The original documents are located in Box 3, folder “8/22/74 HJR1105 Women's Equality Day” of the White House Records Office: Legislation Case Files at the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library.

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MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Enrolled Resolution H.J. Res. 1105 - Women's Equality Day
Sponsor - Rep. Abzug (D) New York

Last Day for Action
September 2, 1974 - Monday

Purpose
Designates August 26, 1974 as "Women's Equality Day" and authorizes and requests the President to issue a proclamation.

Agency Recommendations
Office of Management and Budget Approval
Civil Rights Commission Approval (Informal)

Discussion
The 19th amendment to the Constitution, guaranteeing women the right to vote, was declared ratified by a proclamation of the Secretary of State dated August 26, 1920. H.J. Res. 1105 would authorize and request you to issue a proclamation designating August 26, 1974 as Women's Equality Day in commemoration of this anniversary.

A proposed proclamation drafted by the Office of Management and Budget has been sent to the White House staff.

Assistant Director for Legislative Reference

Enclosures
ACTION MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

LOG NO.: 516

Date: August 16, 1974

FOR ACTION: Man Ebner

Time: 5:00 p.m.

cc (for information): Anne Armstrong
Warren K. Hendriks
Jerry Jones

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: Tuesday, August 20, 1974

Time: 2:00 p.m.

SUBJECT: "Women's Equality Day" - Proposed Proclamation

ACTION REQUESTED:

—— For Necessary Action
—— Prepare Agenda and Brief
—— For Your Comments
—— Draft Reply
—— Draft Remarks

REMARKS:

Would you please get the appropriate clearances from Justice and forward to us as soon as possible.

Please return to Kathy Tindle - West Wing.

PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately.

Warren K. Hendriks
For the President
WOMEN'S EQUALITY DAY

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

On August 26th, 1920, American women finally gained the right to vote when the Nineteenth Amendment to our Constitution was ratified.

Today, fifty-four years later, the women of America are actively participating in and contributing to all aspects of our economic, social and political life. Obstacles on the road to equal opportunity have been largely removed as legislative and executive actions have helped to reduce sex discrimination in education, training and employment. Special efforts have been made in the Federal Government, so that women now contribute more fully than ever before to the formulation and execution of public policy.

But although we have come a great distance since 1920, we still have a great distance to go. In 1970, on the floor of the House, I said that the Women's Equal Rights Amendment was an idea whose
time has come. Today I want to reaffirm my personal commitment to that amendment. The time for ratification of the Equal Rights Amendment has come just as surely as did the time for the 19th Amendment.

As we approach 1975, which has been widely proclaimed as International Women's Year, it is incumbent upon us to face up to deal with those inequities that still linger as barriers obstructing the full participation of women in our Nation's life. We must also remain diligent in strengthening public resolve to support those existing laws that prohibit discrimination based on sex.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GERALD FORD, President of the United States of America do hereby call upon all Americans to observe August 26, 1974, as Women's Equality Day, with appropriate ceremonies and activities. I further invite our citizens to give thoughtful consideration to the important role of American women in our society and their contribution to our economic, social and political well-being. As a Nation dedicated
to liberty and justice for all, we can no longer deny equal status to women.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand

this day of August, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred seventy-four, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred ninety-ninth.

# # #
ACTION MEMORANDUM

Date: August 16, 1974

FOR ACTION: Stan Ebner

cc (for information): Anne Armstrong
Warren K. Hendriks
Jerry Jones

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: Tuesday, August 20, 1974

SUBJECT: "Women's Equality Day" - Proposed Proclamation

ACTION REQUESTED:

- For Necessary Action
- Prepare Agenda and Brief
- For Your Comments
- Draft Reply
- Draft Remarks

REMARKS:

Would you please get the appropriate clearances from Justice and forward to us as soon as possible.

Please return to Kathy Tindle - West Wing.

PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately.

K. R. COLE, JR.
For the President
ACTION MEMORANDUM

Date: August 20, 1974
Time: 3:00 p.m.

FOR ACTION: Aner Armstrong
cc (for information): Warren K. Hendricks
Phil Buchen
Jerry Jones
Bill Timmons
Dave Gergen

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: Thursday, August 22, 1974 Time: 2:00 p.m.

SUBJECT: "Women's Equality Day" - Proposed Proclamation

ACTION REQUESTED:

- For Necessary Action
- Prepare Agenda and Brief
- For Your Comments
- XX For Your Recommendations
- Draft Reply
- Draft Remarks

REMARKS:

Please return to Kathy Tindle - West Wing

PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

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K. R. COLE, JR.
For the President
ACTION MEMORANDUM  
THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON  
LOG NO. 516

Date: August 20/1974  
Time: 3:00 p.m.

FOR ACTION:  
Anne Armstrong  
Phil Buchen  
Bill Timmons  
Dave Gergen

cc (for information): Warren K. Hendriks  
Jerry Jones

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: Thursday, August 22, 1974  
Time: 2:00 p.m.

SUBJECT: "Women's Equality Day" - Proposed Proclamation

ACTION REQUESTED:

___ For Necessary Action  
___ Prepare Agenda and Brief  
___ For Your Comments

XX For Your Recommendations  
___ Draft Reply  
___ Draft Remarks

REMARKS:

Please return to Kathy Tindle - West Wing

I recommend the changes I have penciled in on the attached draft.

PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

If you have any questions or if you anticipate a delay in submitting the required material, please telephone the Staff Secretary immediately.

Warren K. Hendriks  
For the President
MEMORANDUM FOR WARREN K. HENDRIKS

Subject: Proposed Proclamation entitled "Women's Equality Day"

Enclosed is a proposed Proclamation entitled "Women's Equality Day."

The House passed H.J. Res. 1105 on August 19, 1974, which designates August 26, 1974, as Women's Equality Day. Your suspense date has not permitted the processing of this proposed Proclamation in accordance with the provisions of Executive Order No. 11030, as amended; however, attorneys at the Department of Justice who normally review such proclamations have advised us that this proposed Proclamation is unobjectionable as to form and legality.

The proposed Proclamation has been slightly revised in this office but no change has been made in its basic concept or in the sentiments expressed therein.

The proposed Proclamation has the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

[Signature]

Stanley Ebner
General Counsel

Enclosures
WOMEN'S EQUALITY DAY

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

On August 26th, 1974, American women finally gained the right to vote when the Nineteenth Amendment to our Constitution was ratified. Today, fifty-four years later, the women of America are actively participating in and contributing to all aspects of our economic, social, and political life. Obstacles on the road to equal opportunity have been removed as legislative and executive actions have helped to reduce sex discrimination in education, training, and employment. Special efforts have been made in the Federal Government, so that women now contribute more fully than ever before to the formulation and execution of public policy.

But although we have come a great distance since 1920, we still have a great distance to go. In 1970, on the floor of the House, I said that the Equal Rights Amendment to the Constitution was an idea whose time had come. Today I want to reaffirm my personal commitment to that Amendment. The time for ratification of the Equal Rights Amendment has come just as surely as did the time for the 19th Amendment.
As we approach 1975, which has been proclaimed as International Women's Year, it is incumbent upon us to deal with those inequities that still linger as barriers obstructing the full participation of women in our Nation's life. We must also remain diligent in strengthening public resolve to support those existing laws that prohibit discrimination based on sex.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GERALD R. FORD, President of the United States of America, do hereby call upon all Americans to observe August 26, 1974, as Women's Equality Day, with appropriate ceremonies and activities. I further invite our citizens to give thoughtful consideration to the important role of American women in our society and their contribution to our economic, social, and political well-being. As a Nation dedicated to liberty and justice for all, we can no longer deny equal status to women.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this day of , in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred seventy-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred ninety-ninth.
ACTION MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

LOG NO.: 516

Date: August 20, 1974

FOR ACTION: Anne Armstrong
Phil Buchen
Bill Timmons
Dave Gergen

cc (for information): Warren K. Hendriks
Jerry Jones

FROM THE STAFF SECRETARY

DUE: Date: Thursday, August 22, 1974

SUBJECT: "Women's Equality Day" - Proposed Proclamation

ACTION REQUESTED:

For Necessary Action
Prepare Agenda and Brief
For Your Comments

XX For Your Recommendations
Draft Reply
Draft Remarks

REMARKS:

Please return to Kathy Tindle - West Wing

PLEASE ATTACH THIS COPY TO MATERIAL SUBMITTED.

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Warren K. Hendriks
For the President
MEMORANDUM FOR WARREN K. HENDRIKS

Subject: Proposed Proclamation entitled "Women's Equality Day"

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Stanley Ebner
General Counsel
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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this day of , in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred seventy-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred ninety-ninth.
On August 26th, 1974, American women finally gained the right to vote when the Nineteenth Amendment to our Constitution was ratified. Today, fifty-four years later, the women of America are actively participating in and contributing to all aspects of our economic, social, and political life. Obstacles on the road to equal opportunity have been largely removed as legislative and executive actions have helped to reduce sex discrimination in education, training, and employment. Special efforts have been made in the Federal Government, so that women now contribute more fully than ever before to the formulation and execution of public policy.

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As we approach 1975, which has been proclaimed as International Women's Year, it is incumbent upon us to deal with those inequities that still linger as barriers obstructing the full participation of women in our Nation's life. We must also remain diligent in strengthening public resolve to support those existing laws that prohibit discrimination based on sex.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GERALD R. FORD, President of the United States of America, do hereby call upon all Americans to observe August 26, 1974, as Women's Equality Day, with appropriate ceremonies and activities. I further invite our citizens to give thoughtful consideration to the important role of American women in our society and their contribution to our economic, social, and political well-being. As a Nation dedicated to liberty and justice for all, we can no longer deny equal status to women.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this day of , in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred seventy-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred ninety-ninth.
August 22, 1974

Mr. W. H. Rommel
Assistant Director for
Legislative Reference
Office of Management and Budget
Executive Office of the President
Washington, D. C. 20501

Dear Mr. Rommel:

The U. S. Commission on Civil Rights is pleased to respond to your recent request for its views on H. J. Res. 1105, a joint resolution designating August 26, 1974, as "Women's Equality Day". The Commission is in favor of this joint resolution and we hope that you will recommend to the President that he sign it and issue an appropriate proclamation.

Sincerely,

LOUIS NUREZ
Acting Staff Director
WOMEN'S DAY—President Ford invited congresswomen to the White House for the signing of a proclamation designating Aug. 26, anniversary of women's suffrage, as "Women's Equality Day." Surrounding Mr. Ford, from left, are: Reps. Barbara Jordan, Elizabeth Holtman, Marjorie S. Holt and Leonor K. Sullivan; Mrs. Ford; Reps. Cardiss Collins, Corinne C. Boggs, Margaret M. Heckler, and Bella S. Abzug.
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
Office of the White House Press Secretary

THE WHITE HOUSE
WOMEN'S EQUALITY DAY, 1974

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
A PROCLAMATION

On August 26th, 1920, American women finally gained the right to vote when the Nineteenth Amendment was certified as part of our Constitution.

Today, fifty-four years later, the women of America are actively participating in and contributing to all aspects of our economic, social and political life. Many obstacles on the road to equal opportunity have been removed as legislative and executive actions have helped to reduce sex discrimination in education, training and employment. Special efforts have been made in the Federal Government, so that women now contribute more fully than ever before to the formulation and execution of public policy.

But although we as a Nation have come a great distance since 1920, we still have a great distance to go. In 1970, on the floor of the House, I said that the Equal Rights Amendment to the Constitution was an idea whose time had come. Today I want to reaffirm my personal commitment to that amendment. The time for ratification of the Equal Rights Amendment has come just as surely as did the time for the 19th Amendment.

As 1975 approaches, widely proclaimed as International Women's Year, Americans must deal with those inequities that still linger as barriers to the full participation of women in our Nation's life. We must also strengthen and support laws that prohibit discrimination based on sex.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GERALD R. FORD, President of the United States of America, do hereby call upon all Americans to observe August 26, 1974, as Women's Equality Day, with appropriate ceremonies and activities. I further urge Americans to consider the essential role of women in our society and their contribution to our economic, social and political well-being. As a Republic dedicated to liberty and justice for all, this Nation cannot deny equal status to women.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this twenty-second day of August, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred seventy-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred ninety-ninth.

GERALD R. FORD

# # #
August 22, 1974

REMARKS OF THE PRESIDENT
UPON SIGNING A PROCLAMATION
ON
WOMEN'S EQUALITY DAY, 1974

THE PRESIDENT: Let me say it has been my observation that women over the years in politics, as well as otherwise, have to do things twice as well as men in order to get half as much credit, and I think that we have got to change that.

I think the efforts that are being made in many fields -- and this afternoon I am going to be signing the Community Better Cities Act, or whatever the title is, and it is my understanding in that bill the Congress has included a provision that there can be no discrimination against women in the field of mortgage financing.

So, you are making headway every day, including today.

But I also am sure many of you know that I was somewhat helpful at the time the Equal Rights Amendment went through the House of Representatives -- where is Martha this morning?

A She is in Michigan.

THE PRESIDENT: We will save this for Martha.

I am delighted that our State has taken forthright action on it. What is it, six short now, or five?

A Five short.

THE PRESIDENT: So, good luck to you. Thank you all very, very much for coming down, and it is nice to see you.

***
Joint Resolution

Designating August 26, 1974, as "Women's Equality Day"

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That August 26, 1974, is designated as "Women's Equality Day", and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation in commemoration of that day in 1920 on which the women of America were first guaranteed the right to vote.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Vice President of the United States and
President of the Senate.
August 21, 1974

Dear Mr. Director:

The following bills were received at the White House on August 21st:

S.J. Res. 66  H.J. Res. 1105
S.J. Res. 220  H.R. 3520
S.J. Res. 221  H.R. 15581
S.J. Res. 222  H.R. 16027

Please let the President have reports and recommendations as to the approval of these bills as soon as possible.

Sincerely,

Robert D. Linder
Chief Executive Clerk

The Honorable Roy L. Ash
Director
Office of Management and Budget
Washington, D.C.