\_ Prepare Agenda and Brief

\_\_\_\_ Draft Reply

-x For Your Comments

\_\_\_\_ Draft Remarks

## REMARKS:

please return to judy johnston, ground floor west wing

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PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL COCKETS

If you have any auditions or if you anticipate a doloy in submitting the required material, planter

ACTION MEMORANDUM

WASHINGTON

LOG NO .:

Date:

September 7

Time: 500pm

FOR ACTION:

Paul Leach

Max Friedersdorf

Ken Lazarus Bill Seidman . cc (for information):

Jack Marsh Jim Connor

Ed Schmults

#### FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date:

September 8

Time: 500

SUBJECT:

S.2862-Authorizing appropriations for the Federal
Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974

## **ECTION REQUESTED:**

For Necessary Action

For Your Recommendations

Prepare Agenda and Brief

\_\_\_\_ Draft Reply

\_x\_\_ For Your Comments

\_\_\_\_ Draft Remarks

## REMARKS:

please return to judy johnston, ground floor west wing

APAROVE LBP

WASHINGTON

September 9, 1976

MEMORANDUM FOR:

JIM CAVANAUGH

FROM:

MAX L. FRIEDERSDORF

SUBJECT:

S.2862 - Authorizing appropriations for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control

Act of 1974

The Office of Legislative Affairs concurs with the agencies that the subject bill be signed.

Attachments

ACTION MEMORANDUM

WASHINGTON

LOG NO

September 10

Time:

1100am

FOR ACTION:

Jim Jura

Max Friedersdorf Bobbie Kilberg Robert Hartmann

Bill Seidman

cc (for information): Jack Marsh Jim Connor

Ed Schmults

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: September 10

Time:

200pm

SUBJECT:

H.R. 2862-Authorization of Appropriations for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974

(Signing statement)

## ACTION REQUESTED:

	For	Necessary	Action
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For Your Recommendations

\_\_ Prepare Agenda and Brief

\_\_\_\_ Draft Reply

\_X\_For Your Comments

\_\_ Draft Remarks

#### REMARKS:

please return to judy johnston,

od/mus

## PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately.

## STATEMENT BY THE PRESIDENT

I have today signed into law S. 2862, a bill which authorizes appropriations for the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration and the Fire Research Center.

While I have consistently supported the important work of the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration, I vetoed a similar bill --- H.R. 12567 --- two months ago because it provided for an unacceptable legislative encroachment on the President's constitutional responsibilities over Executive Branch operations.

Upon returning the earlier bill for Congressional reconsideration,
I noted it provided that:

Congress may, by concurrent resolution, "veto" a plan to commit funds for construction of the National Academy for Fire Prevention and Control. This provision extends to the Congress the power to prohibit specific transactions authorized by law, without changing the law and without following the constitutional process such a change would require. Moreover, it involves the Congress directly in the performance of Executive functions in disregard of the fundamental principle of separation of powers.

Provisions of this type have been appearing in an increasing number of bills which this Congress has passed or is considering. Most are intended to enhance the power of the Congress over the detailed execution of the laws at the expense of the President's authority.

7.7.76

At my urging, the Congress has reconsidered the wisdom of this earlier provision and excluded this type of provision from the present bill. I commend the Congress for its more responsible action in deleting the objectionable provision.

Because of the major national cost of fires, both in terms of human lives and property, and because of the challenges presented in assuring improved fire prevention and control, I take pleasure in now being able to sign this bill which permits the important government fire prevention and control effort to continue. With passage of this bill, the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration will now have authority through fiscal year 1978 to carry out its important work of coordinating, encouraging and facilitating programs of fire prevention and control. Furthermore, the Fire Research Center can to conduct the needed basic and applied research into the fundamental problems of fire prevention and control.

ACTION MEMORANDUM

WASHINGTON

LOG NO .:

Date: September 10 Time: 1100am

FOR ACTION:

Jim Jura

Max Friedersdorf

Bobbie Kilberg Robert Hartmann

Bill Seidman

cc (for information): Jack Marsh

Jim Connor

Ed Schmults

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: September 10

Time: 200pm

SUBJECT:

H.R. 2862-Authorization of Appropriations for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974

(Signing statement)

## ACTION REQUESTED:

\_\_\_\_ For Necessary Action

\_\_\_\_ For Your Recommendations

\_\_\_\_ Prepare Agenda and Brief

\_\_\_\_ Draft Reply

\_X\_ For Your Comments

\_\_\_\_ Draft Remarks

REMARKS:

please return to judy johnston,

9/10 - copy sent for researching nm 9/10 - Researched copy returned. nm

Molls Mo

## PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately.

ACTION MEMORANDUM

WASHINGTON

LOG NO .:

Date: September 10

Time: 1100am

FOR ACTION:

Jim Jura

Max Friedersdorf

Bobbie Kilberg
Robert Hartmann

Bill Seidman 🗸

cc (for information): Jack Marsh

Jim Connor Ed Schmults

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: September 10

Time:

200pm

SUBJECT:

H.R. 2862-Authorization of Appropriations for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974

(Signing statement)

\_\_\_\_ For Necessary Action

\_\_\_\_ For Your Recommendations

\_\_\_\_ Prepare Agenda and Brief

\_\_\_\_ Draft Reply

X For Your Comments

\_\_\_\_ Draft Remarks

#### REMARKS:

please return to judy johnston,

appear Klberg 9/10/76

## PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately.

ACTION MEMORANDUM

WASHINGTON

LOG NO .:

Date: September 10 Time: 1100am

FOR ACTION:

Jim Jura

cc (for information): Jack Marsh Max Friedersdorf Bobbie Kilberg

Jim Connor Ed Schmults

Robert Hartmann Bill Seidman

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: September 10

Time:

200pm

## SUBJECT:

H.R. 2862-Authorization of Appropriations for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974

(Signing statement)

ACTION	REOU	ESTED:
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F	or	Necessary	Action
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For Your Recommendations

\_\_ Prepare Agenda and Brief

\_ Draft Reply

X For Your Comments

\_ Draft Remarks

## REMARKS:

please return to judy johnston,

6, t. - my.

#### PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately.

ACTION MEMORANDUM

WASHINGTON

LOG NO .:

cc (for information): Jack Marsh

Date: September 10

FOR ACTION: Max Friedersdorf

Bill Seidman Robert Hartmann

Jim Lynn

Bobbie Kilberg

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: September 10

Time:

200pm

Jim Connor

Ed Schmults

SUBJECT:

H.R. 8800-Electric and Hybrid Vehicle Research,
Development and Demonstration Act,1976
(revised veto message and signing statement)

ACTION	PFOI	IFCTFD.	
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For Necessary Action	For Your Recommendations
Prepare Agenda and Brief	Draft Reply

\_\_\_\_XFor Your Comments \_\_\_\_\_ Draft Remarks

## REMARKS:

please return to judy johnston, ground floor west wing

Concur - my

## PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately.

ACTION MEMO	DRANDUM	WASHINGT	on:	LOG	NO.:
Date: Septeml	ber 10		Time:	1130am	*
FOR ACTION:	Max Friedersdon Ken Lazarus Robert Hartmann Jim Lynn	11	cc (for i	information):	Jack Marsh Jim Connor Ed Schmults
FROM THE ST	AFF SECRETARY				
DUE: Date:	September 10			200; Time:	pm
SUBJECT:	8410-Livestock (Signing	packer stateme	bondi	ng	•
•					
ACTION REQU	JESTED:				
For N	lecessary Action		Fc	or Your Recom	mendations
Prepo	ire Agenda and Brief		Dı	raft Reply	
For Y	our Comments		Dı	aft Remarks	
REMARKS:					
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## PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately.

James M. Cannon :

## STATEMENT BY THE PRESIDENT

I have today signed into law S. 2862, a bill which authorizes appropriations for the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration and the Fire Research Center.

While I have consistently supported the important work of the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration, I vetoed a similar bill --- H.R. 12567 --- two months ago because it provided for an unacceptable legislative encroachment on the President's constitutional responsibilities over Executive Branch operations.

Upon returning the earlier bill for Congressional reconsideration,
I noted it provided that:

Congress may, by concurrent resolution, "veto" a plan to commit funds for construction of the National Academy for Fire Prevention and Control. This provision extends to the Congress the power to prohibit specific transactions authorized by law, without changing the law and without following the constitutional process such a change would require. Moreover, it involves the Congress directly in the performance of Executive functions in disregard of the fundamental principle of separation of powers.

Provisions of this type have been appearing in an increasing number of bills which this Congress has passed or is considering. Most are intended to enhance the power of the Congress over the detailed execution of the laws at the expense of the President's authority. At my urging, the Congress has reconsidered the wisdom of this earlier provision and excluded this type of provision from the present bill. I commend the Congress for its more responsible action in deleting the objectionable provision.

Because of the major national cost of fires, both in terms of human lives and property, and because of the challenges presented in assuring improved fire prevention and control, I take pleasure in now being able to sign this bill which permits the important government fire prevention and control effort to continue. With passage of this bill, the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration will now have authority through fiscal year 1978 to carry out its important work of coordinating, encouraging and facilitating programs of fire prevention and control. Furthermore, the Fire Research Center can to conduct the needed basic and applied research into the fundamental problems of fire prevention and control.

(Ba)

## STATEMENT BY THE PRESIDENT

I have today signed into law S. 2862, a bill which authorizes appropriations for the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration and the Fire Research Center.

While I have consistently supported the important work of the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration, I vetoed a similar bill --- H.R. 12567 --- two months ago because it provided for an unacceptable legislative encroachment on the President's constitutional responsibilities over Executive Branch operations.

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Due to the great dational loss caused by both in terms of human lives and property, and because of the challenge presented projed fire prevention and control, I take in now being able to sign this bill which permits the important government fire prevention and control effort to continue. passage of this bill, the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration will now have authority through fiscal year 1978 to carry out its important work of coordinating encouraging and facilitating programs of fire prevention and control.  $\int \mathbf{Furtherm}$ now CONTINUE the Fire Research Center can to conduct the needed basic and applied research into the fundamental problems of fire

prevention and control.

Report No. 94-864

#### FEDERAL FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACT OF 1974

MAY 13, 1976.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. Byrd of West Virginia (for Mr. Magnuson), from the Committee on Commerce, submitted the following

#### REPORT

[To accompany S. 2862]

The Committee on Commerce, to which was referred the bill (S. 2862) to authorize appropriations for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974, having considered the same, reports favorably thereon with an amendment in the nature of a substitute and recommends that the bill, as amended, do pass.

#### SUMMARY AND DESCRIPTION

The purpose of this legislation is to authorize additional appropriations to implement the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974. S. 2862 would authorize \$3.75 million for the transitional fiscal quarter of July 1, 1976 through September 30, 1976; \$15 million for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1977; and \$20 million for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1978, to implement the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974, except section 11 relating to reimbursement for costs of firefighting on Federal property. Additionally, the bill would amend the act of March 3, 1901 to authorize \$1,275,000 for the transitional fiscal quarter of July 1, 1976 through September 30, 1976; \$5.5 million for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1977; and \$6 million for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1978, to carry out the activities of the Fire Research Center of the National Bureau of Standards.

#### BACKGROUND AND NEED

Three years ago the National Commission on Fire Prevention and Control startled the Nation when it disclosed that the United States—the richest and most technologically advanced Nation in the world—led all the major industrialized countries in per capita deaths and

property loss from fire: According to the Commission, fire claims nearly 12,000 lives annually in the United States, injures 300,000 and inflicts more than \$11.4 billion per year in economic loss. Congress responded by enacting the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974.

The National Fire Prevention and Control Administration within the Department of Commerce was established to implement the new Fire Prevention and Control Act. Its growth during 1975 and 1976 has been controlled so as to insure an efficient and effective fire program. This growth must continue, however, if the Fire Administration is to meet its expressed goal—a 50-percent reduction in fire losses in

the United States within 10 years.

In considering this legislation, the committee solicited comments from the public on the needs of the new Fire Administration. Without dissent, the commentors were generally pleased with the progress of the Fire Administration thus far and urged, at a minimum, funding levels consistent with those contained in S. 2862, as reported. Every segment of the fire service community supported the original enactment of this legislation, and this universal support continues today—

1½ years later.

The Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act created a multifaceted program designed to combat the fire problem in the United States. The Fire Administration is mandated to undertake a program of education and training. To this end, a National Academy for Fire Prevention and Control has been created to advance the professional development of all persons engaged in fire prevention and control activities. The National Academy is designed to provide specialized training in the areas important to the fire services and to assist State and local jurisdictions in their training programs in order to help reduce fire losses nationwide through the education and training of fire service personnel, building designers, code officials, and others concerned with fire prevention and control.

Another aspect of the education and training activities of the Fire Administration is the public education program which is designed to reduce fire incidents and fire-related deaths and injuries through the development and dissemination of effective fire prevention education programs. Lack of understanding of the threat of fire and of fire prevention methods, whether through ignorance or indifference, was found by the National Commission to be one of the major contributing factors to this country's serious fire problem. Documented fire prevention education programs have demonstrated that death and injury rates can be decreased by as much as 52 percent when the programs are targeted to specific high-risk groups and specific fire problems in geographic regions or communities. The public education program also conducts research to determine the most effective ways to educate the public.

Another major component of the program mandated by the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act is the implementation of a National Fire Data Center. This data collection effort will, for the first time, furnish a body of data from newly developed sources and a consolidation of presently fragmented sources which can be used for decision-making. The data will (1) provide an accurate nationwide analysis of the fire problem; (2) identify major problem areas; (3) assist in setting

priorities; (4) determine possible solutions to problems; and (5)

monitor the progress of programs to reduce fire losses.

Research and development is another important aspect of the fire prevention and control program. Technology development geared toward making available improved devices and equipment incorporating the latest technology is one facet of the research and development program. This technology development program focuses on improved safety for firefighters who, according to the latest Department of Labor statistics, have one of the most hazardous occupations in the Nation. Some progress has already been made in this area with the introduction of flame-resistant materials for turnout coats and the development of lighter weight breathing apparatus. But, there is still much to do in this area and this remains one of the most important functions of the new Administration.

The research and development program is also geared toward developing and suggesting improvements in codes, standards, regulations, and the administration of such codes, standards, and regulations. To achieve public health and safety, Federal, State, and local governments have historically relied upon regulatory approaches following disasters or epidemics. While oftentimes these regulatory approaches accomplish their intended goal, cost-effectiveness studies are rarely undertaken and alternatives are rarely explored to determine if they might achieve the same objectives with fewer undesirable side effects. It is important that the Fire Administration, as a governmental leader in fire safety, explore and determine optimum strategies for each safety objective.

Additionally the Act specifically mandates the Fire Administration to examine the need for fire safety effectiveness statements and master planning for fire prevention and control. This should continue to be a

high priority in the Fire Administration's program.

The Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974 also established the Fire Research Center within the National Bureau of Standards. The Fire Research Center works closely with the fire community, through the technical contacts arising from its National Bureau of Standards (NBS) affiliation and through dissemination of research results through the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration. The work of the Center is particularly important for the construction industry and manufacturers of consumer products, especially furniture and apparel. Improved fire test methods and new design concepts arising from an improved knowledge of fire behavior can lead to a significant reduction in economic resources expended by industry as a result of fire.

Accomplishing the Fire Administration's goal to reduce U.S. fire losses by 50 percent in the next decade requires the support of Congress by providing an adequate level of resources to the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration. The level of expenditure provided in the budget request submitted to Congress—\$10,178,000—is below the minimum level required to implement the program adequately. The authorization level provided in S. 2862 represents the committee's belief that the allocation for the Fire Administration is deficient. The following chart compares the expenditures of the Fire Administration for fiscal year 1976, the budget request of the Depart-

ment of Commerce to the Office of Management and Budget for fiscal year 1977, and the budget request submitted to Congress:

Comparison by activities	1976 obligations		Department of Commerce request to OMB 1977 estimate		Budget request submitted to Congress 1977 estimate	
	Perma- nent positions	Amount	Perma- nent positions	Amount	Perma- nent positions	Amoun
Education and training: National Academy for Fire Prevention and Control Public education	15 3	\$1, 420 228	30 18	\$2, 679 1, 226	30 3	\$2, 082 229
Subtotal, education and training		1, 648 1, 125	48 25	3, 905 1, 962	33 22	2, 311 1, 280
Research and development: National Fire Safety Research Office Fire Research Center		3, 181 3, 133	21	3, 666 4, 034	11	2, 879 3, 256
Subtotal, research and developmentGeneral administration	11 12	6, 314 604	21 20	7, 700 711	12	6, 135 452
Total requirements.		9, 691 8, 618	114	14, 278 14, 278	78	10, 178 10, 178

Funding of the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act at the level of expenditure contained in the budget request submitted to Congress would seriously inhibit the implementation of several important components of the program which are at critical stages of development.

Community fire protection master planning is a major program of the Fire Administration designed to provide the tools and training for communities to assess their own fire risk and provide public protection on a cost-effective basis. It is a program which the Fire Administration is required to develop and evaluate under the Act. National validation and implementation of the program and the subsequent report to Congress will be delayed unless \$300,000 of the funds requested by the Department of Commerce but rejected by OMB for research and development is restored.

Other work in the research and technology program will suffer if the funding level submitted to Congress is not increased. For example, completion of the project to develop firefighters' protective equipment—work which directly affects 2 million firefighters—will be delayed. Regulatory impact studies will also be seriously delayed.

The National Bureau of Standards' Fire Research Center would also be adversely affected by the low budget level submitted to Congress. Failure to add the \$778,000 requested by the Department of Commerce will cause delays in such programs as residential fire detection and extinguishing systems and the development of criteria to be used by regulatory authorities and manufacturers to identify and eliminate materials which produce unusually hazardous combustion products. Two other serious effects on the NBS programs will be a reduction in fire research grants to universities and the need to dismiss NBS staff and the subsequent dissolution of a highly qualified and unique team of research personnel.

Another component of the Fire Administration's program which will be adversely affected is the public education effort. Of particular concern is the impact on the National Academy for Fire Prevention and Control. Unless a higher level of funding is allotted, we can expect a delay in several important Academy programs including the development, testing, and teaching of much-needed model curriculums and training programs—for example, arson investigation, accreditation programs for State and local colleges and universities, assistance to States for development of fire education and training plans, and establishment of the Board of Visitors and Committee on Education and Training required by the Act.

The Fire Administration's initiatives to educate members of the public has been one of the most successful efforts at the local level. The Administration's limited programs to date have stimulated great interest in public education as a viable means of reducing losses. The public education program needs to conduct educational research and pilot programs dealing with fire-setting behavior and fire safety for high-risk groups (particularly the very young and the elderly), and to expand the use of successful home fire safety programs. Increased

funding for this program is particularly important.

Finally, as explained above, one of the most important programs of the Fire Administration is the National Fire Data Center. Without comprehensive fire loss information, it is virtually impossible for the Fire Administration to target problems for the most cost-effective means of reducing losses. Nor can the Fire Administration measure the effectiveness of loss reduction activities. Accordingly, it is important that this activity of the Fire Administration be adequately funded.

#### SECTION-BY-SECTION ANALYSIS

S. 2862 would amend section 17 of the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act to authorize for appropriation \$3,750,000 for the transitional fiscal quarter of July 1, 1976 through September 30, 1976; \$15 million for fiscal year ending September 30, 1977; and \$20 million for fiscal year ending September 30, 1978. It would also amend section 16(b) of the Act of March 3, 1901 to authorize to be appropriated \$1,275,000 for the transitional fiscal quarter of July 1, 1976 through September 30, 1976; \$5,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1977; and \$6 million for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1978, for the Fire Research Center in the National Bureau of Standards.

#### CHANGES IN EXISTING LAW

In compliance with section (4) of rule XXIX of the Standing Rules of the Senate, changes in the existing law made by the bill as reported are shown as follows (existing law proposed to be omitted is enclosed in black brackets, new matter is printed in italic, existing law in which no change is proposed is shown in roman):

## SECTION 17 OF THE FEDERAL FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACT OF 1974

## 15 U.S.C. 2216

#### **L**AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 17. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the foregoing provisions of this Act, except section 11 of this Act, such sums as are necessary, not to exceed \$10,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and not to exceed \$15,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976.

#### AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 17. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the foregoing provisions of this Act, except section 11 of this Act, not to exceed \$3,750,000 for the transitional fiscal quarter of July 1, 1976 through September 30, 1976, not to exceed \$15,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1977, and not to exceed \$20,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1978.

## SECTION 16(b) OF THE ACT OF MARCH 3, 1901

#### 15 U.S.C. 278f(b))

Sec. 16(a) \* \* \*

[(b) Authorization of Appropriation.—For purposes of this section, there are authorized to be appropriated not to exceed \$5,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975 and not to exceed \$8,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1976.]

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For purposes of this section, there are authorized to be appropriated not to exceed \$1,275,000 for the transitional fiscal quarter of July 1, 1976 through September 30, 1976, not to exceed \$5,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1977, and not to exceed \$6,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1978.

#### ESTIMATED COSTS

In accordance with section 252(a) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1970 (Public Law 91-510), the cost of this legislation, in the form of authorization for appropriations, is \$5,025,000 for the transitional fiscal quarter of July 1, 1976 through September 30, 1976; \$20,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1977; and \$26,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1978.

## Text of S. 2862, as Reported

A BILL To authorize appropriations for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) section 17 of the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974 (15 U.S.C. 2216) is amended to read as follows:

#### "AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

"Sec. 17. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the foregoing provisions of this act, except section 11 of this act, not to exceed \$3,750,000 for the transitional fiscal quarter of July 1, 1976 through September 30, 1976, not to exceed \$15,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1977, and not to exceed \$20,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1978.".

(b) Section 16(b) of the act of March 3, 1901 (15 U.S.C. 278f(b)) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For purposes of this section, there are authorized to be appropriated not to exceed \$1,275,000 for the transitional fiscal quarter of July 1, 1976 through September 30, 1976, not to exceed \$5,500,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1977, and not to exceed \$6,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1978.".

### AGENCY COMMENTS

Agency comments were requested but none were received as of the date the bill was reported.

# Minety-fourth Congress of the United States of America

## AT THE SECOND SESSION

Begun and held at the City of Washington on Monday, the nineteenth day of January, one thousand nine hundred and seventy-six

## An Act

To authorize appropriations for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974.

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"Sec. 17. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out the foregoing provisions of this Act, except section 11 of this Act, not to exceed \$3,750,000 for the transitional fiscal quarter of July 1, 1976, through September 30, 1976, not to exceed \$15,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1977, and not to exceed \$20,000,000 for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1978.".

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Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate. Office of the White House Press Secretary

## THE WHITE HOUSE

## FACT SHEET

SIGNING OF S. 2862 - FEDERAL FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL AUTHORIZATION

The President today signed S. 2862, a bill authorizing appropriations for the Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974.

On July 7, 1976, the President had vetoed an earlier version of this bill (H.R. 12567) because it provided for unacceptable Congressional interference in the operations of the Executive branch. The bill being signed today does not contain that objectionable provision.

## BACKGROUND ON FIRE ADMINISTRATION

The Federal Fire Prevention and Control Act of 1974 established a National Fire Prevention and Control Administration ("Fire Administration") in the Department of Commerce to coordinate, encourage, and facilitate programs of fire prevention and control. The Act also established a Fire Research Center, as well as a National Academy for Fire Prevention and Control, as part of the Fire Administration, to advance the professional development of fire service personnel and of other persons engaged in fire prevention and control.

The work of this Federal agency is important in dealing with a major national problem. The United States leads all the major industrialized countries in per capita deaths and property loss from fire. Each year in the United States, it is estimated that more than three million fires and explosions kill 12,000 people, seriously burn another 300,000 and destroy more than \$4 billion in property. Many of the victims are the very young and the aged -- those who are least able to do anything about fires.

About \$7 billion annually is spent for fire departments, fire insurance and related costs by all State and local governments, business and labor groups, civic organizations and others. The role of the Fire Administration is to provide some of the leadership and planning for this large national fire prevention and control effort.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE BILL (S. 2862)

This bill authorizes appropriations of \$5.025 million for the transition quarter, \$20.5 million for fiscal year 1977 and \$26.0 million for fiscal year 1978 for the Commerce Department's Fire Administration and Fire Research Center.

## THE EARLIER BILL VETOED (H.R. 12567)

That bill contained authorization amounts for the Fire Administration and Fire Research Center which were identical to those included in the bill signed today.

The vetoed bill, however, also required the Secretary of Commerce to submit to the House Committee on Science and Technology and the Senate Commerce Committee the plans for construction of the National Academy for Fire Prevention and Control "before a commitment may be made to obligate funds for the construction of any facility of the Academy." If Congress, by concurrent resolution, disapproved the proposed commitment of funds within 60 calendar days of the submission of such plans, the Secretary was not permitted to obligate the funds.

Returning H.R. 12567 to the Congress on July 7, 1976, the President said:

I am disapproving H.R. 12567 because it contains a provision that would seriously obstruct the exercise of the President's constitutional responsibilities over Executive branch operations. Section 2 of the enrolled bill provides that Congress may, by concurrent resolution, "veto" a plan to commit funds for construction of the National Academy for Fire Prevention and Control. This provision extends to the Congress the power to prohibit specific transactions authorized by law, without changing the law and without following the constitutional process such a change would require. Moreover, it involves the Congress directly in the performance of Executive functions in disregard of the fundamental principle of separation of powers.

Provisions of this type have been appearing in an increasing number of bills which this Congress has passed or is considering. Most are intended to enhance the power of the Congress over the detailed execution of the laws at the expense of the President's authority. I have consistently opposed legislation containing these provisions, and will continue to oppose actions that constitute a legislative encroachment on the Executive branch.

I urge the Congress to reconsider H.R. 12567 and to pass a bill I can accept so that it will be possible for the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration to proceed with its important work.

At the urging of the President, the Congress has reconsidered this prior action and excluded this objectionable provision from the bill signed today.

# # # # #

Office of the White House Press Secretary

## THE WHITE HOUSE

## STATEMENT BY THE PRESIDENT

I have today signed into law S. 2862, a bill which authorizes appropriations for the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration and the Fire Research Center.

While I have consistently supported the important work of the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration, I vetoed a similar bill -- H.R. 12567 -- two months ago because it provided for an unacceptable legislative encroachment on the President's constitutional responsibilities over Executive Branch operations.

Upon returning the earlier bill for Congressional reconsideration, I noted it provided that:

Congress may, by concurrent resolution, "veto" a plan to commit funds for construction of the National Academy for Fire Prevention and Control. This provision extends to the Congress the power to prohibit specific transactions authorized by law, without changing the law and without following the constitutional process such a change would require. Moreover, it involves the Congress directly in the performance of Executive functions in disregard of the fundamental principle of separation of powers.

Provisions of this type have been appearing in an increasing number of bills which this Congress has passed or is considering. Most are intended to enhance the power of the Congress over the detailed execution of the laws at the expense of the President's authority.

At my urging, the Congress has reconsidered and excluded this type of provision from the present bill. I commend the Congress for its more responsible action in deleting the objectionable provision.

Due to the great national loss caused by fires, both in terms of human lives and property, and because of the challenge of improving fire prevention and control, I am happy to sign this bill which permits the important government fire prevention and control effort to continue. With passage of this bill, the National Fire Prevention and Control Administration will now have authority through fiscal year 1978 to carry out its important work of coordinating programs of fire prevention and control. The Fire Research Center can now continue to conduct the needed basic and applied research into the fundamental problems of fire prevention and control.

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