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Calendar No. 132

94TH Congress
1st Session

SENATE

REPORT No. 94-137

SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1975

MAY 14 (legislative day, APRIL 21), 1975.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. McClellan, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H.R. 5899]

The Committee on Appropriations, to which was referred the bill (H.R. 5899) making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and for other purposes, reports the same to the Senate with various amendments and presents herewith information relative to the changes recommended.

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SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1975

APRIL 10, 1975.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

> Mr. Mahon, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

REPORT

together with

SEPARATE VIEWS

[To accompany H.R. 5899]

The Committee on Appropriations submits the following report in explanation of the accompanying bill making further supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and for other purposes.

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The budget request estimates on which the bill is based are contained in H. Doc. 93-266 (February 4, 1974), H. Doc. 94-22 (February 3, 1975), H. Doc. 94-59 (February 24, 1975), H. Doc. 94-66 (March 3, 1975), H. Doc. 94-71 (March 6, 1975), H. Doc. 94-74 (March 10, 1975), H. Doc. 94-78 (March 12, 1975), H. Doc. 94-79 (March 12, 1975), H. Doc. 94-80 (March 13, 1975), H. Doc. 94-97, (April 8, 1975), and H. Doc. 94— (April —, 1975).

A discussion of the overall bill totals follows. Details concerning

particular items can be found in the request documents and in the printed hearings. Specific committee recommendations are explained in the various chapters of this report, which are arranged in the order

of the bill.

GRAND TOTAL OF THE BILL

The grand total of new budget (obligational) authority recommended in the bill is \$11,297,417,586, a reduction of \$221,970,060 below the

estimates presented to the Congress.

The Committee also recommends transfers of \$190,027,375 between appropriations. In some cases, in lieu of providing new budget authority, the Committee has recommended transfers of monies which the Committee has determined to be in excess of needs. Transfers recommended in the bill are \$159,619,000 more than had been proposed by the President.

BILL HIGHLIGHTS

Major items in the bill include the following:

-\$1,755,453,070 for increased pay costs for military and civilian personnel.

-\$5,000,000,000 for advances to the unemployment trust fund.

-\$1,729,748,000 for public assistance payments. -\$583,970,000 for retired pay costs for Federal, Foreign Service, and military personnel.

-\$462,000,000 for the Head Start preschool education program

and the Native Americans program.

-\$446,000,000 for the Community Services Administration, the successor agency to the Office of Economic Opportunity.

-\$279,000,000 for education programs including \$4,000,000 for drug abuse education; \$125,000,000 for aid to schools with special needs related to school desegregation; \$67,400,000 for interest payments on student loans; and \$82,600,000 for payments in connection with defaults on guaranteed student loans.

-\$182,639,000 for the Veterans Administration for compensation

and pensions and medical care.

-\$118,909,000 for various transportation programs.

-\$108,950,000 for firefighting costs on Federal lands.

-\$83,102,000 to pay increased supplemental security income benefits.

-\$80,844,000 for "Black Lung" benefit payments to disabled coal

-\$44,085,000 for payment to the Postal Service Fund.

-\$24,623,000 for the National School Lunch and Child Nutrition Act of 1966.

-\$59,699,187 for claims and judgments rendered against the United States.

BUDGET REDUCTIONS

The Committee recommends net budget reductions in the bill of \$221,970,060. This is made up of a decrease of \$294,752,060 in pay supplementals and a net increase of \$72,782,000 in program supplementals. The increase is largely accounted for by increases in the Education, Human Development, and Postal Service programs and reductions in Defense and contributions for international peacekeeping activities. The Committee estimates that the reductions in new budget (obligational) authority, appropriations to liquidate contract authority, transfers and limitations will have the effect of reducing budget outlays for fiscal 1975 by approximately \$150,000,000.

INFLATIONARY IMPACT STATEMENT

The amount proposed for appropriation in this bill totals \$11,297,-417,586. This is \$221,970,060 below the President's request. Of approximately \$11 billion in budget authority, over \$9 billion is designated to supplement outlays for unemployment, Civil Service and military pay raises, public assistance, and veterans' compensation. Most outlays for such programs increase the incomes of persons in the low and middle parts of the income spectrum and ultimately are reflected in purchases of consumer goods and services. Aside from isolated exceptions, current supplies of consumer goods and services are reported to be more than adequate to sustain increased demand.

The bulk of the remaining budget authority contained in this bill will be absorbed in increased administrative and program costs for a wide variety of Federal programs. The diversity of these programs assures that the resulting outlays will be widely distributed in the economy, thereby minimizing their impact on any given sector.

The economy is clearly in a recession. Unemployment was 8.7 percent in March, and appears headed higher. Most sectors have excess inventories and unused productive capacity. The overall pace of inflation has slowed to about 7 percent. Real consumer spending fell about 5 percent in 1974 and has only recently begun to recover. Hence, it appears that the economy can absorb the spending contained in this bill without measurable inflationary consequences.

The spending contained in this measure will contribute broadly to a resurgence in demand. Increased demand for goods and services is crucial to recovery under current economic conditions. Hence, these proposed expenditures, by promoting needed demand in many areas

of the economy, should contribute to recovery, rather than inflation. Critics of government spending suggest that practically any spending by the government is inflationary. If this view were true, then the funds proposed in this bill would be inflationary. However, Federal spending per se is not necessarily inflationary. It should be analyzed against the economic situation in which it is occurring, the deficit and surplus condition of the government at the time, and on the sectors of the economy which the spending may impact.

The principal cause for concern about the inflationary impact of spending in this bill arises from the overall magnitude of the debt that is projected for all Federal spending in 1975 and 1976. This bill is only

a small part of that, but clearly impacts on it.

Further information on the purpose of the spending proposed in this bill can be obtained in other parts of this report. In addition, a large amount of detailed statistical and financial information can be obtained in the hearings conducted in developing this bill.

TABULAR SUMMARY

The table beginning on the following page summarizes the budget requests and the amount in the bill by titles and chapters:

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL

Report Page No.	Chapter No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates
		TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS			
œ	H	Agriculture: New budget (obligational) authority	\$24, 623, 000	\$24, 623, 000	8
10	п	Defense: New budget (obligational) authority	281, 374, 000	256, 374, 000	-\$25,000,000
16	Ш	Housing and Urban Development—Independent agencies: New budget (obligational) authority.	219, 547, 000	219, 547, 000	8 8 8 8 7 1 1 1 1 1 1
19	ΔI	Interior and related agencies: New budget (obligational) authority.	125, 930, 000	113, 280, 000	-12, 650, 000
24	>	Labor, and Health, Education, and Welfare: New budget (obligational) authority	8, 104, 569, 000	8, 236, 067, 000	+131, 498, 000
		By transfer	(8, 500, 000)	(8, 500, 000)	1
		Increase in limitation	(80, 868, 000)	(78, 868, 000)	(-2,000,000)
40	M	Legislative branch: New budget (obligational) authority.	11, 584, 329	9, 584, 329	-2,000,000
46	VIII	Public Works: New budget (obligational) authority	63, 125, 000	51, 125, 000	-12,000,000
53	VIII	State, Justice, Commerce, and Judiciary:			
		New budget (obligational) authority:			
		1974.	800, 000	800, 000	\$ 9 8 5 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
		1975	67, 003, 000	19, 372, 000	-47,631,000
		Total	67, 803, 000	20, 172, 000	-47, 631, 000
		By transfer	(6, 679, 000)	(7, 811, 000)	(+1, 132, 000)

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL—Continued

SUMMARY—Continued

Report Page No.	Chapter No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates	
62	IX	Transportation:				
		New budget (obligational) authority: 1975 1976 Total By transfer	\$114, 384, 000 17, 145, 000 131, 529, 000 (13, 200, 000) (150, 000, 000)	\$110, 914, 000 17, 145, 000 128, 059, 000 (700, 000) (50, 000, 000)	-3, 470, 000 (-12, 500, 000)	ō
69	x	Liquidation of contract authorization Treasury, Postal Service, and general government: New budget (obligational) authority Increase in limitation		423, 434, 000 (28, 000, 000)		
76	XI	Claims and judgments: New budget (obligational) authority. Total, title I—General supplementals: New budget (obligational) authority: 1974	800, 000	800, 000		

	1976	17, 145, 000	17, 145, 000		
	Total	9, 469, 182, 516	9, 541, 964, 516	+72, 782, 000	
	By transfer	(28, 379, 000)	(17, 011, 000)	(-11, 368, 000)	
	Increase in limitation	(108, 868, 000)	(106, 868, 000)	(-2,000,000)	
	Liquidation of contract authority	(150, 000, 000)	(50, 000, 000)	(-100,000,000)	
	TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS				
76	New budget (obligational) authority	2, 050, 205, 130	1, 755, 453, 070	-294,752,060	
	By transfer	(2, 029, 375)	(173, 016, 375)	(+170, 987, 000)	
	Increase in limitation	(78, 556, 400)	(70, 815, 000)	(-7,741,400)	
	Liquidation of contract authority	(3, 714, 000)	(3, 714, 000)		7
	GRAND TOTAL—TITLES I AND II				
	New budget (obligational) authority:				
	1974	800, 000	800, 000		
	1975	11, 501, 442, 646	11, 279, 472, 586	—221, 970, 060	
	1976	17, 145, 000	17, 145, 000		
	Total	11, 519, 387, 646	11, 297, 417, 586	-221, 970, 060	
•	By transfer	(30, 408, 375)	(190, 027, 375)	(+159,619,000)	
	Increase in limitation	(187, 424, 400)	(177, 683, 000)	(-9,741,400)	
	Liquidation of contract authority	(153, 714, 000)	(53, 714, 000)	(-100,000,000)	
	<u> </u>	1	1		

TITLE I

CHAPTER I

SUBCOMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE AND RELATED AGENCIES

JAMIE L. WHITTEN, Mississippi, Chairman

GEORGE E. SHIPLEY, Illinois FRANK E. EVANS, Colorado BILL D. BURLISON, Missouri MAX BAUCUS, Montana OTTO E. PASSMAN, Louisiana WILLIAM H. NATCHER, Kentucky BOB CASEY, Texas

MARK ANDREWS, North Dakota J. KENNETH ROBINSON, Virginia JOHN T. MYERS, Indiana

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE

CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAMS

The Committee recommends approval of the \$24,623,000 requested to carry out the National School Lunch Act and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, as amended. This increase is required to fund increased reimbursement rates including the statutory adjustment in these rates effective January 1, 1975, pursuant to the provision of P.L. 93–150, enacted November 7, 1973. These additional funds will cover both general cash-for-food assistance for lunches and special cost assistance to needy children.

(8)

AMOUNTS AND AUTHORITY ESTIMATES RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL)

ended in Bill compared bill with estimates	-		\$24, 623, 000		24, 623, 000
Recommended in the bill					
Budget estimates			\$24, 623, 000		24, 623, 000
Department or activity	CHAPTER I	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	94-22 Child nutrition programs	Total, chapter I:	New budget (obligational) authority
H. Doc. No.			94-22		

CHAPTER II

SUBCOMMITTEE ON DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

GEORGE H. MAHON, Texas, Chairman

ROBERT L. F. SIKES, Florida DANIEL J. FLOOD, Pennsylvania JOSEPH P. ADDABBO, New York JOHN J. McFALL, California JOHN J. FLYNT, Jr., Georgia ROBERT N. GIAIMO, Connecticut BILL CHAPPELL, Jr., Florida BILL D. BURLISON, Missouri

JACK EDWARDS, Alabama J. KENNETH ROBINSON, Virginia JACK F. KEMP, New York

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE-MILITARY

SUMMARY OF COMMITTEE ACTION

Under Titles I and II of the bill, the Committee considered supplemental requests totaling \$1,817,997,000 for military functions of the Department of Defense. The Committee is recommending appropriations totalling \$1,702,473,000, including the transfer of \$168,694,000 from other Defense appropriation accounts in which funds were unobligated and available for transfer at the time the request was considered. This action provides for a total reduction of \$115,524,000 below the budget request.

Under Title I, the President requested, in total, \$281,374,000. Of this amount \$46,074,000 is for additional subsistence allowances for military personnel and \$235,300,000 is for increased cost of living allowances for retired military personnel. Pay cost increases requested under Title II of the bill total \$1,536,623,000 for both military and civilian personnel including wage board employees.

The President included in the supplemental request a general provision which would allow the Department of Defense to use expired appropriations to reimburse the Postal Service for supposed unpaid prior year mail cost.

The actions of the Committee with regard to the requests are discussed in subsequent headings under this chapter of the report.

MILITARY PERSONNEL

SUBSISTENCE ALLOWANCES

Title I of the bill includes \$46,074,000 for subsistence allowances (subsistence in kind). Also included in title II, the pay cost increases, is a request for \$42,417,000 to cover increased basic allowances for subsistence (cash payments in lieu of food). The Committee recommends the total \$88,491,000 requested for subsistence items be appropriated. Had Public Law 90-207, as discussed below, not been amended during the last session of Congress the request for enlisted subsistence allowances would have been approximately \$25,000,000 higher.

CHANGE IN ALLOCATION OF MILITARY PAY RAISES

In its report on the second supplemental appropriations bill for fiscal year 1974, the Committee pointed out that Public Law 90-207 (often referred to as the Rivers Amendment) required that military personnel receive pay increases equal to civilian personnel pay increases and that these increases be applied solely to basic pay. While the increases in basic pay were provided to make an equal increase with civilian salaries, the other elements of military pay were also adjusted upward. This resulted in military pay increases being somewhat higher than their civilian counterparts. The Committee recommended that this inequity be corrected.

Application of Public Law 90-207 resulted in an average pay increase in basic military pay of 80.0 percent during the eight-year period 1967 through 1974 compared with 56.2 percent for civilian federal employees. These two percentages are essentially equal since basic pay comprises about 75 percent of regular military compensation. However, 37 USC 402 requires that subsistence allowances paid to enlisted members be equal to the cost of the food served in dining facilities. This resulted in an increase of 75.2 percent in subsistence allowances during the 1967-1974 period. In addition, Congress approved increases in quarters averaging 35.7 percent.

Last session, the Congress passed legislation which directed the allocation of all future pay raises to all three elements (basic pay, subsistence and quarters allowances) of military pay. Had the old allocation system continued, the cost of the fiscal year 1975 military personnel program including reserve pay and retired pay would have been approximately \$175,000,000 higher. The increase in cost over the next five years would have exceeded \$6.2 billion.

RETIRED PAY, DEFENSE

The Committee has recommended a reduction of \$25,000,000 in the requested \$235,300,000 for military personnel retirement pay. This reduction is based upon actual obligations incurred through February 1975. While the number of retirees on the rolls is exceeding the latest plan the obligation of funds has not been quite as large as forecasted. The reasons for this apparent incongruity (numbers of retirees up but obligations running behind plan) are not clear at this point. Thus, the Committee used some caution in making this reduction and did not remove the full \$51,000,000 which an analysis of the obligations to date indicate may be available. The Department of Defense does not reprogram retired pay funds for other purposes and the appropriation is for only one year. Any unexpended funds will revert to the Treasury.

The original fiscal year 1975 President's budget submission for Retired Pay, Defense was \$5,687,600,000. The fiscal year 1975 budget amendment to the Defense Appropriation request added \$353,000,000. This amendment plus the \$210,300,000 provided in this bill results in an increase of \$563,300,000 above the original 1975 request, making the total provided for the fiscal year \$6,250,900,000. Clearly, the retired pay account is the most rapidly increasing portion of the Defense budget. The total increase from fiscal year 1974 to fiscal year

1975 is \$1,114,003,000.

ACTIVE DUTY FORCES PAY INCREASE

Title II of the bill provides \$751,926,000 of the \$764,080,000

requested for active duty military pay raises.

The request accurately applied the percentage pay raise increase to all elements of regular military compensation. It also applied the increase to a number of pays and allowances including bonuses which are not used in calculating military/civilian pay comparability or included in the term regular military compensation. This is done because a number of these peripheral pays such as overseas station allowances, continuation pay, reenlistment bonuses, family separation allowances, PCS dislocation allowances and various types of separation pay are tied to basic pay for purposes of determining the rates of reimbursement although they are not used in determining regular military compensation. The reduction of \$12,154,000 made by the Committee was done in the belief that the services can absorb some of these relatively small increases in these special pay categories through offsetting savings without adjusting their personnel plan downward. The Committee believes that a major portion if not all of any savings needed to offset the minor downward adjustments made by the Committee could come from reenlistment bonus payments. Reenlistment rates are up significantly as a result of economic conditions and thus it appears that some adjustments in the bonus rates should be made before the start of fiscal year 1976. The revised fiscal year 1975 budget includes \$274,938,000 for reenlistment bonuses. Another \$65,886,000 is included for enlistment bonuses.

The Committee believes that in the all volunteer force environment it will be necessary for managers in the Department of Defense to adjust many of the factors which directly affect enlistment and retention rates on a much more rapid response basis than has been past practice. Such things as the recruit advertising program, enlistment options, bonus payments, and training base support will have to be adjusted quickly, both upward and downward to reflect the prevailing

recruiting and reenlistment climate.

Changes will have to be implemented sooner than the decision to eliminate two year enlistment options which was made in early February but will not be implemented until July. Another example is the recruit advertising program, where reductions could have been programmed in December 1974, but to date (April 1975) the Committee has not seen a proposal to bring the program in line with the reduced need for advertising as a vehicle to attract prospective enlistees.

There is no intenton to reduce strengths by way of these relatively minor reductions. At this time all of the military services are at or very near their planned strengths for the year. It appears that all of the services are fully capable of making or even exceeding their authorized strength levels for fiscal year 1975.

Some changes in grade structure from the budget plan, such as the Army having fewer E-4's than planned, were evident but these were

not significant enough to cause a reduction in funding.

None of the reductions proposed for the active force are based upon strength shortfalls. In fact, the Committee believes that there may be an opportunity in late May and the month of June to slightly exceed the current budget plans in terms of new accessions. While it is unfortunate that this opportunity is caused by high unemployment, the fact remains that the situation should permit increased enlistment of high school graduates while decreasing the unemployed youth problem this summer. However, it will be necessary for each service to remain within its authorized end strength ceiling.

RESERVE COMPONENTS PAY INCREASE

The Committee was surprised to find that in general reserve component strengths were not up to authorized and funded levels. The pay supplemental as submitted by the Department of Defense proposed the absorption of \$27,336,000 in increased pay costs by these organizations. Four out of seven Reserve organizations were able to completely absorb the pay increase from funds already appropriated. The Committee's action caused another (the Army National Guard) to fully absorb its request. Another \$3,900,000 in the Army Reserve personnel account has been applied to the active Army pay raise request because it was not needed to pay Army reservists and would have lapsed. In fact, the Department proposed to transfer a total of \$5,500,000 from the Army Reserve account. However, Army Reserve strengths have been near the manpower plan for the last three months leading the Committee to conclude that transfer of all \$5,500,000 would force a reduction in strength before the end of the year. Likewise, a total of \$2,712,000 was shown as available for transfer in the Marine Corps Reserve account. The Committee felt that only \$1,600,000 should be transferred.

In addition to the \$31,236,000 absorbed or lapsing the Committee made a further reduction in the military pay request in Title II of \$15,086,000 from the requested \$19,286,000 because of actual strength shortfalls from the revised fiscal year 1975 plan during the months of December, January, and February, plus the projection of these strength short falls for the remainder of fiscal year 1975. Hopefully, the major portion of these strength underruns will be corrected by the end of the fiscal year.

CIVILIAN PERSONNEL

For the increased pay cost of civilian personnel, both classified and wage board, the President requested \$753,257,000. The Committee is recommending an appropriation of \$600,179,000 and the transfer of \$89,794,000. The direct reduction being recommended by the Committee is therefore \$63,284,000.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Because of a shortfall in civilian man-year strength supported with operation and maintenance funds, the Department suggested that the request could be reduced by \$4,898,000. The suggested reductions were \$1,683,000 from the request of the Army, \$115,000 from the request of the Army Reserve, and \$3,100,000 from the request of the Air National Guard. In addition to the suggested Departmental reductions, the Committee made a further reduction of \$33,000,000 because of an over estimate of wage board salary increases. These reductions were possible because the percentage factors used by the services in computing wage board salary increases were higher than the factors which will actually be applicable between the period in which wage surveys for these employees are made in various areas of the country and the end of the fiscal year.

RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST AND EVALUATION

In the past, the Committee has directed that the Department of Defense absorb all or part of the pay supplemental for civilian employees funded in the Research, Development, Test and Evaluation appropriations. This year the Committee has decided that funds should be provided, although from within amounts already appropriated. The high inflation rates incurred during the past year justify some

relief in these accounts despite large unobligated balances.

In November 1974, the Army requested authority to transfer \$63,309,000 of funds in the Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Army appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. This request was denied by the Committee. As a result, the funds are available to fund the pay supplemental. Of the total available the Committee recommends that \$25,386,000 remain in the Army Research, Development, Test and Evaluation appropriation and that \$17,000,000 and \$16,493,000 be transferred to the Navy and Air Force Research, Development, Test and Evaluation appropriations, respectively, to cover their portions of the supplemental request. Also, the remaining \$4,430,000 is transferred to the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION-FAMILY HOUSING

The Department requested \$10,194,000 for civilian personnel increases for both classified and wage board employees associated with the family housing program of the Department. The Committee recommends that the request be fully funded.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

POSTAL SERVICE COST

The President requested that a general provision be approved which would allow the Department of Defense authority to use expired appropriations to reimburse the Postal Service for what it claimed to be unpaid prior years cost for mail services rendered the Department. These services covered fiscal years 1973 and 1974 and were esti-

mated to be, in total, \$42,841,000.

These funds were requested to be appropriated in the Second Supplemental Appropriation for fiscal year 1974, but were denied by the Congress. In the report on the Second Supplemental Appropriation Bill, the Committee stated that it was not satisfied with the data given in support of the request and could not obtain any substantiating evidence that an actual increase in postal services did, in fact, occur. Information provided this year did not provide any further supporting evidence of such increased mail service during these years. The Committee was advised that the Department only had reasonable assurances that this was a proper charge for postal service provided during those years. The Committee was further advised that the agreement between the Postal Service and the Department provided that if the claim for such funds were not provided in a supplemental budget request, they would be written off by the Postal Service. Since these funds were denied last year, they should have been written off and not requested again.

The Committee recommends that the authority requested be denied and the Postal Service write these funds off as an account receivable from the Department of Defense as provided in their

agreement.

AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS THE BILL BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) RECOMMENDED IN THE B COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW

	Bill compared with estimates	•			# 1 # 2 # 3 # 8 # 8 # 8 # 8 # 8 # 8 # 8 # 8 # 8	f 1	1		-\$25, 000, 000		-25, 000, 000
	Recommended in the Bill				\$28, 265, 000	6, 140, 000	11, 669, 000		210, 300, 000		256, 374, 000
	Budget estimates				\$28, 265, 000	6, 140, 000	11, 669, 000		235, 300, 000		281, 374, 000
TITLE I	Department or activity	CHAPTER II	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE-MILITARY	MILITARY PERSONNEL	Military personnel, Arnay.	Military personnel, Marine Corps	Military personnel, Air Force	RETIRED MILITARY PERSONNEL	Retired pay, Defense	Total, Chapter II:	New budget (obligational) authority
	H. Doc. No.				94-22	94-22	94-22		94-22		

CHAPTER III

SUBCOMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT—INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

EDWARD P. BOLAND, Massachusetts, Chairman

JOE L. EVINS, Tennessee GEORGE E. SHIPLEY, Illinois J. EDWARD ROUSH, Indiana BOB TRAXLER, Michigan MAX BAUCUS, Montana LOUIS STOKES, Ohio YVONNE BRATHWAITE BURKE, California

BURT L. TALCOTT, California JOSEPH M. McDADE, Pennsylvania C. W. BILL YOUNG, Florida

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

COMPENSATION AND PENSIONS

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$146,400,000 to finance increases in the costs of the compensation and pensions program resulting from recently enacted legislation. The Committee notes, however, that the amount provided may not meet full fiscal year 1975 requirements, and an additional supplemental request is anticipated when better cost data is available.

Public Law 93-527, which became effective on January 1, 1975, increases by \$400 the income limitation for dependency and indemnity compensation parents and pension recipients. It also provides a 12 percent cost-of-living increase to certain parent and pensioner beneficiaries and allows children who become ineligible for pensions through marriage to regain eligibility if they are subsequently widowed or divorced.

MEDICAL CARE

An appropriation of \$36,239,000 is recommended for new requirements in the medical care program, which is in addition to the \$93,637,000 provided in title II of the bill for increased pay raise and wage board costs provided by law.

The recommended amount includes \$10,972,000 for the increased cost of Federal Employee Health Benefits provided in Public Law 93-246; \$9,660,000 for the increased cost of veteran beneficiary travel; \$10,000,000 for the increased cost of fuels and utilities; \$2,607,000 for the cost of driver training for disabled veterans; and \$3,000,000 to improve coverage of nursing units.

CONSTRUCTION, MAJOR PROJECTS

The Committee has provided the full budget estimate of \$27,202,000 for major construction projects to correct significant inadequacies at Veterans Administration hospitals and clinics. These deficiencies were identified in the recently completed Special Study of Level of Quality of Patient Care, and include \$14,174,000 for air conditioning at seven VA hospitals; \$6,700,000 to provide emergency electrical systems at six VA hospitals; and \$6,328,000 to eliminate safety hazards, improve outpatient clinics, and replace boiler plants at selected hospitals.

CONSTRUCTION, MINOR PROJECTS

An appropriation of \$7,706,000 is recommended to correct minor deficiencies at hospitals related to patient care. These projects are estimated to cost less than \$1,000,000 each, and have become critical and immediate as identified in the "Quality of Care" study.

NATIONAL COMMISSION ON WATER QUALITY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$2,000,000 to enable the Commission to complete its work and submit a report to Congress as required by law.

The Commission was established to assess the ramifications of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act. Public Law 92-500 authorized \$15,000,000 to make the investigation, and the law was amended last year to authorize an additional \$2,000,000 to complete the work. The \$2,000,000 recommended will be used to contract for a number of final studies required to complete a draft report by October of 1975.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL

TITLE I

H. Doc. No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates
	CHAPTER III			
	INDEPENDENT AGENCIES			
	VETERANS ADMINISTRATION			
94-22	Compensation and pensions	\$146, 400, 000	\$146, 400, 000	
94-22	Medical care	36, 239, 000	36, 239, 000	
94-22	Construction, major projects	27, 202, 000	27, 202, 000	
94-22	Construction, minor projects	7, 706, 000	7, 706, 000	
	Total, Veterans Administration	217, 547, 000	217, 547, 000	
	NATIONAL COMMISSION ON WATER QUALITY			
94–22	Salaries and expenses	2, 000, 000	2, 000, 000	
	Total, Chapter III, new budget (obligational) authority	219, 547, 000	219, 547, 000	

CHAPTER IV

SUBCOMMITTEE ON THE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES

SIDNEY R. YATES, Illinois, Chairman

GUNN McKAY, Utah CLARENCE D. LONG, Maryland FRANK E. EVANS, Colorado JOHN P. MURTHA, Pennsylvania ROBERT DUNCAN, Oregon

JOSEPH M. McDADE, Pennsylvania RALPH S. REGULA. Ohio

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$19,950,000, the budget estimate, to provide for costs of forest fire suppression and emergency rehabilitation through the remainder of the fiscal year.

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

CONSTRUCTION AND ANADROMOUS FISH

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$350,000 to initiate the first phase of an environmental investigation of the effects of changing the water levels of Lake Champlain. It is critical to assess the impact on wildlife from changes in the lake level resulting from certain flood control projects proposed by Canada.

Canada has been experiencing flood damage along the Richelieu

Canada has been experiencing flood damage along the Richelieu River which flows from Lake Champlain to the St. Lawrence River. Canada has proposed to construct a dam and other flood control structures to solve this problem. These measures will cause changes

in the water levels of Lake Champlain.

Both the river and the lake contain an unusual variety of fish life. A cooperative stocking program, involving Vermont and New York, with the approval of Quebec, is just getting underway, and is aimed at restoring or improving fisheries. In addition, a wide variety of waterfowl stop over on Lake Champlain and on the Richelieu River. Artificial regulation of the lake water levels, particularly in the spring, is critical to these fish and wildlife.

The study is to be carried out with the cooperation of Canada and the affected States and coordinated by the International Joint Com-

mission, the United States and Canada.

(19)

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

OPERATION OF INDIAN PROGRAMS

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$6,600,000. The amount recommended includes \$5,000,000, the budget estimate, to provide for costs of forest fire suppression and emergency rehabilitation

through the remainder of the fiscal year.

An additional \$1,500,000, the budget request, is provided to offset the added costs incurred by the Bureau of Indian Affairs due to utility price increases. Most of the Bureau's facilities are in isolated locations and must be operated and maintained on an uninterrupted 24-hour basis to insure the health and safety of Indian school children and Bureau personnel. These facilities consist of 77 boarding schools, 19 dormitories, and 117 day schools located in the Indian communities. During the period of July through December 1974, a reduction of 19% in energy consumption was realized. However, the costs of utilities have soared as much as 250% in some areas.

The Committee recommendation includes \$100,000 to cover legal expenses incurred by the Navajo and Hopi tribes arising out of litigation involved in the settlement of their land disputes. The payments

are authorized by Public Law 93-531.

OFFICE OF TERRITORIAL AFFAIRS

ADMINISTRATION OF TERRITORIES

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$900,000 for emergency expenses of the Government of American Samoa. Due to deteriorating equipment, power failures in Samoa now occur several times a day thereby making it virtually impossible for the government, local businesses and the people to conduct normal daily activities. In addition, there has been an overall deterioration in the general financial condition of American Samoa brought on primarily by a record drought in early fiscal year 1975. Because of the drought, operations of the island's tuna canneries were completely curtailed from early September to the middle of November. These conditions have had a devastating effect on local revenues, particularly on corporate income tax revenues. It is now estimated that local revenues collected during the current fiscal year will be some \$9.2 million less than the \$18.7 million previously estimated and budgeted.

To date, fiscal year 1975 operating programs have been reduced by approximately \$3.6 million, or 15 percent, from budgeted levels. Capital improvement programs totaling over \$7 million have been deferred. In addition, approximately 500 government employees have been either furloughed or terminated within the last few weeks, with the workweek for many other government personnel being reduced to 32 hours. These actions will seriously impair the quality of many

government services.

In view of this crisis situation, the Committee has provided an additional \$900,000. Of this amount, \$600,000 will be used to pay direct salary costs of government personnel to continue the already crippled government operations for the remainder of the fiscal year. The remaining \$300,000 is required to finance the cost of shipment and installation of two 4500 kilowatt diesel power plants to be loaned to American Samoa by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

RELATED AGENCIES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FOREST SERVICE

FOREST PROTECTION AND UTILIZATION

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$84,000,000, the budget estimate, to provide for costs of forest fire suppression through the remainder of the fiscal year.

FEDERAL ENERGY ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$1,000,000, the budget estimate, to provide for preliminary planning for the development of an emergency energy storage system. The funds will provide for the conduct of a series of preliminary studies relating to such questions as what to store, where to store it, how much to store, environmental assessment, and feasibility of alternative short term storage programs. These activities are to be carried out under the general authority of the Federal Energy Administration contained in Sections 5(b), 13(a), and 18 (a) of P.L. 93–275. The actual implementation of an emergency energy storage system must await authorizing legislation from the Congress such as the National Strategic Petroleum Reserve (Civilian) Act of 1975 recommended by the Administration, or similar legislation.

The Committee has denied budget estimates of \$5,000,000 for an energy conservation public education program and \$9,000,000 for a demonstration grant program for housing winterization. In the case of the public education program, the Committee believes that the \$1,000,000 included in the current budget is adequate for this purpose. In the case of the winterization program, the Committee believes that before any further demonstrations of this program take place, there should be specific authority enacted in substantive legislation.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$390,000, the budget estimate, to provide for unanticipated cost increases for utilities. The Smithsonian has experienced increases for utilities of nearly 100%. Already, \$467,000 in unanticipated costs have been absorbed by deferring the replacement of supplies and of worn out equipment, and reducing maintenance of the physical plant. Even with the amount provided in this bill, it is estimated that an additional \$363,000 will have to be absorbed during the remainder of the fiscal year.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$90,000, the budget estimate, to provide for unanticipated cost increases for utili-

ties. The National Gallery of Art has experienced cost increases similar to those described for the Smithsonian Institution and has already absorbed \$50,000 of these increases.

INCREASED PAY COSTS

The Committee considered estimates of \$49,545,000 in new budget authority, \$9,489,000 by transfer and \$3,714,000 in liquidation of contract authority for increased pay costs for the Department of the Interior and related agencies under title II of the bill. The Committee did not approve the proposed transfer of \$9,455,000 for In-Indian Health Services and \$34,000 for Indian Education and has provided direct appropriations for these accounts. In addition, the Committee has deleted the requested appropriation of \$900,000 for the Mining Enforcement and Safety Administration. Information supplied to the Committee by the Interior Department indicated that these funds will not be needed because of employment delays and high turnover rates occasioned by economic opportunities in the coal mining portion of the private sector.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL

F 20	Danastrant or society	Rudinot continuates	Decommended in	Bill Acourtoned
	Department of schylty	Budget estimates	Kecommended in the bill	Hill compared with estimates
	CHAPTER IV			
	DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR			
	BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT			
	Management of lands and resources	\$19, 950, 000	\$19, 950, 000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE			
	Construction and anadromous fish	f	350, 000	+\$350,000
	BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS			,
	Operation of Indian programs	6, 500, 000	6, 600, 000	+100,000
	OFFICE OF TERRITORIAL AFFAIRS			
	Administration of Territories	1	900, 000	+ 900, 000
	Total, Department of the Interior	26, 450, 000	27, 800, 000	+1, 350, 000
	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
	FOREST SERVICE			
	Forest protection and utilization: Forest land management	84, 000, 000	84, 000, 000	
	FEDERAL ENERGY ADMINISTRATION			
	Salaries and expenses	15, 000, 000	1, 000, 000	-14,000,000
	SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION			
	Salaries and expenses	390, 000	390, 000	
	Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art	90,000	90, 000	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
	Total, Chapter IV, new budget (obligational) authority.	99, 480, 000	85, 480, 000 113, 280, 000	-14,000,000 $-12,650,000$

CHAPTER V

SUBCOMMITTEE ON THE DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, AND HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE, AND RELATED AGENCIES

DANIEL J. FLOOD, Pennsylvania, Chairman

WILLIAM H. NATCHER, Kentucky
NEAL SMITH, Iowa
BOB CASEY, Texas
EDWARD J. PATTEN, New Jersey
DAVID R. OBEY, Wisconsin
EDWARD R. ROYBAL, California
LOUIS STOKES, Ohio

ROBERT H. MICHEL, Illinois
GARNER E. SHRIVER, Kansas
SILVIO O. CONTE, Massachusetts

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

MANPOWER ADMINISTRATION

FEDERAL UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS AND ALLOWANCES

The bill includes additional appropriation language for this account for fiscal year 1975 but does not include additional funds. The additional language was requested in the budget and approved by the Committee in order to permit the Department of Labor to pay trade readjustment assistance allowances to displaced workers under the Trade Act of 1974, to permit the expenditure of amounts received by way of reimbursement to this account from the U.S. Postal Service during the year in which the funds are received, and to allow the Department to expend unobligated funds recovered from the States during the year in which they are recovered.

The present language for fiscal year 1975 only permits payment of trade adjustment assistance under the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 and does not provide for payment under the new Trade Act. Sufficient funds are available, however, from existing appropriations to pay the adjustment allowances under the new Act. Reimbursements from the Postal Service are not normally received until after the quarter of the fiscal year to which they pertain is over. The language recommended here would allow the Department to utilize the reimbursements during the fiscal year in which they are received.

ADVANCES TO THE UNEMPLOYMENT TRUST FUND AND OTHER FUNDS

The bill includes \$5,000,000,000, the amount of the budget request, and provides a total amount available for this purpose in fiscal year 1975 of \$5,750,000,000. This account provides general revenue advances to several funds for the purpose of paying unemployment compensation to eligible individuals under various Federal and State unemployment compensation laws. Specifically, it provides for making repayable advances to the Federal Unemployment Account and the Extended Unemployment Compensation Account in the Unemployment Trust Fund, and for making non-repayable advances to the appropriation account, Federal Unemployment Benefits and Allowances.

The Extended Unemployment Compensation Account of the Unemployment Trust Fund was established pursuant to the Employment Security Amendments of 1970, Public Law 91-373, for the purpose of making payments to the States for the Federal portion of Federal-State extended benefits. Public Law 93-572, which authorizes Emergency Unemployment Compensation, also provides that payments made to the States for such benefits will be made from this account. The Extended Unemployment Compensation Account is generally financed by a specified percentage of Federal Unemployment Tax Act receipts. However, the enabling legislation provides that when revenues are insufficient for these purposes, there may be appropriated, as repayable advances (without interest), such sums as may be necessary. The Federal-State extended benefit program, which provides 13 weeks of unemployment compensation to individuals who exhaust their regular State unemployment benefits, is generally 50 percent federally financed. The Emergency Unemployment Compensation program, which provides an additional 13 weeks of unemployment compensation, is 100 percent federally financed. Both programs are operative in a State when either the State's rate of insured unemployment is 4 percent or higher or when the national rate is 4 percent or higher. All States are now paying benefits under these two programs. Of the amount included in the bill, it is estimated that \$1,400,000,000 will be advanced to the Extended Unemployment Compensation Account.

The Federal Unemployment Account of the Unemployment Trust Fund was established for the purpose of making non-interest bearing loans to the States, as authorized under Section 1201 of the Social Security Act, at such times as the amount in a State's account is inadequate to meet the payment of unemployment compensation. Section 1203 of the Act authorizes appropriations to the Federal Unemployment Account, as repayable advances (without interest), whenever the account does not have sufficient resources to meet the requested State loans. Upon the application from a State for a loan, funds are transferred from the Federal Unemployment Account to the individual State account of the Unemployment Trust Fund. Since the loan is repayable, the State must return the funds within two years or the funds will be restored to the account through a reduction in tax credits given to such State. As of late March, 1975, eight States had outstanding loans from the Federal Unemployment Account. It is expected that these States will continue to request loans, and that as many as 22 other States will need to borrow funds to meet their unemployment compensation commitments. Of the amount included in the bill, it is estimated that \$1,500,000,000 will be advanced to this account.

The Federal Unemployment Benefits and Allowances account is an appropriation out of general revenues of the Treasury. This appropriation provides payments to the States for unemployment compensation to former Federal personnel, trade adjustment assistance allowances to individuals adversely affected by foreign trade agreements, and to other unemployed individuals who qualify and are not otherwise eligible under any other Federal or State unemployment compensation program. Funds under these Federal programs are allocated to the States, who act as agents for the Federal Government. Of the amount included in the bill, it is estimated that approximately \$2,100,000,000 will be needed for this account. The funds are primarily for the Special Unemployment Assistance program for previously uncovered workers, which was created by Public Law

93-567, the Emergency Jobs and Unemployment Assistance Act of 1974, enacted on December 31, 1974. Funds advanced to this appropriation are non-repayable since the payment of such compensation

is from general revenue.

The current high rate of unemployment necessitates this appropriation to assure the States that sufficient funds will be available when needed to pay unemployment benefits. To the extent that these funds are not advanced to one of the three accounts, they will be available for use in another. Since the economic situation is so uncertain, the Committee has accepted the estimate contained in the budget but also has made the money available until September 30, 1976, instead of September 30, 1977 as requested in the budget.

The Committee has included language in the bill to preclude the payment of Special Unemployment Assistance benefits during the upcoming summer months to teachers who have contracts for the next academic year. The language is similar to that contained in the Employment Security Amendments of 1970, in which the Congress required that States extend unemployment insurance coverage to employees of State institutions of higher education and provided that benefits would not be payable to teachers and certain other individuals during a break between two successive academic years if the individuals had contracts for both such years. The Emergency Jobs and Unemployment Assistance Act of 1974 does not contain a similar prohibition, and it has come to the Committee's attention that some States are contemplating paying such benefits to teachers this summer.

DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill includes \$150,000, a reduction of \$400,000 from the budget request for salaries and related costs of carrying out the Department of Labor's responsibilities under the Trade Act of 1974. The amount allowed will provide 60 new positions instead of 80 as requested in

the budget.

The Trade Act gives the Department increased responsibilities in the areas of international trade negotiations, trade adjustment assistance certifications and benefit delivery, and trade-related economic and statistical research. The positions approved in the bill are for the Bureau of International Labor Affairs and the Office of the Solicitor. The Committee is not convinced that 80 new positions are required at this time. The Committee has provided sufficient funds to finance the 60 new positions for one month in this fiscal year, instead of three months as requested in the budget. The budget request assumed an unrealistically early recruitment date.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

ST. ELIZABETHS HOSPITAL

The bill includes \$134,000, the same amount as the budget request. This amount is in addition to the \$70,370,000 currently available for FY 1975. The supplemental request covers the increased Federal share paid for employees' health insurance benefits. The government share of Federal employee health insurance benefits increased from 50% to 60% effective January 1, 1975.

HEALTH RESOURCES ADMINISTRATION

HEALTH RESOURCES

The bill provides \$127,600,000, an increase of \$61,100,000 over the budget request. This is in addition to the \$159,443,000 appropriated to date for health resources. The bill further includes authority to spend \$8,500,000 from the Social Security trust funds to support the review of capital expenditures prescribed in section 1122 of the Social Security

This appropriation supports the implementation of the National Health Planning and Resources Development Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-641). This legislation adds two new titles to the Public Health Service Act. The first, a new Title XV, is designed to replace existing health planning programs such as Comprehensive Health Planning, Regional Medical Programs and the Experimental Health Services Delivery Systems. The second, a new Title XVI, is designed to replace the existing Hill-Burton program for the construction and modernization of health care facilities. In addition, P.L. 93-641 authorizes an appropriation of such sums as may be necessary to support the transition operations of the Comprehensive Health Planning Agencies, Regional Medical Programs, and the Experimental Health Services Delivery Systems. The Committee approved 100 of the 150 new positions requested and reduced the amount budgeted for new positions by \$100,000. The total positions available for this new program will be 369.

The bill provides \$50,000,000, an increase of \$38,000,000 over the request for Regional Medical Programs in order that on-going projects may complete their work and thus provide for a smooth and orderly transition from the old to the new program. The appropriation of transition funds for Comprehensive Health Planning, Regional Medical Programs, and the Experimental Health Services Delivery Systems is intended to establish the level of funding for these programs

in fiscal year 1975.

In recognition of the timing of this appropriation, the Committee has extended the availability of \$18,700,000 until December 31, 1975 in order that these funds may be available to support the initiation of the new State agencies for Health Planning and Development, and the local Health Systems Agencies. These funds are also available to support the establishment of procedures, guidelines, and regulations to further the rapid development and efficient functioning of these

new agencies.

Included in the bill is \$1,200,000 for nursing research projects. No budget request was submitted for this activity. Nursing research project funds support projects dealing with all aspects of patient care, nursing as an occupation, nursing education, expanded or extended roles for nurse practitioners and communication of research findings. There have been no new projects started in the past two fiscal years. The Committee believes this is a modest amount which would fund approximately 15 new projects.

The bill includes \$22,000,000 for D.C. Medical Facilities to complete construction of Children's Hospital and a Concentrated Care Center at Georgetown University Medical Center. No budget request

was submitted for this item.

The total cost of Children's Hospital is estimated at \$70,458,933. To date, \$40,458,933 has been appropriated by Congress, and an additional appropriation of \$16,000,000 is needed to complete the project. The facility will provide specialized hospital research and patient treatment and services in units which will serve as models for delivery of health services to children in a more economical and effective way. In view of the overwhelming support that has been indicated for this project, this Committee feels that the requested Federal assistance should be provided to complete this hospital.

The total cost of the Concentrated Care Center is estimated at \$32,500,000. To date, \$21,900,000 has been appropriated for this project and an additional appropriation of \$6,000,000 is needed to complete construction. The Concentrated Care Center is a model for renovation of over 7,000 hospitals throughout the nation. Many features of the Concentrated Care Center have been initiated by over 50 hospitals to date.

OFFICE OF EDUCATION

ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

The bill includes \$4,000,000 for carrying out the Alcohol and Drug Abuse Education Act, for which there was no budget request. The amount in the bill is \$1,700,000 less than the fiscal year 1974 appropriation. The Committee deferred consideration of this program in the

regular bill for 1975 due to lack of authorizing legislation.

The drug abuse education program is primarily a training program for groups such as teachers, counselors, and law enforcement personnel; and a community education program for parents and other people interested in the problems of drug abuse. Although there is no budget request from the Administration, the Committee believes that there should not be an abrupt termination of the program. The amount included in the bill is sufficient to continue existing projects.

EMERGENCY SCHOOL AID

The bill includes \$125,000,000 to carry out the Emergency School Aid Act, an increase of \$50,000,000 over the budget request and a decrease of \$109,000,000 from the fiscal year 1974 appropriation. The program provides funds to local education agencies and certain public and private nonprofit organizations in order to meet special needs related to school desegregation. Funds are apportioned among the States in accordance with the distribution among the States of minority group children aged 5-17. There are also several setasides in the basic law for various categorical programs. Some of the activities eligible for assistance under the Act are teacher aides, supplemental staff, remedial services, teacher training, guidance and counseling, and curriculum development. Two of the principal categorical setasides in the Act are for bilingual education and educational television programming for children.

The Committee has deferred consideration of the program until now because the Office of Education informed the Committee that efforts were being made by the Administration to amend the Act. Since the program is forward-funded and virtually all of the money is obligated in the fourth quarter of the fiscal year, deferral of consideration by the Committee has had no adverse impact on the program. As a result of the Administration's failure to have the basic law amended through the legislative process, the budget proposes, in effect, to do the same thing in the appropriation bill. The Committee has denied this request and has provided that the funds be spent in accordance with the basic law.

The Committee is recommending a reduction in the current program level because this program was originally conceived as an emergency program. The Committee does not believe that the Nation, as a whole, is still faced with a situation of crisis proportions such as existed a few years ago. Obviously there are some exceptions, but the Committee believes that the amount in the bill is sufficient to deal with the problems that currently exist. As mentioned previously, the program is forward-funded, so that the funds in the bill will be used in school year 1975-76.

The Committee directs the Assistant Secretary to allocate sufficient funds from this appropriation for the first year of the program authorized by section 708(a)(3) of the Act, the "abstract mathe-

matics" or "Project SEED" program.

The Committee considers bilingual television programming to be one of the most effective learning tools and means available to combat racial isolation for both the non-English speaking as well as the English speaking child and therefore urges that the Office of Education provide sufficient funds under Section 711 of the Emergency School Aid Act for the continued production of Villa Alegre.

HIGHER EDUCATION

The bill includes \$67,400,000, the amount of the budget request, for the Guaranteed Student Loan Program. This amount is in addition to \$315 million for this purpose in the regular bill for fiscal year 1975. This is, in effect, a mandatory appropriation. Guaranteed student loans are made primarily by commercial lenders, with the Federal government paying part of the maximum 7% interest for eligible students. The loans are either guaranteed by State or private non-profit agencies or insured by the Federal government. Total loans outstanding may not exceed \$7,500 for undergraduate or vocational students. This aggregate maximum may be extended to \$10,000 for students who borrow for graduate study. The government also pays a special allowance to lenders, which may not exceed 3% per annum, on all loans made and still outstanding after August 1, 1969.

The additional funds provided are necessary because of an increase of \$4,400,000 in interest subsidies for borrowers, due primarily to a larger than anticipated increase in the number of loans made and in the average amount of the loans; and an increase of \$63,000,000 in the special allowances paid to lenders, due to the high interest rates currently prevailing in the economy. The original 1975 budget was based upon a special allowance of 1.75%. The Office of Education now estimates that the special allowance rate will average the maximum 3% for fiscal year 1975.

STUDENT LOAN INSURANCE FUND

The bill includes \$82,600,000, the amount of the budget request, to pay for increased defaults in student loans insured by the Federal Government. This amount, together with \$115,000,000 appropriated in the regular bill, provides a total of \$197,600,000 for fiscal year 1975. This Fund was established in fiscal year 1966 under authority of the Higher Education Act for the purpose of depositing receipts and paying expenses on student loans insured or reinsured by the Federal government. Expenses of the Fund consist primarily of payments to

lenders for loan defaults, which are mandatory expenses.

As of June 30, 1975, total loans made under the program will reach an estimated \$7.7 billion, of which \$4.1 billion will be in repayment status; cumulative default payments to lenders will amount to \$458 million. The default rate has increased from 5.2% in fiscal year 1973 to an estimated 11.3% at the end of the current fiscal year. The amount presently available is insufficient to meet the increase in defaults experienced during the year. This is the fourth consecutive year in which a supplemental appropriation has been required for this account. The Office of Education has recently issued new regulations for the program which may be of some help in slowing down the rate of default. The Committee believes, however, that it is now time for the appropriate legislative committees of the Congress to closely examine the Guaranteed Student Loan Program to determine whether the law should be changed in order to reverse the present disturbing trend toward higher rates of default. On page 703 of part one of the hearings on this bill, the Office of Education witness states under questioning that "in the case of direct Federal costs for this program, the cost per loan is approximately 20 percent of the loan value. The average loan value at this point in the program throughout the life of the program is approximately \$1,000 a loan. The cost to the Federal government for that, including salaries and everything else, is running about \$200. So it is about a 20 percent cost."

SOCIAL AND REHABILITATION SERVICE

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

The bill includes \$1,729,748,000, the same amount as the budget request. This amount is in addition to the \$12,111,731,000 currently available in 1975.

The supplemental appropriation will provide funds for the Federal share of public assistance expenditures as required by the provisions of the Social Security Act. There has always been difficulty in developing reliable cost estimates for Public Assistance because this program involves over 40 million people, all of the 50 States, and 1,300 counties. The process is further complicated by the fact that State and local laws are frequently revised and definitions of eligibility and payment rates are continually being changed. The most recent analysis made by the Congressional Research Service indicates that this budget estimate may be too high. Nevertheless, in view of the continued uncertainty as to how the public assistance programs will be affected by current economic conditions, the Committee has approved the budget request.

The Committee has included bill language requested by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare which provides temporary assistance to United States citizens who are repatriated from foreign countries under the auspices of the Department of State due to destitution, illness, war, threat of war, or similar international crisis.

REHABILITATION SERVICES

The bill includes \$500,000 to support planning of a Recreation Complex for the Handicapped in West Virginia to demonstrate methods of making recreational activities fully accessible to handicapped individuals as authorized by section 304(b) of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended. No budget request was submitted on this item.

There are no known facilities in the United States designed and operated exclusively and specifically to provide the rapeutic recreational opportunities and activities for America's handicapped citizens. The Committee believes that the proposed West Virginia Recreation Complex for the Handicapped could serve as an ongoing laboratory to demonstrate what communities throughout the Nation can do to make recreational opportunities readily available to the handicapped. The Committee was informed that the project has the endorsement of all of the related agencies in West Virginia as well as the Rehabilitation Services Administration in H.E.W.

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

PAYMENTS TO SOCIAL SECURITY TRUST AND OTHER FUNDS

No funds are provided in the bill for this request. The amount requested was \$20,242,000 for payment to the GSA Building Fund for that portion of the standard level user charge which is in excess of the actual cost of the space and services utilized by the trust funds. The Committee still believes that the trust funds should not be subject to charges and expenses which are over and above the actual cost of rendering services to trust fund beneficiaries. Furthermore, the Committee believes that the space and construction requirements for the Social Security Program should be funded directly from the Social Security Trust Funds, as they have been in the past, and should continue to be reviewed and approved separately from the space and building needs of general government.

SPECIAL BENEFITS FOR DISABLED COAL MINERS

The bill includes \$80,844,000, the same amount as the budget request. This amount is in addition to the \$876,089,000 currently available for 1975.

The special benefits for disabled coal miners provide for cash benefits to miners who are disabled because of black lung disease, and to widows and children of miners who were entitled to these benefits

or whose deaths were caused by black lung disease.

The amount included in this bill provides (1) for increases in the prior estimate of black lung benefits that resulted from the 5.53 percent increase in the annual salary of Federal government employees which became effective October 1974. The benefit to disabled coal miners is equal to 50 percent of the minimum monthly payment to which a disabled Federal employee in step 1, Grade GS-2 would be entitled at the time of payment; (2) payment of a larger than anticipated number of claims from the appellate process; and (3) increased administrative costs associated with the higher number of appellate claims.

SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME PROGRAM

The bill includes \$83,102,000, the same amount as the budget request. This is in addition to the \$4,774,000,000 currently available for 1975.

The Supplemental Security Income program became effective January 1, 1974 and replaced state-administered programs of assistance to the aged, blind and disabled. The program is administered by the Social Security Administration under uniform eligibility requirements

and payment support levels applicable in all States.

The amount included in this bill provides for higher than estimated benefit payments and for payment of administrative expenses of the program. The revised estimate reflects better data resulting from one year's operation of the program. Experience in fiscal year 1974 and in the early months of this fiscal year has shown that recipients converted from State and local assistance rolls receive substantially higher benefits than newly eligible recipients. The Social Security Act provides for repayment to the trust fund of administrative expenses associated with administering the Supplemental Security Income program. These administrative expenses are repaid on a current basis from the Supplemental Security Income appropriation. The increase in administrative expenses is due to the fact that the claims processing for the Supplemental Security Income program demands more time and manpower than originally projected.

LIMITATION ON SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill includes authority to spend \$78,668,000 from the Social Security Trust Funds for administrative costs, the same amount as the budget request. This is in addition to the \$2.004.729.000 currently available for 1975.

The need for supplemental funds is due to the requirement for more manpower to carry out the new Supplemental Security Income program, to clean up the backlog of work in disability insurance claims and in the hearing and appeals process, and to cover the increase in other objects of expenditure caused by inflation, such as printing costs, postal rates, and utilities. These funds will support 7,171 more man-years than are currently available.

SPECIAL INSTITUTIONS

GALLAUDET COLLEGE

The bill includes \$8,052,000, the amount of the budget request. The amount in the bill includes \$286,000 to provide salary adjustments for non-faculty employees comparable to Federal employees' salary increases, and \$7,766,000 to provide for the second stage of construction for the Model Secondary School for the Deaf dormitories. This appropriation, together with \$3,115,000 provided in the regular bill for 1975, will complete construction of the dormitories. These housing units will not only provide housing accommodations for 450 students but will contain instructional areas, personal learning spaces, group activity areas, recreational spaces, and learning resource centers. The College anticipates the completion of construction by about the first of January, 1977.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY

The bill includes \$2,050,000, the amount of the budget request. The funds will provide salary adjustments for non-faculty employees of Howard University and Freedmen's Hospital comparable to Federal

employees' salary increases.

It has traditionally been the practice to grant pay increases to the non-faculty employees of Howard University and Gallaudet College whenever Federal employees receive a pay increase. In the past, the Committee has not questioned this practice, and has approved the appropriations requested each year to pay the non-faculty employees of the two institutions, both of which are located in the District of Columbia, at rates comparable to those paid to Federal employees in similar occupations. A study by the Committee's investigative staff indicates that this practice has resulted in payment of salaries at Howard University which are out of line with those paid by comparable educational institutions. The Committee believes that the present system which usually results in retroactive pay raises for the employees involved, because the increases are not actually paid to the employees until additional appropriations for this purpose are enacted, has outlived its usefulness. The Committee therefore directs the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, in conjunction with the two institutions, to devise a more appropriate method of fixing non-faculty salaries which is independent of Federal pay scales. The Committee does not intend to approve future requests for appropriations for these two private institutions for the purpose of giving automatic pay raises whenever there is an increase in the pay of Federal employees.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

The bill includes \$462,000,000 to carry out the Head Start and Native American programs, an increase of \$15,700,000 over the amount requested in the budget and \$39,000,000 over the comparable appropriation for fiscal year 1974. Both of these programs have been operating under the Continuing Resolution for fiscal year 1975 since July 1, 1974. The Committee deferred consideration of them in the regular bill for 1975 due to lack of authorizing legislation. The programs are now authorized by the Headstart, Economic Opportunity, and Community Partnership Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-644), enacted on January 4, 1975.

The amount in the bill includes \$430 million for Head Start, an increase of \$15.7 million over the budget and \$37.9 million over the fiscal year 1974 appropriation. Head Start is a comprehensive preschool program which serves children and their families, primarily those who are poor. It includes a wide range of developmental activities in full-year and summer programs with particular emphasis on parent involvement. The basic law mandates that at least 10% of the total enrollment nationwide must be handicapped children. Several experimental activities are also conducted, along with preparation and training of staffs of local grantees and certain types of health-related activities for children enrolled. Grants to carry out the program are awarded to public and private nonprofit agencies, with the Federal share comprising 80% of the total project cost. The Committee provided the increased funds for the program because it felt that the budget did not make adequate allowance for the severe impact of

inflation on the costs of local grantees and because the budget made no provision for increased costs associated with the expanded enrollment

of handicapped children.

The bill includes \$32 million for the Native American program, the amount of the budget request, and an increase of \$1.1 million over the 1974 appropriation. The program provides funds to tribal organizations or other public or private nonprofit agencies to strengthen tribal governments, to support urban Indian centers, and for economic development projects. In fiscal year 1974, approximately two-thirds of the funds were awarded to tribal governments on 154 reservations in 24 States.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

The bill provides \$16,587,000, a reduction of \$4,310,000 from the

request.

The bill includes \$16,500,000 for support of policy research under Section 232 of the Community Services Act. The major areas of research are: (1) income maintenance and employment (2) health insurance and (3) delivery of education and human development services.

The Committee reduced the request by \$4,310,000 because of its concern that the research activities in this appropriation may overlap with the research efforts of other organizational units within HEW and the Department of Labor. The Committee is also concerned with the estimated high cost of conducting and completing many of the experiments, especially the health insurance experiment. A study of the activities supported by this appropriation has been requested by the Committee.

The amount included in the bill will support the continuation of on-going projects. However, no provision is made for expansion of current projects or the starting of new projects pending the results of the aforementioned study. Also included in the bill is \$87,000 requested to cover the increased Federal share of employees health insurance

benefits.

RELATED AGENCIES

COMMUNITY SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

COMMUNITY SERVICES PROGRAM

The bill includes \$446,000,000 for the operation of the Community Services Administration in fiscal year 1975. This is an increase of \$25,200,000 over the budget request and an increase of \$158,700,000 over the comparable appropriation for fiscal year 1974. However, the 1974 appropriation was much lower than normal because the Administration at that time was trying to eliminate the agency through administrative action and did not include it in the budget for that year. Actually, the amount recommended in the bill is virtually the same as the annualized rate of expenditure currently permitted by the Continuing Resolution, under which the agency has been operating since July 1, 1974. The Committee has deferred consideration of appropriations for this agency until the present time due to lack

of authorizing legislation. The authorization was renewed upon enactment of the Community Services Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-644) on January 4, 1975.

The Community Services Administration is the successor agency to the former Office of Economic Opportunity, and has responsibility for basically the same programs. It is an independent agency within

the executive branch.

For community action operations, the Committee has approved the budget request of \$330 million under section 221 of the Act to provide support for the administration and general operating costs of 881 community action agencies throughout the Nation. These funds also provide for a wide variety of local programs operated by community action agencies. The Committee has restored the Senior Opportunities and Services program, the national summer youth sports program, and the State Economic Opportunity Offices to their prior year's funding level. The bill includes \$10 million, \$3 million, and \$12 million, respectively, for these three programs. Consistent with its policy followed throughout this fiscal year, the Committee has reduced the request for payment of standard level user charges to GSA by 10% (\$300.000).

For research and demonstration, the Committee has provided \$8.8 million, including \$2.5 million for expansion of the basic skills learning centers demonstration program. The remainder of the research and demonstration funds are primarily for phasing out existing projects. The bill includes \$53.5 million for community economic development under Title VII of the Act, including \$14.5 million to complete the construction of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia serving the urban and rural Middle Atlantic Region. This facility when completed will provide social service support and complement community economic development through provision of health services, child care services, and educational services; and serve as a model of economical, functional energy conservation utilizing modern design and construction concepts. The total cost of the facility is estimated at \$78 million, of which \$63.5 million will be available from non-Federal sources. The Committee has approved the \$5 million requested for the general administrative support of the agency. No new positions were requested in the budget.

The Committee wishes to make clear its intention that the legal services program, although not included in this bill, will continue to operate under the present Continuing Resolution (P.L. 94-7) through the end of the current fiscal year or until enactment of an appropriation for the new Legal Services Corporation.

FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill includes \$300,000, a reduction of \$50,000 from the budget request, for carrying out the responsibilities of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service under Public Law 93-531. Specifically, that law provides for the resolution of a land dispute between the Hopi and Navajo tribes in northeastern Arizona, and further provides that the Director of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service shall appoint a Mediator who shall assist in the negotiations for the

settlement and partition of the relative rights and interests of the tribes to and in lands within the reservation. The law also provides that the Mediator may retain the services of such staff and consultants as he shall deem necessary, subject to the approval of the Director.

The funds in the bill are necessary to pay the Mediator, his staff, and related expenses over a nine-month period. The Committee has reduced the request by \$50,000 because the agency, during the hearing on this request, was unable to satisfactorily justify some of the costs involved.

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

LIMITATION ON SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill includes an increase in the limitation on salaries and expenses of the Railroad Retirement Board of \$200,000, a reduction of \$2,000,000 from the budget request. The amount included in this bill, together with the amount in the regular bill, provide a total limitation for fiscal year 1975 of \$24,536,000.

The amount in the bill is for the purpose of providing 90 new positions for the Board, as requested in the budget. These positions are needed to enable the Board to keep pace with its mounting workload, which has been increased again as a result of the complex 1974 amendments to the Railroad Retirement Act. However, the Committee has provided only enough funds in the bill to finance the new positions for one month in this fiscal year, instead of four months as requested in the budget. The budget assumed an unrealistically early recruitment date.

The Committee has denied the request for restoration of funds deleted from the regular bill for 1975 for payment of standard level user charges to the General Services Administration. The 1975 Labor-HEW Appropriation Act contains a specific prohibition on the payment of these charges by the Board. The Committee is not disposed to completely reverse the action taken by the Congress on the regular bill just a few months ago. The Committee still believes that trust funds should not be used to pay the cost of constructing Federal office buildings which will be used for purposes unrelated to the program financed by the trust funds. The Board has informed the Committee that there are sufficient funds available within the existing limitation to enable the Board to pay its actual costs of occupying space for this fiscal year.

AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL (OBLIGATIONAL) BUDGET NEW Ġ. COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

H. Doc. No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates
	CHAPTER V			
	DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			
	MANPOWER ADMINISTRATION			
94–22	Advances to the unemployment trust fund and other funds	\$5, 000, 000, 000	\$5, 000, 000, 000	
	DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT			
94–71	Salaries and expenses	550, 000	150, 000	-\$400,000
	Total, Department of Labor	5, 000, 550, 000	5, 000, 150, 000	-400, 000
	DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE			
	ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION			
94-22	St. Elizabeths Hospital	134, 000	134, 000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Health Resources Administration			
94-22	Health resources	66, 500, 000	127, 600, 000	+61, 100, 000
	(Trust fund transfer)	(8, 500, 000)	(8, 500, 000)	
	OFFICE OF EDUCATION			
1	Elementary and secondary education	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4, 000, 000	+4,000,000

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL—Continued TITLE I

H. Doc. No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates	
	Office of Education—Continued				
94-22	Emergency school aid	\$75, 000, 000	\$125, 000, 000	+\$50, 000, 000	
94-22	Higher education	67, 400, 000	67, 400, 000		
94-22	Student loan insurance fund	82, 600, 000	82, 600, 000	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	
	SOCIAL AND REHABILITATION SERVICE				
94-22	Public assistance	1, 729, 748, 000	1, 729, 748, 000		မ္တ
	Rehabilitation services		500, 000	+500,000	•
	SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION				
94-22	Payments to social security trust and other funds	20, 242, 000		-20, 242, 000	
94-22	Special benefits for disabled coal miners	80, 844, 000	80, 844, 000		
94-22	Supplemental security income program	83, 102, 000	83, 102, 000		
94-22	(Limitation on salaries and expenses)	(78, 668, 000)	(78, 668, 000)	()	
	Special Institutions				
94-22	Gallaudet College	8, 052, 000	8, 052, 000		
94-22	Howard University	2, 050, 000	2, 050, 000		

	Assistant Secretary for Human Development			
93-266) 94-22)	Human development	446, 300, 000	462, 000, 000	+15, 700, 000
UT ZZ)	Office of the Secretary			
93-266) 94-22	Departmental management.	20, 897, 000	16, 587, 000	-4, 310, 000
,	Total, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare	2, 682, 869, 000	2, 789, 617, 000	+106, 748, 000
	RELATED AGENCIES			
	COMMUNITY SERVICES ADMINISTRATION			
94-22	Community services program	420, 800, 000	446, 000, 000	+25, 200, 000
	FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE			
94-78	Salaries and expenses	350, 000	300, 000	-50,000
	RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD			
94-22	(Limitation on salaries and expenses)	(2, 200, 000)	(200, 000)	(-2,000,000)
	Total, Related Agencies	421, 150, 000	446, 300, 000	+25, 150, 000
	Total, Chapter V:			
	New budget (obligational) authority	8, 104, 569, 000	8, 236, 067, 000	+131, 498, 000
	Trust fund transfers	(8, 500, 000)	(8, 500, 000)	()
	Trust fund limitations	(80, 868, 000)	(78, 868, 000)	(-2,000,000)

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CHAPTER VI

SUBCOMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

BOB CASEY, Texas, Chairman

GEORGE E. SHIPLEY, Illinois ROBERT N. GIAIMO, Connecticut JOHN J. McFALL, California SIDNEY R. YATES, Illinois FRANK E. EVANS, Colorado EDWARD R. ROYBAL, California J. EDWARD ROUSH, Indiana

LAWRENCE COUGHLIN,
Pennsylvania
ELFORD A. CEDERBERG,
Michigan
WILLIAM L. ARMSTRONG,
Colorado
RALPH S. REGULA, Ohio

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

The Committee recommends a total of \$22,035,599 in new budget (obligational) authority. Of this total, \$9,584,329 is included in this chapter for program items and \$12,451,270 is carried in Title II for increased pay costs. The supplemental estimates considered by the Committee were submitted in House Document Numbered 94–22, the appendix to the 1976 budget, and House Document Numbered 94–2. The estimates which total \$24,701,034 have been reduced \$2,665,435.

Conforming to long practice, funds exclusively for operation and activities of the Senate, including items under the Architect of the Capitol, are left for decision and insertion by that body.

House of Representatives

A total of \$5,785,500 is recommended in this chapter for program

items. The budget requests total \$7,785,500.

Leadership offices.—The Committee recommends an additional \$6,000 for the leadership offices for the remainder of the fiscal year to cover the cost of increased salaries of certain employees authorized in the Committee Reform Amendments of 1974 (H. Res. 988).

Salaries, officers and employees.—The sum of \$142,000 is recommended for three activities funded under this head, including \$60,000 for the Office of the Clerk to cover the cost of new positions and upgradings authorized since passage of the regular appropriation bill. The House Democratic Steering Committee and the House Republican Conference have each been provided \$41,000 for the salaries of existing personnel, as requested, including the cost of increased salaries for

certain employees authorized in H. Res. 988.

Committee employees.—An appropriation of \$3,148,000 is recommended for Committee employees to cover the cost of additional staff for standing committees authorized in H. Res. 988. The regular 1975 appropriation of \$8,624,000 was based on a professional staff of six and a clerical staff of six for each of the 20 standing committees. H. Res. 988 increased this staffing to 18 professional and 12 clerical positions for each of the committees. In addition the Budget Reform Act of 1974 created the Budget Committee as a standing committee of the House. Based on hiring experience to date, it is anticipated the amount recommended, a reduction of \$2,000,000 in the sum requested, will be sufficient for the remainder of the fiscal year.

Committee on Appropriations (investigations).—The appropriation of \$159,000 is recommended to enable the Committee on Appropriations to continue its present level of investigative work and proceed in the

development of a computerized budgetary data system.

Contingent expenses of the House.—A total of \$2,330,500 is recommended for a number of items under the contingent fund of the House. Included is \$1,407,500 for the miscellaneous items account to replace funds that have been transferred to the stationery and postage appropriations to cover increased allowances authorized by the Committee on House Administration, and also for travel costs for the early organization caucuses held in December.

The sum of \$500,000 has been provided for the telegraph and telephone account to meet the costs of increased usage and rate increases. An appropriation of \$417,500 is included for government contributions required to be paid for the additional employees expected on committee staffs under the provisions of H. Res. 988. The bill provides \$4,500 to cover increased leasing costs of the leadership automobiles. H. Res. 988 authorized an increase in the salary of the Law Revision Counsel and the sum of \$1,000 is included for that purpose.

JOINT ITEMS

Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation.—An additional appropriation of \$75,000 is recommended for the remainder of the year, as requested, to meet computer terminal costs and an increasing workload.

Office of the Attending Physician.—The Committee recommends the appropriation of \$171,004 to reimburse the Department of the Navy for the fiscal year 1975 cost of active duty military personnel and the civilian chauffeur assigned to the Office of the Attending Physician in the United States Capitol. The Navy has traditionally assigned medical personnel to the Capitol since 1928 on a nonreimbursable basis. Undoubtedly, at that time few military personnel were assigned to work in other Federal agencies. As of March 31, 1974, 1.951 members of the military services were working in other Federal agencies. and over 70 percent of these positions were on a nonreimbursable basis. The Committee expressed its concern over this practice, both during the hearings and in the report on the 1975 Defense Appropriation bill indicating its desire that the users of military personnel be billed in a timely and uniform manner and that all collections be applied to the military personnel appropriations to offset military personnel costs for the year in which the work was performed and not to general treasury receipts. In response to that directive the Department of the Navy has requested reimbursement in the amount recommended. Language has been included in the bill providing that such amount shall be advanced and credited to the applicable appropriations of the Department of the Navy.

Capitol Police.—The bill provides an appropriation of \$186,090 to the Capitol Police Board for reimbursement to the Metropolitan Police Department for services of police officers detailed to the Capitol Police Force. This amount is to cover the cost of an approximately 16 percent pay raise enacted on September 3, 1974, and retroactive to

July 1, 1974.

Education of pages.—An appropriation of \$16,735 is provided for reimbursement to the District of Columbia Public Schools for teachers assigned to the Capitol Page School. These funds are required to cover the cost of two salary increases granted D.C. teachers in the Teachers Salary Act of 1974.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

Capitol Buildings.—An appropriation of \$250,000 is recommended for the completion and initial operation of the security system for the Capitol complex, including the procurement of necessary spare parts and testing equipment.

Capitol Power Plant.—The bill includes \$3,100,000 additional for the purchase of fuel and electrical energy during the remainder of the fiscal year, as requested. The Architect testified that costs have more than doubled since the original 1975 budget estimates were developed. Of the total allowance, \$1,100,000 is to meet anticipated deficiencies in the amounts currently available for the purchase of coal and fuel oil, and \$2,000,000 is to meet a 56 percent increase in rates for electricity.

All electrical energy for the Capitol complex is purchased and funded through this appropriation. The Architect reported a 10 percent reduction in electricity consumed during the past fiscal year which is attributed to the request to turn out lights as a part of the energy savings program which began early in the year. However, in November and December of the current fiscal year there was an increase in use. The Committee wishes to point out that the need to conserve energy is still very necessary and urges that lighting in all areas, public and private, be reduced wherever possible and that similar conservation measures should be continued insofar as heating and cooling are concerned, in an effort to partially offset the increases in kilowatt and fuel costs.

AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL)

H. Doc. No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates
	CHAPTER VI			
	LEGISLATIVE BRANCH			
	House of Representatives			
	HOUSE LEADERSHIP OFFICES			
-76	Office of the Speaker	\$1,000	\$1,000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
94-	Office of the Majority Floor Leader	2, 000	2, 000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
94-	Office of the Minority Floor Leader	1,000	1, 000	
94-	Office of the Majority Whip	1, 000	1, 000	
94-	Office of the Minority Whip	1, 000	1, 000	
	Total, House leadership offices	6, 000	6, 000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL—Continued TITLE I

H. Doc. No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates	
	House of Representatives—Continued				
	SALARIES, OFFICERS, AND EMPLOYEES				
94-	Office of the Clerk	\$60, 000	\$60, 000		
94-	House Democratic Steering Committee	41, 000	41, 000		
94-	House Republican Conference	41, 000	41, 000		
	Total, salaries, officers, and employees	142, 000	142, 000		
94-	Committee employees	5, 148, 000	3, 148, 000	-\$2, 000, 000	H
94-	Committee on Appropriations (investigations)	159, 000	159, 000		
	CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE				
94-	Miscellaneous items	1, 407, 500	1, 407, 500		
94-	Telegraph and telephone	500, 000	500, 000		
94-	Government contributions	417, 500	417, 500		
94-	Leadership automobiles	4, 500	4, 500		
94-	Revision of laws	1, 000	1, 000		
	Total, contingent expenses of the House	2, 330, 500	2, 330, 500		
	Total, House of Representatives	7, 785, 500	5, 785, 500	-2, 000, 000	
	JOINT ITEMS				

94-	Contingent expenses of the House: Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation	75, 000	75, 000	
94-	Office of the Attending Physician	171, 004	171, 004	
94-	Capitol Police: Capitol Police Board	186, 090	186, 090	
94-	Education of pages	16, 735	16 , 7 35	
	Total, joint items	448, 829	448, 829	
	ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL			
	CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS		:	
94-	Capitol buildings	250, 000	250, 000	,
94-22	Capitol Power Plant	3, 100, 000	3, 100, 000	
	Total, Architect of the Capitol	3, 350, 000	3, 350, 000	
	Total, chapter VI: New budget (obligational) authority	11, 584, 329	9, 584, 329	-2, 000, 000

CHAPTER VII

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PUBLIC WORKS

JOE L. EVINS, Tennessee, Chairman

EDWARD P. BOLAND, Massachusetts JAMIE L. WHITTEN, Mississippi JOHN M. SLACK, West Virginia OTTO E. PASSMAN, Louisiana TOM BEVILL, Alabama JOHN T. MYERS, Indiana CLAIR W. BURGENER, California

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends a total of \$44,400,000, which is a reduction of \$12,000,000 from the budget request, for salaries and

expenses of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Public Law 93-438, the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974 established the Energy Research and Development Administration (ERDA) and the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC). ERDA and NRC became operational on January 19, 1975. The duties of the NRC include nuclear facility licensing and related functions, reactor safety research, and new programs and studies directed by the Energy Reorganization Act. The regulatory duties of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission include the review and licensing involved with applications to construct and operate nuclear powerplants so that the public can be certain that the plants constructed will operate with a maximum of safety.

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission is one of the largest regulatory agencies. In the current fiscal year, including the funds provided in this supplemental, the Commission will incur obligations totaling \$152,490,000. In addition to a total of 1,956 permanent positions there are also 164 full time equivalent of temporary and part time positions

making 2,120 total personnel spaces available to the agency.

The Commission's 1976 budget request indicates that the agency expects to grow to 2,339 full time positions and 131 full time equivalent positions which will make a total of 2,470 personnel available in the coming year. The 1976 program anticipates an obligational level of \$220,085,000.

The Committee is currently in the process of reviewing the 1976 budget request of the Commission and expects to report out a bill in the near future. The funds recommended in the Supplemental Appropriations bill provide adequate funds for the remaining part of the current fiscal year to carry out the Commission's programs.

NUCLEAR SAFETY

Recent studies and statements have reemphasized and verified the high degree of safety built into nuclear powerplants. The Rasmussen Report, an independent analysis of nuclear safety which was headed by Professor Rasmussen of MIT, stated in part that the odds against an individual fatality from a nuclear accident are one in 300 million—and further that the chances for a serious accident causing 1,000 or more fatalities is one in a million years—which is the same probability that a meteor would strike a population center in the United States with the same result.

Testimony before the Committee has shown that there have been no radiation accidents involving the public as a result of the operation of nuclear power plants during the more than 200 reactor-

years of commercial operation in this country.

Today, there are 55 nuclear powerplants operating.

A substantial majority of the scientific community supports nuclear power as the only current practical alternative power source other than fossil fuels.

A recent statement signed by 32 prominent scientists including

eleven Nobel Prize winners, concluded:

"We can see no reasonable alternative to an increased use of nuclear power to satisfy our energy needs."

This statement also included these comments:

The U.S. choice is not coal or uranium: we need both * * * However, we see the primary use of solid fuels, especially of uranium, as a source of electricity * * * There are many interesting proposals for alternative energy sources which deserve vigorous research effort, but none of them is likely to contribute significantly to our energy supply in this century.

The safety of civilian nuclear power has been under public surveillance without parallel in the history of technology. As in any new technology, there is a learning period. Contrary to the scare publicity given to some mistakes that have occurred, no appreciable amount of radioactive material has escaped from any commercial U.S. reactor * * *.

The separation of the Atomic Energy Commission into the the Energy Research and Development Administration and the Nuclear Regulatory Commission provides added reassurance for realistic management of potential risks and benefits. On any scale the benefits of clean inexpensive and inexhaustible domestic fuel far outweigh the possible risks.

The safety record of nuclear power in the United States has been outstanding.

Six prominent nuclear scientists in a position paper issued last year stated:

Rigorous examination of the present risks, cost and impact of all electric power sources leads us to conclude that nuclear power is more than acceptable; it is preferable.

These scientists, who included Dr. Ian A. Forbes, Chairman of the Department of Nuclear Engineering, Lowell Technological Institute, Lowell, Massachusetts, reached these conclusions:

1. During normal operation, nuclear plants pose less risk to public health than coal- or oil-fired electric plants.

2. The risk to the public for the worst hypothetical accidents for both nuclear and fossil plants, is less than most of the risks society has historically accepted.

3. The overall impact of nuclear plants on land, air and water is far less than that of coal-fired plants and comparable to that of the oil-fired plants.

Dr. Ralph Lapp, noted scientist and author, said in a recent statement:

No substantial case has been advanced to indict the reactor systems on safety contentions * * * opponents of nuclear power have made utterly unrealistic suggestions for alternative sources of energy.

At the Committee's request William Anders, Chairman of the recently created Nuclear Regulatory Commission, provided his views on nuclear safety.

He said:

When nuclear power plants are built and operated in accordance with the rigid regulatory requirements of the Federal Government—and it is the job of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission to assure this—the public can be confident the plants are safe.

We consider that the excellent safety record of the industry has been fostered by the substantial safety margins which have been required and provided in the design and opera-

tions of the plants.

At this relatively early stage in commercial experience with nuclear power, it is our view that these margins should be preserved, and we are determined to do just that.

The Committee is confident that the work of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission will help to assure that the fine and exemplary safety record of nuclear power will be continued.

BUDGET REQUEST

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission's (NRC) supplemental budget request is for \$56,400,000. A total of \$39,000,000 was requested to replace anticipated revenues which will be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury rather than to the agency which is responsible for nuclear power regulation. The regulatory functions of NRC were formerly carried out by the Atomic Energy Commission (AEC). The AEC used revenues from its regulatory functions to offset appropriations. Therefore, this change in the method of financing the Commission necessitates an increase in appropriations at this time.

The sum of \$9,500,000 is requested to provide refunds to licensees as the result of Supreme Court decisions. The Court decided, in essence, that annual fees where no services were performed with respect to

an identifiable recipient were a tax rather than a fee.

In addition, \$7,900,000 is requested for new activities required by the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974 and for new personnel.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATIONS

The Committee recommends a total of \$44,400,000, which is a reduction of \$12,000,000 in the budget request.

The revenues recovered from AEC's nuclear regulatory activities amounted to \$17,200,000 as opposed to the \$11,000,000 estimated in the budget request. Thus the Committee recommends a reduction of \$6,200,000. A total of \$32,800,000 is, therefore, recommended for this item. This reduction, of course, has no effect on NRC's programs.

During the hearings the NRC indicated that its estimate of funds needed to refund fees required by the Supreme Court decision (described earlier in the report) was \$9,500,000. However, it is uncertain as to when or if this level of funds will be required to refund to licensees. Requests for only \$1,500,000 have been received to date. The Committee recommends that \$5,000,000 be included for this item, which is a reduction of \$4,500,000 from the budget request. This item will be reviewed again during deliberations on the regular 1976 appropriation bill.

\$3,000,000 is requested for Contract Research. Because of the lateness in the year that this supplemental is being considered, it is recommended that a reduction of \$300,000 be applied to this re-

search activity, which allows \$2,700,000 for this item.

The NRC requested \$2,200,000 for new personnel. However, it should be noted that this supplemental request was submitted to the Office of Management and Budget on November 5, 1974, and was sent to Congress on February 3, 1975. By the time these funds become available, it will be close to the end of the fiscal year. The Committee recommends a reduction of \$1,000,000 for personnel costs. The \$1,200,000 made available would provide for 105 new positions. All of these employees would be in headquarters. The NRC will have 316 personnel in the field, and 1,640 in their headquarters office for a total of 1,956.

The Committee recommends the full budget request of \$1,200,000 for rent, supplies and other services; \$500,000 for equipment; and

\$1,000,000 for goods and services on order.

Shortly, the Committee will be holding the hearings on the FY 1976 budget request of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. The Committee can reassess the manpower needs of the NRC at that time. The Commission is urged to select only highly qualified, competent personnel. They have an important service to perform to help alleviate the energy problem and to insure and reassure the safety of nuclear power to the people, in the public interest.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Corps of Engineers—Civil

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, GENERAL

Language was requested to authorize the Secretary of the Army to transfer such sums as he determined to be necessary from the Construction, general appropriation into the operation and maintenance appropriation for the dredging program.

The Committee has provided an additional \$48,000,000 for operation and maintenance in the Emergency Employment Appropri-

ation bill of 1975. The requested language is, therefore, no longer needed.

In addition, the Committee does not believe that transfer authority, such as that proposed, is warranted. The Congress provides funds, at the appropriate level, for each of the Corps of Engineer programs. It does not appear to be prudent to provide the Corps with a vehicle that could be used to obviate the intent of Congress.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

The Committee recommends \$6,725,000, the full amount of the

budget request.

Of the total amount recommended \$5,600,000 is for the increased cost of power from the Centralia Thermal Project in the State of Washington. The Bureau of Reclamation, along with several other utilities, purchases power from the Centralia Plant. The Bureau's share of the Centralia plant output is 427 megawatts. This arrangement for purchase of power capacity originated in connection with authorization of construction of the Pacific Northwest-Pacific Southwest intertie.

There have been many problems encountered in getting the Centralia plant to operate efficiently and effectively within pollution control standards. These include the following: inadequate emission control requiring the purchase and installation of auxiliary precipitators, increased maintenance of pulverizers and modification of the coal preparation and conveyance system. Inflation is also a significant factor in these increases, particularly in the cost of coal.

A total of \$500,000 is required for the Pick-Sloan Missouri Basin

A total of \$500,000 is required for the Pick-Sloan Missouri Basin Program in order to purchase energy for participation in the oil conservation program involving oil-fired electric generation operations.

In addition, \$625,000 is required so that the Bureau of Reclamation may assume operation of the Newlands Project after there has been an order by a court in Nevada permitting the Secretary, acting

through Reclamation, to take over the project.

The Newlands Project, which is located in western Nevada near Fallon, stores and diverts water from the Truckee and Carson Rivers to irrigate approximately 73,000 acres. Project facilities were transferred by the Bureau of Reclamation to the Truckee-Carson Irrigation District for care, operation and maintenance under a contract dated December 18, 1926. On September 14, 1973, the district was notified that the operating contract would be terminated as of October 31, 1974, as a result of the district's repeated violations of Department of Interior Operating Criteria and Procedures for the Newlands Project. The operating criteria resulted from an order issued on February 20, 1973. by Judge Gerhard Gessell of the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia. Among other things, it was found that the district used water in excess of the 288,000 acre-feet per year for irrigation purposes allowed by the court. The cancellation and takeover are being contested by the Truckee-Carson Irrigation District. and pending the outcome of this litigation, the district remains in physical control of the works.

If Reclamation assumes operation of the project facilities it faces the costly task of mobilizing labor and equipment and of successfully supplanting and conducting the Truckee-Carson Irrigation District function. It is estimated that \$625,000 will be required for FY 1975 to administer the operation and maintenance of the Newlands project. That amount is needed for labor costs associated with the operations, equipment rental, and other associated operations and maintenance expense.

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COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN

H. Doc. No.	Department or setivity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates
	CHAPTER VII			
	NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION			
94-22	94-22 Salaries and expenses	\$56, 400, 000	\$44, 400, 000	-\$12, 000, 000
	DEFARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF RECLAMATION			
94-22 94-80	Operation and maintenance	6, 725, 000	6, 725, 000	
, -	Total, chapter VII, new budget (obligational) authority	63, 125, 000	51, 125, 000	-12, 000, 000

CHAPTER VIII

SUBCOMMITTEE ON DEPARTMENTS OF STATE, JUSTICE, AND COMMERCE, THE JUDICIARY AND RELATED AGENCIES

JOHN M. SLACK, West Virginia, Chairman

NEAL SMITH, Iowa
JOHN J. FLYNT, Jr., Georgia
BILL ALEXANDER, Arkansas
YVONNE BRAITHWAITE BURKE,
California
JOSEPH D. EARLY, Massachusetts

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Administration of Foreign Affairs

PAYMENT TO FOREIGN SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

The Committee recommends \$1,420,000, the full amount requested, for a mandatory payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund. This payment to the Fund is to cover the unfunded liability created in fiscal year 1975 by Executive Order 11811 effective October 7, 1974, which increased employees salaries on which benefits are computed. The amount covers benefits for foreign service personnel of the Department of State and the United States Information Agency.

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND CONFERENCES

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES AND CONTINGENCIES

The bill provides an additional \$1,000,000 for "International Conferences and Contingencies," to be derived by transfer. This amount will provide funds for United States participation in the Middle East Peace Conference, the final phases of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, and the first review conference on the Non-Proliferation Treaty.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACEKEEPING ACTIVITIES

The accompanying bill does not include the \$46,179,000 requested for international peacekeeping activities. These funds were requested to provide additional contributions to the International Commission of Control and Supervision in Vietnam and to pay United States assessments for expenses of the United Nations peacekeeping forces in the Middle East.

The request included \$17,342,000 for payment to the International Commission of Control and Supervision in Vietnam, which would cover the assessed shares of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam (North Vietnam) and the Provisional Revolutionary Government of

South Vietnam (Vietcong), as well as funds to reimburse the Agency for International Development for certain funds advanced to the Commission. The sum of \$5,658,000 has already been appropriated to pay the United States assessment for the current fiscal year. The request for additional funds has been denied.

The request also included \$28,837,000 to cover assessed contributions for maintaining the United Nations Emergency Force and the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force along the Egyptian and Syrian borders of Israel. Since there is currently no authorization for the appropriation of such funds, the request has not been allowed.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES

The bill includes \$246,000, to be derived by transfer, to cover an increase in the cost of legal transcripts required in the "General Legal Activities" work of the Department of Justice.

ANTITRUST DIVISION

The bill includes \$77,000, to be derived by transfer, to cover an increase in the cost of legal transcripts necessary in carrying out the work of the Antitrust Division.

UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS AND MARSHALS

The additional sum of \$886,000 is provided for "United States Attorneys and Marshals", of which \$586,000 is to be derived by transfer. This sum, which is the total amount requested, includes \$300,000 for the payment of land commissioners appointed in condemnation cases, as well as \$400,000 related to the increased cost of transcripts and \$186,000 for payments resulting from the Law Enforcement and Firefighting Personnel Retirement Benefits Act of 1974.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides an additional \$3,570,000 for the Federal Bureau of Investigation, to be derived by transfer. This amount, which is the same as the request, includes \$2,100,000 related to increases in health benefits and \$1,470,000 for increased costs of retirement benefits resulting from the enactment of the Law Enforcement and Firefighting Personnel Retirement Benefits Act of 1974.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Domestic and International Business Administration

OPERATIONS AND ADMINISTRATION

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$1,100,000, which is \$80,000 below the budget request. These supplemental funds are provided to enable the Department of Commerce to carry out its responsibilities under the Foreign Investment Study Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-479) and to perform the Department's functions for industrial defense mobilization.

The Foreign Investment Study Act of 1974 requires the Commerce Department to prepare a complete analytical study of the extent. character and impact of foreign direct investment in the United States. The Act further requires the Department to submit an interim report of its findings to the Congress by November 1, 1975, and a final report by May 1, 1976. These funds will enable the Domestic and International Business Administration to begin a comprehensive program of financial and statistical data collection and analysis which is necessary to fulfill the requirements of the Act.

This appropriation will also provide the funding to continue the various industrial defense mobilization functions of the Commerce Department, including the priorities and allocation program and the Strategic and Critical Stockpiling activities, which were formerly funded through reimbursement from the Office of Preparedness. General Services Administration. The Congress provided funding to GSA for reimbursable support of defense mobilization activities of eight Federal agencies through December 31, 1974, and has indicated that these agencies should receive direct funding for the continuation of their defense mobilization functions.

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

COASTAL ZONE MANAGEMENT

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$3,000,000, the full amount of the budget request for the coastal zone management program. These funds, which were authorized by an amendment of January 2, 1975, to the Coastal Zone Management Act, will provide increased program development grants to permit certain coastal states to accelerate development of regulations for the use of their coastal zones, consistent with the timetables for Federal leasing of new offshore areas for oil and gas exploration.

SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL RESEARCH

SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL RESEARCH AND SERVICES

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$1,000,000, the full amount of the supplemental budget request, to permit the National Bureau of Standards to begin a voluntary program with the appliance industry for reducing energy use of home appliances through the establishment of minimum energy efficiency levels. NBS will undertake cooperative efforts with the industry to develop efficiency standards and measurement techniques based on the technical feasibility of modifying design and component parts to make appliances more efficient.

THE JUDICIARY

COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS

The Committee recommends the sum of \$112,000, to be derived by transfer, to cover additional salaries and expenses of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts incurred in the implementation of the Speedy Trial Act of 1974. This amount, although \$176,000 less than the request, is considered adequate to cover such cost for the balance of the current fiscal year.

EXPENSES OF REFEREES

The bill includes the sum of \$52,000 for "Expenses of Referees." \$64,000 less than the amount requested. These additional funds are required due to a considerable increase in bankruptcy filings, which were 30 percent higher for the first five months of fiscal year 1975 than they were during the same period in fiscal year 1974. The amount provided will permit the employment of 34 additional bankruptcy clerks. SPEEDY TRIAL PLANNING

The Committee recommends \$2,500,000, the full amount authorized and requested, for carrying out the initial phase of formulation and implementation of speedy trial plans as authorized by title I of the Speedy Trial Act of 1974. These funds, which are to remain available until expended, are to be allocated by the Administrative Office of the United States Courts to each of the 94 Federal judicial districts.

The objectives of the Speedy Trial Act are to shorten the time period between arrest and trial of a person charged with a crime. The Act permits four years from July 1, 1975, for implementation of plans to achieve such objectives. After that time a person who is arrested for a crime must be indicted within 30 days, must be arraigned within 10 days after indictment, and trial must be set within 60 days after arraignment.

PRETRIAL SERVICES AGENCIES

The bill provides \$10,000,000, the full amount authorized and requested, for salaries and expenses of pretrial services agencies to be established pursuant to title II of the Speedy Trial Act of 1974. This amount includes funds to provide supportive services to defendants released pending trial.

Under the terms of the authorizing legislation these agencies are to be established on a demonstration basis in each of 10 representative judicial districts. The \$10,000,000 provided in the accompanying bill is to operate these agencies for a period of 15 months.

FEDERAL JUDICIAL CENTER

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The sum of \$1,020,000, the full amount requested, is recommended to enable the Federal Judicial Center to accelerate the develop-

ment and implementation of a computerized information system (COURTRAN II). This system is designed to assist the courts in meeting the objectives of the Speedy Trial Act of 1974. The amount provided is to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Fees of Jurors", fiscal year 1975.

EXPENSES, U.S. COURT FACILITIES

FURNITURE AND FURNISHINGS

The Committee recommends an additional appropriation of \$1,-200,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for space and facilities, to cover the cost of furniture and furnishings for U.S. Court facilities. This amount, which is the full amount requested, will bring the total appropriation for fiscal year 1975 to \$3,875,000. The comparable expenditures for fiscal years 1973 and 1974, when the funds were appropriated directly to the General Services Administration, were \$3.1 million and \$4.5 million respectively.

RELATED AGENCIES

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The sum of \$800,000 is provided in the accompanying bill to defray a deficiency incurred by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission in fiscal year 1974. The over-obligation was reported to the Congress on December 19, 1974, pursuant to the Anti-deficiency Act (31 U.S.C. 665). This appropriation will be used to pay vendors for goods and services rendered to the Commission.

The Committee expects the Commission to establish controls to prevent the recurrence of such violations. Such controls are necessary for the proper management of funds and programs, and the Committee expects periodic reports from the Commission on the progress

of these efforts.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL

TITLE I

H. Doc.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates	
	CHAPTER VIII				
	DEPARTMENT OF STATE				
	ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS				8
94-22	Payment to Foreign Service retirement and disability fund	\$1, 420, 000	\$1, 420, 000		
	INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND CONPERENCES				
94-22	International conferences and contingencies (By transfer)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)		
94-22	Contributions for international peacekeeping activities	46, 179, 000		-\$46, 179, 000	
• •	Total, international organizations and conferences.	46, 179, 000		-46, 179, 000	
	(By transfer)	(1, 000, 000)	(1,000,000)		
	Total, Department of State	47, 599, 000	1, 420, 000	-46, 179, 000	
	(By transfer)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)		

	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		1		
	LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION				
94-22	Salaries and expenses, general legal activities (By transfer)	(246, 000)	(246, 000)		
9422	Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division (By transfer)	(77, 000)	(77, 000)	()	
94-22	Salaries and expenses, U.S. attorneys and marshals (By transfer)	300, 000 (<i>586</i> , <i>000</i>)	300, 000 (<i>586</i> , <i>000</i>)	()	
	Total, legal activities and general administration (By transfer)	300, 000 (<i>909</i> , <i>000</i>)	300, 000 (<i>909</i> , <i>000</i>)	()	
	FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION			,	
94-22	Salaries and expenses (By transfer)	(3, 570, 000)	(3, 570, 000)	()	
	Total, Department of Justice	300, 000 (4, 479, 000)	300, 000 (4, 479, 000)	()	59
	DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE				
	DOMESTIC AND INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION				
94-22	Operations and administration	1, 180, 000	1, 100, 000	-80, 000	
	NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION				
94-22	Coastal zone management	3, 000, 000	3, 000, 000	l	

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDATION IN THE BILL—Continued

TITLE I

H. Doc. No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates	
	DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE—continued				
	SCIENCE AND TECHNICAL RESEARCH	at 000 000	e1 000 000		
94-22	Scientific and technical research and services	\$1, 000, 000		600,000	
	Total, Department of Commerce	5, 180, 000	5, 100, 000	\$80, 000	
	THE JUDICIARY				
	COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES	200 000		288, 000	23
94-59	Administrative Office of U.S. Courts	288, 000	(448,000)		
	(By transfer)	. ()	(112, 000)		
94-59	Expenses of referees	116, 000	1	-64, 000	
94-59	Speedy trial planning	2, 500, 000	2, 500, 000		
94-59	Pretrial services agencies	10, 000, 000	10, 000, 000		
31 00	Total, courts of appeals, district courts, and other judicial	12, 904, 000	12, 552, 000	-352, 000	
	(By transfer)	((112, 000)	(+112,000)	
	FEDERAL JUDICIAL CENTER	1, 020, 000		-1, 020, 000	
94-59	-	- 1, 020, 000	į.	1	
	(By transfer)	-1() (1, 020, 000); (T1,000,000)	

	EXPENSES, UNITED STATES COURT FACILITIES			
94-59	Furniture and furnishings (by transfer)	(1, 200, 000)	(1, 200, 000)	()
	Total, the Judiciary	13, 924, 000	12, 552, 000	-1, 372, 000
	(By transfer)	(1, 200, 000)	(2, 332, 000)	(+1, 132, 000)
	RELATED AGENCIES			
	EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION			
94-22	Salaries and expenses (fiscal year 1974)	800, 000	800, 000	
	TOTAL, CHAPTER VIII			
	New budget (obligational) authority:			
	1974	800, 000	800, 000	
	1975	67, 003, 000	19, 372, 000	47, 631, 000
	Total	67, 803, 000	20, 172, 000	-47, 631, 000
	By transfer	(6, 679, 000)	(7, 811, 000)	(+1, 132, 000)
				

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CHAPTER IX

SUBCOMMITTEE ON DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES

JOHN J. McFALL, California, Chairman

SIDNEY R. YATES, Illinois TOM STEED, Oklahoma EDWARD I. KOCH, New York BILL ALEXANDER, Arkansas ROBERT DUNCAN, Oregon SILVIO O. CONTE, Massachusetts JACK EDWARDS, Alabama

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

COAST GUARD

OPERATING EXPENSES

The Committee has approved the full budget request of \$24.5 million to meet uncontrollable cost increases and to initiate the implementation of the Deepwater Port Act of 1974. The Committee has not approved the requested transfer of an additional \$12.5 million to provide a contingency for possible future cost increases.

Of the amount recommended, \$24 million is to meet cost increases. Testimony indicates that even with a 15 percent reduction in consumption, fuel costs have increased \$14.8 million. Cost increases for food, operational supplies, communications, and other essential services constitute the remaining \$9.2 million. In addition, the bill includes \$500,000 to enable the Coast Guard to begin to implement the Deepwater Port Act of 1974.

RETIRED PAY

The Committee considered a budget request of \$9,605,000 for payments to retired Coast Guard personnel. Recent recomputations indicate that an appropriation of \$9,150,000 will be sufficient.

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

RAILROAD-HIGHWAY CROSSINGS DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

The bill includes \$360,000 for an engineering and feasibility study for a demonstration railroad relocation project in Lafayette, Indiana. This appropriation is authorized by the Federal-Aid Highway Amendments of 1974, Public Law 93-643. This study is in addition to the 12 ongoing demonstration projects authorized by the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973.

FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION

RAILROAD SAFETY

The Committee recommends a total of \$1.7 million, of which \$700,000 is to be derived by transfer, to improve the track inspection program of the Federal Railroad Administration. The sum recommended is a reduction of \$200,000 below the amount requested.

The funds included in the bill will provide \$400,000 for the operation of the existing test cars for the balance of the current fiscal year and \$1.3 million for the conversion of two other rail cars into an additional track inspection unit. The number of accidents caused by defective track continues to increase. In 1973 track defects accounted for 3,556 accidents, and the latest data for calendar year 1974 indicates that this number will increase to 4,239. The testimony indicates that these track inspection units will not only enable the Federal Railroad Administration to inspect more track, but they will also provide for improved inspection of that track which is checked.

GRANTS TO THE NATIONAL RAILROAD PASSENGER CORPORATION

The Committee recommends a supplemental appropriation of \$74,725,000 to enable the Secretary of Transportation to make additional Federal grants to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation (Amtrak). The bill includes language which would make \$59,800,000 of this appropriation contingent upon the enactment of authorizing legislation. The authorization for this appropriation was reported by the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee on March 26, 1975.

Amtrak assumed the responsibility for providing intercity rail passenger service between certain designated cities on May 1, 1971. The Rail Passenger Service Act of 1970 required that a basic national intercity passenger system was to be established by that date, and authorized this basic system to be continued in operation until July 1, 1973. Subsequent legislation has authorized the continued operation of this system until July 1, 1975.

The amount recommended by the Committee is \$3,175,000 less than the budget request. The largest single item in Amtrak's request is \$49,700,000 to cover wage and price increases. The indices of inflation for fuel and materials published by the American Association of Railroads, however, indicate a slower rate of increase in this area in recent months and the Committee feels that the reduction recommended can be accomplished without affecting Amtrak's overall program.

Including the funds in the accompanying bill, Congress will have appropriated a total of \$275 million to Amtrak for the current fiscal year. The Committee reiterates the concern about Amtrak's substantial operating deficits expressed in the Conference Report on the Second Supplemental Appropriation Bill, 1974. At that time the conferees directed the Secretary of Transportation and the President of Amtrak to submit service and route criteria to the appropriate committees of the Congress. The Committee repeats this directive and expects that these criteria will provide a mechanism for better control over Amtrak's increasing deficits.

URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATION

URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION FUND

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

The National Mass Transportation Assistance Act of 1974 authorized a new program of formula grants which can be used for either capital outlays or operating expenses. To permit the timely implementation of that legislation, the Committee approved a reprograming in December, 1974. The \$50 million included in the accompanying bill is to liquidate obligations incurred under the National Mass Transportation Assistance Act of 1974.

The amount recommended is \$100 million less than the budget request. The Committee, however, has included language in the bill to permit the use of previously appropriated funds to pay obligations incurred under the new formula grant program. UMTA testified that there was a total of \$100 million available for this purpose and that these funds were not otherwise required for its existing programs during the current fiscal year.

Under the Committee's recommendations, there should be adequate obligational authority and liquidating cash to fully implement the fiscal year 1975 formula grant program. The Committee urges UMTA to expedite the implementation of that program during the current fiscal year.

RELATED AGENCIES

Interstate Commerce Commission

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill includes the full budget request of \$500,000 for the rail services planning office of the Interstate Commerce Commission. This office is responsible for holding public hearings on the preliminary system plan proposed by the United States Railway Association and for reviewing and analyzing that proposal.

WASHINGTON METROPOLITAN AREA TRANSIT AUTHORITY

FEDERAL CONTRIBUTION

The Committee recommends the budget request of \$17,824,000 for the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority. This amount includes \$17,145,000 advance funding for the fiscal year 1976 Washington, D.C. area rail transit construction program and \$679,000 to fund the construction of special facilities for the handicapped in the stations of the rail system.

INCREASED PAY COSTS

The Committee has recommended a number of reductions in the increased pay costs contained in Title II of the bill. These estimates totaled \$72,596,625 in new budget (obligational) authority, \$18,375 in transfers from other appropriations and \$5,500,400 in increases in limitations on administrative expenses. The amounts recommended are \$69,674,000 in new budget authority, \$18,375 in transfers, and \$4,362,000 in increased limitations. These represent reductions of \$2,922,625 in new budget authority and \$1,138,400 in limitations on administrative expenses.

TITLE I

H. Doc. No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates	
	CHAPTER IX				
	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
	COAST GUARD				
94-22	Operating expenses	\$24 , 500, 000	\$24, 500, 000		
	(By transfer)	(12, 500, 000)	()	(-\$12, 500, 000)	
94-22	Retired pay	9, 605, 000	9, 150, 000	-455, 000	8
	FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION				
	Railroad-highway crossings demonstration projects		360, 000	+360, 000	
	FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION				
94-22	Railroad safety	1, 200, 000	1, 000, 000	-200, 000	
	(By transfer)	(700, 000)	(700, 000)	()	
94-22	Grants to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation	77, 900, 000	74, 725, 000	-3, 175, 000	
	Urban Mass Transportation Administration			į.	
94-22	(Liquidation of Contract Authorization)	(150, 000, 000)	(50, 000, 000)	(-100, 000, 000)	
	Total, Department of Transportation	113, 205, 000	109, 735, 000	-3, 470, 000	

	By transfer	(13, 200, 000)	(700, 000)	(-12, 500, 000)	
	Liquidation of contract authorization	(150, 000, 000)	(50, 000, 000)	(-100,000,000)	
	RELATED AGENCIES				
	Interstate Commerce Commission				
94-22	Salaries and expenses	500, 000	500, 000		
	Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority				
94-22	Federal contribution:				
	Fiscal year 1975	679, 000	679, 000		
	Fiscal year 1976	17, 145, 000	17, 145, 000		
	Total, WMATA	17, 824, 000	17, 824, 000		67
	Total, related agencies	18, 324, 000	18, 324, 000		
	Total, chapter IX:				
	New budget (obligational) authority:				
	Fiscal year 1975	114, 384, 000	110, 914, 000	-3, 470, 000	
	Fiscal year 1976	17, 145, 000	17, 145, 000		
	Total	131, 529, 000	128, 059, 000	-3, 470, 000	
	By transfer	(13, 200, 000)	(700, 000)	(-12, 500, 000)	
	* '] ' ' ' '	
	Liquidation of contract authorization	(150, 000, 000)	(80,000,000)	(-100,000,000)	

CHAPTER X

SUBCOMMITTEE ON TREASURY, POSTAL SERVICE AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT

TOM STEED, Oklahoma, Chairman

JOSEPH P. ADDABBO, New York EDWARD R. ROYBAL, California ROBERT L. F. SIKES, Florida EDWARD P. BOLAND,

Massachusetts
JOHN J. FLYNT, Jr., Georgia
EDWARD J. PATTEN, New Jersey
CLARENCE D. LONG, Maryland

CLARENCE E. MILLER, Ohio ROBERT C. McEWEN, New York WILLIAM L. ARMSTRONG, Colorado

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$7,000,000, the

full amount the budget request.

This appropriation will provide for (1) reimbursement to the Federal Reserve Banks for increased costs, incurred as fiscal agents of the Bureau, due to increases in workload and costs of goods and services; (2) increased paying agents' fees caused by an increase in the volume of savings-type securities redeemed; (3) reimbursement to the U.S. Postal Service for increased mailings of securities; and (4) increased volume and costs of printing security stock.

There has been a great increase in workload in this Bureau. As the public debt increases, the cost of administering it also increases. The Funds included in this appropriation are for items over which the

Bureau has little or no control.

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$229,000 and an increase of 13 permanent positions, the full amount of the supplemental

budget request.

The Internal Revenue Service has been assigned major additional responsibilities under the new Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (P.L. 93–406). Funds recommended in the accompanying bill for the Internal Revenue Service (under its three appropriation accounts as set forth in this report) will be used to recruit and train required additional personnel and provide administrative and technical services to insure that the purposes of the new act are carried out effectively. The following two headings outline the requirements pursuant to the new law under those activities of the Internal Revenue Service.

ACCOUNTS, COLLECTION AND TAXPAYER SERVICE

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$1,937,000 and an increase of 48 permanent positions, the full amount of the supplemental budget request.

This requirement also results from passage of the Employee

Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

The Service must redesign and expand the Exempt Organizations Master File and the Employee Plans Master File. This expansion and redesigning requires extensive systems analysis, computer repro-

graming, and testing.

This appropriation provides funds which will enable the service to handle an estimated 400,000 additional taxpayer service requests expected as a result of the new law. Funds are also being provided for special and unusual printing and distribution requirements generated as a result of the new law. A significant volume of material will be prepared which must be published and made available to the public. This will include forms and instructions, technical information, regulations, procedures and decisions.

COMPLIANCE

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$4,483,000 and an increase of 350 permanent positions, the full amount of the supple-

mental budget request.

The Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 has its major impact on the "Compliance" activities of the Internal Revenue Service. The Act specifically requires the establishment of an "Office of Employee Plans and Exempt Organizations" to be headed by an Assistant Commissioner. The new Assistant Commissioner is the principal advisor to the Commissioner on all matters concerning employee plans and exempt organizations, and is also responsible for developing, implementing, monitoring and evaluating programs to carry out the related provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

The new law completely changes the tax provisions relating to employee plans. Virtually all existing plans will have to be amended to comply with the new qualification requirements. New excise taxes are provided. The Act provides a new right of appeal to the Tax Court for a declaratory judgment as to plans qualification. It permits individuals who are not covered by qualified plans or government plans to take deductions within specified limits for contributions under their

own individual retirement savings programs.

The Service will have a great many additional responsibilities in the implementation of this new law, and the Committee believes that the funds appropriated will enable the Service to properly carry out its assigned functions under the law.

U.S. POSTAL SERVICE

PAYMENT TO THE POSTAL SERVICE FUND

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$44,085,000, a reduction of \$2,607,000 below the amount requested by the Postal Service.

Public Law 93-328 (S. 411) approved June 30, 1974, extended the period over which postal rate increases required by Public Law 91-375

could be phased for certain classes of mailers and authorized appropriations to the Postal Service to subsidize that phasing. The amount required for that purpose for Fiscal Year 1975 is \$44,085,000. Additional amounts will be required for subsequent years.

Even though the law extending the phasing was approved by the President on June 30, 1974, the President's budget did not request funds for that purpose for Fiscal Years 1975 or 1976. The Committee feels, nonetheless, that the Congress clearly intended to permit such

phasing.

The Committee points out that if the Postal Service complies with the extended phasing authorized by P.L. 93-328 (and thereby reduces its revenue) it has no choice but to seek funds from the Congress for the cost of such phasing. If funds are not appropriated, the only recourse open to the Postal Service is to deny phasing and impose the full postal rate increases required by P.L. 91-375, approved August 12, 1970.

Information available to the Committee indicates that imposition of the full postal rate increases would be most harmful to a great number of mailers, particularly the religious and other non-profit

organizations.

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$500,000, the

full amount of the supplemental budget request.

Initial funding is requested for the commission established by Public Law 93-443 to impose overall limitations on campaign expenditures and political contributions, provide public financing for Presidential primary elections and nominating conventions, and carry out other activities related to Federal elections. This appropriation will provide adequate funds to cover "start up" costs of the Commission.

adequate funds to cover "start up" costs of the Commission.

The Committee notes also that Public Law 93-443 authorizes appropriations for this Commission only for the fiscal year ending

June 30, 1975.

U.S. CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$100,000 and ten additional permanent positions, a reduction of \$50,000 below the supplemental budget request.

The appropriation of these funds will enable the Civil Service Commission to administer those provisions of the Fair Labor Stand-

ards Amendments of 1974 that affect Federal employees.

PAYMENT TO THE CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$363,100,000, the

full amount of the supplemental budget request.

Public Law 91-93, Civil Service Retirement Amendments of 1969, approved October 20, 1969, revised the method of financing the Federal civil service retirement system. Among other things the Act provides that any statute which authorizes (1) new or liberalized benefits

payable from the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund, (2) extension of retirement coverage to new groups of employees, or (3) increases in pay on which benefits are computed, is deemed to authorize appropriations to the Fund to finance the unfunded liability created by such statute in thirty equal annual installments with the first payment thereof due as of the end of the fiscal year in which such new or liberalized benefit, extension of coverage or increase in pay is effective.

This appropriation will be used to make mandatory payments to the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund to cover the unfunded liability created in the Retirement Fund by increased pay rates and retirement benefits coverage.

INTERGOVERNMENTAL PERSONNEL ASSISTANCE

The Committee recommends approval of a language change which will make grants made pursuant to the Intergovernmental Personnel Assistance Act of 1970 "available until expended" rather than a "one-year" appropriation. Appropriations are currently authorized to be made "without fiscal year limitation" under 42 U.S.C. 4769.

The current "one-year" status of IPA funding may be a disincentive for achieving savings or better utilization of grants. Although the total appropriation is generally fully awarded by the end of a fiscal year, any savings in cost of grant projects could not be used to finance other worthy projects.

Providing greater flexibility by changing the IPA grants to "no-year" funds will enable the Commission to make more efficient use of tax dollars and allow State and local governments to be better able to meet their real and changing needs.

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

FEDERAL BUILDINGS FUND—LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF REVENUE

RENTAL OF SPACE

The Committee recommends that the limitation on the Rental of Space be increased by \$28,000,000, the full amount of the budget request.

This supplemental authority is required to finance the cost of payments to the USPS from the GSA for space occupied in USPS buildings by Federal agencies for which GSA must provide space. GSA owes the Postal Service about \$28 million for space occupied by government agencies in USPS buildings and the USPA owes GSA about \$20 million for space occupied by the Postal Service in Federal buildings controlled by GSA. The Committee has allowed the gross increase of \$28 million, rather than the net difference of \$8 million because it feels that all transactions having to do with the Federal Buildings Fund should be processed through the Fund in their entirety and should not be "netted out." The "netting out" of transactions has the effect of reducing, or possibly even eliminating, their visibility. The Committee directs that this concept of full disclosure be used in all Fund transactions.

Occupancy by Federal agencies of space in Postal Service buildings is an integral part of GSA's program for housing agencies. If the agencies now housed in Postal Service buildings were in either Government-owned or leased buildings under GSA's jurisdiction, GSA would still have a program level in the Federal Buildings Fund that would be \$28 million greater than the present authority since GSA would have more Government-owned space to operate, protect, maintain and repair and improve; or GSA would have additional lease payments to owners of private buildings. This \$28 million payment to the Postal Service is simply a cost to GSA of doing business in carrying out its responsibilities to provide space and services to the Federal agencies.

LIMITATION ON PURCHASE CONTRACTS

House Doc. 94-66, dated February 28, 1975, requested an increase in the limitation contained in Section 507, Public Law 93-381, from \$300,000,000 to \$396,106,000 for the purpose of constructing buildings in Maryland for the Social Security Administration.

This request was denied without prejudice in view of the fact that prospectuses for these buildings have not been approved, as required by law, by either the House or Senate Public Works Committees.

U.S. TAX COURT

CONSTRUCTION

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$2,000,000, the full amount of the supplemental budget request.

These funds will permit completion of the plaza in front of the new Tax Court building. The court building itself is essentially complete and the Tax Court took occupancy on January 20, 1975.

The plaza was not a part of the original Tax Court building plans and is not required by the Tax Court. However, a plaza over the north leg of Interstate Highway I-95 was determined to be necessary by other interested parties and these additional funds are required for that purpose.

The Committee hopes that this work can be completed before the Bicentennial celebrations next year since the project is located near

the center of the Nation's capital.

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COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL

TITLE I

H. Doc. No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates	
	CHAPTER X				
	DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY				
94-22	Bureau of the Public Debt, Administering the Public Debt	\$7, 000, 000	\$7, 000, 000		• 1
94-22	Internal Revenue Service:				74
	Salaries and Expenses	229, 000	229, 000		
	Accounts, Collection and Taxpayer Service	1, 937, 000	1, 937, 000		
	Compliance	4, 483, 000	4, 483, 000	~~~~~~~~~	
	Total, Internal Revenue Service	6, 649, 000	6, 649, 000	*****	
	Total, Treasury Department, new budget (obligational) authority	13, 649, 000	13, 649, 000		
	U.S. POSTAL SERVICE				
	Payment to the Postal Service Fund	¹ (46, 692, 000)	44, 085, 000	+\$44, 085, 000	
	INDEPENDENT AGENCIES				

94-22	Federal Election Commission, Salaries and Expenses	500, 000	500, 000	
94-22	Civil Service Commission:	•		
	Salaries and Expenses	150, 000	100, 000	-50, 000
	Payment to Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund	363, 100, 000	363, 100, 000	****
	Total, Civil Service Commission	363, 250, 000	363, 200, 000	-50, 000
94-22	General Services Administration:			
	Federal buildings fund:			
	Limitation on availability of revenue:			
	Rental of space (increase in limitation)	(\$28, 000, 000)	(28, 000, 000)	
94-22	U.S. Tax Court, Construction	2, 000, 000	2, 000, 000	
	Total, independent agencies	365, 750, 000	365, 700, 000	-50, 000
ļ	Total, Chapter X: New budget (obligational) authority	379, 399, 000	423, 434, 000	+44, 035, 000
	Increase in limitation	(28, 000, 000)	(28, 000, 000)	()

¹ This amount was requested by the Postal Service, but was not included in the President's budget.

CHAPTER XI

CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

The Committee recommends the appropriation of \$59,699,187, the amount of the estimate, for claims and judgments rendered against the United States. Of this amount, \$526,562 represents damage and other type claims, the payments of which are due under various laws; \$59,172,624 represents judgments rendered by the U.S. Court of Claims and U.S. District Courts and the Indian Claims Commission. Details concerning these claims and judgments are contained in House Document No. 94-79.

TITLE II

INCREASED PAY COSTS

The following table summarizes recommendations of the committee for pay costs increases in the bill:

	Estimates	Bill	Difference
New budget (obligational) authority	\$2,050,205,180 (\$,029,375) (78,556,400) (\$,714,000)	\$1,755, 453,070 (173, 016, 375) (70, 815, 000) (\$,714, 000)	-\$294,752,060 (+170,887,000) (-7,741,400)

Title II of the bill includes \$1,755,453,070 in budget authority for pay increases and related costs estimated in House Documents 94-22 and 94-97.

Title II provides the supplemental funds required to meet the unabsorbed portion of increased pay and related costs for fiscal 1975. Government agencies and departments absorbed 14% of the additional pay raises while the Appropriations Committee has recommended further reductions totaling \$294,752,060.

The increases in Title II were ordered pursuant to law, as follows:

—Civilian pay increases effective in October 1974 under Executive
Order No. 11811 and comparable raises granted by administrative
action. Public Law 91-656 provides for adjusting the salary
scales of civilian statutory pay systems to rates comparable to

those paid for similar work in private industry.

-Military pay raises effective in October 1974 under Executive Order No. 11812 issued pursuant to Public Law 90-207 which provides that whenever the rates of the General Schedule are raised there must be a comparable increase in the basic pay of the uniformed services.

—Actual wage board pay increases effective in fiscal year 1975 and granted under 5 U.S.C. 5341 together with additional raises to be granted under the same authority through June 30, 1975.

—Raises granted administratively to employees of Gallaudet College and Howard University.

Raises in the basic pay of certain employees of the United States
Park Police and the Executive Protective Service pursuant to

Public Law 92-407.

—Raises pursuant to Public Law 82-207 for policemen, firemen and teachers employed by the Canal Zone Government—based on corresponding statutory pay increases for the same or similar work in the District of Columbia (Public Law 93-410).

The total estimated cost in 1975 of these pay raises is \$2,406,171,721. This includes \$295,778,610 for related costs such as Government retirement and life insurance contribution and the employer's share

of employment taxes.

TITLE II-INCREASED PAY COSTS

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22 t	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates	
LEGISLATIVE BRANCH				
House of Representatives			~	
House leadership offices	\$35, 755	\$35, 755	******	
Salaries, officers and employees	597, 930	597, 930		
Committee employees	201, 615	201, 615		à
Committee on Appropriations (investigations)	94, 000	94, 000		•
Office of the Legislative Counsel	21, 500	21, 500		
Members' clerk hire	2, 505, 000	2, 505, 000		
Government contributions	315, 000	315, 000		
Special and select committees	440, 170	440, 170		
Leadership automobiles	2, 135	2, 135		
Total, House of Representatives: New budget (obligational) authority	4, 213, 105	4, 213, 105		
See footnotes at end of table.				

JOINT ITEMS Joint Committee on Reduction of Federal Expenditures____ 4, 335 \$4, 335 Joint Economic Committee 31, 460 31, 460 Joint Committee on Atomic Energy____ 18,655 18,655 Joint Committee on Printing____ 16, 100 -16,100Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation 32, 400 32, 400 Joint Committee on Defense Production 4, 820 4,820 Joint Committee on Congressional Operations 15, 420 15, 420 Capitol Guide Service 14, 910 14, 910 Total, joint items: New budget (obligational) authority 138, 100 117, 665 -20,435OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT 2 Salaries and expenses 41,000 41,000 ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL OFFICE OF THE ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL Salaries___ 28, 100 28, 100 CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS Capitol buildings_____ 280, 400 280, 400 Capitol grounds 126, 700 126, 700 House office buildings 615, 500 615, 500 Capitol power plant____ 145, 400 145, 400

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates	
LEGISLATIVE BRANCH—Continued				
ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL—Continued	,			
LIBRARY BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS Structural and mechanical care	\$110,000	\$110,000		
	4110,000	\$110,000		
Total, Architect of the Capitol: New budget (obligational) authority	1, 306, 100	1, 306, 100		
BOTANIC GARDEN Salaries and expenses	101, 400	101, 400		88
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS Salaries and expenses	1, 684, 000	1, 565, 000	-\$119,000	
COPYRIGHT OFFICE Salaries and expenses	204, 000	153, 000	-51, 000	
CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE				
Salaries and expenses	422, 000	377, 000	-45, 000	
DISTRIBUTION OF CATALOG CARDS				
Salaries and expenses	249, 000	199, 000	-50,000	
BOOKS FOR THE BLIND AND PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED				
Salaries and expenses	55, 000		-55, 000	
Total, Library of Congress: New budget (obligational) authority	2, 614, 000	2, 294, 000	-320, 000	

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE	i	1		
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS				
Salaries and expenses	890, 000	F07		
GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE	390, 000	765, 000	-125, 000	
Salaries and expenses	7 010 000			
Total, Legislative Branch: New budget (obligational) authority	3, 813, 000	-, 1-0, 000	-200, 000	
THE JUDICIARY	13, 116, 705	12, 451, 270	-665, 435	
SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES				
Salaries				
Automobile for the Chief Justice	155, 000	155, 000		
Care of the building and grounds	500	500		
COURT OF CUSTOMS AND PATENT APPEALS	58, 300	58, 300		81
Salaries and expenses	24			
CUSTOMS COURT	21, 000		-21, 000	
Salaries and expenses	04			
COURT OF CLAIMS	81, 000		-81, 000	
Salaries and expenses				
COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES	53, 000		-53, 000	
Salaries of Judges		1		
Salaries of supporting personnel	75, 000		-75, 000	
(By transfer)	4, 530, 000		-4 , 530, 000	
- · · · ()	(1, 982, 000)	(+1, 982, 000)	

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates	
THE JUDICIARY—Continued				
Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services—Continued	E2 (00Ω			
Representation by court-appointed counsel and operation of defender organizations	\$126, 000		-\$126, 000	
(By transfer)	()	(\$126,000)	(+126,000)	
Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts	231, 000		-231, 000	
(By transfer)	()	(180, 000)	(+180,000)	
Salaries and expenses of U.S. Magistrates	208, 000		-208, 000	
Expenses of referees.	538, 000	538, 000		
FEDERAL JUDICIAL CENTER				
Salaries and expenses	44, 000		-44, 000	
(By transfer)	()	(30, 000)	(+30,000)	
Total, the Judiciary: New budget (obligational) authority	6, 120, 800	751, 800	-5, 369, 000	
By transfer	()	(2, 318, 000)	(+2, 318, 000)	
EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT				
EXECUTIVE RESIDENCE	3, 024, 000	2, 294, 100		
Operating expenses	49, 000	49, 000	<u> </u>	

Office of Management and Budget	972 (ISU)		
Salaries and expenses	500, 000		-500,000
Total, Executive Office of the President: New budget (obligational)	549, 000	49, 000	F00 000
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		20, 000	-500, 000
Office of the Secretary	483, 000	483, 000	
Office of the Inspector General.	470, 000	470, 000	
(By transfer)	(184, 000)	(164, 000)	()
Office of the General Counsel	266, 000	266, 000	
Agricultural Research Service	7, 081, 000	7, 081, 000	
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service	8, 806, 000	1, 6000, 0000	
Cooperative State Research Service	61, 000	8, 806, 000 61, 000	
Extension Service	166, 000	166, 000	
National Agricultural Library	123, 000	8 1 4 5 , 10 8 11	
Statistical Reporting Service	,	123, 000	
Economic Research Service	852, 000	852, 000	
	745, 000	745, 000	
Commodity Exchange Authority	155, 000	155, 000	
Packers and Stockyards Administration	154, 000	154, 000	
Farmers Cooperative Service	84, 000	84, 000	

TITLE II-INCREASED PAY COSTS-Continued

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE—Continued	74 A WEST	730 000	
Foreign Agricultural Service	\$477, 000	\$477, 000	
Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service: Salaries and expenses_	4, 166, 000	4, 166, 000	
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation:	W. 6000 (100)		
Administrative and operating expense: (by transfer)	(474, 000)	(474, 000)	()
Rural Development Service	35, 000	35, 000	
Rural Electrification Administration: Salaries and expenses	639, 000	639, 000	
Farmers Home Administration: Salaries and expenses	4, 123, 000	4, 123, 000	
Soil Conservation Service	2407.1000		
Conservation operations	5, 891, 000	5, 891, 000	
River basin surveys and investigations	409, 000	409, 000	
Watershed planning	339, 000	339, 000	
Watershed and flood prevention operations	1, 884, 000	1, 884, 000	
Great plains conservation program	196, 000	196, 000	
Resource conservation and development	452, 000	452, 000	

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE			
Marketing services	1, 229, 000	1, 229, 000	
runds for increasing markets, income, and supply (increase in limitation)	(120, 000)	(120, 000)	()
FOREST SERVICE	4000		
orest protection and utilization:			
Forest land management	8, 243, 000	8, 243, 000	
Forest research	2, 210, 000	2, 210, 000	
State and private forestry cooperation	146, 000	146, 000	
Total, Forest Protection and Utilization	10, 599, 000	10, 599, 000	
onstruction and land acquisition	429, 000	429, 000	
outh Conservation Corps	152, 000	152, 000	1 - 1 Ye - 000
prest roads and trails (liquidation of contract authority)	(3, 714, 000)	(3, 714, 000)	
ssistance to States for tree planting	11, 000	11, 000	
Total, Department of Agriculture:			
New budget (obligational) authority	50, 477, 000	50, 477, 000	
By transfer	(638, 000)	(638, 000)	
Increase in limitation	(120, 000)	(120, 000)	
Liquidation of contract authority	(3, 714, 000)	(3, 714, 000)	

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Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates	
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE	300 333 000	24 722 000		
General Administration				
Salaries and expenses	\$275, 000	\$175, 000	-\$100,000	
Social and Economic Statistics Administration	(4° Entr' blin)	(8) 551 610		
Salaries and expenses	1, 293, 000	1, 200, 000	-93, 000	
Periodic censuses and programs	625, 000	600, 000	-25, 000	
REGIONAL ACTION PLANNING COMMISSIONS	10, 309, 600	10, 500, 000		
Regional development programs	20, 000	20, 000		
DOMESTIC AND INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION	8,049,000	b' bint/ tage		
Operations and administration	1, 137, 000	1, 110, 000	-27, 000	
U.S. TRAVEL SERVICE	8,997,000	5, 861, 609		
Salaries and expenses	77, 000	70, 000	-7, 000	
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION	Populaging	C1110 (800)	1	
Operations, research, and facilities	8, 582, 000	8, 450, 000	-132, 000	
Coastal zone management	19, 000	19, 000		
Administration of Pribilof Islands	202, 000	195, 000		
PATENT OFFICE Salaries and expenses	9 000 000	1, sh(40) ; all (0) and	- Very III	
Salaries and expensesSCIENCE AND TECHNICAL RESEARCH	2, 023, 000	2, 000, 000	-23, 000	
Salaries and expensesSCIENCE AND TECHNICAL RESEARCH Scientific and technical research and services		The third is	23 , 000	
Salaries and expensesSCIENCE AND TECHNICAL RESEARCH Scientific and technical research and services MARITIME ADMINISTRATION	2, 023, 000 1, 692, 000	2, 000, 000 1, 600, 000	-23, 000 -92, 000	
Science and Technical Research Scientific and technical research and services Maritime Administration Department of C	1, 692, 000	1, 600, 000		
Science and Technical Research Scientific and technical research and services Maritime Administration Department of Commerce: New budget (obligational)	1, 692, 000 895, 000	The third is		
Science and Technical Research Scientific and technical research and services Maritime Administration Department of Commerce: New budget (obligational) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY	1, 692, 000	1, 600, 000	-92, 000 -45, 000	
Science and Technical Research Scientific and technical research and services Maritime Administration Derations and training Total, Department of Commerce: New budget (obligational) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL	1, 692, 000 895, 000	1, 600, 000 850, 000	-92, 000	
Science and Technical Research Scientific and technical research and services Maritime Administration Department of Commerce: New budget (obligational) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL	1, 692, 000 895, 000 16, 840, 000	1, 600, 000 850, 000	-92, 000 -45, 000 -551, 000	00
Science and Technical Research Scientific and technical research and services Maritime Administration Perations and training Total, Department of Commerce: New budget (obligational) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL Gilitary personnel, Army (By transfer)	1, 692, 000 895, 000 16, 840, 000	1, 600, 000 850, 000 16, 289, 000	-92, 000 -45, 000 -551, 000	87
Science and Technical Research Scientific and technical research and services Maritime Administration Perations and training Total, Department of Commerce: New budget (obligational) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL ilitary personnel, Army (By transfer) Ilitary personnel, Navy	1, 692, 000 895, 000 16, 840, 000 276, 450, 000	1, 600, 000 850, 000 16, 289, 000	-92, 000 -45, 000 -551, 000 -15, 815, 000	87
Science and Technical Research Scientific and technical research and services Maritime Administration Derations and training Total, Department of Commerce: New budget (obligational) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL ilitary personnel, Army (By transfer) (By transfer)	1, 692, 000 895, 000 16, 840, 000 276, 450, 000	1, 600, 000 850, 000 16, 289, 000 260, 635, 000	-92, 000 -45, 000 -551, 000 -15, 815, 000 (+10, 100, 000)	78
Science and Technical Research Scientific and technical research and services Maritime Administration Decrations and training Total, Department of Commerce: New budget (obligational) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL ilitary personnel, Army (By transfer) (By transfer) litary personnel, Marine Commerce: New budget (obligational)	1, 692, 000 895, 000 16, 840, 000 276, 450, 000 168, 170, 000	1, 600, 000 850, 000 16, 289, 000 260, 635, 000 (10, 100, 000)	-92,000 -45,000 -551,000 -15,815,000 (+10,100,000) -11,270,000	87
Science and Technical Research Scientific and technical research and services Maritime Administration Department of Commerce: New budget (obligational) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL ilitary personnel, Army (By transfer) (By transfer) (By transfer) (By transfer)	1, 692, 000 895, 000 16, 840, 000 276, 450, 000 168, 170, 000	1, 600, 000 850, 000 16, 289, 000 260, 635, 000 (10, 100, 000) 156, 900, 000	-92,000 -45,000 -551,000 -15,815,000 (+10,100,000) -11,270,000 (+10,100,000)	87
Science and Technical Research Scientific and technical research and services Maritime Administration Perations and training Total, Department of Commerce: New budget (obligational) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL ilitary personnel, Army (By transfer) litary personnel, Navy (By transfer) ilitary personnel, Marine Corps. (By transfer)	1, 692, 000 895, 000 16, 840, 000 276, 450, 000 168, 170, 000 60, 704, 000	1, 600, 000 850, 000 16, 289, 000 260, 635, 000 (10, 100, 000) 156, 900, 000 (10, 100, 000)	-92,000 -45,000 -551,000 -551,000 -15,815,000 (+10,100,000) -11,270,000 (+10,100,000) -5,044,000	007
Science and Technical Research Scientific and technical research and services Maritime Administration Department of Commerce: New budget (obligational) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL ilitary personnel, Army (By transfer) (By transfer) (By transfer) (By transfer) (By transfer) (By transfer)	1, 692, 000 895, 000 16, 840, 000 276, 450, 000 168, 170, 000	1, 600, 000 850, 000 16, 289, 000 260, 635, 000 (10, 100, 000) 156, 900, 000 (10, 100, 000) 55, 660, 000	-92,000 -45,000 -551,000 -15,815,000 (+10,100,000) -11,270,000 (+10,100,000) -5,044,000 (+3,200,000)	87
Science and Technical Research Scientific and technical research and services Maritime Administration Department of Commerce: New budget (obligational) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL ilitary personnel, Army (By transfer) (By transfer) (By transfer) (By transfer)	1, 692, 000 895, 000 16, 840, 000 276, 450, 000 168, 170, 000 60, 704, 000	1, 600, 000 850, 000 16, 289, 000 260, 635, 000 (10, 100, 000) 156, 900, 000 (10, 100, 000) 55, 660, 000 (3, 200, 000)	-92,000 -45,000 -551,000 -551,000 -15,815,000 (+10,100,000) -11,270,000 (+10,100,000) -5,044,000	87

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates	
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY—Continued MILITARY PERSONNEL—Continued	00 K00 000	70' 007 004 100 1001 000	\$9 , 700, 000	
National Guard personnel, ArmyNational Guard personnel, Air Force	\$9, 700, 000 2, 213, 000	\$700, 000	-1, 513, 000	
Operation and Maintenance		\$10,205,0005	22 224 222	
Operation and maintenance, Army	275, 539, 000	225, 635, 000	-49 , 904, 000	-
(By transfer)		(23, 221, 000)	(+23, 221, 000)	00
Operation and maintenance, Navy	161, 800, 000	153, 100, 000	-8, 700, 000	
(By transfer)		(6, 700, 000)	(+6,700,000) $-2,600,000$	
Operation and maintenance, Marine Corps	15, 200, 000	12, 600, 000	(+1, 600, 000)	
(By transfer)		(1, 600, 000)		
Operation and maintenance, Air Force		99, 420, 000	-27, 780, 000	
(By transfer)		(24, 780, 000)	(+24, 780, 000)	
Operation and maintenance, Defense agencies	50, 888, 000	50, 888, 000	-1, 115, 000	
Operation and maintenance, Army Reserve	9, 408, 000	8, 293, 000		
Operation and maintenance, Navy Reserve	2, 088, 000	2, 088, 000		
Operation and maintenance, Marine Corps Reserve	28, 000	28, 000		
Operation and maintenance, Air Force Reserve	7, 200, 000	7, 200, 000		
Operation and maintenance, Army National Guard	19, 728, 000	18, 728, 000	-1,000,000	
Operation and maintenance, Air National Guard	15, 100, 000	12, 000, 000	−3, 100, 000	
National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, Army	5, 000	5, 000		
RESEARCE, DEVELOPMENT, TEST AND EVALUATION	(E 105 000)	(1) 402 (10)		
Research, development, test, and evaluation, Army	25, 386, 000		-25 , 386, 000	
Research, development, test, and evaluation, Navy			—17, 000, 000	
(By transfer)		(17, 000, 000)	(+17,000,000)	
Research, development, test, and evaluation, Air Force			-16, 493, 000	
(By transfer)		(16, 493, 000)	(+16, 493, 000)	
Subtotal, Department of Defense excluding military construction new budget (obligational) authority		1, 267, 211, 000	-259, 218, 000	S
(By transfer)		(168, 694, 000)	(+168, 694, 000)	
MILITARY CONSTRUCTION	181,000			
FAMILY HOUSING				
Family housing, Defense	10, 194, 000	10, 194, 000		
(Increase in limitation)	(10, 194, 000)	(10, 194, 000)		
Total, Department of Defense—Military:	CONTRACTOR			
New Budget (obligational) authority	1, 536, 623, 000	1, 277, 405, 000 (168, 694, 000)	-259, 218, 000 (+168, 694, 000)	
Increase in limitation	(10, 194, 000)	No. of Property of the Party of		
	,			

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL			
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY	1.11(11)	or true and	
Corps of Engineers—Civil		(my me mo)	
Operation and maintenance, general	\$13, 000, 000		-\$13, 000, 000
General expenses	1, 300, 000	\$1, 300, 000	
U.S. Soldiers' and Airmen's Home	111 00 700	\$18°, \$26°, \$200.	
Operation and maintenance	886, 000	886, 000	*******
THE PANAMA CANAL		117,60,000	
Canal Zone Government: Operating expenses	3, 136, 000	3, 136, 000	
Panama Canal Company: Limitation on general and administrative expenses (Increase in limitation)	(2, 362, 000)	(2, 362, 000)	()
Total, Department of Defense—Civil:			
New budget (obligational) authority	18, 322, 000	5, 322, 000	-13, 000, 000
Increase in limitation	(2, 362, 000)	(2, 362, 000)	()

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION			
		Ti ti i	
Salaries and expenses	4, 541, 000	4, 541, 000	-4, 541, 000
HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTRATION		944	-, , ,
Indian health services	9, 455, 800	9, 455, 000	
NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0, 200, 000	
Office of the Director			
Alcohol, Deug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration	326, 000	326, 000	
Saint Elizabeths Hospital	A Mat. Dated, Among	17/10/10/10	
	2, 326, 900	2, 326, 000	
Assistant Secretary for Health			
Assistant Secretary for Health	777, 600	777, 000	
By transfer	(80, 000)	(80, 000)	
EDUCATION DIVISION	(55,000)	(80, 000)	
OFFICE OF EDUCATION			
Indian education	•		
Salaries and expenses	34, 900	34, 000	
	2, 345, 000	2, 345, 000	
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION	STATE OF THE PARTY		
National Institute of Education	357 000	357, 000	
See footnotes at end of table.		001, 000 1==	************

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22 1	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE— Continued	2757100)	19 100	
Office of the Assistant Secretary for Education			
Salaries and expenses, Assistant Secretary for Education	\$56, 000	\$56,000	
SOCIAL AND REHABILITATION SERVICE	(160 dou)		
Salaries and expenses	2, 003, 000	2, 003, 000	
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION			•
Special benefits for disabled coal miners	807, 000	807, 000	
Limitation on salaries and expenses (increase in limitation)	(42, 590, 000)	(48, 590, 000)	
Office of the Secretary	100		
Office for Civil Rights MOANT MAINTHAN	655, 000		-\$655, 000
Office of Consumer Affairs	50, 000	50, 000	
Departmental management	2, 464, 000	2, 464, 000	
Total, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare:	1,845,000	2007/100	
New budget (obligational) authority	26, 196, 000	25, 541, 000	-655, 000
By transfer	~ (80,000)	(80,000)	
Increase in limitation	(42, 590, 000)	(42, 590, 000)	

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT		8-80-100	
HOUSING PRODUCTION AND MORTGAGE CREDIT	1700	7.00/600	
Salaries and expenses, Housing production and mortgage credit programs	440.000	10.000	
Limitation on administrative and nonadministrative expenses, Federal Housing Administration: Administrative expenses (increase in limitation)	440, 000	440, 000	
Nonadministrative expenses (in the time time)	(427, 000)	(487,000)	
Nonadministrative expenses (increase in limitation)	(5, 465, 000)	(-5, 465, 000)	
Limitation on administrative expenses, Government National Mortgage Association (increase in limitation)	E 4117,000	(0, 400, 000)	
Housing Management	(33,000)	. (88, 000)	
Salaries and expenses, Housing management programs	807 000		
COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT	697, 000	697, 000	
Salaries and expenses, Community planning and development programs	1 141 1615	# Pert Com.	8
POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH	1, 219, 000	1, 219, 000	
Salaries and expenses, Policy development and research	941 (6)	CI'NO	
FAIR HOUSING AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITY	190, 000	190, 000	
Fair housing and equal opportunity			
DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT	344, 000	344, 000	
General departmental management	(C2= NO)		
Salaries and expenses, Office of general counsel	134, 000	134, 000	
Salaries and expenses. Office of inspector general	123, 000	123, 000	
See footnotes at end of table.	196, 000	196, 000	

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates	
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT— Continued	100	mi isi		
DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT—Continued Administration and staff services	\$327, 000	\$327, 000		
Regional management and services	671, 000	671, 000		
Total, Department of Housing and Urban Development: New budget (obligational) authority	4 , 341, 000 (5, 925, 600)	4, 341, 000 (<i>460, 000</i>)	(-\$5, 465, 000)	2
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR				
Bureau of Land Management Management of lands and resources	2, 440, 000	2,440,000		
BUREAU OF RECLAMATION General administrative expenses	620,000	620, 000		
Bureau of Outdoor Recreation Salaries and expenses	170, 000	170,000 (180,000))	
Land and water conservation (increase in limitation)U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service				
Resource management	2, 672, 000	2,672,000		

	12 ATA NOT	Links and the second	
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE			
Operation of the National Park System	10, 813, 000	10,813,000	
Preservation of historic properties	101, 000	101,000	
John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts	80, 000	80,000	
Total, National Park Service	10, 994, 000	10,994,000	
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY		2.01	
Surveys, investigations, and research	4, 846, 000	4,846,000	
MINING ENFORCEMENT AND SAFETY ADMINISTRATION	130.00		
Salaries and expenses	900, 000		-900,000
BUREAU OF MINES	E 107 107		
Mines and minerals	844, 000	844,000	
BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION			
Bonneville Power Administration fund (Increase in limitation)	(4, 470, 000)	(4,470,000)	
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS			
Operation of Indian programs	9, 318, 000	9, 318, 000	
Office of the Solicitor	- LATE AND A		
Salaries and expenses	327, 000	327,000	
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY	1212-0-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1		
Salaries and expenses	385, 000	385,000	

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates	
Department of the control of the con		N. 312 E3		
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR—Continued				
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY—Continued	\$180,000	\$180,000		
Departmental operations	565, 000	565, 000		
Total, Office of the Secretary				
Total, Department of the Interior:	33, 696, 000	32, 796, 000	-\$900,000	
New budget (obligational) authority	(4, 650, 000)			
Increase in limitation	(4, 650, 600)			
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	Y-10 mm	919101000		
LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION	529, 000	529,000		
Salaries and expenses, general administration		1,743,000		
Salaries and expenses, general legal activities	1, 743, 000 536, 000			
Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division				
Salaries and expenses, U.S. attorneys and marshals	0,012,000	MARKET NO.	-97,000	
Salaries and expenses, Community Relations Service	97, 000			
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	12, 876, 000	12,876,000)	
Salaries and expenses				

Immigration and Naturalisation Service	40,407	201.00	
Salaries and expenses	5, 470, 000	5, 470, 000	
FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM	30,00	351, 100	
Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Prisons	4, 033, 000	4, 000, 000	-33, 000
LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE ADMINISTRATION		THE SEC	
Salaries and expenses	581, 000		581, 000
DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION		-	-117 ista
Salaries and expenses	3, 123, 000	3, 123, 000	
Total, Department of Justice:			
New budget (obligational) authority	32, 660, 000	31, 949, 000	-711,000
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR	VEN IN	1 11/1 11/1	
LABOR-MANAGEMENT SERVICES ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries and expenses	1, 162, 000	950, 000	-212, 000
EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS ADMINISTRATION		11.00	
Salaries and expenses	886, 000	886, 000	
OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION			
Salaries and expenses	321, 000		-321, 000
BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS			1-1 001000
Salaries and expenses	1, 496, 000	1, 250, 000	-246, 000

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates	
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR—Continued				
DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT				
Salaries and expenses	\$814, 000	\$814, 000		
Total, Department of Labor: New budget (obligational) authority	4, 679, 600	3, 900, 000	\$779, 000	
DEPARTMENT OF STATE				8
Administration of Foreign Affairs				•
Salaries and expenses	6, 736, 000	6, 500, 000	-236, 000	
Acquisition, operation, and maintenance of buildings abroad	81,000		-81,000	
International Organizations and Conferences				
Missions to international organizations	108, 000	108, 000		
International Commissions	,			
International Boundary and Water Commission, United States and Mexico: Salaries and expenses	251, 000	251, 000	**********	
American sections, international commissions	29, 000	29, 000		
International fisheries commissions	30, 000	30, 000		

EDUCATIONAL EXCHANGE Mutual educational and cultural exchange activities		1		
OTHER Migration and refugee assistance.	380, 000	300, 000	-80, 000	
Total, Department of State: New Budget (obligational) authority	23, 000	23, 000		
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	7, 638, 000	7, 241, 000	-397, 000	
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY Salaries and expenses				
Coast Guard Operating expenses	665, 000	400, 000	-265, 000	
Acquisition, construction, and improvements	17, 620, 000 620, 000	17, 620, 000	******	8
Research, development, test, and evaluation	927, 000	927, 000	-620, 000	
Operations	138, 000		-138, 000	
Research, engineering and development (Airport and Airway trust fund) Operation and maintenance, National Capital Airports	44 , 350, 000 750, 000	44, 000, 000	-350, 000	
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION Limitation on general operating expenses (increase in limitation). (By transfer from high-neurolated)	870, 000	870, 000	750, 0 00	
(By transfer from highway-related safety grants)	(3, 122, 000)	(2, 000, 000)	(-1, 122, 000)	
	(-0, 400)[()	(-16,400)	

TITLE II—INOM		Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates	
Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	16000mmentus	esumaus	
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—Continued Federal Highway Administration—Continued Motor carrier safety————————————————————————————————————	\$172, 000 34, 000 658, 625		\$658, 625	100
Traffic and highway safety	(18, 375	(18, 375	() ()	
(By transfer)	115, 000	000 000	l l	
Office of the Administrator, Railroad safety	206, 00	170.00	-36, 000	
Urban Mass Transportation Fund: Administrative expenses Total, Department of Transportation: New budget (obligational		64, 588, 00	-2, 817, 625	
authority	(18, 5)	1) =
By transfer Increase in limitation				

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY			1	
Office of the Secretary				
Salaries and expenses	572, 000	500, 000	-72, 000	
Federal Law Enforcement Training Center				
Salaries and expenses	75, 000	75, 000		
BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS				
Salaries and expenses	1, 190, 000	1, 100, 000	-90, 000	
BUREAU OF ALCOHOL, TOBACCO, AND FIREARMS				
Salaries and expenses	2, 448, 000	2, 400, 000	-48, 000	
U.S. Customs Service				101
Salaries and expenses	7, 677, 000	7, 600, 000	—77, 000	,_
BUREAU OF THE MINT			,	
Salaries and expenses	2, 649, 000	2, 600, 000	-49, 000	
BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT				
Administering the public debt	1, 040, 000	1, 000, 000	-40, 000	
Internal Revenue Service	·			
Salaries and expenses	1, 500, 000	1, 500, 000		
Accounts, collection, and taxpayer service	20, 293, 000	20, 000, 000	-293, 000	
Compliance	18, 252, 000	18, 000, 000	- 252, 000	

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COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL—Continued

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY—Continued			
United States Secret Service		b.	
Salaries and expenses	\$ 3, 580, 000	\$3, 500, 000	\$80, 000
Total, Department of the Treasury: New budget (obligational) authority	59, 276, 000	58, 275, 000	-1, 001, 000
INDEPENDENT AGENCIES			
Energy Research and Development Administration			
perating expenses	5, 681, 000	5, 681, 000	~~~~~~~
Environmental Protection Agency			
gency and regional management	1, 200, 000	1, 200, 000	
batement and control	2, 600, 000	2, 600, 000	
Enforcement	1, 100, 000	1, 100, 000	
Total, Environmental Protection Agency: New budget (obligational) authority	4, 900, 000	4, 900, 000	
General Services Administration			
ederal Buildings Fund: (limitations on availability of revenue)	(6, 729, 000)	(6, 040, 000)	(-689,000)
Personal Property Activities: Operating expenses, Federal Supply Service.	578, 000	490, 000	-88, 000

Records activities: Operating expenses, National Archives and Records Service ————————————————————————————————————	900, 00 120, 00	1000	-50,000
Indian tribal claims (by transfer) Federal management policy: Salaries and expenses (by transfer) Administrative and staff support services: Salaries and expenses Total, General Services Administration:	(<i>26,000</i> (<i>18,000</i> 170,000	(18, 000)	
New budget (obligational) authority By transfer Increase in limitation NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION	1, 768, 000 (44, 000) (6, 729, 000)	1, 500, 000	-268, 000 () (-689, 000)
Research and program management VETERANS ADMINISTRATION	19, 975, 000	19, 975, 000	
Medical care Medical and prosthetic research Medical administration and miscellaneous operating expenses	100, 637, 000 2, 377, 000 170, 000	93, 637, 000 2, 377, 000	-7, 000, 000
General operating expenses Construction, minor projects Total, Veterans Administration: New budget (obligational) authority	12, 028, 000 392, 000	11, 528, 000 392, 000	—170, 000 —500, 000
and the second s	115, 604, 000	107, 934, 000	-7, 670, 000

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates	
OTHER INDEPENDENT AGENCIES				
Action: Operating expenses, International programs, (Peace Corps)	\$687, 000	\$687, 000		
American Battle Monuments Commission: Salaries and expenses	267, 000	267, 000		
Arms Control and Disarmament Agency	160, 000	160, 000		, 102
Civil Aeronautics Board: Salaries and expenses	465, 000	460, 000	-\$5,000	¥
Civil Service Commission:				
Salaries and expenses	2, 750, 000	2, 750, 000		
Transfers from trust funds to Salaries and expenses (by transfer)	(424, 000)	(424, 000)		
Federal Labor Relations Council: Salaries and expenses	32, 000	32, 000		
Commission of Fine Arts: Salaries and expenses	5, 000	5,000		
Commission on Civil Rights: Salaries and expenses	150, 000	150,000		
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission: Salaries and expenses	1, 485, 000	1,485,000		
Federal Energy Administration: Salaries and expenses	2, 200, 000	2,200,000		

Federal Home Loan Bank Board:	i i			
Administrative expenses (increase in limitation)	(277, 600)	(2000, 000)		
Nonadministrative expenses (increase in limitation)	1	(277,000))	
Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service: Salaries and expenses	(540, 000)	(200,000)	(-340,000)	
Federal Maritima Cambridge St. Salaries and expenses	424, 000	424,000		
Federal Maritime Commission: Salaries and expenses	128, 000	100,000	-28,000	
Federal Power Commission: Salaries and expenses	997, 000	997,000	-0,000	
Federal Trade Commission: Salaries and expenses	1, 100, 000			
Foreign Claims Settlement Commission: Salaries and expenses	1	1,085,000	-15,000	
Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations: Salaries and	24, 000	20,000	-4,000	
expenses Salaries and	22 000	22 222		
Appalachian Regional Commission: Salaries and expenses	22, 000	22,000		Ħ
Interstate Commerce Commission: Salaries and expenses	7, 000	7,000	******	8
National Foundation on the design and expenses	1, 400, 000	1,300,000	100,000	
National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities: Salaries and expenses.	283, 000	283,000		
National Labor Relations Board: Salaries and expenses	1, 689, 000	1,689,000		
National Mediation Board: Salaries and expenses	50, 000		~~~~~~~~~~~	
National Science Foundation: Science and and the science of the sc	30, 000	50,000		
	(1, 017, 000)	(917, 000)		
National Transportation Safety Board: Salaries and expenses	190, 000	- 1	(-100,000)	
Nuclear Regulatory Commission: Salaries and expenses	,	190,000	****	
Railroad Retirement Board: Limitation on salaries and expenses (increase in limitation)	1, 540, 000	1,540,000	*****	
in limitation)	(705, 000)	(707.000)		
	(100,000)	(705,000)	*****	

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates	
OTHER INDEPENDENT AGENCIES—Continued				
Renegotiation Board: Salaries and expenses	\$147, 000	\$135,000	\$12,000	
Securities and Exchange Commission: Salaries and expenses	1, 356, 000	1,350,000	-6,000	106
Small Business Administration:				Ō
Salaries and expenses (by transfer)	(825, 000)	(800,000)	(-25,000)	
Smithsonian Institution:				
Salaries and expenses	2, 527, 000	2,527,000		
Science information exchange	50, 000	50,000		
Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art:	302, 000	302,000		
U.S. Information Agency:		·		
Salaries and expenses	3, 828, 000	3,800,000	-28,000	
Special international exhibitions	72, 000	20,000	-52,000	

Total, other independent agencies:	1		
New budget (obligational) authority By transfer	24, 337, 000	24, 087, 000	-250, 000
Increase in limitation	(1, 249, 000)	, ,,,,,,,	(-25,000)
ANNEXED BUDGETS	(2, 539, 000)	(2, 099, 000)	(-440,000)
EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES			
Limitation on administrative expenses (increase in limitation)	(309, 000)	(300, 000)	(-9, 000)
Total, title II:			
New budget (obligational) authority	2, 050, 205, 130 (2, 029, 375)	1, 755, 453, 070 (178, 016, 375)	-294, 752, 060 (+170, 987, 000)
Liquidation of contract authority	(78, 556, 400) (3, 714, 000)	(70, 815, 000)	(-7, 741, 400)
¹ Amended by H. Doc. 94-97.		(=, 124, 000)	

TITLE III

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Title III of the bill contains three routine general provisions. Section 301 carries the usual prohibition against the obligation of funds provided in the bill beyond the current fiscal year as follows:

SEC. 301. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

Section 302 is a routine provision associated with the many pay inorease appropriations contained the the bill which will, when added to the amounts provided in regular appropriation acts, increase the total approved to an amount authorized either for direct accounts or limitations, as follows:

SEC. 302. Except where specifically increased or decreased elsewhere in this Act, the restrictions contained within appropriations, or provisions affecting appropriations or other funds, available during the fiscal year 1975, limiting the amounts which may be expended for personal services, or for purposes involving personal services, or amounts which may be transferred between appropriations or authorizations available for or involving such services, are hereby increased to the extent necessary to meet increased pay costs authorized by or pursuant to law.

All appropriation bills for fiscal 1975 contain a prohibition on the amount of money transferrable by agencies to the GSA for the standard level user charge (SLUC). Section 303 applies that prohibition to this bill also.

SEC. 303. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for paying to the Administrator of the General Services Administration in excess of 90 per centum of the standard level user charge established pursuant to section £10(j) of the Federal Property and Administrative Service Act of 1949, as amended, for space and services.

CHANGES IN EXISTING LAW

Pursuant to Clause 3, Rule XXI of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted describing the effect of provisions in the accompanying bill which directly or indirectly change

the application of existing law.

1. The Committee has included language on page 5 of the bill under the heading "Federal unemployment benefits and allowances" which makes existing appropriations for this account available for payment of trade readjustment assistance allowances to displaced workers under the Trade Act of 1974, permits the expenditure of amounts received by way of reimbursement to this account from the U.S. Postal Service during the year in which the funds are received, and provides that unobligated funds recovered from the States may be expended during the year in which they are recovered.

2. The Committee has included language on page 6 of the bill under the heading "Advances to the unemployment trust fund and other funds" which prohibits payment of special unemployment assistance benefits under Title II of the Emergency Jobs and Unemployment Assistance Act of 1974 to teachers and other individuals employed by educational institutions during a break between two successive academic years or between regular but not successive terms if they had contracts to perform such services for both of such academic years or terms.

3. The Committee has included language on page 7 of the bill in connection with "Health resources" which waives the requirements of section 308 of the Public Health Service Act with respect to certain funds recommended in the bill to carry out section 305(b) (3) of that Act.

4. Also on page 7 in connection with "Health resources", the Committee has included language making part of the amount recommended in the bill available for obligation until December 31, 1975.

5. On page 7, the Committee has included language in connection with "Health resources" providing that funds in the bill to carry out section 305(b)(3) of the Public Health Service Act shall remain available until expended.

6. The Committee has included language on page 8 under the heading "Public assistance" in order to cite section 1113 of the Social Security Act, which has expired. Section 1113 provides temporary assistance to U.S. citizens who are repatriated from foreign countries because of destitution, illness, war, or a similar international crisis.

7. The Committee has included language on page 8 under the heading "Special benefits for disabled coal miners" providing that the appointments of administrative law judges for the program shall

terminate not later than December 31, 1976.

8. The Committee has included language on page 8 under the heading "Gallaudet College" providing that the funds recommended in the bill for construction remain available until expended.

9. The Committee has included language on page 14 under the heading "International Conferences and Contingencies" providing that the amount made available for representation allowances and official entertainment is increased by \$20,000. This will provide a total of \$125,000 for those purposes.

10. The Committee has included language on page 15 under the heading "Salaries and Expenses, United States Attorneys and Marshals" to provide that not to exceed \$500,000 shall be available for payment of compensation and expenses of land commissioners appointed in

condemnation cases.

TRANSFER OF FUNDS

Pursuant to Clause 1(b), Rule X of the House of Representatives, the following statement is submitted describing the transfer of funds

provided in the accompanying bill.

The Committee recommends transfers between appropriations totalling \$190,027,375. These transfers are made from savings in funds where reprogrammings have been disapproved and where unanticipated savings have occurred. In several instances, transfers are made from trust and revolving funds to meet the pay increase associated with the cost of administering the program from which the funds are transferred.

The following table shows, by title, Department, and agency, the appropriations affected by the transfer:

APPROPRIATION TRANSFERS RECOMMENDED IN 2D SUPPLEMENTAL

Appropriation to which transfer is made	Amount	Appropriation from which transfer is made	Amount
TITLE I-GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS			
Department of Health, Education and Welfs	re.		
Health resources	\$8,500,000	Social Security trust funds	\$8,500,000
Department of State:			
International conferences and contin- gencies.	1, 000, 000	Mutual educational and cultural exchange activities.	1, 000, 000
Department of Justice:		1	
Salaries and expenses, general legal activities.		1	
Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division	77, 000	Salaries and expenses, Law Enforcement	
Salaries and expenses, U.S. attorneys and marshals.	586, 000	1	4, 479, 000
Salaries and expenses, Federal Bureau of Investigation.	3, 570, 900	,	
The Judiciary:			
Salaries and expenses, Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts.	112,000	Space and facilities, the Judiciary	112,000
Federal Judicial Center, salaries and expenses.	1, 020, 000	Fees of jurors	1, 020, 000
Furniture and furnishings	1, 200, 000	Space and facilities, the Judiciary	1, 200, 000
Department of Transportation: Federal Railroad Administration, Rail- road Safety.	700, 000	Railroad research and development	700, 000
Subtotal, title 1	17, 011, 000	·	17, 011, 000
TITLE II-INCREASED PAY COSTS		=	
The Judiciary:			
Salaries of supporting personnel	1, 982, 000	1	
Representation by court-appointed coun-	• • •	1	
sel and operation of defender organiza-		Space and facilities, the Judiciary	2, 288, 000
tions.	126, 000		
Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts	180, 000	J 4 3	20.000
Federal Judicial Center, salaries and	30, 000	Fees of jurors	30, 000
expenses.			
Department of Agriculture: Office of the Inspector General	164 000	Food stamp program	164, 000
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation.	474 000	Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, pre-	474, 000
administrative and operating expenses.	474, 000		-117

APPROPRIATION TRANSFERS RECOMMENDED IN 2D SUPPLEMENTAL-Continued

Appropriation to which transfer is made	Amount	Appropriation from which transfer is made	Amoun
TITLE II-INCREASED PAY COSTS-Con.	······································		
Department of Defense-Military:	44		
Military personnel, Army	10, 100, 000	Other procurement, Army Reserve personnel, Army	
Military personnel, Navy	10, 100, 000	FIGCUINMENT OF BUCKSTI AND MISSUES NAME	E 000 000
Military personnel, Marine Corps.	3 350 660		4 200 000
Military personnel, Air Force	55 500 000		
	00, 000, 000	Aircraft procurement, Air Force Procurement of ammunition, Army	55, 500, 000
	ı	Procurement of weapons and tracked vehi-	9, 600, 000 6, 100, 000
Constinue and and the			0, 100, 000
Operation and maintenance, Army	23, 221, 000	Research, development, test, and evalua-	4, 430, 000
Operation and maintenance, Navy	E 700 000	Missile procurement, Army	3, 091, 000
Corps. Marine	1, 600, 000	Reserve personnel, Marine Corps	6, 700, 000 1, 600, 000
Operation and maintenance, Air Force	24, 780, 000{	Other procurement, Air Force	14, 480, 000 10, 300, 000
Research, development, test, and evalua- tion, Navy.	17, 000, 000	Research, development, test, and evalua- tion, Army.	33, 493, 000
Research, development, test and evalua- tion, Air Force.	\$16, 493, 000	non, riney.	
Department of Health, Education and Welfare:			
Assistant Secretary for Health		Social Security trust funds	\$80,000
Traffic and Highway Safety leneral Services Administration : Indian tribal claims	18, 375	Construction of compliance facilities	18, 375
Salaries and expenses Federal Manager	26, 000	Disposal of surplus real and related personal	
Selaries and expenses, Federal Manage- ment Policy.		property, operating expenses.	44, 000
ivil Service Commission, salaries and ex-	424, 000	Civil Service Commission trust funds	424, 000
mall Business Administration, salaries and			727, 000
avhansas		SBA revolving funds	800, 000
Subtotal, title II	173, 016, 375		173 016 375
Total, transfers	100 027 275	*************************	2.0,010,373
	19U, VE/, 3/5 .	*********	190, 027, 375

LIMITATIONS AND LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS

The following limitations and legislative provisions not heretofore carried in connection with any appropriation bill are recommended: On page 5 in connection with "Federal unemployment benefits and allowances":

Appropriations available for payments under this head shall also be available for payment of trade adjustment benefit payments and allowances authorized by part I, subchapter B, chapter 2, title II, of the Trade Act of 1974: Provided, That amounts received during the current fiscal year from the Postal Service or recovered from the States pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 8505(d) shall be available for payments during the year.

On page 6 in connection with "Advances to the unemployment trust fund and other funds":

Funds appropriated by this Act for the payments of special unemployment assistance under Title II of the Emergency Jobs and Unemployment Assistance Act of 1974 shall not be used for making such payments of assistance or waiting period credit, beginning after the date of enactment of this Act, to any individual who performs services in an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity for an educational institution or agency with respect to any week commencing during the period between two successive academic years (or,

when the contract provides instead for a similar period between two regular but not successive terms, during such similar period) if—

(1) such individual performed services in any such capacity for any educational institution or agency for the first of such

academic years or terms; and

(2) such individual has a contract to perform services in any such capacity for any educational institution or agency for the latter of such academic years or terms.

On page 7 in connection with "Health resources":

* * * without regard to the requirements of section 308 of said

On page 12 in connection with "Office of the Attending Physi-

cian":

For an additional amount for the "Office of the Attending Physician", \$171,004, for reimbursement to the Department of the Navy for expenses incurred for staff and equipment assigned to the Office of the Attending Physician. Such amount shall be advanced and credited to the applicable appropriation or appropriations from which such salaries, allowances, and other expenses are payable and shall be available for all the purposes thereof.

On page 13, in connection with "Architect of the Capitol, Capitol

Buildings and Grounds, Capitol Buildings":

For an additional amount for "Capitol Buildings", \$250,000, to remain available until expended, and to be expended in accordance with the provisions of H. Con. Res. 550, Ninety-second Congress, agreed to September 19, 1972, and the limit of cost authorized by such resolution, as increased by the Second Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1973, is hereby further increased by the amount herein appropriated.

On page 20, in connection with "Urban Mass Transportation Administration, Urban Mass Transportation Fund, Liquidation of Con-

tract Authorization:

* * * authority is hereby provided to use any undisbursed balances appropriated under this heading prior to August 29, 1974, for the purposes of Public Law 93-503 (National Mass Transportation Assistance Act of 1974).

SEPARATE VIEWS OF HONORABLE EDWARD R. ROY-BAL, HONORABLE DAVID R. OBEY AND HONORABLE LOUIS STOKES

We firmly believe that this nation has a constitutional and moral obligation to provide equal educational opportunity for all children. It is clear that this lofty and just goal can only be achieved through positive action and support. We are, therefore, deeply disturbed by the administration's current failure to request sufficient funding for programs aimed at overcoming segregated and unequal educational practices in this country. Support for the Emergency School Aid Act is especially important to the achievement of this goal.

Cutbacks in the ESAA program will place an enormous financial strain on local school districts which are in the process of developing or implementing desegregation plans and establishing equal educa-

tional programs for all of their students.

While we are pleased that the Committee has rejected the administration's proposed cutback of ESAA, we are disheartened that full funding at least at the 1974 level was not provided. The Committee has justified its lower appropriation recommendation on grounds that we no longer face "a situation of crisis proportions." We respectfully disagree with this description.

Our analysis leads us to a different conclusion. The fact is that millions of minority children are still suffering under the burden of segregated and discriminatory schooling in violation of our civil rights and constitutional protections. In a March 1975 report, the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights concludes that "without positive action, segregation in urban areas, both North and South, appears likely to increase, and urban-suburban racial divisions will be intensified."

The Commission study shows that half of all black students are enrolled in the largest and most segregated school districts. It also points out that of the 467 Southern school districts monitored, according to a recent report, 35 percent of the high schools and 60 percent of the elementary schools had classroom segregation.

A similar discriminatory pattern exists for students of Spanish speaking background. The Commission data shows that Spanish speaking students have, in fact, experienced an increase in segregation both

nationally and in the Southwest.

Further, the Commission documents a pattern of other discriminatory practices which educationally and psychologically harm both Black and Spanish speaking students and program them for educational failure. It also reports on persistent discriminatory discipline meted out to minority children, rejection of their culture and language, exclusion from school activities, and racially biased instruction and curricula which emphasize majority racial and cultural superiority.

Compounding this problem has been a shortage of minority educators. All of these educational abuses have resulted in perpetuating the

totally discredited doctrine of "separate but equal."

It is the purpose of ESAA to assist local school districts in ending discriminatory practices and preventing the recurrence of minority group isolation. Further, ESAA is designed to provide assistance to local schools in overcoming the educational disadvantage faced by these children.

We agree completely with the Civil Rights Commission's recommendation to Congress and the President that federal funding for ESAA, Title VII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act and the Education Professions Development Act be increased to assist desegregated school districts. If we fail to provide this level of support, the result will certainly be a step backward in our efforts to achieve equal education in this country. We cannot afford to return to a policy which accepts a segregated and unequal school system.

EDWARD R. ROYBAL, DAVID R. OBEY, LOUIS STOKES.

MAKING SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS, FISCAL YEAR 1975

May 21, 1975.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. Mahon, from the committee of conference, submitted the following

CONFERENCE REPORT

[To accompany H.R. 5899]

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 5899) "making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and for other purposes," having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments numbered 33, 41, 57, 64,

94, 122, and 172.

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 22, 34, 37, 38, 39, 50, 52, 54, 55, 65, 79, 80, 82, 84, 85, 86, 87, 89, 99, 101, 102, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 118, 119, 120, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, and 170, and agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 7:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 7, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum named in said amendment insert: \$5,000,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 26:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 26, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum named by said amendment insert \$200,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 25:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 25, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$6,800,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 28:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 28, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum named in said amendment insert: \$3,000,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 31:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 31, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$3,000,000;

and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 42:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of Senate numbered 42, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the matter stricken and inserted by said amendment, insert

the following:

and part B of the Head Start-Follow Through Act \$6.500,000.;

And the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 48:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 48, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$215,000,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 51:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 51, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed by said amendment insert:

\$74,900,000, of which \$7,500,000 for veterans' cost-of-instruction payments shall remain available until June 30, 1975, and:

And the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 58:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 58, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$473,000,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 61:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 61, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$492,400,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 62:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 62, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows: In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$717,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 81:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 81, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed by said amendment insert:

Construction, General

For an additional amount for "Construction, General", to remain available until expended, \$1,160,000.

And the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 91:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 91, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum named by said amendment insert \$72,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 92:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 92, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$955,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 93:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 93, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum named by said amendment insert, \$2,400,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 97:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 97, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$1,600,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 105:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 105, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum named by said amendment insert \$500,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 142:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 142, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum named in said amendment insert \$250,000; and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 143:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 143, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$263,493,000;

and the Senate agree to the same.

Amendment numbered 144:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of she Senate numbered 144, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the sum proposed by said amendment insert \$155,750,000;

and the Senate agree to the same.

The committee of conference report in disagreement amendments numbered 3, 19, 20, 23, 24, 27, 29, 30, 32, 35, 36, 40, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 49, 53, 56, 59, 60, 63, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 83, 88, 90, 95, 96, 98, 100, 103, 104, 106, 107, 108, 117, 121, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 141, and 171.

GEORGE MAHON, JAMIE L. WHITTEN, JOE L. EVINS, EDWARD P. BOLAND, WILLIAM H. NATCHER, DANIEL J. FLOOD, TOM STEED, JOHN M. SLACK, JOHN J. McFALL, SIDNEY R. YATES, BOB CASEY, E. A. CEDERBERG, ROBERT H. MICHEL (except amendments Nos. 82 and 83), SILVIO O. CONTE (except amendment Nos. 82, 83, and 107), JOSEPH M. MCDADE, JOHN T. MYERS,

Managers on the Part of the House.

JOHN L. McCLELLAN, WARREN G. MAGNUSON, JOHN C. STENNIS. JOHN O. PASTORE, ROBERT C. BYRD, WILLIAM PROXMIRE, JOSEPH M. MONTOYA, ERNEST F. HOLLINGS, BIRCH BAYH, LAWTON CHILES, MILTON R. YOUNG, ROMAN L HRUSKA, CLIFFORD P. CASE, HIRAM L. FONG, EDWARD W. BROOKE, TED STEVENS, CHARLES MCC. MATHIAS, Jr.,

Managers on the Part of the Senate.

JOINT EXPLANATORY STATEMENT OF THE COMMITTEE OF CONFERENCE

The managers on the part of the House and the Senate at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 5899) making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and for other purposes, submit the following joint statement to the House and the Senate in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon by the managers and recommended in the accompanying conference report:

TITLE I

CHAPTER I

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Farmers Home Administration

Agricultural credit insurance fund

Amendment No. 1: Provides an additional \$100,000,000 in loan authorizations for farm operating loans under the Agricultural Credit Insurance Fund as proposed by the Senate.

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE

CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAMS

Amendment No. 2: Appropriates an additional \$176,856,000 for the Child Nutrition Program as proposed by the Senate instead of \$24,623,000 as proposed by the House. These funds would provide an additional \$124,856,000 for increased participation in the school lunch program and for higher costs of meals served. The increase of \$100,233,000 over the House amount was contained in an amended supplemental budget request (Senate Document 94-49) dated May 6, 1975, and was not considered by the House.

Also included, is \$52,000,000 for operation of the summer program of the Special Food Program as authorized by P.L. 94-20 approved

May 2, 1975.

Amendment No. 3: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer an amendment to recede and

concur in the amendment of the Senate.

The amendment specifies that the additional \$176,856,000 for Child Nutrition Programs includes \$52,000,000 for the Special Food Program. The amendment also specifies how the funds are to be apportioned to the States and gives the Secretary of Agriculture authority to redistribute funds that any State cannot utilize. This language provides a continuation of the method under which funds had been distributed last summer.

The conferees expect the Secretary to redistribute funds if necessary. but not prior to September 1, 1975.

FOOD STAMP PROGRAM

Amendment No. 4: Appropriates an additional \$884,815,000 for the Food Stamp Program as proposed by the Senate. This amount was contained in a supplemental budget request (Senate Document 94-49) dated May 6, 1975, and was not considered by the House.

SPECIAL MILK PROGRAM

Amendment No. 5: Appropriates an additional \$5,000,000 for the Special Milk Program as proposed by the Senate. This amount was contained in a supplemental budget request (Senate Document 94-49) dated May 6, 1975, and was not considered by the House.

CHAPTER III

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Federal Funds

Amendment No. 6: Inserts chapter number and heading as proposed

by the Senate.

Amendment No. 7: Inserts heading and appropriates \$5,000,000 for "Federal payment to the District of Columbia", instead of \$8,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FUNDS

Amendment No. 8: Inserts heading as proposed by the Senate. Amendment No. 9: Inserts heading and appropriates \$1,021,000 for "General operating expenses" as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 10: Inserts heading and appropriates \$2,284,600 for

"Public safety" as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 11: Inserts heading and appropriates \$1,792,800 for

"Education" as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 12: Inserts heading and appropriates \$1,733,500 for

"Human resources" as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 13: Inserts heading and appropriates \$605,000 for "Highways and traffic", of which \$305,000 shall be payable from the

highway fund, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 14: Inserts heading and appropriates \$1,200,000 for "Environmental services", of which \$600,000 shall be payable from the water fund, and \$500,000 from the sanitary sewage works fund, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 15: Inserts heading and appropriates \$166,300 for

"Settlement of claims and suits", as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 16: Inserts usual "Division of expenses" language carried in all bills providing District of Columbia appropriations, as proposed by the Senate.

CHAPTER IV

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

Amendment No. 17: Changes chapter number as proposed by the Senate.

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

Amendment No. 18: Appropriates \$256,400,000 for compensation and pensions as proposed by the Senate instead of \$146,400,000 as

proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 19: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate to appropriate \$425,000,000 for readjustment benefits.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Amendment No. 20: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate with an amendment to appropriate \$4,000,000 for a safe water demonstration grant, instead of \$7,500,000 for such grants as proposed by the Senate. These funds are to fund a demonstration grant to remove asbestos fibers from the drinking water at Duluth, Minnesota.

The managers on the part of the Senate will move to concur in the

amendment of the House to the amendment of the Senate.

CHAPTER V

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Amendment No. 21: Changes chapter number.

BUREAU OF OUTDOOR RECREATION

Amendment No. 22: Appropriates \$7,492,000 for land and water conservation fund as proposed by the Senate.

UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Amendment No. 23: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate which provides that the appropriation for construction and anadromous fish remain available until expended.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Amendment No. 24: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate which appropriates \$2,300,000 for planning and construction. The funds appropriated are to be available to assist in constructing a sewage system and treatment plant in cooperation with the towns of Harpers Ferry and Bolivar, West Virginia.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

Amendment No. 25: Appropriates \$6,800,000 for operation of Indian programs instead of \$6,600,000 as proposed by the House and \$8,500,000 as proposed by the Senate. The \$200,000 above the amount provided by the House includes \$100,000 for repair and maintenance of roads on the Fort Totten and Turtle Mountain Indian reservations, North Dakota, and \$100,000 for repair and maintenance of roads on the Navajo Indian reservation.

Amendment No. 26: Provides that \$200,000 of the amount appropriated for operation of Indian programs shall remain available until October 1, 1975, instead of \$2,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 27: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate which provides that, with the exception of \$28,352,000 for assistance to public schools, all other appropriations for fiscal year 1975 for operation of Indian programs shall not remain available beyond June 30, 1975; unless specified otherwise in appropriation acts.

otherwise in appropriation acts.

Amendment No. 28: Appropriates \$3,000,000 for construction instead of \$10,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. The managers on the part of the House and the Senate are in agreement that the funds shall be used only for the highest priority public school construction projects in Montana and New Mexico.

OFFICE OF TERRITORIAL AFFAIRS

Amendment No. 29: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate which provides that the appropriation for administration of territories shall remain available until expended.

Amendment No. 30: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate which appropriates \$8,050,000 for Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The managers on the part of the House and the Senate are in agreement that the funds shall be used only for the purposes identified in the Senate report unless formal reprogramming approval is secured from the House and Senate Committees on Appropriations.

RELATED AGENCIES

FEDERAL ENERGY ADMINISTRATION

Amendment No. 31: Appropriates \$3,000,000 for salaries and expenses instead of \$1,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$8,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. Theamount provided above the House allowance includes \$1,000,000 for public information and education on voluntary energy conservation programs and \$1,000,000 for studies related to insulation of homes and buildings.

Amendment No. 32: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate which provides an indefinite ap-

propriation of receipts for Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands for oil import fees collected by the Federal Energy Administration in those territories between May 1, 1973 and January 31, 1975.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

Amendment No. 33: Appropriates \$390,000 for salaries and expenses and \$90,000 for salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art as proposed by the House.

CHAPTER VI

Amendment No. 34: Changes chapter number.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

MANPOWER ADMINISTRATION

Amendment No. 35: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate which changes the language prohibiting the use of appropriated funds for special unemployment assistance payments during the summer months to teachers who have contracts for the next academic year to make it applicable to funds appropriated by any other Act, as well as this Act. The language in the House bill applied only to the funds in this Act.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

HEALTH SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Amendment No. 36: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the Senate amendment which makes \$5,000,000 appropriated for "Health services" by Public Law 93–517 available through June 30, 1976 for the National Health Service Corps, in addition to funds provided to the National Health Service Corps by Public Law 93–324, as amended.

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

Amendment No. 37: Appropriates \$300,000 for "National Institute of Arthritis, Metabolism, and Digestive Diseases" to carry out the National Arthritis Act of 1974 with respect to the National Commission on Arthritis and Related Musculoskeletal Diseases, as proposed by the Senate.

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

Amendments Nos. 38 and 39: Appropriate \$1,192,000 for "Saint Elizabeths Hospital", as proposed by the Senate instead of \$134,000 as proposed by the House, of which \$1,058,000 shall be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Health resources", as proposed by the Senate.

HEALTH RESOURCES ADMINISTRATION

Amendment No. 40: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the Senate amendment with an amendment which will appropriate \$118,900,000 for "Health resources" instead of \$127,600,000 as proposed by the House and \$126,475,000 as proposed by the Senate, and will earmark \$10,000,000 for carrying out section 3 of the National Health Planning and Resources Development Act of 1974, as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$18,700,000 as proposed by the House. The funds for carrying out section 3 shall remain available until December 31, 1975, as proposed by the House. The managers on the part of the Senate will move to concur in the amendment of the House to the amendment of the Senate.

Amendment No. 41: Earmarks \$22,000,000 of the appropriation for "Health resources" for carrying out section 305(b)(3) of the Public Health Service Act, as proposed by the House, instead of \$29,575,000 as proposed by the Senate.

OFFICE OF EDUCATION

Amendment No. 42: Appropriates \$6,500,000 for "Elementary and secondary education" instead of \$4,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$9,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. The increase over the amount proposed by the House is for Part B of the Head Start-Follow Through Act.

The intent of the conferees is that, with respect to the entering class, per child costs and enrollment levels in all ongoing Follow Through projects be maintained at levels provided in previous years.

Amendments Nos. 43 through 47: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer motions to recede and concur in the amendments of the Senate with amendments which will earmark \$185,588,000 for section 705 instead of \$204,131,000 as proposed by the Senate, \$11,309,000 for section 708(a) instead of \$12,447,000 as proposed by the Senate, \$9,052,000 for section 708(c) instead of \$9,958,000 as proposed by the Senate, \$6,794,000 for section 711 instead of \$7,468,000 as proposed by the Senate, and \$2,257,000 for section 713 instead of \$2,489,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The managers on the part of the Senate will move to recede and concur in the amendments of the House to the amendments of the Senate.

Amendment No. 48: Appropriates \$215,000,000 for "Emergency school aid" instead of \$125,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$236,493,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 49: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate with an amendment extending the availability of funds in the bill for "Emergency school aid" until September 30, 1975, instead of August 15, 1975, as proposed by the Senate.

The managers on the part of the Senate will move to concur in the amendment of the House to the amendment of the Senate.

Amendment No. 50: Appropriates \$250,000 for "Education for the handicapped" as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 51: Appropriates \$74,900,000 for "Higher education" instead of \$82,400,000 as proposed by the Senate, and earmarks \$7,500,000 for veterans cost-of-instruction payments instead of \$15,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 52: Inserts wording as proposed by the Senate

relating to insured loans.

Amendment No. 53: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate providing that \$250,000 appropriated in the Second Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1974 (Public Law 93–305) shall be available for carrying out section 705(a) of the Higher Education Act without regard to other provisions of the Higher Education Act, and such sum shall remain available through June 30, 1975.

SOCIAL AND REHABILITATION SERVICE

Amendment No. 54: Inserts legal citation referring to section 301 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 55: Appropriates \$2,300,000 for "Rehabilitation services" as proposed by the Senate instead of \$500,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 56: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate appropriating \$25,000 to remain available until expended for carrying out Title III of H.R. 14225 (93rd Congress), Rehabilitation Amendments of 1974.

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Amendment No. 57: Deletes \$20,242,000 for "Payments to social

security trust funds" as proposed by the Senate.

The conferees are agreed that the proposed general fund appropriations for the Social Security Administration and the Railroad Retirement Board for payments to the Federal Buildings Fund raises complicated technical and policy issues which should not be settled in a supplemental appropriation bill.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

Amendment No. 58: Appropriates \$473,000,000 for "Human development" instead of \$462,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$484,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The conferees intend that, of the increases over the amount proposed by the House, \$4,000,000 shall be for increased operating costs of Headstart projects and \$7,000,000 shall be for support of special serv-

ices for handicapped children.

Amendment No. 59: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate with an amendment providing that \$7,000,000 of the amount appropriated for "Human development" shall remain available through October 31, 1975, instead of \$12,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The managers on the part of the Senate will move to concur in the

amendment of the House to the amendment of the Senate.

RELATED AGENCIES

COMMUNITY SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Amendment No. 60: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate extending the availability of the amount contained in the bill for "Community services program" until

September 30, 1975.

Amendment No. 61: Appropriates \$492,400,000 for "Community services program" instead of \$455,000,000 as proposed by the House and \$515,000,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conferees are agreed that the increase over the amount proposed by the House provides \$22,400,000 for the emergency food and medical services program, \$7,500,000 for community economic development, and \$7,500,000 for the emergency energy conservation services program.

In administering the emergency energy conservation services program, the Director of the Community Services Administration shall coordinate with services of the Federal Energy Administration.

The conferees are agreed that the Veterans Education and Training Services program will be considered in connection with the fiscal year 1976 appropriation bill.

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

Amendment No. 62: Authorizes \$717,000 for "Limitation on salaries and expenses" to be derived from the railroad retirement accounts, instead of \$200,000 as proposed by the House and \$1,840,000 as proposed

by the Senate.

Amendment No. 63: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate with an amendment which deletes earmarking of \$1,123,000 for payment of standard level user charges, and changes the language so as to permit the payment of such charges based on actual costs of occupying space within the additional funds limitation provided in the bill and the limitation established in the Labor-HEW Appropriation Act for 1975 (Public Law 93–517).

The managers on the part of the Senate will move to concur in the

amendment of the House to the amendment of the Senate.

Amendment No. 64: Deletes appropriation of \$360,000 for "Space and facilities" as proposed by the Senate relating to payment of standard level user charges.

CHAPTER VII

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

Senate

Amendment No. 65: Changes chapter number.

Amendments Nos. 66 through 78: Reported in technical disagreement. Inasmuch as these amendments relate solely to the Senate and in accord with long practice, under which each body determines its own housekeeping requirements, and the other concurs without interven-

tion, the managers on the part of the House will offer motions to recede and concur in the Senate amendments Nos. 66 through 78.

CHAPTER VIII

Amendment No. 79: Changes Chapter Number

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Corps of Engineers—Civil

Construction, general

Amendment Nos. 80 and 81: Adds agency name and appropriates \$1,160,000, for Construction, general for preconstruction planning of the Burlington Dam, North Dakota flood control project, instead of \$3,660,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Boone County, Kentucky

The managers agree that, within available funds, the Corps should proceed with emergency road repairs as proposed in the Senate report.

Cook Inlet Navigation Improvements, Alaska

The conferees are agreed that the Congress finds that the removal of the shoal, as proposed by the Senate amendment, is necessary to complete the construction of the trans-Alaska pipeline, and the Corps of Engineers shall proceed, within available funds, pursuant to section 203 of Public Law 93–153, with immediate removal of the shoal.

Remedial Action, McMechen, West Virginia

The conferees urge that the Corps of Engineers provide full technical assistance and such other assistance and cooperation as authorized to the community of McMechen, West Virginia, in connection with the landslide/mudslide threatening that community.

Amendment No. 82: Adds "Administrative Provision"

Locks and Dam 26, Mississippi River, Illinois and Missouri

Amendment No. 83: Reported in technical disagreement.

The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate with an amendment to change the language proposed by the Senate as follows:

Locks and Dam 26, Mississippi River, Illinois and Missouri

Appropriations having been heretofore approved by Congress in Public Laws 91-144, 91-439, 92-134, 92-405, 93-97, and 93-393, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Army and the supervision of the Chief of Engineers, for the replacement and modification of Locks and Dam 26, Mississippi River, Illinois and River, Illin

souri, substantially in accordance with the plans approved by the Secretary of the Army on July 14, 1969, the consent of Congress for the construction of said Locks and Dam 26 by the Secretary of the Army granted thereby is hereby reaffirmed: *Provided*, That nothing contained herein shall be construed as authorizing a twelve-foot channel above Locks and Dam 26.

The managers on the part of the Senate will move to concur in the

amendment of the House to the amendment of the Senate.

Operation and Maintenance

Amendment No. 84: Appropriates \$35,000,000 for Operation and maintenance, general as proposed by the Senate.

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses

The managers are agreed that funds are provided for a total of 2,006 permanent positions for the Nuclear Regulatory Commission for the current fiscal year.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

Operation and Maintenance

Amendment No. 85: Appropriates \$3,800,000 for Operation and maintenance as proposed by the Senate instead of \$6,725,000 as proposed by the House.

CHAPTER IX

Amendment No. 86: Changes chapter number.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

Salaries and Expenses

Amendment No. 87: Appropriates \$9,227,000 as proposed by the Senate. The conferees are agreed that the Department may proceed to hire up to 95 additional positions for its security force for the protection of foreign officials. These positions are to be funded during the current fiscal year within existing resources.

Acquisition, operation, and maintenance of buildings abroad

(Special Foreign Currency Program)

Amendment No. 88: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate appropriating \$7,000,000, to be available only upon the enactment of authorizing legislation.

International organizations and conferences

Missions to International Organizations

Amendment No. 89: Appropriates \$300,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Contributions for International Peacekeeping Activities

Amendment No. 90: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate appropriating \$28,837,000 to be available only upon the enactment of authorizing legislation.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and Expenses, General Administration

(Transfer of Funds)

Amendment No. 91: Provides \$72,000 instead of \$129,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Salaries and Expenses, Antitrust Division

(Transfer of Funds)

Amendment No. 92: Provides \$955,000 instead of \$983,000 as proposed by the Senate.

FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM

Support of United States Prisoners

(Transfer of Funds)

Amendment No. 93: Provides \$2,400,000 instead of \$2,900,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Law Enforcement Assistance Administration

Amendment No. 94: Appropriates \$15,000,000 as proposed by the House instead of \$25,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 95: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate providing that this appropriation remain available until August 31, 1975.

Amendment No. 96: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate providing that \$10,000,000 of funds previously appropriated to the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration shall remain available until December 31, 1975 to carry out title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act. The

conferees are agreed that the full \$10,000,000 shall be made available for this purpose and that that amount shall be derived from Part C (block grant) funds which have been de-obligated. These funds will enable the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration to employ at least 51 persons in order to administer the program.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

DOMESTIC AND INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

Operations and Administration

Amendment No. 97: Appropriates \$1,600,000 instead of \$1,100,000 as proposed by the House and \$1,720,000 as proposed by the Senate. Of the total amount provided the conferees are agreed that \$1,100,000 is for carrying out the Department's responsibilities under the Foreign Investment Study Act of 1974 and for performing its industrial defense mobilization functions; \$300,000 is for an expanded energy conservation program; and \$200,000 is for establishing an industry consultations program pursuant to the Trade Act of 1974.

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

Amendment No. 98: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate appropriating \$1,910,000 for the Fishermen's Guaranty Fund and \$230,000 for the Offshore Shrimp Fisheries Fund.

RELATED AGENCIES

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

Salaries and Expenses

Amendment No. 99: Appropriates \$929,000 as proposed by the Senate instead of \$800,000, as proposed by the House.

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

Fishermen's Protective Fund

Amendment No. 100: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate appropriating \$3,000,000 for the Fishermen's Protective Fund.

UNITED STATES INFORMATION AGENCY

Salaries and Expenses

Amendment No. 101: Appropriates \$1,529,000 as proposed by the Senate.

CHAPTER X

Amendment No. 102: Changes chapter number.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

Amendment No. 103: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate to provide \$850,000, to be derived by transfer, for Operation and maintenance, National Capital Airports.

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

Amendment No. 104: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate to make the funds appropriated for Railroad-highway crossings demonstration projects available until expended.

Amendment No. 105: Appropriates \$500,000 for the Overseas high-

way instead of \$1,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION

Amendment No. 106: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate with an amendment to appropriate \$76,225,000 for Grants to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation instead of \$74,725,000 as proposed by the House and \$77,725,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The managers on the part of the Senate will move to concur in the

amendment of the House to the amendment of the Senate.

Amendment No. 107: Reported in disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to insist on their disagreement to the amendment of the Senate numbered 107 which would provide \$700,000,000 for rail transportation improvement and employment.

URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATION

Amendment No. 108: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate with an amendment to appropriate \$1,500,000 for research, development and demonstrations and university research and training instead of \$5,000,000 as proposed by the Senate.

The managers on the part of the Senate will move to concur in the

amendment of the House to the amendment of the Senate.

RELATED AGENCIES

UNITED STATES RAILWAY ASSOCIATION

Amendment No. 109: Appropriates \$5,000,000 for administrative expenses as proposed by the Senate.

CHAPTER XI

Amendment No. 110: Changes Chapter number as proposed by the Senate.

BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

Amendment No. 111: Inserts new center head "Bureau of Accounts" as proposed by the Senate.

BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Amendment No. 112: Appropriates \$13,621,000 to Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Accounts as proposed by the Senate.

SPECIAL PAYMENT TO RECIPIENTS OF CERTAIN RETIREMENT AND SURVIVOR BENEFITS

Amendment No. 113: Appropriates \$1,750,000,000 for Special Payment to Recipients of Certain Retirement and Survivor Benefits as proposed by the Senate.

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Amendment No. 114: Deletes appropriation proposed by the House of \$229,000, as proposed by the Senate.

- ACCOUNTS, COLLECTION AND TAXPAYER SERVICE

Amendment No. 115: Appropriates \$1,000,000 for Accounts, Collection and Taxpayer Service as proposed by the Senate instead of \$1,937,000 as proposed by the House.

COMPLIANCE

Amendment No. 116: Appropriates \$2,000,000 for Compliance as proposed by the Senate instead of \$4,483,000 as proposed by the House.

FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING CENTER

The Conferees concur in the relocation of the consolidated Federal Law Enforcement Training Center from Beltsville, Maryland to the former Glynco Naval Air Station, Brunswick Georgia. Funds appropriated in prior years for construction of the Center total \$47,713,000. Of this amount, the Conferees approve not to exceed \$30,000,000 for conversion of the Glynco facility, including necessary transition expenses. The modification of the facility and operations of the Center will be observed closely to assure that judicious and efficient use is made of the funds provided.

The present training facilities at Beltsville were originally constructed to meet the specialized needs of the U.S. Secret Service. Upon establishment of the Consolidated Federal Law Enforcement Training Center, these facilities were included under its jurisdiction. As a practical matter, the facilities were never used by the Consolidated Training Center except for firearms training, which historically has

always been provided by the Secret Service for other Treasury law enforcement personnel and which was extended to all Federal agencies in the Washington Metropolitan Area that participated in the Consolidated Center.

Inasmuch as the Beltsville facilities are not suitable for in-service training by any of the participating agencies, the managers direct that these facilities revert to the control of the U.S. Secret Service for its specialized training needs. However, the firing ranges at Beltsville will continue to be made available by the Secret Service on a reimbursable basis to Federal law enforcement personnel in the Washington Metropolitan Area.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

SPECIAL ASSISTANCE TO THE PRESIDENT

Amendment No. 117: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate increasing the limitation on travel for the executive staff of the Vice President from \$30,000 to \$40,000.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Payment to Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund

Amendment No. 118: Appropriates \$371,070,000 as proposed by the Senate instead of \$363,100,000 as proposed by the House.

Intergovernmental Personnel Assistance

Amendment No. 119: Authorizes funds appropriated in the Treasury, Postal Service and General Government Appropriation Act fiscal year 1975 to remain available until September 30, 1976, as proposed by the Senate instead of "to remain available until expended" as proposed by the House.

COMMISSION ON FEDERAL PAPERWORK

Salaries and Expenses

Amendment No. 120: Appropriates \$50,000 for Salaries and Expenses as proposed by the Senate.

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Purchase Contract Limitation

Amendment No. 121: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate increasing the limitation on purchase contract authority by \$96,106,000. The increase in the limitation is necessary to provide funding for a Social Security building to be constructed by GSA in Baltimore, Maryland.

PERSONAL PROPERTY ACTIVITIES

General Supply Fund

Amendment No. 122: Deletes appropriation of \$65,000,000 proposed by the Senate.

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

Salaries and Expenses

Amendment No. 123: Deletes appropriation of \$500,000 proposed by the House, as proposed by the Senate.

TEMPORARY STUDY COMMISSIONS

NATIONAL COMMISSION ON SUPPLIES AND SHORTAGES

Salaries and Expenses

Amendment No. 124: Permits funds appropriated for this Commission to be made available until December 31, 1975, as proposed by the Senate.

CHAPTER XII

Amendment No. 125: Changes chapter number.

CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

Amendment No. 126: Adds "and Senate Document Numbered 40." Amendment No. 127: Appropriates \$94,037,225 as proposed by the Senate instead of \$59,699,187 as proposed by the House.

TITLE II

INCREASED PAY COSTS

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

Senate

Amendments Nos. 128 through 134: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendments of the Senate Nos. 128 through 134 inserting a center heading and appropriating \$23,550 for "Office of the Legislative Counsel of the Senate", \$30,160 for "Senate policy committees", \$575,625 for "Inquiries and investigations", \$3,400 for "Folding documents", and \$3,100 for "Miscellaneous items". These amendments relate solely to Senate housekeeping items.

Joint Items

Amendment No. 135: Appropriates \$21,220 for "Joint Economic Committee" as proposed by the Senate instead of \$31,460 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 136: Appropriates \$12,685 for "Joint Committee on Atomic Energy" as proposed by the Senate instead of \$18,655 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 137: Appropriates \$12,010 for "Capitol Guide Service" as proposed by the Senate instead of \$14,910 as proposed by the

House.

Architect of the Capitol

Amendment No. 138: Appropriates \$451,200 for "Senate Office Buildings" as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 139: Appropriates \$16,900 for "Senate Garage" as

proposed by the Senate.

Library of Congress

Amendment No. 140: Appropriates \$1,365,000 for "Salaries and expenses" as proposed by the Senate instead of \$1,565,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 141: Reported in technical disagreement. The Managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the amendment of the Senate which provides that \$200,000 of the amount allocated for rental of space under the head "Salaries and expenses", fiscal year 1975, may be used for increased pay costs.

OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET

Salaries and Expenses

Amendment No. 142: Appropriates \$250,000 for Salaries and expenses instead of \$500,000 as proposed by the Senate.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE-MILITARY

MILITARY PERSONNEL, ARMY

Amendment No. 143: Appropriates \$263,493,000 instead of \$260,635,000 as proposed by the House and \$266,350,000 as proposed by the Senate.

MILITARY PERSONNEL, NAVY

Amendment No. 144: Appropriates \$155,750,000 instead of \$156,900,000 as proposed by the House and \$154,600,000 as proposed by the Senate.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

Amendment No. 145: Appropriates \$233,135,000 as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$225,635,000 as proposed by the House.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR NATIONAL GUARD

Amendment No. 146: Appropriates \$6,100,000 as proposed by the Senate, instead of \$12,000,000 as proposed by the House.

TITLE II

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Corps of Engineers—Civil

Amendment No. 147: Appropriates \$13,000,000 for Operation and maintenance, general as proposed by the Senate.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

CENTER FOR DISEASE CONTROL

Amendment No. 148: Provides \$2,802,000 for "Preventive health services", to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Health resources", as proposed by the Senate.

NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH

Amendments Nos. 149 through 155: Provide \$500,000 for "National Heart and Lung Institute", \$169,000 for "National Institute of Dental Research", \$93,000 for "National Institute of Arthritis, Metabolism and Digestive Diseases", \$469,000 for "National Institute of Child Health and Human Development", \$222,000 for "National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences" and \$400,000 for "National Library of Medicine", to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Health resources", as proposed by the Senate.

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE, AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

Amendment No. 156: Provides \$1,547,000 for "Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration", to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for "Health resources", as proposed by the Senate.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

(Out of District of Columbia Funds)

Amendment No. 157: Inserts heading as proposed by the Senate. Amendment No. 158: Appropriates \$1,383,500 for "General operating expenses", of which \$21,500 shall be payable from the highway fund (including \$5,300 from the motor vehicle parking account), \$3,600 from the water fund, and \$1,400 from the sanitary sewage works fund, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 159: Appropriates \$20,246,900 for "Public safety" of which \$979,200 shall be payable from the highway fund, as proposed

by the Senate.

Amendment No. 160: Appropriates \$11,919,000 for "Education" as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 161: Appropriates \$496,700 for "Recreation" as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 162: Appropriates \$3,980,800 for "Human re-

sources" as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 163: Appropriates \$801,400 for "Highways and traffic", of which \$609,900 shall be payable from the highway fund (including \$14,700 from the motor vehicle parking account), as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 164: Appropriates \$3,577,000 for "Environmental services", of which \$851,700 shall be payable from the water fund, \$1,176,600 from the sanitary sewage works fund, and \$30,500 from the metropolitan area sanitary sewage works fund, as proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 165: Inserts the usual "Division of expenses" language carried in all bills providing District of Columbia appropriations, as proposed by the Senate.

TITLE III

General Provisions

Amendments Nos. 166 through 170: Strike out Sections 304, 305, and 306 proposed by the House relating to forced busing, abolishment of schools, and assignment or transportation of students and substitute sections 304 and 305 (a) and (b) proposed by the Senate, relating to the same subjects.

Amendment No. 171: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to recede and concur in the Senate amendment with an amendment specifying the amounts which are to be made available for the payment of postal services which were furnished during fiscal years 1973 and 1974 and currently remain unpaid. The amendment reads as follows:

Sec. 306. Unobligated balances of operation and maintenance appropriations available to the Department of Defense-Military, in an amount not to exceed \$18,950,000 in fiscal year 1973 and \$23,891,000 in fiscal year 1974, shall be available to reimburse the United States Postal Service for service rendered to the Department of Defense during those fiscal

The managers on the part of the Senate will move to concur in the amendment of the House to the amendment of the Senate.

Amendment No. 172: Deletes language proposed by the Senate providing that the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development may not obligate the funds made available in Title II of this Act unless all budget authority provided by law to carry out provisions of section 235 of The National Housing Act has been made available for obligation.

The committee of conference has deleted the Senate language without prejudice. The committee agrees that the section 235 program should be used to meet the nation's urgent housing needs.

CONFERENCE TOTAL—WITH COMPARISONS

The total new budget (obligational) authority included in the bill recommended by the Committee of Conference, with comparisons to the budget estimates, the House and Senate bills follows:

Budget estimates considered by House	\$11, 540, 647, 646
House passed bill	11, 397, 042, 586
Budget estimates considered by Senate	14, 956, 698, 548
Senate passed bill	15, 964, 662, 998
Conference agreement	¹ 15, 066, 595, 998
Conference agreement with:	, ,
Budget estimates	+109,897,450
House bill	+3,669,553,412
Senate bill	-898, 067, 000

¹Conference agreement excludes transfers (\$206,407,375), increases in limitations (\$274,306,000), Liquidation of Contract Authority (\$53,714,000), District of Columbia funds (\$51,208,500), and insured loans (\$100,000,000). In addition, conference agreement excludes \$700,000,000 for railroad improvement which is reported in disagreement.

George Mahon.

JAMIE L. WHITTEN, JOE L. EVINS, EDWARD P. BOLAND, WILLIAM H. NATCHER. DANIEL J. FLOOD, TOM STEED. John M. Slack, John J. McFall, SIDNEY R. YATES, BOB CASEY, E. A. CEDERBERG, ROBERT H. MICHEL (except amendment Nos. 82 and 83 Silvio O. Conte (except amendment Nos. 82 and 83) and 107) Joseph M. McDade, JOHN T. MYERS, Managers on the Part of the House. JOHN L. McCLELLAN, WARREN G. MAGNUSON, JOHN C. STENNIS, JOHN O. PASTORE, ROBERT C. BYRD, WILLIAM PROXMIRE, JOSEPH M. MONTOYA, ERNEST F. HOLLINGS, BIRCH BAYH, LAWTON CHILES, MILTON R. YOUNG, ROMAN L. HRUSKA, CLIFFORD P. CASE, HIRAM L. FONG, EDWARD W. BROOKE. TED STEVENS. CHARLES McC. MATHIAS, Jr., Managers on the Part of the Senate.

[FULL COMMITTEE PRINT]

NOTICE.—This report is given out subject to release when consideration of the bill which it accompanies has been completed by the full committee. Please check on such action before release in order to be advised of any changes.

94TH CONGRESS HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES No .94

SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 1975

April 10, 1975.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. Mahon, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H.R. ----]

The Committee on Appropriations submits the following report in explanation of the accompanying bill making further supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1975, and for other purposes.

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SUMMARY OF THE BILL

The budget request estimates on which the bill is based are contained in H. Doc. 93-266 (February 4, 1974), H. Doc. 94-22 (February 3, 1975), H. Doc. 94-59 (February 24, 1975), H. Doc. 94-66 (March 3, 1975), H. Doc. 94-71 (March 6, 1975), H. Doc. 94-74 (March 10, 1975), H. Doc. 94-78 (March 12, 1975), H. Doc. 94-79 (March 12, 1975), H. Doc. 94-80 (March 13, 1975), H. Doc. 94-, (April-,

1975), and H. Doc. 94— (April —, 1975).

A discussion of the overall bill totals follows. Details concerning particular items can be found in the request documents and in the printed hearings. Specific committee recommendations are explained in the various chapters of this report, which are arranged in the order of the bill. GRAND TOTAL OF THE BILL

The grand total of new budget (obligational) authority recommended in the bill is \$11,292,876,586, a reduction of \$226,511,060 below the

estimates presented to the Congress.

The Committee also recommends transfers of \$190,027,375 between appropriations. In some cases, in lieu of providing new budget authority, the Committee has recommended transfers of monies which the Committee has determined to be in excess of needs. Transfers recommended in the bill are \$159,619,000 more than had been proposed by the President. at transfer and the Bill Highlights ()

Major items in the bill include the following:

\$1,750,902,070 for increased pay costs for military and civilian personnel.

personnel.
—\$5,000,000,000 for advances to the unemployment trust fund.

-\$1,729,748,000 for public assistance payments.

-\$583,970,000 for retired pay costs for Federal, Foreign Service, and military personnel.

--\$462,000,000 for the Head Start preschool education program

and the Native Americans program.

-\$446,000,000 for the Community Services Administration, the

successor agency to the Office of Economic Opportunity. -\$279,000,000 for education programs including \$4,000,000 for drug abuse education; \$125,000,000 for aid to schools with special needs related to school desegregation; \$67,400,000 for interest payments on student loans; and \$82,600,000 for payments in connection with defaults on guaranteed student loans. -\$182,639,000 for the Veterans Administration for compensation and pensions and medical care.

-\$118,909,000 for various transportation programs.

-\$108,950,000 for firefighting costs on Federal lands.

-\$83,102,000 to pay increased supplemental security income

-\$80,844,000 for "Black Lung" benefit payments to disabled coal

-\$44,085,000 for payment to the Postal Service Fund.

-\$24.623.000 for the National School Lunch and Child Nutrition Act of 1966.

-\$59.699,187 for claims and judgments rendered against the United States.

BUDGET REDUCTIONS

The Committee recommends net budget reductions in the bill of \$226.511.060. This is made up of a decrease of \$299,293,060 in pay supplementals and a net increase of \$72,782,000 in program supplementals. The increase is largely accounted for by increases in the Education, Human Development, and Postal Service programs and reductions in Defense and contributions for international peacekeeping activities. The Committee estimates that the reductions in new budget (obligational) authority, appropriations to liquidate contract authority, transfers and limitations will have the effect of reducing budget outlays for fiscal 1975 by approximately \$150,000,000.

INFLATIONARY IMPACT STATEMENT

The amount proposed for appropriation in this bill totals \$11,292,-876,586. This is \$226,511,060 below the President's request. Of approximately \$11 billion in budget authority, over \$9 billion is designated to supplement outlays for unemployment, Civil Service and military pay raises, public assistance, and veterans' compensation. Most outlays for such programs increase the incomes of persons in the low and middle parts of the income spectrum and ultimately are reflected in purchases of consumer goods and services. Aside from isolated exceptions, current supplies of consumer goods and services are reported to be more than adequate to sustain increased demand.

The bulk of the remaining budget authority contained in this bill will be absorbed in increased administrative and program costs for a wide variety of Federal programs. The diversity of these programs assures that the resulting outlavs will be widely distributed in the economy, thereby minimizing their impact on any given sector.

The economy is clearly in a recession. Unemployment was 8.2 percent in February, and appears headed higher. Most sectors have excess inventories and unused productive capacity. The overall pace of inflation has slowed to about 7 percent. Real consumer spending fell about 5 percent in 1974 and has only recently begun to recover. Hence. it appears that the economy can absorb the spending contained in this bill without measurable inflationary consequences.

The spending contained in this measure will contribute broadly to a resurgence in demand. Increased demand for goods and services is crucial to recovery under current economic conditions. Hence, these proposed expenditures, by promoting needed demand in many areas

of the economy, should contribute to recovery, rather than inflation. Critics of government spending suggest that practically any spending by the government is inflationary. If this view were true, then the funds proposed in this bill would be inflationary. However, Federal spending per se is not necessarily inflationary. It should be analyzed against the economic situation in which it is occurring, the deficit and The principal cause for concern about the inflationary impact of spending in this bill arises from the overall magnitude of the debt that is projected for all Federal spending in 1975 and 1976. This bill is only a small part of that, but clearly impacts on it. the economy which the spending may impact. surplus condition of the government at the time, and on the sectors of

Further information on the purpose of the spending proposed in this bill can be obtained in other parts of this report. In addition, a large amount of detailed statistical and financial information can be obtained in the hearings conducted in developing this bill.

The table beginning on the following page summarizes the budget requests and the amount in the bill by titles and chapters: TABULAR SUMMARY

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL

SUMMARY

Report Page No.	Chapter No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates
		TITLE I—GENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS	,	8	
8	I	Agriculture: New budget (obligational) authority	\$24, 623, 000	\$24, 623, 000	
10	II	Defense: New budget (obligational) authority	281, 374, 000	256, 374, 000	-\$25, 000, 000
16	Ш	Housing and Urban Development—Independent agencies: New budget (obligational) authority.	219, 547, 000	219, 547, 000	,
19	IV	Interior and related agencies: New budget (obligational) authority.	125, 930, 000	113, 280, 000	-12, 650, 000
24	ÿ	Labor, and Health, Education, and Welfare: New budget (obligational) authority	8, 104, 569, 000	8, 236, 067, 000	+131, 498, 000
		By transfer	(8, 500, 000)	(8, 500, 000)	
		Increase in limitation	(80, 868, 000)	(78, 868, 000)	(-2,000,000)
40	VI	Legislative branch: New budget (obligational) authority.	11, 584, 329	9, 584, 329	-2, 000, 000
46	VII	Public Works: New budget (obligational) authority	63, 125, 000	51, 125, 000	-12, 000, 000
53	VIII	State, Justice, Commerce, and Judiciary:			
		New budget (obligational) authority:			
		1974	800, 000	800, 000	
		1975	67, 003, 000	19, 372, 000	-47 , 631, 000
		Total	67, 803, 000	20, 172, 000	-47, 631, 000
		By transfer	(6,679,000)	(7, 811, 000)	(+1, 132, 000)

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL—Continued

SUMMARY—Continued

Report Page No.	Chapter No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates	
62	IX	Transportation:			1	
i Le		New budget (obligational) authority:	\$114, 384, 000	\$110, 914, 000 17, 145, 000	—\$3, 470, 000	
		1976	17, 145, 000	128, 059, 000	-3, 470, 000	
		TotalBy transfer	(13, 200, 000)	(700, 000)	(-12,500,000)	•
٠,,	1 1	Liquidation of contract authorization	(150, 000, 000)	(50, 000, 000)	(-100, 000, 000)	
69	X	Treasury, Postal Service, and general government:		. 1 : 2 1/1 1400		
111) * (New budget (obligational) authority	379, 399, 000	423, 434, 000		
144		Increase in limitation	(28, 000, 000)	(28, 000, 000)	,	
76	XI	Claims and judgments: New budget (obligational) authority.	59, 699, 187	59, 699, 187		
A sintence of		Total, title I—General supplementals:			a fact of the second	
		New budget (obligational) authority:				
		1974	800, 000	800, 000		
		1975	9, 451, 237, 516	9, 524, 019, 516	+72,782,000	

1					
		1976	17, 145, 000	17, 145, 000	
		Total	9, 469, 182, 516	9, 541, 964, 516	+72, 782, 000
		By transfer	(28, 379, 000)	(17, 011, 000)	(-11, 368, 000)
	"	Increase in limitation	(108, 868, 000)	(106, 868, 000)	(-2,000,000)
		Liquidation of contract authority	(150, 000, 000)	(50, 000, 000)	(-100,000,000)
		TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS			
76	1	New budget (obligational) authority	2, 050, 205, 130	1, 750, 912, 070	-299, 293, 060
		By transfer	(2, 029, 375)	(173, 016, 375)	(+170, 987, 000)
		Increase in limitation	(78, 556, 400)	(70, 815, 000)	(-7,741,400)
•	3. A.	Liquidation of contract authority	(3, 714, 000)	(3, 714, 000)	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
		GRAND TOTAL—TITLES I AND II		·	
	ek iz,	New budget (obligational) authority:			
	¥	1974	800, 000	800, 000	
		1975	11, 501, 442, 646	11, 274, 931, 586	-226, 511, 060
		1976	17, 145, 000	17, 145, 000	
	3 A	Total	11, 519, 387, 646	11, 292, 876, 586	-226, 511, 060
	** *	By transfer	(30, 408, 375)	(190, 027, 375)	(+159, 619, 000)
		Increase in limitation	(187, 424, 400)	(177, 683, 000)	(-9,741,400)
		Liquidation of contract authority	(153, 714, 000)	(53, 714, 000)	(-100, 000, 000)

TITLE I

CHAPTER I

SUBCOMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE AND RELATED AGENCIES

JAMIE L. WHITTEN, Mississippi, Chairman

GEORGE E. SHIPLEY, Illinois FRANK E. EVANS, Colorado BILL D. BURLISON, Missouri MAX BAUCUS, Montana OTTO E. PASSMAN, Louisiana WILLIAM H. NATCHER, Kentucky

BOB CASEY, Texas

MARK ANDREWS, North Dakota J. KENNETH ROBINSON, Virginia JOHN T. MYERS, Indiana

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE

CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAMS

The Committee recommends approval of the \$24,623,000 requested to carry out the National School Lunch Act and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, as amended. This increase is required to fund increased reimbursement rates including the statutory adjustment in these rates effective January 1, 1975, pursuant to the provision of P.L. 93–150, enacted November 7, 1973. These additional funds will cover both general cash-for-food assistance for lunches and special cost assistance to needy children.

INCREASED PAY COSTS

As reflected in Title II of this Bill, the Committee recommends approval of the funds requested for increased pay costs for all agencies of the Department of Agriculture.

The Committee does not recommend approval of the proposed transfer of \$4,541,000 to cover increased pay costs of the Food and Drug Administration. The funds which the Food and Drug Administration had proposed to utilize for pay costs were part of a proposed rescission of funds for the Health Services Administration which Congress denied. When a rescission is denied by the Congress, the funds must be spent for the purpose for which appropriated, therefore, these funds are no longer available for transfer. Rather than providing a direct appropriation of \$4,541,000 for increased pay costs of the Food and Drug Administration, the Committee recommends that this item be passed over without prejudice pending receipt from the Office of Management and Budget of a supplemental budget request for these funds.

AND ESTIMATES AUTHORITY RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL (OBLIGATIONAL) BUDGET NEW OF STATEMENT COMPARATIVE

AMOUNTS

7 NZ 08-. **S** Recommended in the bill 623, 24, 623, estimates \$24, 623, SUPPLEMENTS (obligational) authority Department or activity budget Total, chapter I: 11. Child 11

(8)

CHAPTER II

SUBCOMMITTEE ON DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

GEORGE H. MAHON, Texas, Chairman

ROBERT L. F. SIKES, Florida DANIEL J. FLOOD, Pennsylvania JOSEPH P. ADDABBO, New York JOHN J. McFALL, California JOHN J. FLYNT, Jr., Georgia ROBERT N. GIAIMO, Connecticut BILL CHAPPELL, Jr., Florida BILL D. BURLISON, Missouri JACK EDWARDS, Alabama J. KENNETH ROBINSON, Virginia JACK F. KEMP, New York

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE-MILITARY

SUMMARY OF COMMITTEE ACTION

Under Titles I and II of the bill, the Committee considered supplemental requests totaling \$1,817,997,000 for military functions of the Department of Defense. The Committee is recommending appropriations totalling \$1,702,473,000, including the transfer of \$168,694,000 from other Defense appropriation accounts in which funds were unobligated and available for transfer at the time the request was considered. This action provides for a total reduction of \$115,524,000 below the budget request.

Under Title I, the President requested, in total, \$281,374,000. Of this amount \$46,074,000 is for additional subsistence allowances for military personnel and \$235,300,000 is for increased cost of living allowances for retired military personnel. Pay cost increases requested under Title II of the bill total \$1,536,623,000 for both military and civilian personnel including wage board employees.

The President included in the supplemental request a general provision which would allow the Department of Defense to use expired appropriations to reimburse the Postal Service for supposed unpaid prior year mail cost.

The actions of the Committee with regard to the requests are discussed in subsequent headings under this chapter of the report.

MILITARY PERSONNEL

SUBSISTENCE ALLOWANCES

Title I of the bill includes \$46,074,000 for subsistence allowances (subsistence in kind). Also included in title II, the pay cost increases, is a request for \$42,417,000 to cover increased basic allowances for subsistence (cash payments in lieu of food). The Committee recommends the total \$88,491,000 requested for subsistence items be appropriated. Had Public Law 90-207, as discussed below, not been amended during the last session of Congress the request for enlisted subsistence allowances would have been approximately \$25,000,000 higher.

CHANGE IN ALLOCATION OF MILITARY PAY RAISES

In its report on the second supplemental appropriations bill for fiscal year 1974, the Committee pointed out that Public Law 90–207 (often referred to as the Rivers Amendment) required that military personnel receive pay increases equal to civilian personnel pay increases and that these increases be applied solely to basic pay. While the increases in basic pay were provided to make an equal increase with civilian salaries, the other elements of military pay were also adjusted upward. This resulted in military pay increases being somewhat higher than their civilian counterparts. The Committee recommended that this inequity be corrected.

Application of Public Law 90-207 resulted in an average pay increase in basic military pay of 80.0 percent during the eight-year period 1967 through 1974 compared with 56.2 percent for civilian federal employees. These two percentages are essentially equal since basic pay comprises about 75 percent of regular military compensation. However, 37 USC 402 requires that subsistence allowances paid to enlisted members be equal to the cost of the food served in dining facilities. This resulted in an increase of 75.2 percent in subsistence allowances during the 1967-1974 period. In addition, Congress approved increases in quarters averaging 35.7 percent.

Last session, the Congress passed legislation which directed the allocation of all future pay raises to all three elements (basic pay, subsistence and quarters allowances) of military pay. Had the old allocation system continued, the cost of the fiscal year 1975 military personnel program including reserve pay and retired pay would have been approximately \$175,000,000 higher. The increase in cost over the next five years would have exceeded \$6.2 billion.

RETIRED PAY, DEFENSE

The Committee has recommended a reduction of \$25,000,000 in the requested \$235,300,000 for military personnel retirement pay. This reduction is based upon actual obligations incurred through February 1975. While the number of retirees on the rolls is exceeding the latest plan the obligation of funds has not been quite as large as forecasted. The reasons for this apparent incongruity (numbers of retirees up but obligations running behind plan) are not clear at this point. Thus, the Committee used some caution in making this reduction and did not remove the full \$51,000,000 which an analysis of the obligations to date indicate may be available. The Department of Defense does not reprogram retired pay funds for other purposes and the appropriation is for only one year. Any unexpended funds will revert to the Treasury.

revert to the Treasury.

The original fiscal year 1975 President's budget submission for Retired Pay, Defense was \$5,687,600,000. The fiscal year 1975 budget amendment to the Defense Appropriation request added \$353,000,000. This amendment plus the \$210,300,000 provided in this bill results in an increase of \$563,300,000 above the original 1975 request, making the total provided for the fiscal year \$6,250,900,000. Clearly, the retired pay account is the most rapidly increasing portion of the Defense budget. The total increase from fiscal year 1974 to fiscal year 1975 is \$1,114,003,000.

ACTIVE DUTY FORCES PAY INCREASE

Title II of the bill provides \$751,926,000 of the \$764,080,000

requested for active duty military pay raises.

The request accurately applied the percentage pay raise increase to all elements of regular military compensation. It also applied the increase to a number of pays and allowances including bonuses which are not used in calculating military/civilian pay comparability or included in the term regular military compensation. This is done because a number of these peripheral pays such as overseas station allowances, continuation pay, reenlistment bonuses, family separation allowances, PCS dislocation allowances and various types of separation pay are tied to basic pay for purposes of determining the rates of reimbursement although they are not used in determining regular military compensation. The reduction of \$12,154,000 made by the Committee was done in the belief that the services can absorb some of these relatively small increases in these special pay categories through offsetting savings without adjusting their personnel plan downward. The Committee believes that a major portion if not all of any savings needed to offset the minor downward adjustments made by the Committee could come from reenlistment bonus payments. Reenlistment rates are up significantly as a result of economic conditions and thus it appears that some adjustments in the bonus rates should be made before the start of fiscal year 1976. The revised fiscal year 1975 budget includes \$274,938,000 for reenlistment bonuses. Another \$65.886.000 is included for enlistment bonuses.

The Committee believes that in the all volunteer force environment it will be necessary for managers in the Department of Defense to adjust many of the factors which directly affect enlistment and retention rates on a much more rapid response basis than has been past practice. Such things as the recruit advertising program, enlistment options, bonus payments, and training base support will have to be adjusted quickly, both upward and downward to reflect the prevailing

recruiting and reenlistment climate.

Changes will have to be implemented sooner than the decision to eliminate two year enlistment options which was made in early February but will not be implemented until July. Another example is the recruit advertising program, where reductions could have been programmed in December 1974, but to date (April 1975) the Committee has not seen a proposal to bring the program in line with the reduced need for advertising as a vehicle to attract prospective enlistees.

There is no intention to reduce strengths by way of these relatively minor reductions. At this time all of the military services are at or very near their planned strengths for the year. It appears that all of the services are fully capable of making or even exceeding their authorized strength levels for fiscal year 1975.

Some changes in grade structure from the budget plan, such as the Army having fewer E-4's than planned, were evident but these were

not significant enough to cause a reduction in funding.

None of the reductions proposed for the active force are based upon strength shortfalls. In fact, the Committee believes that there may be an opportunity in late May and the month of June to slightly exceed the current budget plans in terms of new accessions. While it is unfortunate that this opportunity is caused by high unemployment, the

fact remains that the situation should permit increased enlistment of high school graduates while decreasing the unemployed youth problem this summer. However, it will be necessary for each service to remain within its authorized end strength ceiling.

RESERVE COMPONENTS PAY INCREASE

The Committee was surprised to find that in general reserve component strengths were not up to authorized and funded levels. The pay supplemental as submitted by the Department of Defense proposed the absorption of \$27,336,000 in increased pay costs by these organizations. Four out of seven Reserve organizations were able to completely absorb the pay increase from funds already appropriated. The Committee's action caused another (the Army National Guard) to fully absorb its request. Another \$3,900,000 in the Army Reserve personnel account has been applied to the active Army pay raise request because it was not needed to pay Army reservists and would have lapsed. In fact, the Department proposed to transfer a total of \$5,500,000 from the Army Reserve account. However, Army Reserve strengths have been near the manpower plan for the last three months leading the Committee to conclude that transfer of all \$5,500,000 would force a reduction in strength before the end of the year. Likewise, a total of \$2,712,000 was shown as available for transfer in the Marine Corps Reserve account. The Committee felt that only \$1,600,000 should be transferred.

In addition to the \$31,236,000 absorbed or lapsing the Committee made a further reduction in the military pay request in Title II of \$15,086,000 from the requested \$19,286,000 because of actual strength shortfalls from the revised fiscal year 1975 plan during the months of December, January, and February, plus the projection of these strength short falls for the remainder of fiscal year 1975. Hopefully, the major portion of these strength underruns will be corrected by the end of the fiscal year.

CIVILIAN PERSONNEL

For the increased pay cost of civilian personnel, both classified and wage board, the President requested \$753,257,000. The Committee is recommending an appropriation of \$600,179,000 and the transfer of \$89,794,000. The direct reduction being recommended by the Committee is therefore \$63,284,000.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Because of a shortfall in civilian man-year strength supported with operation and maintenance funds, the Department suggested that the request could be reduced by \$4,898,000. The suggested reductions were \$1,683,000 from the request of the Army, \$115,000 from the request of the Army Reserve, and \$3,100,000 from the request of the Air National Guard. In addition to the suggested Departmental reductions, the Committee made a further reduction of \$33,000,000 because of an over estimate of wage board salary increases. These reductions were possible because the percentage factors used by the services in computing wage board salary increases were higher than the factors which will actually be applicable between the period in which wage surveys for these employees are made in various areas of the country and the end of the fiscal year.

In the past, the Committee has directed that the Department of Defense absorb all or part of the pay supplemental for civilian employees funded in the Research, Development, Test and Evaluation appropriations. This year the Committee has decided that funds should be provided, although from within amounts already appropriated. The high inflation rates incurred during the past year justify some

relief in these accounts despite large unobligated balances.

In November 1974, the Army requested authority to transfer \$63,309,000 of funds in the Research, Development, Test and Evaluation, Army appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. This request was denied by the Committee. As a result, the funds are available to fund the pay supplemental. Of the total available the Committee recommends that \$25,386,000 remain in the Army Research, Development, Test and Evaluation appropriation and that \$17,000,000 and \$16,493,000 be transferred to the Navy and Air Force Research, Development, Test and Evaluation appropriations, respectively, to cover their portions of the supplemental request. Also, the remaining \$4,430,000 is transferred to the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION-FAMILY HOUSING

The Department requested \$10,194,000 for civilian personnel increases for both classified and wage board employees associated with the family housing program of the Department. The Committee recommends that the request be fully funded.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

POSTAL SERVICE COST

The President requested that a general provision be approved which would allow the Department of Defense authority to use expired appropriations to reimburse the Postal Service for what it claimed to be unpaid prior years cost for mail services rendered the Department. These services covered fiscal years 1973 and 1974 and were esti-

mated to be, in total, \$42,841,000.

These funds were requested to be appropriated in the Second Supplemental Appropriation for fiscal year 1974, but were denied by the Congress. In the report on the Second Supplemental Appropriation Bill, the Committee stated that it was not satisfied with the data given in support of the request and could not obtain any substantiating evidence that an actual increase in postal services did, in fact, occur. Information provided this year did not provide any further supporting evidence of such increased mail service during these years. The Committee was advised that the Department only had reasonable assurances that this was a proper charge for postal service provided during those years. The Committee was further advised that the agreement between the Postal Service and the Department provided that if the claim for such funds were not provided in a supplemental budget request, they would be written off by the Postal Service. Since these funds were denied last year, they should have been written off and not requested again.

The Committee recommends that the authority requested be denied and the Postal Service write these funds off as an account receivable from the Department of Defense as provided in their

agreement.

AMOUNTS AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND (OBLIGATIONAL) THE Z RECOMMENDED COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET

H. Doc. No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the Bill	Bill compared with estimates
	CHAPTER II			• ,
	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY	4.		
	MILITARY PERSONNEL			
94-22	Military personnel, Army	\$28, 265, 000	\$28, 265, 000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
94-22	Military personnel, Marine Corps	6, 140, 000	6, 140, 000	# 1
94-22	Military personnel, Air Force	11, 669, 000	11, 669, 000	
	RETIRED MILITARY PERSONNEL	(.		
94–22	Retired pay, Defense	235, 300, 000	210, 300, 000	-\$25,000,000
	Total, Chapter II:			
	New budget (obligational) authority	281, 374, 000	256, 374, 000	-25,000,000

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CHAPTER III

SUBCOMMITTEE ON HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT—INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

EDWARD P. BOLAND, Massachusetts, Chairman

JOE L. EVINS, Tennessee GEORGE E. SHIPLEY, Illinois J. EDWARD ROUSH, Indiana BOB TRAXLER, Michigan MAX BAUCUS, Montana LOUIS STOKES, Ohio YVONNE BRATHWAITE BURKE, California

BURT L. TALCOTT, California JOSEPH M. McDADE, Pennsylvania C. W. BILL YOUNG, Florida

INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION

COMPENSATION AND PENSIONS

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$146,400,000 to finance increases in the costs of the compensation and pensions program resulting from recently enacted legislation. The Committee notes, however, that the amount provided may not meet full fiscal year 1975 requirements, and an additional supplemental request is anticipated when better cost data is available.

Public Law 93-527, which became effective on January 1, 1975, increases by \$400 the income limitation for dependency and indemnity compensation parents and pension recipients. It also provides a 12 percent cost-of-living increase to certain parent and pensioner beneficiaries and allows children who become ineligible for pensions through marriage to regain eligibility if they are subsequently widowed or divorced.

MEDICAL CARE

An appropriation of \$36,239,000 is recommended for new requirements in the medical care program, which is in addition to the \$93,637,000 provided in title II of the bill for increased pay raise and wage board costs provided by law.

The recommended amount includes \$10,972,000 for the increased cost of Federal Employee Health Benefits provided in Public Law 93-246; \$9,660,000 for the increased cost of veteran beneficiary travel; \$10,000,000 for the increased cost of fuels and utilities; \$2,607,000 for the cost of driver training for disabled veterans; and \$3,000,000 to improve coverage of nursing units.

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CONSTRUCTION, MAJOR PROJECTS

The Committee has provided the full budget estimate of \$27,202,000 for major construction projects to correct significant inadequacies at Veterans Administration hospitals and clinics. These deficiencies were identified in the recently completed Special Study of Level of Quality of Patient Care, and include \$14,174,000 for air conditioning at seven VA hospitals; \$6,700,000 to provide emergency electrical systems at six VA hospitals; and \$6,328,000 to eliminate safety hazards, improve outpatient clinics, and replace boiler plants at selected hospitals.

CONSTRUCTION, MINOR PROJECTS

An appropriation of \$7,706,000 is recommended to correct minor deficiencies at hospitals related to patient care. These projects are estimated to cost less than \$1,000,000 each, and have become critical and immediate as identified in the "Quality of Care" study.

NATIONAL COMMISSION ON WATER QUALITY

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends the budget estimate of \$2,000,000 to enable the Commission to complete its work and submit a report to Congress as required by law.

The Commission was established to assess the ramifications of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act. Public Law 92-500 authorized \$15,000,000 to make the investigation, and the law was amended last year to authorize an additional \$2,000,000 to complete the work. The \$2,000,000 recommended will be used to contract for a number of final studies required to complete a draft report by October of 1975.

AND AUTHORITY ESTIMATES RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL (OBLIGATIONAL) STATEMENT OF NEW

TITLE I

H. Doc. No.	Department or activity $pprox$	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates
	CHAPTER III			
	INDEPENDENT AGENCIES			
	VETERANS ADMINISTRATION			
94-22	Compensation and pensions.	\$146, 400, 000	\$146, 400, 000	
94-22	94-22 Medical care	- 36, 239, 000	36, 239, 000	
94-22	Construction, major projects	27, 202, 000	27, 202, 000	
94-22	Construction, minor projects	7, 706, 000	7, 706, 000	
	Total, Veterans Administration.	217, 547, 000	217, 547, 600	P L R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R
	NATIONAL COMMISSION ON WATER QUALITY			
94-22	Salaries and expenses	2, 000, 000	2, 000, 000	
	Total, Chapter III, new budget (obligational) authority	219, 547, 000	- 219, 547, 000	

CHAPTER IV

SUBCOMMITTEE ON THE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES

SIDNEY R. YATES, Illinois, Chairman

GUNN McKAY, Utah CLARENCE D. LONG, Maryland FRANK E. EVANS, Colorado JOHN P. MURTHA, Pennsylvania ROBERT DUNCAN, Oregon

JOSEPH M. McDADE, Pennsylvania RALPH S. REGULA, Ohio

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$19,950,000, the budget estimate, to provide for costs of forest fire suppression and emergency rehabilitation through the remainder of the fiscal year.

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

CONSTRUCTION AND ANADROMOUS FISH

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$350,000 to initiate the first phase of an environmental investigation of the effects of changing the water levels of Lake Champlain. It is critical to assess the impact on wildlife from changes in the lake level resulting from certain flood control projects proposed by Canada.

from certain flood control projects proposed by Canada.

Canada has been experiencing flood damage along the Richelieu River which flows from Lake Champlain to the St. Lawrence River. Canada has proposed to construct a dam and other flood control structures to solve this problem. These measures will cause changes

in the water levels of Lake Champlain.

Both the river and the lake contain an unusual variety of fish life. A cooperative stocking program, involving Vermont and New York, with the approval of Quebec, is just getting underway, and is aimed at restoring or improving fisheries. In addition, a wide variety of waterfowl stop over on Lake Champlain and on the Richelieu River. Artificial regulation of the lake water levels, particularly in the spring, is critical to these fish and wildlife.

The study is to be carried out with the cooperation of Canada and the affected States and coordinated by the International Joint Com-

mission, the United States and Canada.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

OPERATION OF INDIAN PROGRAMS

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$6,600,000. The amount recommended includes \$5,000,000, the budget estimate, to provide for costs of forest fire suppression and emergency rehabilitation

through the remainder of the fiscal year.

An additional \$1,500,000, the budget request, is provided to offset the added costs incurred by the Bureau of Indian Affairs due to utility price increases. Most of the Bureau's facilities are in isolated locations and must be operated and maintained on an uninterrupted 24-hour basis to insure the health and safety of Indian school children and Bureau personnel. These facilities consist of 77 boarding schools, 19 dormitories, and 117 day schools located in the Indian communities. During the period of July through December 1974, a reduction of 19% in energy consumption was realized. However, the costs of utilities have soared as much as 250% in some areas.

The Committee recommendation includes \$100,000 to cover legal expenses incurred by the Navajo and Hopi tribes arising out of litigation involved in the settlement of their land disputes. The payments

are authorized by Public Law 93-531.

OFFICE OF TERRITORIAL AFFAIRS

ADMINISTRATION OF TERRITORIES

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$900,000 for emergency expenses of the Government of American Samoa. Due to deteriorating equipment, power failures in Samoa now occur several times a day thereby making it virtually impossible for the government, local businesses and the people to conduct normal daily activities. In addition, there has been an overall deterioration in the general financial condition of American Samoa brought on primarily by a record drought in early fiscal year 1975. Because of the drought, operations of the island's tuna canneries were completely curtailed from early September to the middle of November. These conditions have had a devastating effect on local revenues, particularly on corporate income tax revenues. It is now estimated that local revenues collected during the current fiscal year will be some \$9.2 million less than the \$18.7 million previously estimated and budgeted.

To date, fiscal year 1975 operating programs have been reduced by approximately \$3.6 million, or 15 percent, from budgeted levels. Capital improvement programs totaling over \$7 million have been deferred. In addition, approximately 500 government employees have been either furloughed or terminated within the last few weeks, with the workweek for many other government personnel being reduced to 32 hours. These actions will seriously impair the quality of many

government services.

In view of this crisis situation, the Committee has provided an additional \$900,000. Of this amount, \$600,000 will be used to pay direct salary costs of government personnel to continue the already crippled government operations for the remainder of the fiscal year. The remaining \$300,000 is required to finance the cost of shipment and installation of two 4500 kilowatt diesel power plants to be loaned to American Samoa by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

RELATED AGENCIES

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FOREST SERVICE

FOREST PROTECTION AND UTILIZATION

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$84,000,000, the budget estimate, to provide for costs of forest fire suppression through the remainder of the fiscal year.

FEDERAL ENERGY ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$1,000,000, the budget estimate, to provide for preliminary planning for the development of an emergency energy storage system. The funds will provide for the conduct of a series of preliminary studies relating to such questions as what to store, where to store it, how much to store, environmental assessment, and feasibility of alternative short term storage programs. These activities are to be carried out under the general authority of the Federal Energy Administration contained in Sections 5(b), 13(a), and 18 (a) of P.L. 93-275. The actual implementation of an emergency energy storage system must await authorizing legislation from the Congress such as the National Strategic Petroleum Reserve (Civilian) Act of 1975 recommended by the Administration, or similar legislation.

The Committee has denied budget estimates of \$5,000,000 for an energy conservation public education program and \$9,000,000 for a demonstration grant program for housing winterization. In the case of the public education program, the Committee believes that the \$1,000,000 included in the current budget is adequate for this purpose. In the case of the winterization program, the Committee believes that before any further demonstrations of this program take place, there should be specific authority enacted in substantive legislation.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$390,000, the budget estimate, to provide for unanticipated cost increases for utilities. The Smithsonian has experienced increases for utilities of nearly 100%. Already, \$467,000 in unanticipated costs have been absorbed by deferring the replacement of supplies and of worn out equipment, and reducing maintenance of the physical plant. Even with the amount provided in this bill, it is estimated that an additional \$363,000 will have to be absorbed during the remainder of the fiscal year.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$90,000, the budget estimate, to provide for unanticipated cost increases for utili-

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ties. The National Gallery of Art has experienced cost increases similar to those described for the Smithsonian Institution and has already absorbed \$50,000 of these increases.

INCREAGE PAY COSTS

INCREASED PAY COSTS

The Committee considered estimates of \$49,545,000 in new budget authority, \$9,489,000 by transfer and \$3,714,000 in liquidation of contract authority for increased pay costs for the Department of the Interior and related agencies under title II of the bill. The Committee did not approve the proposed transfer of \$9,455,000 for Inflian Health Services and \$34,000 for Indian Education and has provided direct appropriations for these accounts. In addition, the Committee has deleted the requested appropriation of \$900,000 for the Mining Enforcement and Safety Administration. Information supplied to the Committee by the Interior Department indicated that these funds will not be needed because of employment delays and high turnover rates occasioned by economic opportunities in the coal mining portion of the private sector.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS

RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL TITLE I

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H. Doc. No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates
	CHAPTER IV			
-•	DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR			
	BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT			
94-22	Management of lands and resources	\$19, 950, 000	\$19, 950, 000	
	UNITED STATES FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE			
	Construction and anadromous fish		350, 000	. +\$350,00
	BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS			
94-22	Operation of Indian programs	6, 500, 000	6, 600, 000	+100,00
	OFFICE OF TERRITORIAL AFFAIRS			
	Administration of Territories		900, 000	+900,00
	Total, Department of the Interior	26, 450, 000	27, 800, 000	+1,350,00
• .	RELATED AGENCIES			
2.2	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
	FOREST SERVICE			
94-22	Forest protection and utilization: Forest land management.	84, 000, 000	84, 000, 000	
1.	FEDERAL ENERGY ADMINISTRATION			
94-22	Salaries and expenses	15, 000, 000	1, 000, 000	-14, 000, 00
	SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION			**************************************
94-22	Salaries and expenses	390, 000	390, 000	
94-22	Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art		90, 000	
	Total, related agencies	99, 480, 000	85, 480, 000	
	Total, Chapter IV, new budget (obligational) authority	125, 930, 000	113, 280, 000	-12, 650, 0

CHAPTER V

SUBCOMMITTEE ON THE DEPARTMENTS OF LABOR, AND HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE, AND RELATED AGENCIES

DANIEL J. FLOOD, Pennsylvania, Chairman

WILLIAM H. NATCHER, Kentucky NEAL SMITH, Iowa BOB CASEY, Texas EDWARD J. PATTEN, New Jersey DAVID R. OBEY, Wisconsin EDWARD R. ROYBAL, California LOUIS STOKES, Ohio

WILLIAM H. NATCHER, Kentucky NEAL SMITH, Iowa BOB CASEY, Texas

ROBERT H. MICHEL, Illinois GARNER E. SHRIVER, Kansas SILVIO O. CONTE, Massachusetts

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

MANPOWER ADMINISTRATION

FEDERAL UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS AND ALLOWANCES

The bill includes additional appropriation language for this account for fiscal year 1975 but does not include additional funds. The additional language was requested in the budget and approved by the Committee in order to permit the Department of Labor to pay trade readjustment assistance allowances to displaced workers under the Trade Act of 1974, to permit the expenditure of amounts received by way of reimbursement to this account from the U.S. Postal Service during the year in which the funds are received, and to allow the Department to expend unobligated funds recovered from the States during the year in which they are recovered.

The present language for fiscal year 1975 only permits payment of trade adjustment assistance under the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 and does not provide for payment under the new Trade Act. Sufficient funds are available, however, from existing appropriations to pay the adjustment allowances under the new Act. Reimbursements from the Postal Service are not normally received until after the quarter of the fiscal year to which they pertain is over. The language recommended here would allow the Department to utilize the reimbursements during the fiscal year in which they are received.

ADVANCES TO THE UNEMPLOYMENT TRUST FUND AND OTHER FUNDS

The bill includes \$5,000,000,000, the amount of the budget request, and provides a total amount available for this purpose in fiscal year 1975 of \$5,750,000,000. This account provides general revenue advances to several funds for the purpose of paying unemployment compensation to eligible individuals under various Federal and State unemployment compensation laws. Specifically, it provides for making repayable advances to the Federal Unemployment Account and the Extended Unemployment Compensation Account in the Unemployment Trust Fund, and for making non-repayable advances to the appropriation account, Federal Unemployment Benefits and Allowances.

The Extended Unemployment Compensation Account of the Unemployment Trust Fund was established pursuant to the Employment Security Amendments of 1970. Public Law 91-373, for the purpose of making payments to the States for the Federal portion of Federal-State extended benefits. Public Law 93-572, which authorizes Emergency Unemployment Compensation, also provides that payments made to the States for such benefits will be made from this account. The Extended Unemployment Compensation Account is generally financed by a specified percentage of Federal Unemployment Tax Act receipts. However, the enabling legislation provides that when revenues are insufficient for these purposes, there may be appropriated, as repayable advances (without interest), such sums as may be necessary. The Federal-State extended benefit program, which provides 13 weeks of unemployment compensation to individuals who exhaust their regular State unemployment benefits, is generally 50 percent federally financed. The Emergency Unemployment Compensation program, which provides an additional 13 weeks of unemployment compensation, is 100 percent federally financed. Both programs are operative in a State when either the State's rate of insured unemployment is 4 percent or higher or when the national rate is 4 percent or higher. All States are now paying benefits under these two programs. Of the amount included in the bill, it is estimated that \$1,400,000,000 will be advanced to the Extended Unemployment Compensation Account.

The Federal Unemployment Account of the Unemployment Trust Fund was established for the purpose of making non-interest bearing loans to the States, as authorized under Section 1201 of the Social Security Act, at such times as the amount in a State's account is inadequate to meet the payment of unemployment compensation. Section 1203 of the Act authorizes appropriations to the Federal Unemployment Account, as repayable advances (without interest), whenever the account does not have sufficient resources to meet the requested State loans. Upon the application from a State for a loan, funds are transferred from the Federal Unemployment Account to the individual State account of the Unemployment Trust Fund. Since the loan is repayable, the State must return the funds within two years or the funds will be restored to the account through a reduction in tax credits given to such State. As of late March, 1975, eight States had outstanding loans from the Federal Unemployment Account. It is expected that these States will continue to request loans, and that as many as 22 other States will need to borrow funds to meet their unemployment compensation commitments. Of the amount included in the bill, it is estimated that \$1,500,000,000 will be advanced to this account.

The Federal Unemployment Benefits and Allowances account is an appropriation out of general revenues of the Treasury. This appropriation provides payments to the States for unemployment compensation to former Federal personnel, trade adjustment assistance allowances to individuals adversely affected by foreign trade agreements, and to other unemployed individuals who qualify and are not otherwise eligible under any other Federal or State unemployment compensation program. Funds under these Federal programs are allocated to the States, who act as agents for the Federal Government. Of the amount included in the bill, it is estimated that approximately \$2,100,000,000 will be needed for this account. The funds are

primarily for the Special Unemployment Assistance program for previously uncovered workers, which was created by Public Law 93-567, the Emergency Jobs and Unemployment Assistance Act of 1974, enacted on December 31, 1974. Funds advanced to this appropriation are non-repayable since the payment of such compensation

is from general revenue.

The current high rate of unemployment necessitates this appropriation to assure the States that sufficient funds will be available when needed to pay unemployment benefits. To the extent that these funds are not advanced to one of the three accounts, they will be available for use in another. Since the economic situation is so uncertain, the Committee has accepted the estimate contained in the budget but also has made the money available until September 30, 1976, instead of September 30, 1977 as requested in the budget.

DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill includes \$150,000, a reduction of \$400,000 from the budget request for salaries and related costs of carrying out the Department of Labor's responsibilities under the Trade Act of 1974. The amount allowed will provide 60 new positions instead of 80 as requested in

the budget.

The Trade Act gives the Department increased responsibilities in the areas of international trade negotiations, trade adjustment assistance certifications and benefit delivery, and trade-related economic and statistical research. The positions approved in the bill are for the Bureau of International Labor Affairs and the Office of the Solicitor. The Committee is not convinced that 80 new positions are required at this time. The Committee has provided sufficient funds to finance the 60 new positions for one month in this fiscal year, instead of three months as requested in the budget. The budget request assumed an unrealistically early recruitment date.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

ST. ELIZABETHS HOSPITAL

The bill includes \$134,000, the same amount as the budget request. This amount is in addition to the \$70,370,000 currently available for FY 1975. The supplemental request covers the increased Federal share paid for employees' health insurance benefits. The government share of Federal employee health insurance benefits increased from 50% to 60% effective January 1, 1975.

HEALTH RESOURCES ADMINISTRATION

HEALTH RESOURCES

The bill provides \$127,600,000, an increase of \$61,100,000 over the budget request. This is in addition to the \$159,443,000 appropriated to date for health resources. The bill further includes authority to spend \$8,500,000 from the Social Security trust funds to support the review

of capital expenditures prescribed in section 1122 of the Social Security

This appropriation supports the implementation of the National Health Planning and Resources Development Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-641). This legislation adds two new titles to the Public Health Service Act. The first, a new Title XV, is designed to replace existing health planning programs such as Comprehensive Health Planning, Regional Medical Programs and the Experimental Health Services Delivery Systems. The second, a new Title XVI, is designed to replace the existing Hill-Burton program for the construction and modernization of health care facilities. In addition, P.L. 93-641 authorizes an appropriation of such sums as may be necessary to support the transition operations of the Comprehensive Health Planning Agencies, Regional Medical Programs, and the Experimental Health Services Delivery Systems. The Committee approved 100 of the 150 new positions requested and reduced the amount budgeted for new positions by \$100,000. The total positions available for this new program will be 369.

The bill provides \$50,000,000, an increase of \$38,000,000 over the request for Regional Medical Programs in order that on-going projects may complete their work and thus provide for a smooth and orderly transition from the old to the new program. The appropriation of transition funds for Comprehensive Health Planning, Regional Medical Programs, and the Experimental Health Services Delivery Systems is intended to establish the level of funding for these programs

in fiscal year 1975.

In recognition of the timing of this appropriation, the Committee has extended the availability of \$18,700,000 until December 31, 1975 in order that these funds may be available to support the initiation of the new State agencies for Health Planning and Development, and the local Health Systems Agencies. These funds are also available to support the establishment of procedures, guidelines, and regulations to further the rapid development and efficient functioning of these new agencies.

Included in the bill is \$1,200,000 for nursing research projects. No budget request was submitted for this activity. Nursing research project funds support projects dealing with all aspects of patient care, nursing as an occupation, nursing education, expanded or extended roles for nurse practitioners and communication of research findings. There have been no new projects started in the past two fiscal years. The Committee believes this is a modest amount which would fund approximately 15 new projects.

The bill includes \$22,000,000 for D.C. Medical Facilities to complete construction of Children's Hospital and a Concentrated Care Center at Georgetown University Medical Center. No budget request

was submitted for this item.

The total cost of Children's Hospital is estimated at \$70,458,933. To date, \$40,458,933 has been appropriated by Congress, and an additional appropriation of \$16,000,000 is needed to complete the project. The facility will provide specialized hospital research and patient treatment and services in units which will serve as models for delivery of health services to children in a more economical and effective way. In view of the overwhelming support that has been indicated for this project, this Committee feels that the requested Federal assistance should be provided to complete this hospital.

The total cost of the Concentrated Care Center is estimated at \$32,500,000. To date, \$21,900,000 has been appropriated for this project and an additional appropriation of \$6,000,000 is needed to complete construction: The Concentrated Care Center is a model for renovation of over 7,000 hospitals throughout the nation. Many features of the Concentrated Care Center have been initiated by over 50 hospitals to date.

OFFICE OF EDUCATION

ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

The bill includes \$4,000,000 for carrying out the Alcohol and Drug Abuse Education Act, for which there was no budget request. The amount in the bill is \$1,700,000 less than the fiscal year 1974 appropriation. The Committee deferred consideration of this program in the

regular bill for 1975 due to lack of authorizing legislation.

The drug abuse education program is primarily a training program for groups such as teachers, counselors, and law enforcement personnel; and a community education program for parents and other people interested in the problems of drug abuse. Although there is no budget request from the Administration, the Committee believes that there should not be an abrupt termination of the program. The amount included in the bill is sufficient to continue existing projects.

EMERGENCY SCHOOL AID

The bill includes \$125,000,000 to carry out the Emergency School Aid Act, an increase of \$50,000,000 over the budget request and a decrease of \$109,000,000 from the fiscal year 1974 appropriation. The program provides funds to local education agencies and certain public and private nonprofit organizations in order to meet special needs related to school desegregation. Funds are apportioned among the States in accordance with the distribution among the States of minority group children aged 5-17. There are also several setasides in the basic law for various categorical programs. Some of the activities eligible for assistance under the Act are teacher aides, supplemental staff, remedial services, teacher training, guidance and counseling, and curriculum development. Two of the principal categorical setasides in the Act are for bilingual education and educational television programming for children.

The Committee has deferred consideration of the program until now because the Office of Education informed the Committee that efforts were being made by the Administration to amend the Act. Since the program is forward-funded and virtually all of the money is obligated in the fourth quarter of the fiscal year, deferral of consideration by the Committee has had no adverse impact on the program. As a result of the Administration's failure to have the basic law amended through the legislative process, the budget proposes, in effect, to do the same thing in the appropriation bill. The Committee has denied this request and has provided that the funds be spent in

accordance with the basic law.

The Committee is recommending a reduction in the current program level because this program was originally conceived as an emergency program. The Committee does not believe that the Nation. as a whole, is still faced with a situation of crisis proportions such as existed a few years ago. Obviously there are some exceptions, but the Committee believes that the amount in the bill is sufficient to deal with the problems that currently exist. As mentioned previously, the program is forward-funded, so that the funds in the bill will be used in school year 1975-76.

The Committee directs the Assistant Secretary to allocate sufficient funds from this appropriation for the first year of the program authorized by section 708(a)(3) of the Act, the "abstract mathe-

matics" or "Project SEED" program.

The Committee considers bilingual television programming to be one of the most effective learning tools and means available to combat racial isolation for both the non-English speaking as well as the English speaking child and therefore urges that the Office of Education provide sufficient funds under Section 711 of the Emergency School Aid Act for the continued production of Villa Alegre.

HIGHER EDUCATION

The bill includes \$67,400,000, the amount of the budget request, for the Guaranteed Student Loan Program. This amount is in addition to \$315 million for this purpose in the regular bill for fiscal year 1975. This is, in effect, a mandatory appropriation. Guaranteed student loans are made primarily by commercial lenders, with the Federal government paying part of the maximum 7% interest for eligible students. The loans are either guaranteed by State or private non-profit agencies or insured by the Federal government. Total loans outstanding may not exceed \$7,500 for undergraduate or vocational students. This aggregate maximum may be extended to \$10,000 for students who borrow for graduate study. The government also pays a special allowance to lenders, which may not exceed 3% per annum, on all loans made and still outstanding after August 1, 1969.

The additional funds provided are necessary because of an increase of \$4,400,000 in interest subsidies for borrowers, due primarily to a larger than anticipated increase in the number of loans made and in the average amount of the loans; and an increase of \$63,000,000 in the special allowances paid to lenders, due to the high interest rates currently prevailing in the economy. The original 1975 budget was based upon a special allowance of 1.75%. The Office of Education now estimates that the special allowance rate will average the

maximum 3% for fiscal year 1975.

STUDENT LOAN INSURANCE FUND

The bill includes \$82,600,000, the amount of the budget request, to pay for increased defaults in student loans insured by the Federal Government. This amount, together with \$115,000,000 appropriated in the regular bill, provides a total of \$197,600,000 for fiscal year 1975. This Fund was established in fiscal year 1966 under authority of the Higher Education Act for the purpose of depositing receipts and paying expenses on student loans insured or reinsured by the Federal government. Expenses of the Fund consist primarily of payments to

lenders for loan defaults, which are mandatory expenses.

As of June 30, 1975, total loans made under the program will reach an estimated \$7.7 billion, of which \$4.1 billion will be in repayment status; cumulative default payments to lenders will amount to \$458 million. The default rate has increased from 5.2% in fiscal year 1973 to an estimated 11.3% at the end of the current fiscal year. The amount presently available is insufficient to meet the increase in defaults experienced during the year. This is the fourth consecutive year in which a supplemental appropriation has been required for this account. The Office of Education has recently issued new regulations for the program which may be of some help in slowing down the rate of default. The Committee believes, however, that it is now time for the appropriate legislative committees of the Congress to closely examine the Guaranteed Student Loan Program to determine whether the law should be changed in order to reverse the present disturbing trend toward higher rates of default. On page 703 of part one of the hearings on this bill, the Office of Education witness states under questioning that "in the case of direct Federal costs for this program. the cost per loan is approximately 20 percent of the loan value. The average loan value at this point in the program throughout the life of the program is approximately \$1,000 a loan. The cost to the Federal government for that, including salaries and everything else, is running about \$200. So it is about a 20 percent cost."

SOCIAL AND REHABILITATION SERVICE

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE

The bill includes \$1,729,748,000, the same amount as the budget request. This amount is in addition to the \$12,111,731,000 currently

available in 1975.

The supplemental appropriation will provide funds for the Federal share of public assistance expenditures as required by the provisions of the Social Security Act. There has always been difficulty in developing reliable cost estimates for Public Assistance because this program involves over 40 million people, all of the 50 States, and 1,300 counties. The process is further complicated by the fact that State and local laws are frequently revised and definitions of eligibility and payment rates are continually being changed. The most recent analysis made by the Congressional Research Service indicates that this budget estimate may be too high. Nevertheless, in view of the continued uncertainty as to how the public assistance programs will be affected by current economic conditions, the Committee has approved the budget request.

The Committee has included bill language requested by the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare which provides temporary assistance to United States citizens who are repatriated from foreign countries under the auspices of the Department of State due to destitution, illness, war, threat of war, or similar international crisis.

REHABILITATION SERVICES

The bill includes \$500,000 to support planning of a Recreation Complex for the Handicapped in West Virginia to demonstrate

methods of making recreational activities fully accessible to handicapped individuals as authorized by section 304(b) of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended. No budget request was submitted on this item.

There are no known facilities in the United States designed and operated exclusively and specifically to provide therapeutic recreational opportunities and activities for America's handicapped citizens. The Committee believes that the proposed West Virginia Recreation Complex for the Handicapped could serve as an ongoing laboratory to demonstrate what communities throughout the Nation can do to make recreational opportunities readily available to the handicapped. The Committee was informed that the project has the endorsement of all of the related agencies in West Virginia as well as the Rehabilitation Services Administration in H.E.W.

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

PAYMENTS TO SOCIAL SECURITY TRUST AND OTHER FUNDS

No funds are provided in the bill for this request. The amount requested was \$20,242,000 for payment to the GSA Building Fund for that portion of the standard level user charge which is in excess of the actual cost of the space and services utilized by the trust funds. The Committee still believes that the trust funds should not be subject to charges and expenses which are over and above the actual cost of rendering services to trust fund beneficiaries. Furthermore, the Committee believes that the space and construction requirements for the Social Security Program should be funded directly from the Social Security Trust Funds, as they have been in the past, and should continue to be reviewed and approved separately from the space and building needs of general government.

SPECIAL BENEFITS FOR DISABLED COAL MINERS

The bill includes \$80,844,000, the same amount as the budget request. This amount is in addition to the \$876,089,000 currently available for 1975.

The special benefits for disabled coal miners provide for cash benefits to miners who are disabled because of black lung disease, and to widows and children of miners who were entitled to these benefits

or whose deaths were caused by black lung disease.

The amount included in this bill provides (1) for increases in the prior estimate of black lung benefits that resulted from the 5.53 percent increase in the annual salary of Federal government employees which became effective October 1974. The benefit to disabled coal miners is equal to 50 percent of the minimum monthly payment to which a disabled Federal employee in step 1, Grade GS-2 would be entitled at the time of payment; (2) payment of a larger than anticipated number of claims from the appellate process; and (3) increased administrative costs associated with the higher number of appellate claims.

SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME PROGRAM

The bill includes \$83,102,000, the same amount as the budget request. This is in addition to the \$4,774,000,000 currently available for 1975.

The Supplemental Security Income program became effective January 1, 1974 and replaced state-administered programs of assistance to the aged, blind and disabled. The program is administered by the Social Security Administration under uniform eligibility requirements

and payment support levels applicable in all States.

The amount included in this bill provides for higher than estimated benefit payments and for payment of administrative expenses of the program. The revised estimate reflects better data resulting from one year's operation of the program. Experience in fiscal year 1974 and in the early months of this fiscal year has shown that recipients converted from State and local assistance rolls receive substantially higher benefits than newly eligible recipients. The Social Security Act provides for repayment to the trust fund of administrative expenses associated with administering the Supplemental Security Income program. These administrative expenses are repaid on a current basis from the Supplemental Security Income appropriation. The increase in administrative expenses is due to the fact that the claims processing for the Supplemental Security Income program demands more time and manpower than originally projected.

LIMITATION ON SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill includes authority to spend \$78,668,000 from the Social Security Trust Funds for administrative costs, the same amount as the budget request. This is in addition to the \$2,004,729,000 currently

available for 1975.

The need for supplemental funds is due to the requirement for more manpower to carry out the new Supplemental Security Income program, to clean up the backlog of work in disability insurance claims and in the hearing and appeals process, and to cover the increase in other objects of expenditure caused by inflation, such as printing costs, postal rates, and utilities. These funds will support 7,171 more man-years than are currently available.

SPECIAL INSTITUTIONS

GALLAUDET COLLEGE

The bill includes \$8,052,000, the amount of the budget request. The amount in the bill includes \$286,000 to provide salary adjustments for non-faculty employees comparable to Federal employees salary increases, and \$7,766,000 to provide for the second stage of construction for the Model Secondary School for the Deaf dormitories. This appropriation, together with \$3,115,000 provided in the regular bill for 1975, will complete construction of the dormitories. These housing units will not only provide housing accommodations for 450 students but will contain instructional areas, personal learning spaces, group activity areas, recreational spaces, and learning resource centers. The College anticipates the completion of construction by about the first of January, 1977.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY

The bill includes \$2,050,000, the amount of the budget request. The funds will provide salary adjustments for non-faculty employees of

Howard University and Freedmen's Hospital comparable to Federal

employees' salary increases.

It has traditionally been the practice to grant pay increases to the non-faculty employees of Howard University and Gallaudet College whenever Federal employees receive a pay increase. In the past, the Committee has not questioned this practice, and has approved the appropriations requested each year to pay the non-faculty employees of the two institutions, both of which are located in the District of Columbia, at rates comparable to those paid to Federal employees in similar occupations. A study by the Committee's investigative staff indicates that this practice has resulted in payment of salaries at Howard University which are out of line with those paid by comparable educational institutions. The Committee believes that the present system which usually results in retroactive pay raises for the employees involved, because the increases are not actually paid to the employees until additional appropriations for this purpose are enacted, has outlived its usefulness. The Committee therefore directs the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, in conjunction with the two institutions, to devise a more appropriate method of fixing non-faculty salaries which is independent of Federal pay scales. The Committee does not intend to approve future requests for appropriations for these two private institutions for the purpose of giving automatic pay raises whenever there is an increase in the pay of Federal employees.

Assistant Secretary for Human Development

HUMAN DEVELOPMENT THE PART OF THE PROPERTY OF

The bill includes \$462,000,000 to carry out the Head Start; and Native American programs; an increase of \$15,700,000 over the amount requested in the budget and \$39,000,000 over the comparable appropriation for fiscal year 1974. Both of these programs have been operating under the Continuing Resolution for fiscal year 1975 since July 1, 1974. The Committee deferred consideration of them in the regular bill for 1975 due to lack of authorizing legislation. The programs are now authorized by the Headstart, Economic Opportunity, and Community Partnership Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-644), enacted on January 4, 1975.

January 4, 1975.

The amount in the bill includes \$430 million for Head Start, an increase of \$15.7 million over the budget and \$37.9 million over the fiscal year 1974 appropriation. Head Start is a comprehensive preschool program which serves children and their families, primarily those who are poor. It includes a wide range of developmental activities in full-year and summer programs with particular emphasis on parent involvement. The basic law mandates that at least 10% of the total enrollment nationwide must be handicapped children. Several experimental activities are also conducted, along with preparation and training of staffs of local grantees and certain types of health-reflated activities for children enrolled. Grants to carry out the program are awarded to public and private nonprofit agencies, with the Federal share comprising 80% of the total project cost. The Committee provided the increased funds for the program because it felt that the budget did not make adequate allowance for the severe impact of

inflation on the costs of local grantees and because the budget made no provision for increased costs associated with the expanded enrollment of handicapped children.

The bill includes \$32 million for the Native American program, the amount of the budget request, and an increase of \$1.1 million over the 1974 appropriation. The program provides funds to tribal organizations or other public or private nonprofit agencies to strengthen tribal governments, to support urban Indian centers, and for economic development projects. In fiscal year 1974, approximately two-thirds of the funds were awarded to tribal governments on 154 reservations in 24 States.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT

The bill provides \$16,587,000, a reduction of \$4,310,000 from the request.

The bill includes \$16,500,000 for support of policy research under Section 232 of the Community Services Act. The major areas of research are: (1) income maintenance and employment (2) health insurance and (3) delivery of education and human development services.

The Committee reduced the request by \$4,310,000 because of its concern that the research activities in this appropriation may overlap with the research efforts of other organizational units within HEW and the Department of Labor. The Committee is also concerned with the estimated high cost of conducting and completing many of the experiments, especially the health insurance experiment. A study of the activities supported by this appropriation has been requested by the Committee.

The amount included in the bill will support the continuation of on-going projects. However, no provision is made for expansion of current projects or the starting of new projects pending the results of the aforementioned study. Also included in the bill is \$87,000 requested to cover the increased Federal share of employees health insurance benefits.

RELATED AGENCIES

COMMUNITY SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

COMMUNITY SERVICES PROGRAM

The bill includes \$446,000,000 for the operation of the Community Services Administration in fiscal year 1975. This is an increase of \$25,200,000 over the budget request and an increase of \$158,700,000 over the comparable appropriation for fiscal year 1974. However, the 1974 appropriation was much lower than normal because the Administration at that time was trying to eliminate the agency through administrative action and did not include it in the budget for that year. Actually, the amount recommended in the bill is virtually the same as the annualized rate of expenditure currently permitted by the Continuing Resolution, under which the agency has been operating since July 1, 1974. The Committee has deferred consideration of appropriations for this agency until the present time due to lack

of authorizing legislation. The authorization was renewed upon enactment of the Community Services Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-644) on January 4, 1975.

The Community Services Administration is the successor agency to the former Office of Economic Opportunity, and has responsibility for basically the same programs. It is an independent agency within the executive branch.

For community action operations, the Committee has approved the budget request of \$330 million under section 221 of the Act to provide support for the administration and general operating costs of 881 community action agencies throughout the Nation. These funds also provide for a wide variety of local programs operated by community action agencies. The Committee has restored the Senior Opportunities and Services program, the national summer youth sports program, and the State Economic Opportunity Offices to their prior year's funding level. The bill includes \$10 million, \$3 million, and \$12 million, respectively, for these three programs. Consistent with its policy followed throughout this fiscal year, the Committee has reduced the request for payment of standard level user charges to GSA by 10% (\$300.000):

For research and demonstration, the Committee has provided \$8.8 million, including \$2.5 million for expansion of the basic skills learning centers demonstration program. The remainder of the research and demonstration funds are primarily for phasing out existing projects. The bill includes \$53.5 million for community economic development under Title VII of the Act, including \$14.5 million to complete the construction of the Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia serving the urban and rural Middle Atlantic Region. This facility when completed will provide social service support and complement community economic development through provision of health services, child care services, and educational services; and serve as a model of economical, functional energy conservation utilizing modern design and construction concepts. The total cost of the facility is estimated at \$78 million, of which \$63.5 million will be available from non-Federal sources. The Committee has approved the \$5 million requested for the general administrative support of the agency. No new positions were requested in the budget.

The Committee wishes to make clear its intention that the legal services program, although not included in this bill, will continue to operate under the present Continuing Resolution (P.L. 94-7) through the end of the current fiscal year or until enactment of an appropriation for the new Legal Services Corporation.

FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill includes \$300,000, a reduction of \$50,000 from the budget request, for carrying out the responsibilities of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service under Public Law 93-531. Specifically, that law provides for the resolution of a land dispute between the Hopi and Navajo tribes in northeastern Arizona, and further provides that the Director of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service shall appoint a Mediator who shall assist in the negotiations for the

settlement and partition of the relative rights and interests of the tribes to and in lands within the reservation. The law also provides that the Mediator may retain the services of such staff and consultants as he shall deem necessary, subject to the approval of the Director.

The funds in the bill are necessary to pay the Mediator, his staff, and related expenses over a nine-month period. The Committee has reduced the request by \$50,000 because the agency, during the hearing on this request, was unable to satisfactorily justify some of the costs involved.

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

LIMITATION ON SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill includes an increase in the limitation on selaries and expenses of the Railroad Retirement Board of \$200,000, a reduction of \$2,000,000 from the hudget request. The amount included in this bill, together with the amount in the regular bill, provide a total limitation for fiscal year 1975 of \$24,536,000.

The amount in the bill is for the purpose of providing 90 new positions for the Board, as requested in the budget. These positions are needed to enable the Board to keep pace with its mounting workload, which has been increased again as a result of the complex 1974 amendments to the Railroad Retirement Ant. However, the Committee has provided only enough funds in the hill to finance the new positions for one month in this fiscal year, instead of four months as requested in the budget. The budget assumed an unrealistically early recruitment data

The Committee has denied the request for restoration of funds deleted from the regular bill for 1975 for payment of standard level user charges to the General Services Administration. The 1975 Labor-HEW Appropriation Act contains a specific prohibition on the payment of these charges by the Board. The Committee is not disposed to completely reverse the action taken by the Congress on the regular bill just a few months ago. The Committee still believes that trust funds should not be used to pay the cost of constructing Federal office buildings which will be used for purposes unrelated to the program financed by the trust funds which will be used for purposes unrelated to the program financed by the trust funds available within the existing limitation to enable the Beard to pay its actual costs of occupying space for this fiscal year.

The hill includes \$300,000, a reduction of \$30,000 from the budget, request, for carrying out the responsibilities of the freduction of the budget and Conciliation Service under Public Laty 105-131, Scienceally, that law provides for the resolution of a land dispute between the Heat has provided in northeastern Armona, and further provided that the Director of the Federal Medicion and Conciliation Service shall appoint a Medicion who shall assist in the negotiations for the

PEDERAL ALBERTION AND CONCILIATION SHOWER

appropriation for the new Legal Services Corporation.

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COMPARATIVE STATEMENT	1 33 Hi sons I meshaga.

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H. Doc.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates
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M-35	Shediet publication DEPARTMENT OF LABOR		000,33	
04-35	LA LIBERT OF THE WINE WINDS ASSESSED TO THE REAL AND IN THE RE	20, 242, 000		- Tel 345 1001
94-22	Advances to the unemployment truntwind with billier funds	\$5, 000, 000, 000	\$5,000,000,000	
	BERTHINGTON TO DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT		2007 (000)	
94-FX	Salatives and empenses	550,000	156, 000	-\$400,000
	Total, Departmentioffishori	5, 000, 550, 000	5, 000, 150, 000	-400,000
100-40	EBRARIMENT OF HEALTH; EDUCATION; AND WELFARE	87, 400, 190		
84-55	"Mooning, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration	DIEST AND THE	-BZ state to at	
94-22	Str. Effenbethe: Hospital	134,000	134, 000	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
i	Health Rusdines Abainistration			
04.23	Health resources	66, 500, 000	127, 600, 000	+61, 100, 000
	(Trust fund transfer)	(8, 500, 000)	(8, 500, 000)	
8 8 8	OFFICE OF EDUCATION Elementary and secondary educa#EffClininini	-Ounginus	4, 000, 000	+4,000,000

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL...Continued o i artis intel

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H. Dec. No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates
	OFFICE OF EDUCATION—Continued			-
94-22	Emergency school aid.	\$75, 000, 000	\$125, 000, 000	+\$50, 000, 000
94-22	Higher education	67, 400, 000	67, 400, 000	
94-22	Student loan insurance fund	82, 600, 000	82, 600, 000	
	Social and Rehabilitation Service			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
94-22	Public assistance	1, 729, 748, 000	1, 729, 748, 000	
	Rehabilitation services		500, 000	+500,000
2003	SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION	*	A STATE OF THE STA	
94-22	Payments to social security trust and other funds	20, 242, 000		-20, 242, 000
94-22	Special benefits for disabled coal mineral INDOM	80, 844, 000	80, 844, 000	***
94-22	Supplemental security income program	83, 102, 000	83, 102, 000	
94-22	(Limitation on salaries and expenses)	(78, 668, 000)	(78, 668, 000)	()
	Special Institutions	Team (E. M.) Million		
94-22	Gallaudet College	8, 052, 000	8, 052, 000	
94-22	Howard University	2, 050, 000	2, 050, 000	

	.				
10 TeV	Assistant Secretary for Human Development				
93-266) 94-22}	Human development	446, 300, 000	462, 000, 000	+15, 700, 000	
34-22)	Office of the Secretary				
93-266) 94-22	Departmental management	20, 897, 000	16, 587, 000	-4, 310, 000	
or Day	Total, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare	2, 682, 869, 000	2, 789, 617, 000	+106, 748, 000	
er e	RELATED AGENCIES				
	COMMUNITY SERVICES ADMINISTRATION				
94-22	Community services program	420, 800, 000	446, 000, 000	+25, 200, 000	
	FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE				
94-78	Salaries and expenses	350, 000	300, 000	50, 000	9
	RAILEOAD RETIREMENT BOARD				
94-22	(Limitation on salaries and expenses)	(2, 200, 000)	(200, 000)	(-2,000,000)	
14 6 133	Total, Related Agencies	421, 150, 000	446, 300, 000	+25, 150, 000	
SA-A-	Total, Chapter V:				
	New budget (obligational) authority	8, 104, 569, 000	8, 236, 067, 000	+131, 498, 000	
i ji ta	Trust fund transfers	(8, 500, 000)	(8, 500, 000)	()	
***	Trust fund limitations	(80, 868, 000)	(78, 868, 000)	(-2,000,000)	

CHAPTER VI

SUBCOMMETTEE ON LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

BOB CASEY, Texas, Chairman

GEORGE E. SHIPLEY, Illinois ROBERT N. GIAŁMO, Connecticut JOHN J. McFALL, California SIDNEY R. YATES, Illinois FRANK E. EVANS, Colorado EDWARD R. ROYBAL, California J. EDWARD ROUSH, Indiana LAWRENCE COUGHLIN,
Pennsylvania
ELFORD A. CEDERBERG,
Michigan
WILLIAM L. ARMSTRONG,
Colerado
RALPH S. REGULA, Ohio

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

The Committee recommends a total of \$22,035,599 in new budget (obligational) authority. Of this total, \$9,584,329 is included in this chapter for program items and \$12,451,270 is carried in Title II for increased pay costs. The supplemental estimates considered by the Committee were submitted in House Document Numbered 94—22, the appendix to the 1976 bindget, and House Document Numbered 94—. The estimates which total \$24,701,034 have been reduced \$2,665,435.

Conforming to long practice, funds exclusively for operation and activities of the Senate, including items under the Architect of the Capitol, are left for decision and insertion by that body.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

A total of \$5,785,500 is recommended in this chapter for program items. The budget requests total \$7,785,500.

Leadership offices.—The Committee recommends an additional \$6,000 for the leadership offices for the remainder of the fiscal year to cover the cost of increased salaries of certain employees authorized in the Committee Reform Amendments of 1974 (H. Res. 988).

Salaries, officers and employees.—The sum of \$142,000 is recommended for three activities funded under this head; including \$60,000 for the Office of the Clerk to cover the cast of new positions and upgradings authorized since passage of the regular appropriation bill. The House Democratic Steering Committee and the House Republican Conference have each been provided \$41,000 for the salaries of existing personnel, as requested, including the cost of increased salaries for certain employees authorized in H. Res. 988.

Committee employees.—An appropriation of \$3.148,000 is recommended for Committee employees to cover the cost of additional staff for standing committees authorized in H. Res. 988. The regular 1975 appropriation of \$8,624,000 was based on a professional staff of six and a clerical staff of six for each of the 20 standing committees. H. Res. 988 increased this staffing to 18 professional and 12 clerical positions for each of the committees. In addition the Budget Reform Act of 1974 created the Budget Committee as a standing committee of the House. Based on hiring experience to date, it is anticipated the amount recommended, a reduction of \$2,000,000 in the sum requested, will be sufficient for the remainder of the fiscal year.

Committee on Appropriations (investigations).—The appropriation of \$159,000 is recommended to enable the Committee on Appropriations to continue its present level of investigative work and proceed in the development of a computerized budgetary data system.

Contingent expenses of the House.—A total of \$2,330,500 is recommended for a number of items under the contingent fund of the House. Included is \$1,407,500 for the miscellaneous items account to replace funds that have been transferred to the stationery and postage appropriations to cover increased allowances authorized by the Committee on House Administration, and also for travel costs for the early organization caucuses held in December.

The sum of \$500,000 has been provided for the telegraph and telephone account to meet the costs of increased usage and rate increases. An appropriation of \$417,500 is included for government contributions required to be paid for the additional employees expected on committee staffs under the provisions of H. Res. 988. The bill provides \$4,500 to cover increased leasing costs of the leadership automobiles. H. Res. 988 authorized an increase in the salary of the Law Revision Counsel and the sum of \$1,000 is included for that purpose.

JOINT TTEMS

Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation:—An additional appropriation of \$75,000 is recommended for the remainder of the year, as requested, to meet computer terminal costs and an increasing workload.

Office of the Attending Physician. - The Committee recommends the appropriation of \$171,004 to reimburse the Department of the Navy for the fiscal year 1975 cost of active duty military personnel and the civilian chauffeur assigned to the Office of the Attending Physician in the United States Capitol. The Navy has traditionally assigned medical personnel to the Capitol since 1928 on a nonreimbursable basis. Undoubtedly, at that time few military personnel were assigned to work in other Federal agencies. As of March 31, 1974, 1,951 members of the military services were working in other Federal agencies, and over 70 percent of these positions were on a nonreimbursable basis. The Committee expressed its concern over this practice, both during the hearings and in the report on the 1975 Defense Appropriation bill indicating its desire that the users of military personnel be billed in a timely and uniform manner and that all collections be applied to the military personnel appropriations to offset military personnel costs for the year in which the work was performed and not to general treasury receipts. In response to that directive the Department of the Navy has requested reimbursement in the amount recommended. Language has been included in the bill providing that such amount shall be advanced and credited to the applicable appropriations of the Department of the Navy.

Capitol Police.—The bill provides an appropriation of \$186,090 to the Capitol Police Board for reimbursement to the Metropolitan Police Department for services of police officers detailed to the Capitol Police Force. This amount is to cover the cost of an approximately 16 percent pay raise enacted on September 3, 1974, and retroactive to July 1, 1974.

Education of pages.—An appropriation of \$16,735 is provided for reimbursement to the District of Columbia Public Schools for teachers assigned to the Capitol Page School. These funds are required to cover the cost of two salary increases granted D.C. teachers in the Teachers Salary Act of 1974.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

Capitol Buildings.—An appropriation of \$250,000 is recommended for the completion and initial operation of the security system for the Capitol complex, including the procurement of necessary spare parts and testing equipment.

Capitol Power Plant.—The bill includes \$3,100,000 additional for the purchase of fuel and electrical energy during the remainder of the fiscal year, as requested. The Architect testified that costs have more

than doubled since the original 1975 budget estimates were developed. Of the total allowance, \$1,100,000 is to meet anticipated deficiencies in the amounts currently available for the purchase of coal and fuel oil, and \$2,000,000 is to meet a 56 percent increase in rates for electricity.

All electrical energy for the Capitol complex is purchased and funded through this appropriation. The Architect reported a 10 percent reduction in electricity consumed during the past fiscal year which is attributed to the request to turn out lights as a part of the energy savings program which began early in the year. However, in November and December of the current fiscal year there was an increase in use. The Committee wishes to point out that the need to conserve energy is still very necessary and urges that lighting in all areas, public and private, be reduced wherever possible and that similar conservation measures should be continued insofar as heating and cooling are concerned, in an effort to partially offset the increases in kilowatt and fuel costs.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL

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	CHAPTER VI			with estimates
			To the state of t	
	LEGISLATIVE BRANCH			
×	House of Representatives			
	HOUSE LEADERSHIP OFFICES			
94- Offi	Office of the Speaker	\$1,000	\$1,000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Office of the Majority Floor Leader	2, 000	2, 000	
94- Offi	Office of the Minority Floor Leader	1, 000	1, 000	
94- Offi	Office of the Majority Whip	1,000	1, 000	
94- Offi	Office of the Minority Whip	1, 000	1, 000	
: 1.	Total, House leadership offices	6,000	6,000	1

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL—Continued TITLE I

H, Doc.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates	
MY	House of Representatives—Continued				
	SALARIES, OFFICERS, AND EMPLOYEES	\$60,000	\$60,000		
94- 94-	Office of the Clerk House Democratic Steering Committee	44 000	41, 000		
94-	House Republican Conference		41, 000		
31	Total, salaries, officers, and employees	142, 000	142, 000		
94-	Committee employees	5, 148, 000	3, 148, 000	-\$2, 000, 000	1
94-	Committee on Appropriations (investigations)	159, 000	159, 000		
	CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE				
94-	Miscellaneous items	1, 407, 500	1, 407, 500		
94-	Telegraph and telephone	500, 000	500, 000		
94-	Government contributions	417, 500	417, 500		
94-	Leadership automobiles	4, 500	4, 500		
94-	Revision of laws	1,000	1, 000		
001	Total, contingent expenses of the House	2, 330, 500	2, 330, 500		
	Total, House of Representatives	7, 785, 500	5, 785, 500	-2, 000, 000	
	JOINT ITEMS				

94	Contingent expenses of the House: Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Texation	75,000	75, 000		
94-	Office of the Attending Physician	i71, 004	171, 004		
94-	Capitol Police: Capitol Police Board	186,090	186, 090		
94-	Education of pages	16, 735	16, 735		
	Total, joint items	448, 829	448, 829		
188	• ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL			The state of the s	
	CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GEOTINDS	To the second	N N N	2 2 2	
94-22	Capitol buildings	250, 000	250, 006	-14	
94-22	Capitol Power Hant	3, 100, 000	3, 100, 000		45
1	Total, Architect of the Capitol	3, 350, 000	3, 350, 000		Ot
	Total, chapter VI: New budget (obligational) antipority	11, 584, 329	9, 584, 329	-2 ,0 00,000	
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CHAPTER VII

SUBCOMMITTEE ON PUBLIC WORKS

JOE L. EVINS, Tennessee, Chairman

EDWARD P. BOLAND,
Massachusetts
JAMIE L. WHITTEN, Mississippi
JOHN M. SLACK, West Virginia
OTTO E. PASSMAN, Louisiana
TOM BEVILL, Alabama

JOHN T. MYERS, Indiana CLAIR W. BURGENER, California

NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends a total of \$44,400,000, which is a reduction of \$12,000,000 from the budget request, for salaries and

expenses of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

Public Law 93-438, the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974 established the Energy Research and Development Administration (ERDA) and the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC). ERDA and NRC became operational on January 19, 1975. The duties of the NRC include nuclear facility licensing and related functions, reactor safety research, and new programs and studies directed by the Energy Reorganization Act. The regulatory duties of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission include the review and licensing involved with applications to construct and operate nuclear powerplants so that the public can be certain that the plants constructed will operate with a maximum of safety.

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission is one of the largest regulatory agencies. In the current fiscal year, including the funds provided in this supplemental, the Commission will incur obligations totaling \$146,290,000. In addition to a total of 2,161 permanent positions there are also 164 full time equivalent of temporary and part time positions making 2,325 total personnel spaces available to the agency.

The Commission's 1976 budget request indicates that the agency expects to grow to 2,339 full time positions and 131 full time equivalent positions which will make a total of 2,470 personnel available in the coming year. The 1976 program anticipates an obligational level of \$220,085,000.

The Committee is currently in the process of reviewing the 1976 budget request of the Commission and expects to report out a bill in the near future. The funds recommended in the Supplemental Appropriations bill provide adequate funds for the remaining part of the current fiscal year to carry out the Commission's programs.

NUCLEAR SAFETY

Recent studies and statements have reemphasized and verified the high degree of safety built into nuclear powerplants. The Rasmussen Report, an independent analysis of nuclear safety which was headed by Professor Rasmussen of MIT, stated in part that the odds against an individual fatality from a nuclear accident are one in 300 million—and further that the chances for a serious accident causing 1,000 or more fatalities is one in a million years—which is the same probability that a meteor would strike a population center in the United States with the same result.

Testimony before the Committee has shown that there have been no radiation accidents involving the public as a result of the operation of nuclear power plants during the more than 200 reactor-

years of commercial operation in this country.

Today, there are 55 nuclear powerplants operating.

A substantial majority of the scientific community supports nuclear power as the only current practical alternative power source other than fossil fuels.

A recent statement signed by 32 prominent scientists including eleven Nobel Prize winners, concluded:

"We can see no reasonable alternative to an increased used of nuclear power to satisfy our energy needs."

This statement also included these comments:

The U.S. choice is not coal or uranium: we need both * * * However, we see the primary use of solid fuels, especially of uranium, as a source of electricity * * * There are many interesting proposals for alternative energy sources which deserve vigorous research effort, but none of them is likely to contribute significantly to our energy supply in this century.

The safety of civilian nuclear power has been under public surveillance without parallel in the history of technology. As in any new technology, there is a learning period. Contrary to the scare publicity given to some mistakes that have occurred, no appreciable amount of radioactive material has escaped from any commercial U.S. reactor * * *

The separation of the Atomic Energy Commission into the the Energy Research and Development Administration and the Nuclear Regulatory Commission provides added reassurance for realistic management of potential risks and benefits.

On any scale the benefits of clean inexpensive and inexhaustible domestic fuel far outweigh the possible risks.

The safety record of nuclear power in the United States has been outstanding.

Six prominent nuclear scientists in a position paper issued last year stated:

Rigorous examination of the present risks, cost and impact of all electric power sources leads us to conclude that nuclear power is more than acceptable; it is preferable.

These scientists, who included Dr. Ian A. Forbes, Chairman of the Department of Nuclear Engineering, Lowell Technological Institute, Lowell, Massachusetts, reached these conclusions:

1. During normal operation, nuclear plants pose less risk to public health than coal- or oil-fired electric plants.

2. The risk to the public for the worst hypothetical accidents for both nuclear and fossil plants, is less than most of the risks society has historically accepted.

3. The everall impact of nuclear plants on land, air and Water is far less than that of coal-fired plants and comparable to that of the oil-fired plants.

Dr. Ralph Lapp, noted scientist and author, said in a recent state-

ment:

No substantial case has been advanced to indict the reactor systems on safety contentions opponents of nuclear power have made utterly unrealistic suggestions, for alternative sources of energy,

At the Committee's request William Anders, Chairman of the recently created Nuclear Regulatory Commission, provided his views on nuclear safety.

He said:

When nuclear power plants are built and operated in accordance with the rigid regulatory requirements of the Federal Government and it is the job of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission to assure this—the public can be confident the blants are safe.

deven Nobel Prize winners, concluded:

We consider that the excellent safety record of the industry has been fostered by the substantial safety margins which have been required and provided in the design and opera-

tions of the plants.

At this felatively early stage in commercial experience with nuclear power, it is our view that these margins should be preserved, and we are determined to do just that.

The Committee is confident that the work of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission will help to assure that the fine and exemplary safety record of nuclear power will be continued.

BUDGET REQUEST

The Nuclear Regulatory Commission's (NRG) supplemental budget request is for \$56,400,000. A total of \$89,000,000 was requested to replace anticipated revenues which will be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury rather than to the agency which is responsible for nuclear power regulation. The regulatory functions of NRC were formerly carried out by the Atomic Energy Commission (AEC). The AEC used revenues from its regulatory functions to offset appropriations. Therefore, this change in the method of financing the Commission necessitates an increase in appropriations at this time.

The sum of \$9,500,000 is requested to provide refunds to licensees as the result of a Supreme Court decision. The Supreme Court decided that certain annual fees, dating from October 1, 1968, were unconstitutional and must be refunded. The Court decided, in essence, that annual fees where no services were performed with respect to

an identifiable recipient were a tax rather than a fee.

In addition, \$7,900,000 is requested for new activities required by the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974 and for new personnel,

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATIONS

The Committee recommends a total of \$44,400,000, which is a reduction of \$12,000,000 in the budget request.

The revenues recovered from AEC's nuclear regulatory activities amounted to \$17,200,000 as opposed to the \$11,000,000 reflected in the budget request. Thus the Committee recommends a reduction of \$6,200,000. A total of \$32,800,000 is therefore, recommended for this item. This reduction, of course, has no effect on NRC's programs.

During the hearings the NRC indicated that its estimate of funds needed to refund fees required by the Supreme Court decision (described earlier in the report) was \$9,500,000. However, it is uncertain as to when or if this level of funds will be required to refund to licensees. Requests for only \$1,100,000 have been received to date. The Committee recommends that \$5,000,000 be included for this item, which is a reduction of \$4.500,000 from the budget request. This item will be reviewed again during deliberations on the regular 1976 appropriation

\$3,000,000 is requested for Contract Research. Because of the lateness in the year that this supplemental is being coasidered, it is recommended that a reduction of \$300,000 be applied to this re-

search activity, which allows \$2,700,000 for this item.

The NRC requested \$2,200,000 for new personnel However, it should be noted that this supplemental request was submitted to the Office of Management and Budget on November 5, 1974, and was sent to Congress on Mebruary 2, 1975. By the time these funds become available, it will be close to the end of the fiscal year. The Committee recommends a reduction of \$1,000,000 for personnel costs. The \$1,200,000 made available would provide for 105 new positions. All of these employees would be in headquarters. The NRC will have 316 personnel in the field, and 1,845 in their headquarters office for a total of 2.161.

The Committee recommends the full budget request of \$1,200,000 for rent; supplies and other services; \$500,000 for equipment; and

\$1,000,000 for goods and services on order.

Shortly, the Committee will be holding the hearings on the FY 1976 budget request of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. The Committee can reassess the manpower needs of the NRC at that time. The Commission is urged to select only highly qualified, competent personnel. They have an important service to perform to help alleviate the energy problem and to insure and reassure the safety of nuclear power to the people, in the public interest.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE-CIVIL

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

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Corps of Engineers-Civil

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, GENERAL

Language was requested to authorize the Secretary of the Army to transfer such sums as he determined to be necessary from the Construction, general appropriation into the operation and maintenance appropriation for the dredging program.

The Committee has provided an additional \$48,000,000 for operation and maintenance in the Emergency Employment Appropriation bill of 1975. The requested language is, therefore, no longer needed.

In addition, the Committee does not believe that transfer authority, such as that proposed, is warranted. The Congress provides funds, at the appropriate level, for each of the Corps of Engineer programs. It does not appear to be prudent to provide the Corps with a vehicle that could be used to obviate the intent of Congress.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

The Committee recommends \$6,725,000, the full amount of the

budget request.

Of the total amount recommended \$6,100,000 is for the increased cost of power from the Centralia Thermal Project in the State of Washington. The Bureau of Reclamation, along with several other utilities, purchases power from the Centralia Plant. The Bureau's share of the Centralia plant output is 427 megawatts. This arrangement for purchase of power capacity originated in connection with authorization of construction of the Pacific Northwest-Pacific Southwest intertie.

There have been many problems encountered in getting the Centralia plant to operate efficiently and effectively within pollution control standards. These include the following: inadequate emission control requiring the purchase and installation of auxiliary precipitators, increased maintenance of pulverizers and modification of the coal preparation and conveyance system. Inflation is also a significant factor in these increases, particularly in the cost of coal.

A total of \$500,000 is required for the Pick-Sloan Missouri Basin Program in order to purchase energy for participation in the oil conservation program involving oil-fired electric generation operations.

In addition, \$625,000 is required so that the Bureau of Reclamation may assume operation of the Newlands Project after there has been an order by a court in Nevada permitting the Secretary, acting

through Reclamation, to take over the project.

The Newlands Project, which is located in western Nevada near Fallon, stores and diverts water from the Truckee and Carson Rivers to irrigate approximately 73,000 acres. Project facilities were transferred by the Bureau of Reclamation to the Truckee-Carson Irrigation District for care, operation and maintenance under a contract dated December 18, 1926. On September 14, 1973, the district was notified that the operating contract would be terminated as of October 31. 1974, as a result of the district's repeated violations of Department of Interior Operating Criteria and Procedures for the Newlands Project. The operating criteria resulted from an order issued on February 20. 1973, by Judge Gerhard Gessell of the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia. Among other things, it was found that the district used water in excess of the 288,000 acre-feet per year for irrigation purposes allowed by the court. The cancellation and takeover are being contested by the Truckee-Carson Irrigation District, and pending the outcome of this litigation, the district remains in physical control of the works.

If Reclamation assumes operation of the project facilities it faces the costly task of mobilizing labor and equipment and of successfully supplanting and conducting the Truckee-Carson Irrigation District function. It is estimated that \$625,000 will be required for FY 1975 to administer the operation and maintenance of the Newlands project. That amount is needed for labor costs associated with the operations, equipment rental, and other associated operations and maintenance expense.

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H. Doc.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Hill compared
	CHAPTER VII			note and heat
	NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION			Tropics of the contract of the
94-22 Salaries ar	Salaries and expenses	\$56, 400, 000	\$44, 400, 000	\$13,000, 000
	DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF RECLAMATION			ting tpa to go to or to their
94-22 Operation and	and maintenance	6, 725, 000	6, 725, 000	he for the formation of
To	Total, chapter VII, new budget (obligational) authority.	63, 125, 000	51, 125, 000	- 12 100, 000

CHAPTER VIII

SUBCOMMITTEE ON DEPARTMENTS OF STATE, JUSTICE, AND COMMERCE, THE JUDICIARY AND RELATED AGENCIES

JOHN M. SLACK, West Virginia, Chairman

NEAL SMITH, Iowa
JOHN J. FLYNT, Jr., Georgia
BILL ALEXANDER, Arkansas
YVONNE BRAITHWAITE BURKE,
California
JOSEPH D. EARLY, Massachusetts

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Administration of Foreign Affairs

PAYMENT TO FOREIGN SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

The Committee recommends \$1,420,000, the full amount requested, for a mandatory payment to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund. This payment to the Fund is to cover the unfunded liability created in fiscal year 1975 by Executive Order 11811 effective October 7, 1974, which increased employees salaries on which benefits are computed. The amount covers benefits for foreign service personnel of the Department of State and the United States Information Agency.

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND CONFERENCES

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES AND CONTINGENCIES

The bill provides an additional \$1,000,000 for "International Conferences and Contingencies," to be derived by transfer. This amount will provide funds for United States participation in the Middle East Peace Conference, the final phases of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, and the first review conference on the Non-Proliferation Treaty.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACEKEEPING ACTIVITIES

The accompanying bill does not include the \$46,179,000 requested for international peacekeeping activities. These funds were requested to provide additional contributions to the International Commission of Control and Supervision in Vietnam and to pay United States assessments for expenses of the United Nations peacekeeping forces in the Middle East.

The request included \$17,342,000 for payment to the International Commission of Control and Supervision in Vietnam, which would cover the assessed shares of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam (North Vietnam) and the Provisional Revolutionary Government of

55

South Vietnam (Vietcong), as well as funds to reimburse the Agency for International Development for certain funds advanced to the Commission. The sum of \$5,658,000 has already been appropriated to pay the United States assessment for the current fiscal year. The request for additional funds has been denied.

The request also included \$28,837,000 to cover assessed contributions for maintaining the United Nations Emergency Force and the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force along the Egyptian and Syrian borders of Israel. Since there is currently no authorization for the appropriation of such funds, the request has not been allowed.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

GENERAL LEGAL ACTIVITIES

The bill includes \$246,000, to be derived by transfer, to cover an increase in the cost of legal transcripts required in the "General Legal Activities" work of the Department of Justice.

ANTITRUST DIVISION

The bill includes \$77,000, to be derived by transfer, to cover an increase in the cost of legal transcripts necessary in carrying out the work of the Antitrust Division.

UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS AND MARSHALS

The additional sum of \$886,000 is provided for "United States Attorneys and Marshals", of which \$586,000 is to be derived by transfer. This sum, which is the total amount requested, includes \$300,000 for the payment of land commissioners appointed in condemnation cases, as well as \$186,000 related to the increased cost of transcripts and \$400,000 for payments resulting from the Law Enforcement and Firefighting Personnel Retirement Benefits Act of 1974.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill provides an additional \$3,570,000 for the Federal Bureau of Investigation, to be derived by transfer. This amount, which is the same as the request, includes \$2,100,000 related to increases in health benefits and \$1,470,000 for increased costs of retirement benefits resulting from the enactment of the Law Enforcement and Firefighting Personnel Retirement Benefits Act of 1974.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

DOMESTIC AND INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

OPERATIONS AND ADMINISTRATION

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$1,100,000, which is \$80,000 below the budget request. These supplemental funds are provided to enable the Department of Commerce to carry out its responsibilities under the Foreign Investment Study Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-479) and to perform the Department's functions for industrial defense mobilization.

The Foreign Investment Study Act of 1974 requires the Commerce Department to prepare a complete analytical study of the extent, character and impact of foreign direct investment in the United States. The Act further requires the Department to submit an interim report of its findings to the Congress by November 1, 1975, and a final report by May 1, 1976. These funds will enable the Domestic and International Business Administration to begin a comprehensive program of financial and statistical data collection and analysis which

is necessary to fulfill the requirements of the Act.

This appropriation will also provide the funding to continue the various industrial defense mobilization functions of the Commerce Department, including the priorities and allocation program and the Strategic and Critical Stockpiling activities, which were formerly funded through reimbursement from the Office of Preparedness, General Services Administration. The Congress provided funding to GSA for reimbursable support of defense mobilization activities of eight Federal agencies through December 31, 1974, and has indicated that these agencies should receive direct funding for the continuation of their defense mobilization functions.

NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

COASTAL ZONE MANAGEMENT

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$3,000,000, the full amount of the budget request for the coastal zone management program. These funds, which were authorized by an amendment of January 2, 1975, to the Coastal Zone Management Act, will provide increased program development grants to permit certain coastal states to accelerate development of regulations for the use of their coastal zones, consistent with the timetables for Federal leasing of new offshore areas for oil and gas exploration.

SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL RESEARCH

SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL RESEARCH AND SERVICES

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$1,000,000, the full amount of the supplemental budget request, to permit the National Bureau of Standards to begin a voluntary program with the appliance industry for reducing energy use of home appliances through the establishment of minimum energy efficiency levels. NBS will undertake cooperative efforts with the industry to develop efficiency standards and measurement techniques based on the technical feasibility of modifying design and component parts to make appliances more efficient.

THE JUDICIARY

COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS

The Committee recommends the sum of \$112,000, to be derived by transfer, to cover additional salaries and expenses of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts incurred in the implementation of the Speedy Trial Act of 1974. This amount, although \$176,000 less than the request, is considered adequate to cover such cost for the balance of the current fiscal year.

EXPENSES OF REFEREES

The bill includes the sum of \$52,000 for "Expenses of Referees," \$64,000 less than the amount requested. These additional funds are required due to a considerable increase in bankruptcy filings, which were 30 percent higher for the first five months of fiscal year 1975 than they were during the same period in fiscal year 1974. The amount provided will permit the employment of 34 additional bankruptcy clerks.

SPEEDY TRIAL PLANNING

The Committee recommends \$2,500,000, the full amount authorized and requested, for carrying out the initial phase of formulation and implementation of speedy trial plans as authorized by title I of the Speedy Trial Act of 1974. These funds, which are to remain available until expended, are to be allocated by the Administrative Office of the United States Courts to each of the 94 Federal judicial districts.

The objectives of the Speedy Trial Act are to shorten the time period between arrest and trial of a person charged with a crime. The Act permits four years from July 1, 1975, for implementation of plans to achieve such objectives. After that time a person who is arrested for a crime must be indicted within 30 days, must be arraigned within 10 days after indictment, and trial must be set within 60 days after arraignment.

PRETRIAL SERVICES AGENCIES

The bill provides \$10,000,000, the full amount authorized and requested, for salaries and expenses of pretrial services agencies to be established pursuant to title II of the Speedy Trial Act of 1974. This amount includes funds to provide supportive services to defendants released pending trial.

Under the terms of the authorizing legislation these agencies are to be established on a demonstration basis in each of 10 representative judicial districts. The \$10,000,000 provided in the accompanying bill is to operate these agencies for a period of 15 months.

FEDERAL JUDICIAL CENTER

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The sum of \$1,020,000, the full amount requested, is recommended to enable the Federal Judicial Center to accelerate the develop-

ment and implementation of a computerized information system (COURTRAN II). This system is designed to assist the courts in meeting the objectives of the Speedy Trial Act of 1974. The amount provided is to be derived by transfer from the appropriation "Fees of Jurors", fiscal year 1975.

EXPENSES, U.S. COURT FACILITIES

FURNITURE AND FURNISHINGS

The Committee recommends an additional appropriation of \$1,-200,000, to be derived by transfer from the appropriation for space and facilities, to cover the cost of furniture and furnishings for U.S. Court facilities. This amount, which is the full amount requested, will bring the total appropriation for fiscal year 1975 to \$3,875,000. The comparable expenditures for fiscal years 1973 and 1974, when the funds were appropriated directly to the General Services Administration, were \$3.1 million and \$4.5 million respectively.

RELATED AGENCIES

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The sum of \$800,000 is provided in the accompanying bill to defray a deficiency incurred by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission in fiscal year 1974. The over-obligation was reported to the Congress on December 19, 1974, pursuant to the Anti-deficiency Act (31 U.S.C. 665). This appropriation will be used to pay vendors for goods and services rendered to the Commission.

for goods and services rendered to the Commission.

The Committee expects the Commission to establish controls to prevent the recurrence of such violations. Such control are necessary for the proper management of funds and programs, and the Committee expects periodic reports from the Commission and the progress of these efforts.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL

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H. Doc. No.	Department of activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates	
······································	CHAPTER VIII		1		
	DEPARTMENT OF STATE	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		. *	
	ADMINISTRATION OF FOREIGN APPAIRS				
94-22	Payment to Foreign Service retirement and disability fund	\$1, 420, 000	\$1, 420, 000		
	INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS AND CONFERENCES	a.e =			
94-22	International conferences and contingencies (By transfer)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)		
94-22	Contributions for international peacekeeping activities	46, 179, 000		-\$46, 179, 000	
74 m.	Total, international organizations and conferences	46, 179, 000	~ = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	-46, 179, 000	
147 . 1	(By transfer)	(1, 000, 000)	(1,000,000)		
	Total, Department of State	47, 599, 000	1, 420, 000	-46, 179, 000	
	(By transfer)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)		

	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	1		
Ŧ	LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION			
94-22	Salaries and expenses, general legal activities (By transfer)	(246, 000)	(#10,000)	
94-22	Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division (By transfer)	(77,000)		
94-22	Salaries and expenses, U.S. attorneys and marshals	1	(77, 000)	()
	(By transfer)	300, 000 (586, 000)	300, 000 (586, 000)	(
	Total, legal activities and general administration			()
	(Dy transfer)	300, 000 (909, 000)	300, 000 (<i>909, 000</i>)	(
	FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION			
94-22	Salaries and expenses (By transfer) Total, Department of Justice	(8 570 000)	(0 500 000)	
1. 1	Total, Department of Justice	(3, 570, 000)	(3, 570, 000)	()
	Total, Department of Justice (By transfer)	300, 000 (4, 479, 000)	300, 000	()
	DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE		(1, 1, 0, 000)	()
	DOMESTIC AND INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION			
94-22	Operations and administration	1 100 000		
	NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION	1, 180, 000	1, 100, 000	-80, 000
94-22	Coastal zone management	2 000 000	2 222 222	
	보고 100년 (1915년 <u>1915년 1917년 1917년 1917년 1917년 1</u>	3, 000, 000	3, 000, 000	

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDATION IN THE BILL—Continued

TITLE I

H. Doc. No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates
B4-55	DEFARTMENT OF COMMERCE—continued	2 000 000	y now one	
	SCIENCE AND TECHNICAL RESEARCH			
94-92	Scientific and technical research and services	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
,	Fotal; Departments of Commerculative - Education Livia	5, 180, 000	5, 100, 000	-\$80, 000
1	Tare Judicianie			
	COURTS OF ARTELASS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES	(11 (337 0000)	111-212-000	
94-59	Administrative Office of U.S. Courts	288, 000	300,000	-288, 000
5H 75	(By transfer)	()	(112, 000)	(+112,000)
94-59	Expenses of referees.	116, 000	52, 000	-64, 000
94-59	Speedy trial planning tienter and guard-administration	2, 500, 000	2, 500, 000	
94-59	Pretrial services agencies.	10, 000, 000	10, 000, 000	******
94 32	Total, courts of appeals, district courts, and other judicial			
74-53	Salaries serviceers of animate standard transfers	12, 904, 000	12, 552, 000	-352, 000
14-25	grini (By transfet)	()	(112, 000)	(+112,000)
	/FEDERAL BUDICIAL/CENTER 1914, 1914			
94-59	Salaries and expenses	1, 020, 000		-1,020,000
	(By transfer)	()	(1, 020, 000)	(+1,020,000)

94-59	Furniture and furnishings (by transfer)	(1, 200, 000)	(1, 200, 000)	()
	Total, the Judiciary (By transfer)	13, 924, 000	12, 552, 000	-1, 372, 000
	RELATED AGENCIES	(1, 200, 000)	(2, 332, 000)	(+1, 132, 000)
94-22	Salaries and expenses (fiscal year 1974). Total, Ceapter VIII	800, 000	800, 000	-
	New budget (obligational) authority:	200,000		
	1975	800, 000 67, 0 0 3, 000	19, 372, 000	-47 , 631, 000
	TotalBy transfer	67, 803, 000 (6, 679, 000)	20, 172, 000 (7, 811, 000)	-47, 631, 000 (+1, 132, 000)

CHAPTER IX

SUBCOMMITTEE ON DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES

JOHN J. McFALL, California, Chairman

SIDNEY R. YATES, Illinois TOM STEED, Oklahoma EDWARD I. KOCH, New York BILL ALEXANDER, Arkansas ROBERT DUNCAN, Oregon SILVIO O. CONTE, Massachusetts JACK EDWARDS, Alabama

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

COAST GUARD

OPERATING EXPENSES

The Committee has approved the full budget request of \$24.5 million to meet uncontrollable cost increases and to initiate the implementation of the Deepwater Port Act of 1974. The Committee has not approved the requested transfer of an additional \$12.5 million to provide a contingency for possible future cost increases.

Of the amount recommended, \$24 million is to meet cost increases. Testimony indicates that even with a 15 percent reduction in consumption, fuel costs have increased \$14.8 million. Cost increases for food, operational supplies, communications, and other essential services constitute the remaining \$9.2 million. In addition, the bill includes \$500,000 to enable the Coast Guard to begin to implement the Deepwater Port Act of 1974.

RETIRED PAY

The Committee considered a budget request of \$9,605,000 for payments to retired Coast Guard personnel. Recent recomputations indicate that an appropriation of \$9,150,000 will be sufficient.

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

RAILROAD-HIGHWAY CROSSINGS DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

The bill includes \$360,000 for an engineering and feasibility study for a demonstration railroad relocation project in Lafayette, Indiana. This appropriation is authorized by the Federal-Aid Highway Amendments of 1974, Public Law 93-643. This study is in addition to the 12 ongoing demonstration projects authorized by the Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973.

FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION

RAILROAD SAFETY

The Committee recommends a total of \$1.7 million, of which \$700,000 is to be derived by transfer, to improve the track inspection program of the Federal Railroad Administration. The sum recommended is a reduction of \$200,000 below the amount requested.

The funds included in the bill will provide \$400,000 for the operation of the existing test cars for the balance of the current fiscal year and \$1.3 million for the conversion of two other rail cars into an additional track inspection unit. The number of accidents caused by defective track continues to increase. In 1973 track defects accounted for 3,556 accidents, and the latest data for calendar year 1974 indicates that this number will increase to 4,239. The testimony indicates that these track inspection units will not only enable the Federal Railroad Administration to inspect more track, but they will also provide for improved inspection of that track which is checked.

GRANTS TO THE NATIONAL RAILROAD PASSENGER CORPORATION

The Committee recommends a supplemental appropriation of \$74,725,000 to enable the Secretary of Transportation to make additional Federal grants to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation (Amtrak). The bill includes language which would make \$59,800,000 of this appropriation contingent upon the enactment of authorizing legislation. The authorization for this appropriation was reported by the Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee on March 26, 1975.

Amtrak assumed the responsibility for providing intercity rail passenger service between certain designated cities on May 1, 1971. The Rail Passenger Service Act of 1970 required that a basic national intercity passenger system was to be established by that date, and authorized this basic system to be continued in operation until July 1, 1973. Subsequent legislation has authorized the continued operation of this system until July 1, 1975.

The amount recommended by the Committee is \$3,175,000 less than the budget request. The largest single item in Amtrak's request is \$49,700,000 to cover wage and price increases. The indices of inflation for fuel and materials published by the American Association of Railroads, however, indicate a slower rate of increase in this area in recent months and the Committee feels that the reduction recommended can be accomplished without affecting Amtrak's overall program.

Including the funds in the accompanying bill, Congress will have appropriated a total of \$275 million to Amtrak for the current fiscal year. The Committee reiterates the concern about Amtrak's substantial operating deficits expressed in the Conference Report on the Second Supplemental Appropriation Bill, 1974. At that time the conferees directed the Secretary of Transportation and the President of Amtrak to submit service and route criteria to the appropriate committees of the Congress. The Committee repeats this directive and expects that these criteria will provide a mechanism for better control over Amtrak's increasing deficits.

URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATION

URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION FUND

(LIQUIDATION OF CONTRACT AUTHORIZATION)

The National Mass Transportation Assistance Act of 1974 authorized a new program of formula grants which can be used for either capital outlays or operating expenses. To permit the timely implementation of that legislation, the Committee approved a reprograming in December, 1974. The \$50 million included in the accompanying bill is to liquidate obligations incurred under the National Mass Transportation Assistance Act of 1974.

The amount recommended is \$100 million less than the budget request. The Committee, however, has included language in the bill to permit the use of previously appropriated funds to pay obligations incurred under the new formula grant program. UMTA testified that there was a total of \$100 million available for this purpose and that these funds were not otherwise required for its existing programs during the current fiscal year.

Under the Committee's recommendations, there should be adequate obligational authority and liquidating cash to fully implement the fiscal year 1975 formula grant program. The Committee urges UMTA to expedite the implementation of that program during the current fiscal year.

RELATED AGENCIES

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The bill includes the full budget request of \$500,000 for the rail services planning office of the Interstate Commerce Commission. This office is responsible for holding public hearings on the preliminary system plan proposed by the United States Railway Association and for reviewing and analyzing that proposal.

Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority

PEDERAL CONTRIBUTION

The Committee recommends the budget request of \$17,824,000 for the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority. This amount includes \$17,145,000 advance funding for the fiscal year 1976 Washington, D.C. area rail transit construction program and \$679,000 to fund the construction of special facilities for the handicapped in the stations of the rail system.

Amtrak to submit service and route witeria to the appropriate com-

INCREASED PAY COSTS

The Committee has recommended a number of reductions in the increased pay costs contained in Title II of the bill. These estimates totaled \$72,596,625 in new budget (obligational) authority, \$18,375 in transfers from other appropriations and \$5,500,400 in increases in limitations on administrative expenses. The amounts recommended are \$69,674,000 in new budget authority, \$18,375 in transfers, and \$4,362,000 in increased limitations. These represent reductions of \$2,922,625 in new budget authority and \$1,138,400 in limitations on administrative expenses.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL TITLE I

H. Doc. No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates	
	CHAPTER IX			•	
	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
	COAST GUARD				
94-22	Operating expenses	\$24 , 500, 000	\$24, 500, 000		
	(By transfer)	(12, 500, 000)	()	(-\$12,500,000)	_
94-22	Retired pay	9, 605, 000	9, 150, 000	-4 55, 000	ξ
	FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION				
	Railroad-highway crossings demonstration projects		360, 000	+360,000	
	FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION				
94-22	Railroad safety	1, 200, 000	1, 000, 000	-200, 000	
	(By transfer)	(700, 000)	(700, 000)	()	
94-22	Grants to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation	77, 900, 000	74, 725, 000	-3, 175, 000	
	Urban Mass Transportation Administration				
94-22	(Liquidation of Contract Authorization)	(150, 000, 000)	(50, 000, 000)	(-100, 000, 000)	
	Total, Department of Transportation	113, 205, 000	109, 735, 000	-3,470,000	

	By transfer	(13, 200, 000)	(700, 000)	(-12, 500, 000)	
	Liquidation of contract authorization	(156, 000, 000)		(-100,000,000)	
	RELATED AGENCIES		(10, 100, 500)	2 30, 300, 300)	
	Interstate Commerce Commission				
94-22	Salaries and expenses	500, 000	500, 000		
	Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority	000,000	300, 000		
94-22	Federal contribution:				
	Fiscal year 1975	679, 000	679, 000		
	Fiscal year 1976	17, 145, 000	17, 145, 000		
	Total, WMATA	17, 824, 000	17, 824, 000		
	Total, related agencies	18, 324, 000			67
	Total, chapter IX:	10, 021, 000	18, 324, 000		
	New budget (obligational) authority:				
	Fiscal year 1975	114, 384, 000	110, 914, 000	-3, 470, 000	
	Fiscal year 1976	17, 145, 000	17, 145, 000	3, 2. 2, 000	
	Total	131, 529, 000	128, 059, 000	-3, 470, 000	
		,		0, 110, 000	
	By transfer	(13, 200, 000)	(700, 000)	(-12, 500, 000)	
	Liquidation of contract authorization	(150, 000, 000)	(50, 000, 000)	(-100, 000, 000)	
		,	1		

'CHAPTER X

SUBCOMMITTEE ON TREASURY, POSTAL SERVICE AND GENERAL GOVERNMENT

TOM STEED, Oklahoma, Chairman

JOSEPH P. ADDABBO, New York EDWARD R. ROYBAL, California ROBERT L. F. SIKES, Florida EDWARD P. BOLAND, CLARENCE E. MILLER, Ohio ROBERT C. McEWEN, New York WILLIAM L. ARMSTRONG, Colorado

Massachusetts
JOHN J. FLYNT, Jr., Georgia
EDWARD J. PATTEN, New Jersey
CLARENCE D. LONG, Maryland

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$7,000,000, the

full amount the budget request.

This appropriation will provide for (1) reimbursement to the Federal Reserve Banks for increased costs, incurred as fiscal agents of the Bureau, due to increases in workload and costs of goods and services; (2) increased paying agents' fees caused by an increase in the volume of savings-type securities redeemed; (3) reimbursement to the U.S. Postal Service for increased mailings of securities; and (4) increased volume and costs of printing security stock.

There has been a great increase in workload in this Bureau. As the public debt increases, the cost of administering it also increases. The Funds included in this appropriation are for items over which the

Bureau has little or no control.

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$229,000 and an increase of 13 permanent positions, the full amount of the supplemental

budget request.

The Internal Revenue Service has been assigned major additional responsibilities under the new Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-406). Funds recommended in the accompanying bill for the Internal Revenue Service (under its three appropriation accounts as set forth in this report) will be used to recruit and train required additional personnel and provide administrative and technical services to insure that the purposes of the new act are carried out effectively. The following two headings outline the requirements pursuant to the new law under those activities of the Internal Revenue Service.

ACCOUNTS, COLLECTION AND TAXPAYER SERVICE

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$1,937,000 and an increase of 48 permanent positions, the full amount of the supplemental budget request.

This requirement also results from passage of the Employee

Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

The Service must redesign and expand the Exempt Organizations Master File and the Employee Plans Master File. This expansion and redesigning requires extensive systems analysis, computer repro-

graming, and testing.

This appropriation provides funds which will enable the service to handle an estimated 400,000 additional taxpayer service requests expected as a result of the new law. Funds are also being provided for special and unusual printing and distribution requirements generated as a result of the new law. A significant volume of material will be prepared which must be published and made available to the public. This will include forms and instructions, technical information, regulations, procedures and decisions.

COMPLIANCE

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$4,483,000 and an increase of 350 permanent positions, the full amount of the supple-

mental budget request.

The Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 has its major impact on the "Compliance" activities of the Internal Revenue Service. The Act specifically requires the establishment of an "Office of Employee Plans and Exempt Organizations" to be headed by an Assistant Commissioner. The new Assistant Commissioner is the principal advisor to the Commissioner on all matters concerning employee plans and exempt organizations, and is also responsible for developing, implementing, monitoring and evaluating programs to carry out the related provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

The new law completely changes the tax provisions relating to employee plans. Virtually all existing plans will have to be amended to comply with the new qualification requirements. New excise taxes are provided. The Act provides a new right of appeal to the Tax Court for a declaratory judgment as to plans qualification. It permits individuals who are not covered by qualified plans or government plans to take deductions within specified limits for contributions under their

own individual retirement savings programs. The Service will have a great many additional responsibilities in

the implementation of this new law, and the Committee believes that the funds appropriated will enable the Service to properly carry out

its assigned functions under the law.

U.S. POSTAL SERVICE

PAYMENT TO THE POSTAL SERVICE FUND

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$44,085,000, a reduction of \$2,607,000 below the amount requested by the Postal Service.

Public Law 93-328 (S. 411) approved June 30, 1974, extended the period over which postal rate increases required by Public Law 91-375

could be phased for certain classes of mailers and authorized appropriations to the Postal Service to subsidize that phasing. The amount required for that purpose for Fiscal Year 1975 is \$44,085,000. Additional amounts will be required for subsequent years.

Even though the law extending the phasing was approved by the President on June 30, 1974, the President's budget did not request funds for that purpose for Fiscal Years 1975 or 1976. The Committee feels, nonetheless, that the Congress clearly intended to permit such

phasing.

The Committee points out that if the Postal Service complies with the extended phasing authorized by P.L. 93-328 (and thereby reduces its revenue) it has no choice but to seek funds from the Congress for the cost of such phasing. If funds are not appropriated, the only recourse open to the Postal Service is to deny phasing and impose the full postal rate increases required by P.L. 91-375, approved August 12, 1970.

Information available to the Committee indicates that imposition of the full postal rate increases would be most harmful to a great number of mailers, particularly the religious and other non-profit

organizations.

FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$500,000, the

full amount of the supplemental budget request.

Initial funding is requested for the commission established by Public Law 93-443 to impose overall limitations on campaign expenditures and political contributions, provide public financing for Presidential primary elections and nominating conventions, and carry out other activities related to Federal elections. This appropriation will provide adequate funds to cover "start up" costs of the Commission.

The Committee notes also that Public Law 93-443 authorizes appropriations for this Commission only for the fiscal year ending

June 30, 1975.

U.S. CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$100,000 and ten additional permanent positions, a reduction of \$50,000 below the supplemental budget request.

The appropriation of these funds will enable the Civil Service Commission to administer those provisions of the Fair Labor Stand-

ards Amendments of 1974 that affect Federal employees.

PAYMENT TO THE CIVIL SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$363,100,000, the

full amount of the supplemental budget request.

Public Law 91-93, Civil Service Retirement Amendments of 1969, approved October 20, 1969, revised the method of financing the Federal civil service retirement system. Among other things the Act provides that any statute which authorizes (1) new or liberalized benefits

payable from the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund, (2) extension of retirement coverage to new groups of employees, or (3) increases in pay on which benefits are computed, is deemed to authorize appropriations to the Fund to finance the unfunded liability created by such statute in thirty equal annual installments with the first payment thereof due as of the end of the fiscal year in which such new or liberalized benefit, extension of coverage or increase in pay is effective.

This appropriation will be used to make mandatory payments to the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund to cover the unfunded liability created in the Retirement Fund by increased pay rates and retirement benefits coverage.

INTERGOVERNMENTAL PERSONNEL ASSISTANCE

The Committee recommends approval of a language change which will make grants made pursuant to the Intergovernmental Personnel Assistance Act of 1970 "available until expended" rather than a "one-year" appropriation. Appropriations are currently authorized to be made "without fiscal year limitation" under 42 U.S.C. 4769.

The current "one-year" status of IPA funding may be a disincentive for achieving savings or better utilization of grants. Although the total appropriation is generally fully awarded by the end of a fiscal year, any savings in cost of grant projects could not be used to finance other worthy projects.

Providing greater flexibility by changing the IPA grants to "no-year" funds will enable the Commission to make more efficient use of tax dollars and allow State and local governments to be better able to meet their real and changing needs.

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

FEDERAL BUILDINGS FUND—LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF REVENUE

RENTAL OF SPACE

The Committee recommends that the limitation on the Rental of Space be increased by \$28,000,000, the full amount of the budget request.

This supplemental authority is required to finance the cost of payments to the USPS from the GSA for space occupied in USPS buildings by Federal agencies for which GSA must provide space. GSA owes the Postal Service about \$28 million for space occupied by government agencies in USPS buildings and the USPA owes GSA about \$20 million for space occupied by the Postal Service in Federal buildings controlled by GSA. The Committee has allowed the gross increase of \$28 million, rather than the net difference of \$8 million because it feels that all transactions having to do with the Federal Buildings Fund should be processed through the Fund in their entirety and should not be "netted out." The "netting out" of transactions has the effect of reducing, or possibly even eliminating, their visibility. The Committee directs that this concept of full disclosure be used in all Fund transactions.

Occupancy by Federal agencies of space in Postal Service buildings is an integral part of GSA's program for housing agencies. If the agencies now housed in Postal Service buildings were in either Government-owned or leased buildings under GSA's jurisdiction, GSA would still have a program level in the Federal Buildings Fund that would be \$28 million greater than the present authority since GSA would have more Government-owned space to operate, protect, maintain and repair and improve; or GSA would have additional lease payments to owners of private buildings. This \$28 million payment to the Postal Service is simply a cost to GSA of doing business in carrying out its responsibilities to provide space and services to the Federal agencies.

LIMITATION ON PURCHASE CONTRACTS

House Doc. 94-66, dated February 28, 1975, requested an increase in the limitation contained in Section 507, Public Law 93-381, from \$300,000,000 to \$396,106,000 for the purpose of constructing buildings in Maryland for the Social Security Administration.

This request was denied without prejudice in view of the fact that prospectuses for these buildings have not been approved, as required by law, by either the House or Senate Public Works Committees.

U.S. TAX COURT

CONSTRUCTION

The Committee recommends an appropriation of \$2,000,000, the full amount of the supplemental budget request.

These funds will permit completion of the plaza in front of the new Tax Court building. The court building itself is essentially complete and the Tax Court took occupancy on January 20, 1975.

The plaza was not a part of the original Tax Court building plans and is not required by the Tax Court. However, a plaza over the north leg of Interstate Highway I-95 was determined to be necessary by other interested parties and these additional funds are required for that purpose.

The Committee hopes that this work can be completed before the Bicentennial celebrations next year since the project is located near the center of the Nation's capital.

3

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL

TITLE I

H. Doc. No.	Department or activity	Budget estimates	Recommended in the bill	Bill compared with estimates	
	CHAPTER X				
	DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY				
94-22	Bureau of the Public Debt, Administering the Public Debt	\$7, 000, 000	\$7, 000, 000		
94-22	Internal Revenue Service:	,			H
	Salaries and Expenses	229, 000	229, 000		
	Accounts, Collection and Taxpayer Service	1, 937, 000	1, 937, 000		
	Compliance	4, 483, 000	4, 483, 000		
	Total, Internal Revenue Service	6, 649, 000	6, 649, 000		
	Total, Treasury Department, new budget (obligational) authority	13, 649, 000	13, 649, 000		
	U.S. POSTAL SERVICE	`			
	Payment to the Postal Service Fund	1 (46, 692, 000)	44, 085, 000	+\$44, 085, 000	
	INDEPENDENT AGENCIES	-			

94-22	Federal Election Commission, Salaries and Expenses	500, 000	500, 000		
94-22	Civil Service Commission:		1		
	Salaries and Expenses	150, 000	100, 000	50, 000	
	Payment to Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund	363, 100, 000	363, 100, 000		
	Total, Civil Service Commission	363, 250, 000	363, 200, 000	-50, 000	
94-22	General Services Administration:				
	Federal buildings fund:				
	Limitation on availability of revenue:				
	Rental of space (increase in limitation)	(\$28, 000, 000)	(28, 000, 000)		
94-22	U.S. Tax Court, Construction.	2, 000, 000	2, 000, 000		,
	Total, independent agencies	365, 750, 000	365, 700, 000	-50,000	
	Total, Chapter X: New budget (obligational) authority	379, 399, 000	423, 434, 000	+44, 035, 000	
	Increase in limitation	(28, 000, 000)	(28, 000, 000)	·	

¹ This amount was requested by the Postal Service, but was not included in the President's budget.

CHAPTER XI

CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

The Committee recommends the appropriation of \$59,699,187, the amount of the estimate, for claims and judgments rendered against the United States. Of this amount, \$526,562 represents damage and other type claims, the payments of which are due under various laws; \$59.172,624 represents judgments rendered by the U.S. Court of Claims and U.S. District Courts and the Indian Claims Commission. Details concerning these claims and judgments are contained in House Document No. 94-79.

TITLE II

INCREASED PAY COSTS

The following table summarizes recommendations of the committee for pay costs increases in the bill:

P	Estimates	Bill	Difference
New budget (obligational) authority	\$2,050,205,130 (£,029,375) (78,556,400) (8,714,000)	\$1,750,912,070 (173,016,575) (70,815,000) (3,714,000)	-\$299, 293, 060 (+170, 987, 000) (-7, 741, 400)

Title II of the bill includes \$1,750,912,070 in budget authority for pay increases and related costs estimated in House Documents 94-22 and 94---.

Title II provides the supplemental funds required to meet the unabsorbed portion of increased pay and related costs for fiscal 1975. Government agencies and departments absorbed 15% of the additional pay raises while the Appropriations Committee has recommended further reductions totaling \$299,293,060.

The increases in Title II were ordered pursuant to law, as follows:

-Civilian pay increases effective in October 1974 under Executive Order No. 11811 and comparable raises granted by administrative action. Public Law 91-656 provides for adjusting the salary scales of civilian statutory pay systems to rates comparable to those paid for similar work in private industry.

-Military pay raises effective in October 1974 under Executive Order No. 11812 issued pursuant to Public Law 90-207 which provides that whenever the rates of the General Schedule are raised there must be a comparable increase in the basic pay of

the uniformed services.

-Actual wage board pay increases effective in fiscal year 1975 and granted under 5 U.S.C. 5341 together with additional raises tobe granted under the same authority through June 30, 1975.

-Raises granted administratively to employees of Gallaudet College and Howard University.

-Raises in the basic pay of certain employees of the United States Park Police and the Executive Protective Service pursuant to

Public Law 92-407.

-Raises pursuant to Public Law 82-207 for policemen, firemen and teachers employed by the Canal Zone Government—based on corresponding statutory pay increases for the same or similar work in the District of Columbia (Public Law 93-410).

The total estimated cost in 1975 of these pay raises is \$2,406,171,721. This includes \$295,778,610 for related costs such as Government retirement and life insurance contribution and the employer's share

of employment taxes.

TITLE II-INCREASED PAY COSTS

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22 ¹	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates
LEGISLATIVE BRANCH			
House of Representatives			
House leadership offices	\$35, 755	\$35, 755	
Salaries, officers and employees	597, 930	597, 930	
Committee employees	201, 615	201, 615	
Committee on Appropriations (investigations)	94, 000	94, 000	
Office of the Legislative Counsel	21, 500	21, 500	
Members' clerk hire	2, 505, 000	2, 505, 000	-4
Government contributions	315, 000	315; 000	
Special and select committees	440, 170	440, 170	
Leadership automobiles	2, 135	2, 135	
Total, House of Representatives: New budget (obligational) authority	4, 213, 105	4, 213, 105	
See footnotes at end of table.			

Joint Committee on Reduction of F.	2, 614, 000	5' 501' 000	
of reducion of Federal Expenditures.	4, 335	3 210 000	84 99 F
Joint Economic Committee	31, 460	31, 460	-\$4, 335
Joint Committee on Atomic Energy	18, 655		
Joint Committee on Printing	10 100	18, 655	
Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation	16, 100		-16, 100
Joint Committee on Defense Production	32, 400	32, 400	
Joint Committee on Congressional Operations	4, 820	4, 820	
Capitol Guide Service	15, 420	15, 420	
	- 14, 910	14, 910	el 600
Total, joint items: New budget (obligational) authority	138, 100	117, 665	-20, 435
Office of Technology Assessment		, 000	-20, 435
Salaries and expenses	41, 000	101, 600	
ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL	11,000	41, 000	
OFFICE OF THE ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL		4.200 1000	
alaries	2/16/000	2110'-000	
CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS	28, 100	28, 100	
apitol buildings			
	280, 400	280, 400	
apitol grounds	126, 700	126, 700	Charac
ouse office buildings	615, 500	615, 500	
apitol power plant	145, 400		*********
COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF MEN HOLDEN IN THE	MIT - pontanima	145, 400	

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 95-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates
LEGISLATIVE BRANCH—Continued	10-3-2701		
ABCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL—Continued			
LIBRARY BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS	77 HAL		
Structural and mechanical care	\$110, 000	\$110, 000	
Total, Architect of the Capitol: New budget (obligational) authority	1, 306, 100	1, 306, 100	
BOTANIC GARDEN Salaries and expenses	101, 400	101, 400	
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS Salaries and expenses	1, 684, 000	1, 565, 000	-\$119, 000
COPYRIGHT OFFICE	204,000	153, 000	51, 000
CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE	422, 000	377 000	-45,000
Salaries and expenses	422, 000	377, 000	
DISTRIBUTION OF CATALOG CARDS Salaries and expenses	249, 000	199, 000	-50, 000
BOOKS FOR THE BLIND AND PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED	TT 100	80, 150	
Salaries and expenses	55, 000		-55,000
Total, Library of Congress: New budget (obligational) authority	2, 614, 000	2, 294, 000	320, 000
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS Salaries and expenses			
Salaries and expenses	890, 000	765, 000	-125, 000
Salaries and expenses General Accounting Office Salaries and expenses	U FOR SHIP		
Salaries and expenses General Accounting Office Salaries and expenses	3, 813, 000	3, 613, 000	-200, 000
Salaries and expenses General Accounting Office Salaries and expenses Total, Legislative Branch: New budget (obligational) authority THE JUDICIARY	U FOR SHIP		
Salaries and expenses General Accounting Office Salaries and expenses Total, Legislative Branch: New budget (obligational) authority THE JUDICIARY SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES	3, 813, 000	3, 613, 000	-200, 000
Salaries and expenses General Accounting Office Salaries and expenses Total, Legislative Branch: New budget (obligational) authority THE JUDICIARY SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES	3, 813, 000 13, 116, 705	3, 613, 000 12, 451, 270	-200, 000
General Accounting Office Salaries and expenses Total, Legislative Branch: New budget (obligational) authority THE JUDICIARY SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES Salaries Lutomobile for the Chief Justice	3, 813, 000	3, 613, 000 12, 451, 270	-200, 000
General Accounting Office Salaries and expenses Total, Legislative Branch: New budget (obligational) authority THE JUDICIARY SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES Salaries Lutomobile for the Chief Justice Care of the building and grounds	3, 813, 000 13, 116, 705	3, 613, 000 12, 451, 270 155, 000 500	-200, 000
General Accounting Office Salaries and expenses Total, Legislative Branch: New budget (obligational) authority THE JUDICIARY SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES Salaries Lutomobile for the Chief Justice Care of the building and grounds COURT OF CUSTOMS AND PATENT APPEALS	3, 813, 000 13, 116, 705 155, 000 500	3, 613, 000 12, 451, 270	-200, 000
General Accounting Office Salaries and expenses Total, Legislative Branch: New budget (obligational) authority THE JUDICIARY SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES Salaries Lutomobile for the Chief Justice Care of the building and grounds COURT OF CUSTOMS AND PATENT APPEALS Balaries and expenses	3, 813, 000 13, 116, 705 155, 000 500	3, 613, 000 12, 451, 270 155, 000 500	-200, 000 -685, 435
General Accounting Office Salaries and expenses Total, Legislative Branch: New budget (obligational) authority THE JUDICIARY SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES Salaries Lutomobile for the Chief Justice Care of the building and grounds COURT OF CUSTOMS AND PATENT APPEALS salaries and expenses Customs Court	3, 813, 000 13, 116, 705 155, 000 500 58, 300	3, 613, 000 12, 451, 270 155, 000 500 58, 300	-200, 000 -665, 435
General Accounting Office Salaries and expenses Total, Legislative Branch: New budget (obligational) authority THE JUDICIARY SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES Salaries Lutomobile for the Chief Justice Care of the building and grounds COURT OF CUSTOMS AND PATENT APPEALS alaries and expenses Customs Court	3, 813, 000 13, 116, 705 155, 000 500 58, 300	3, 613, 000 12, 451, 270 155, 000 500 58, 300	-200, 000 -685, 435 -21, 000
General Accounting Office Salaries and expenses Total, Legislative Branch: New budget (obligational) authority THE JUDICIARY SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES Salaries Lutomobile for the Chief Justice Care of the building and grounds COURT OF CUSTOMS AND PATENT APPEALS salaries and expenses Customs Court Court of Claims	3, 813, 000 13, 116, 705 155, 000 500 58, 300	3, 613, 000 12, 451, 270 155, 000 500 58, 300	-200, 000 -685, 435 -21, 000
General Accounting Office Salaries and expenses Total, Legislative Branch: New budget (obligational) authority THE JUDICIARY SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES Salaries Lutomobile for the Chief Justice Care of the building and grounds COURT OF CUSTOMS AND PATENT APPEALS Salaries and expenses CUSTOMS COURT Salaries and expenses COURT OF CLAIMS Salaries and expenses	3, 813, 000 13, 116, 705 155, 000 500 58, 300	3, 613, 000 12, 451, 270 155, 000 500 58, 300	-200, 000 -605, 435 -21, 000 -81, 000
General Accounting Office Salaries and expenses Total, Legislative Branch: New budget (obligational) authority THE JUDICIARY SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES Salaries Lutomobile for the Chief Justice Care of the building and grounds COURT OF CUSTOMS AND PATENT APPEALS Alaries and expenses Customs Court Alaries and expenses Court of Claims daries and expenses Court of Claims Courts of Appeals, District Courts, and Other Judicial Services	3, 813, 000 13, 116, 705 155, 000 500 58, 300 21, 000	3, 613, 000 12, 451, 270 155, 000 500 58, 300	-200, 000 -685, 435 -21, 000
General Accounting Office Salaries and expenses Total, Legislative Branch: New budget (obligational) authority THE JUDICIARY SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES Salaries Lutomobile for the Chief Justice Care of the building and grounds COURT OF CUSTOMS AND PATENT APPEALS Salaries and expenses CUSTOMS COURT Salaries and expenses COURT OF CLAIMS Salaries and expenses	3, 813, 000 13, 116, 705 155, 000 500 58, 300 21, 000	3, 613, 000 12, 451, 270 155, 000 500 58, 300	-200, 000 -605, 435 -21, 000 -81, 000 -53, 000

TYCEFACED PAY COSTS—Continued

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY	COBIS CONTINUE		-27,000	
CORESA OF AREALE DISTRIBUTE OF SCHOOL OF STREET	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates	
THE JUDICIARY Continued			and man	
COURTS OF APPEALS, DISTRICT COURTS, AND OTHER JUDICIAL SERVICES—Continued	\$1, 000	81.03 000	- 51, 000	
Representation by court-appointed counsel and operation of defender organizations	\$126, 000		-\$126, 000	
(By transfer),	231, 000	(\$126,000)	(+126,000) $-231,000$	000
Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts	251, 000	(180, 000)	(+180,000)	67
(By transfer)Salaries and expenses of U.S. Magistrates	208, 000	100 000	-208, 000	
Expenses of referees	538, 000	538, 000	******	
FEDERAL JUDICIAL CENTER	44, 000		-44, 0 00	
Salaries and expenses	()	(30, 000)	(- -30 , 000)	,
(By transfer) Total, the Judiciary: New budget (obligational) authority	6, 120, 800	751, 800	-5, 369, 000 (+8, 818, 000)	
By transfer.	()	(2, 318, 000)	(45, 516, 000)	1
EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT		2.174.00		
EXECUTIVE RESIDENCE	10 000	10 000		

D	457, 000 5			
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET	100,000	196, 000		
Salories and expenses.	500, 000		-500, 000	
Total, Executive Office of the President: New budget (obligational)	338 000	333, 000	-500,000	
Miles authority.	549, 000	49, 000	-300,000	
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	5, 891, 000	5, 891, 000	*************	
Office of the Secretary	483, 000	483, 000	***************************************	
[Office of the Inspector Gapote!	470, 000	470, 000	~ ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
(Ay transfer)	(164, 000)	(164,000)	()	
Office of the General Comescience	266, 000	266, 000		
Agricultural Research Services	7, 081, 000	7, 081, 000	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	4
Animal and Blant Health Inspection Service	8, 806, 000	8, 806, 000		
Cooperative State Research Service	61, 000 '	61,,000		
Extension Sorvingu,	166, 000	1,46,,000		
National Agricultural Library - wieffrifine Continued	123, 000	123, 000		
Statistical Reporting Service	852, 000	852,000		
Economic Research Service	745, 000	745, 000		
Commodity Exchange Authority	1,55,,000	155, 000		
Packers and Stockyards Administration	154, 000	154, 000		
Farmers Cooperative Service PARTAL OL MENT BRIDGE COSTTONED	84,000	84,000	מיייי מיוש היותו היותו	

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE—Continued			
Foreign Agricultural Service	\$477, 000	\$477, 000	************
Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service: Salaries and expenses.	4, 166, 000	4, 166, 000	
Federal Crop Insurance Corporation:	8' aur 690		
Administrative and operating expense: (by transfer)	(474, 000)	(474, 000)	()
Rural Development Service	35, 000	35, 000	
Rural Electrification Administration: Salaries and expenses	639, 000	639, 000	********
Farmers Home Administration: Salaries and expenses	4, 123, 000	4, 123, 000	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Soil Conservation Service	Carl Angel	729 1810	
Conservation operations	5, 891, 000	5, 891, 000	********
River basin surveys and investigations	409, 000	409, 000	
Watershed planning	339, 000	339, 000	
Watershed and flood prevention operations.	1, 884, 000	1, 884, 000	
Great plains conservation program	196, 000	196, 000	
Resource conservation and development	452, 000	452, 000	
Funds for increasing markets, income, and supply (increase in limita-	1, 229, 000	1, 229, 000	
Funds for increasing markets, income, and supply (increase in limita-	1, 22,0, 000	1, 229, 000	
FOREST SERVICE	(120,000)	(120,000)	()
Forest protection and utilization:	4.0% MWC)	Y/ B' NOW	***************************************
Forest land management	· wo * oun (V SIL VIII	4
Forest research	8, 243, 000	8, 243, 000	
State and private forestry cooperation	2, 210, 900	2, 210, 000	
Total, Forest Protection and Utilization	146,000	146, 000	
Construction and land acquisition	10, 599, 000	10, 599, 000	
Vanil Co.	429,000	429, 000	
	152, 000	152, 000	
orest roads and trails (liquidation of contract authority)	(3, 714, 000)	(5,714,000)	
assistance to states for tree planting	= 1,000	11,000	
The state of the s			
Total, Department of Agriculture:		according to proper products the party of th	and the state of t
Total, Department of Agriculture: New budget (obligational) authority	The same of the sa		
New budget (obligational) authority	50, 477, 000	50, 477, 000	- 衛衛軍官軍軍軍衛衛衛衛軍
New budget (obligational) authority	(638, 000)	(638, 000)	- 教養者 かんない かんない はん なる 日本
New budget (obligational) authority	N		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

TITLE II-INCREASED PAY COSTS-Continued

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates	
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE		100		
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION				
Salaries and expenses.	\$275, 000	\$175, 000	-\$100, 000	
Social and Economic Statistics Administration	Aption Triang	Collections	-	
Salaries and expenses	1, 293, 000	1, 200, 000	~93, 000	
Periodic censuses and programs	625, 000	600, 000	-25, 000	0
REGIONAL ACTION PLANNING COMMISSIONS	10'00/500	10' 2 8 8' 1001		(
Regional development programs	20, 000	20, 000		
DOMESTIC AND INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION	12/20/2004	977 TO A SHIP		
Operations and administration	. 1, 137, 000	1, 110, 000	-27,000	
U.S. TRAVEL SERVICE		4,500,000		
Salaries and expenses	77, 000	70, 000	-7,000	
NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION	1015.20100	£3565600.		
Operations, research, and facilities	8, 582, 000	8, 450, 000	-132, 000	
Coastal zone management	19, 000	19, 000		
Administration of Pribilof Islands	202, 000	195, 000	-7,000	
PATENT OFFICE Salaries and expenses	2, 023, 000	2, 000, 000	-23, 000	
Science and Technical Research		4- 34 1-71		
Scientific and technical research and services Maritime Administration	1, 692, 000	1, 600, 000	-92, 000	
		11 mm mid		
Operations and training				
Tatal Department of Commence N	895, 000	850, 000	-45, 000	
Total, Department of Commerce: New budget (obligational)	16, 840, 000	850, 000 16, 289, 000		
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE-MILITARY			-45, 000	
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL			-45, 000 -551, 000	13
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL Military personnel, Army		16, 289, 000	-45, 000 -5\$1, 000	
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL Military personnel, Army (By transfer)	16, 840, 000	16, 289, 000	-45, 000 -5\$1, 000	
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL Military personnel, Army (By transfer) Military personnel, Navý	276, 450, 000 168, 170, 000	16, 289, 000 260, 635, 000	-45, 000 -551, 000 -15, 815, 000	
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL Military personnel, Army (By transfer) Military personnel, Navy	16, 840, 000 276, 450, 000	260, 635, 000 (10, 100, 000)	-45, 000 -551, 000 -15, 815, 000 (+10, 100, 000) -11, 270, 000	
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL Military personnel, Army (By transfer) (By transfer) (By transfer) Military personnel, Navy (By transfer)	276, 450, 000 168, 170, 000	260, 635, 000 (10, 100, 000) 156, 900, 000	-45, 000 -551, 000 -15, 815, 000 (+10, 100, 000)	
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL Military personnel, Army	276, 450, 000 168, 170, 000	260, 635, 000 (10, 100, 000) 156, 900, 000 (10, 100, 000)	-45, 000 -551, 000 -15, 815, 000 (+10, 100, 000) -11, 270, 000 (+10, 100, 000)	
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL Military personnel, Army	276, 450, 000 168, 170, 000	260, 635, 000 (10, 100, 000) 156, 900, 000 (10, 100, 000) 55, 660, 000	-45,000 -5\$1,000 -15, \$15,000 (+10,100,000) -11,270,000 (+10,100,000) -5,044,000 (+3,200,000)	
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY MILITARY PERSONNEL Military personnel, Army (By transfer) (By transfer) (By transfer) Military personnel, Navy (By transfer)	16, 840, 000 276, 450, 000 168, 170, 000 60, 704, 000	260, 635, 000 (10, 100, 000) 156, 900, 000 (10, 100, 000) 55, 660, 000 (3, 200, 000)	-45, 000 -551, 000 -15, 315, 000 (+10, 100, 000) -11, 270, 000 (+10, 100, 000) -5, 044, 000	

COMPARATVE STATEMENT OF REST BUDGET (OF LIOATURED) AVERABLE.

Départment or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates	
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—MILITARY—Continued MILITARY PERSONNEL—Continued	80, 704, 700	Sh. pro, dag	- 5, DAA, D200	
National Guard personnel, Army	\$9, 700, 000		\$9, 700, 000	
National Guard personnel, Air Force	2, 213, 000	\$700, 000	-1,513,000	
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE	1	10, 100, 000		
Operation and maintenance, Army	275, 539, 000	225, 635, 000	-49, 904, 000	
(By transfer)		(23, 221, 000)	(+23, 221, 000)	00
Operation and maintenance, Navy	161, 800, 000	153, 100, 000	-8, 700, 000	
(By transfer)	The state of the s	(6, 700, 000)	(+6,700,000)	
Operation and maintenance, Marine Corps	15, 200, 000	12, 600, 000	-2, 600, 000	
(By transfer)		(1, 600, 000)	(+1,600,000)	
Operation and maintenance, Air Force		99, 420, 000	-27,780,000	
(By transfer)		(24, 780, 000)	(+24,780,000)	
Operation and maintenance, Defense agencies		50, 888, 000		
Operation and maintenance, Army Reserve		8, 293, 000	−1, 115, 000	
Operation and maintenance, Navy Reserve	2, 088, 000	2, 088, 000		
Operation and maintenance Marine Corps Reserve	28, 000	28, 000		
Operation and maintenance, Air Force Reserve	7, 200, 000	7, 200, 000	~~~~~~~~~	
Operation and maintenance, Army National Guard	19, 728, 000	18, 728, 000	-1, 000, 000	
Operation and maintenance, Air National Guard	15, 100, 000	12, 000, 000	-3, 100, 000	
National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice, Army	5, 000	5, 000		
RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST AND EVALUATION	150 mai mai	(Bushan)		
Research, development, test, and evaluation, Army	25, 386, 000		-25, 386, 000	
Research, development, test, and evaluation, Navy			−17, 000, 000	
(By transfer)		(17, 000, 000)	(+17,000,000)	
Research, development, test, and evaluation, Air Force	16, 493, 000		-16,493,000	
(By transfer)		(16, 493, 000)	(+16, 493, 000)	
Subtotal, Department of Defense excluding military construction new budget (obligational) authority	1, 526, 429, 000	1, 267, 211, 000	-259, 218, 000	0
(By transfer)		(168, 694, 000)	(+168, 694, 000)	
MILITARY CONSTRUCTION				
FAMILY HOUSING				
Family housing, Defense	10, 194, 000	10, 194, 000		
(Increase in limitation)	(10, 194, 000)	(10, 194, 000)		
Total Department of Defence Military	CD878—pass (17/10)		1	
Total, Department of Defense—Military:				
Total, Department of Defense—Military: New Budget (obligational) authority	1, 536, 623, 000	1, 277, 405, 000	-259, 218, 000	
ALMIN OF SHOPE ACED BAT		1, 277, 405, 000 (168, 694, 000)	-259, 218, 000 (+168, 694, 000)	

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS—Continued

Department or activity	Supplemental estimata, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—CIVIL	10.00	32/10/2 (00)	
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY .			
CORPS OF ENGINEERS—CIVIL		/ Year and Store	
Operation and maintenance, general	\$13, 000, 000	p	-\$13, 000, 000
General expenses	1, 300, 000	\$1, 300, 000	
U.S. Soldiers' and Airmen's Home		16, 303,000	
Pperation and maintenance	886, 000	886, 000	
THE PANAMA CANAL		132,000,000	
Canal Zone Government: Operating expenses	8, 136, 000	3, 136, 000	
Panama Canal Company: Limitation on general and administrative expenses (Increase in limitation)	(2, 362, 000)	(2, 362, 000)	()
Total, Department of Defense, Civil;	\$ 000	el win	
New budget (obligational) authority	18, 322, 000	5, 322, 000	-13,000,000
Increase in limitation	(2, 362, 000)	(2, 362, 000)	()

L' 500' min

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH; EDUCATION, AND WELFARE	f (15' 200' 900)	(10 90W (800))	
	(80,000)	Pair 6001	
FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION	20, 195, 500	21,000,000	
Salaries and expanses	4, 541, 000		-4, 541, 000
HEALTH SERVICES Administration	2, 404, 000	7' 49 4' 900	
Indian health sarvices	9, 455, 000	9, 455, 000	*******
NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH	tey 500	7.00	
Office of the Director	326, 000	326, 000	
Aconica, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Administration	(42, 430, 509)	Ptal and booth	
Saint Elizabeths Hospital 4 600 - 10	2, 326, 000	2, 326, 000	
Assistant Secretary for Health			
Assistant Secretary for Health	7,77, 000	777, 000	
By transfer	(80, 000)	(80, 000)	
Брестион Рукцов	829, 000	450 non	
OFFICE OF THE SELECT OF EODE AND A POST ATION		7.0	
Indian education	34, 000	34, 000	
Salaries and expenses HEVILL' EDREATION, AND WELFALE.	2, 345, 000	2, 345, 000	
NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION	Supplymental entimeso.	144 19	
National Institute of Education:	357, 000	-357, 000	Ellin Suf et il

or table.

BECOMMENDED IN THE BILL-Continued

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF MEW PUBLIES (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY ESTIMATES AND AMOUNTS

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-32	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates	
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE—Continued	# #45, 000 ##8, 000	5" 942" mm		
OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR EDUCATION	name in the			
Salaries and expenses, Assistant Secretary for Education	\$56, 000	\$56,000	******	
SOCIAL AND REHABILITATION SERVICE	1100 000	1366 060		
Salaries and expenses	2, 003, 000	2, 003, 000	****	
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION				
Special banefits for disabled coal miners	807, 000	807, 000	*****	
Limitation on salaries and expenses (increase in limitation)	(42, 590, 000)	(42, 590, 000)		
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY	tent men	Short way		
Office for Civil Rights	655, 000		-\$655, 000	
Office of Consumer Affairs	50, 000	50, 000	are that the table the day the ten tay the two take the take and an	
Departmental management	2, 464, 000	2, 464, 000		
Total, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare:	0.11000		-9 987 000	
New budget (obligational) authority	26, 196, 000	21, 000, 000	-5 , 196, 000	
By transfer	(80,000)	(80, 000)		
Increase in limitation	(42, 590, 900)	(42, 590, 000)		

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT	· m'		
Housing Production and Mortgage Credit	4 .		
Salaries and expenses, Housing production and mortgage credit programs	440, 000	440, 000	
Limitation on administrative and nonedministrative and	220,000	220, 000	
Housing Administration: Administrative expenses (increase in limitation)	(427,000)	(427, 000)	
Nonadministrative expenses (increase in limitation)	(5, 465, 000)	************	(-5, 465, 000)
Limitation on administrative expenses, Government National Mortgage Association (increase in limitation)	(33,000)	(33,000)	
Housing Management	No constant	(00,000)	
Salaries and expenses, Housing management programs	697, 000	697, 000	
COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT	1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		
Salaries and expenses, Community planning and development programs	1, 219, 000	1, 219, 000	
POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH	Oes.	62.11.000	
Salaries and expenses, Policy development and research.	190, 900	190, 000	
FAIR HOUSING AND EQUAL OPPORTUNITY	7075	200, 000	
Fair housing and equal opportunity	344, 000	344, 000	
DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT		,	
General departmental management	184, 000	134, 000	
Salaries and expenses, Office of general counsel	123,000	123, 000	* -
Salaries and expenses, Office of inspector general	196, 200	196, 000	

ENTITIES IN SALES OF SALES OF SALES OF TITLE II-INCREASED PAY COSTS—Continued

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT— Continued	364' 000	2014, 000	
DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT Continued	\$327,000	\$327,000	
Regional management and services	671, 000	671, 000	
Total, Department of Housing and Urban Development!	P 310 100	T 810 (00)	
New budget (obligational) authority	4, 341, 000	4, 341, 000	
Increase in limitation	(5, 925, GOQ)	(460, 000)	(\$5, 465, 000)
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR			
Bureau of Land Management Management of lands and resources	2, 440, 000	2,440,000	
BUREAU OF RECLAMATION General administrative expenses	620,000	620,000 _	(-#* WE # 1
Bureau of Outdoor Recreation Salaries and expenses	170, 000	170,000	
Land and water conservation (increase in limitation)	(180,000)	(180,000)	4
Resource management	2, 672, 000	2,672,000	

a transfer of the second secon	THE MAR WHILE			
National Park Service				
Operation of the National Park System.	10, 843, 000	10,813,000		
Preservation of historic properties	±01, 000	101,000		
John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts	80,000	80,000		
Total, National Park Service	10, 994, 000	10,994,000		
GEÖLOGICAL SURVEY		U.S. Sand		
Surveys, investigations, and research	4, 846, 000	4,846,000		
MINING ENGOLOGIENT AND SAFETY ADMINISTRATION	, = 10,000	2,040,000		
Salaries and expenses	900, 000	the mali many	000 000	
Bureau of Mines	222 0000 0000		-900,000	
Mines and minerals."	844, 000	844 000		90
BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION	011,000	844,000		
Sonneville Power Administration fund (Increase in limitation)	(4, 470, 000)	(1,170,000)		
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS	(4, 470, 000)	(4,470,000)		
peration of Indian programs	0.010.000			
OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR	9, 318, 000	9, 318, 000		
alaries and expenses	Antiques particular and principal	Hereitzen auf Fallen		
XTY1	327, 000	327,000		
	COSTS Continued			
GOMES AND SESTIMENT OF NEW BRIDGET (OBLIGATION	385, 900	385,000		

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR—Continued OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY—Continued	3 4 7 FB	William Block	
Departmental operations	\$180,000	\$180,000	
Total, Office of the Secretary	565, 000	565, 000	
Total, Department of the Interior:			
New budget (obligational) authority	33, 696, 000	32, 796, 000	-\$900, 000
Increase in limitation	(4, 650, 000)	(4, 650, 000)	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
LEGAL ACTIVITIES AND GENERAL ADMINISTRATION	E 200	V = (0.10m)	
Salaries and expenses, general administration	529, 000	529,000	
Salaries and expenses, general legal activities	1, 743, 000	1,743,000	
Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division	536, 000	536,000	
Salaries and expenses, U.S. attorneys and marshals	3, 672, 000	3,672,000	
Salaries and expenses, Community Relations Service	97, 000		-97,000
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION			
Salaries and expenses	12, 876, 000	12,876,000	

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE	SSA, GOUR	200 0000		
Salaries and expenses	5, 470, 000	5, 470, 000		
FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEM	17 AV	743 1496		
Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Prisons	4, 033, 000	4, 000, 000	-33 , 000	
LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE ADMINISTRATION	3" 4936 9936	1984 (00)		
Salaries and expenses	. 581, 000		-581,000	
DRUG ENPORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION	111			
Salaries and expenses	3, 123, 000	3, 123, 000		
Total, Department of Justice:				
New budget (obligational) authority	32, 660, 000	31, 949, 000	-711, 000	21
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			- 452,0000	
LABOR-MANAGEMENT SERVICES ADMINISTRATION				
Salaries and expenses	1, 162, 000	950, 000	-212, 000	
EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS ADMINISTRATION				
Salaries and expenses	886, 000	886, 000	~~~~~~	
OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION	model and a second			
Salaries and expensesBureau of Labor Statistics	321, 000		—321, 000	
Salaries and expenses	1, 496, 000	1, 250, 000	-246,000	

Department or activity. VDALMELEVALON	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR—Continued	#242 000	. 8/02/000	
DEPARTMENTAL MANAGEMENT Salaries and expenses	\$814,000	\$814, 000	- 313 000
Total, Department of Labor: New Hudgett (Obligational) authority_	4, 679, 000	3, 900, 000	\$779, 000
DEPARTMENT OF STATE	38,000,000	211,014,010	-244 000
Administration of Foreign Affairs			
alaties and expenses	6, 736, 000	6, 500, 000	-236,000
equisition, operation, and maintenance of buildings abroad	81, 000		-81,000
International Organizations and Conférences	283, 100		
lissions to International organizations	108, 000	108, 000	
International Commissions	# 000 ma	£ 000,000	
nternational Boundary and Water Commission, United States and Mexico: Salaries and expenses	251, 000	251, 000	
merican sections, international commissions	29, 000	29, 000	
International fisheries commissions	30, 000	30, 000	

EDUCATIONAL EXCHANGE	13, 735, 4001	14,000,000		
Mutual educational and cultural exchange activities	380, 000	300, 000	80, 000	
OTHER THE PARTY OF THE OTHER THE PARTY OF TH	07, 407, 625	D1 1885 MIN		
Migration and refugee assistance	23, 000	23, 000		
Total, Department of State: New Budget (obligational) authority	7, 638, 000	7, 241, 000	- 397, 000	
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	250, 000	24/(0)		
Office of the Secretary	315,000	7/12/17/1		
Salaries and expenses	665, 000	400, 000	-265, 000	
COAST GUARD	10000			88
Operating expenses	17, 620, 000	17, 620, 000		9
Acquisition, construction, and improvements	620, 000		-620, 000	
Reserve training	927, 000	927, 000		
Research, development, test, and evaluation	138, 000		-138, 000	
FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION Operational	44, 350, 000	44, 000, 000	—350, 000	
Research, engineering and development (Airport and Airway trust fund)	750, 000		-750, 000	
Operation and maintenance, National Capital Airports	870, 000	870, 000		
FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION ACRES VERILLE LANG.	COSTS Cantinum			
Limitation on general operating expenses (increase in limitation)	(3, 122, 000)	(2,000,000)	(-1, 122, 000)	
(By transfer from high yay-related softly prants)	(16, 400)	()	(-16, 400)	

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS—Continued

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—Continued FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION—Continued	() FORD FORD)	64, (191), (940)	-990,000
Motor carrier, safety	\$172,000	\$172,000	197 (0)
Highway beautification	34, 000	34, 000	
NATIONAL HIGHWAY TRAFFIC SAFETY ADMINISTRATION	1511	196.00	- 629, 1000
Traffic and highway safety	658, 625		-\$658, 625
(By transfer)	. (18, 375)	(18, 375)	()
FEDERAL RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION	685,000	400,000	
Office of the Administrator, Salaries and expenses	1,15, 000	115, 000	
Railroad safety	280, 000	280, 000	
URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATION	3 737 000	7, 344,000	
Urban Mass Transportation Fund: Administrative expenses	206, 000	170, 000	. —36, 000
Total, Department of Transportation: New budget (obligational) authority	67; 405, 625	64, 588, 000	-2, 817, 625
By transfer	(18, 375)	(18, 376)	and anno
Increase in limitation	(3, 138, 400)	. (2, 000, 000)	(-1, 138, 400)

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY		16' 100 100		
Office of the Secretary				
Salaries and expenses	572, 000	500, 000	—72, 000	
FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING CENTER	PORT DEN	# ### 1/46		
Salaries and expenses	75, 000	75, 000		
BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS	3' 8.81' 000 ·	E 690, 600		
Salaries and expenses	1, 190, 000	1, 100, 000	-90, 000	
BUREAU OF ALCOHOL, TOBACCO, AND FIREARMS		1000	•	
Salaries and expenses	2, 448, 000	2, 400, 000	-48, 000	
U.S. Customs Service	AUG AND			TOT
Salaries and expenses	7, 677, 000	7, 600, 000	−77, 000	
Bureau of the Mint	97 TARP (109)	200 5 <u>862</u> 0000.		
Salaries and expenses	2, 649, 000	2, 600, 000	-49, 000	
BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT	230 (100)	92 900 000		
Administering the public debt.	1, 040, 000	1, 000, 000	-40, 000	
INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE	(1-1) (1-1)			
Salaries and expenses	1, 500, 000	1, 500, 000		
Accounts, collection, and taxpayer service	20, 293, 000	20, 000, 000	-293, 000	
Compliance	18, 252, 000	18, 000, 000	-252, 000	

TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS—Continued

A designed to the figure of the first of the			
Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Dec. 91-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY—Continued United States Secret Service	1, 040, 000	1,000,000	-10,000
Salaries and expenses	\$3, 580, 000	\$3, 500, 000	-\$80,000
Total, Department of the Treasury: New budget (obligational) authority	59, 276, 000	58, 275, 000	-1, 001, 000
INDEPENDENT AGENCIES	7, 677, 000	2, 1900, 000	-21 mm
Energy Research and Development Administration			
Operating expenses	5; 681, 000	5, 681, 000	
Environmental Protection Agency			
Agency and regional management	‡; 200, 000	1, 200, 000	
Abatement and control	2, 600, 000	2, 600, 000	
Enforcement	1, 100, 000	1, 100, 000	
Total, Environmental Protection Agency: New: budget (obligational) authority	4, 900, 000	4, 900, 000	
GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION			
Federal Buildings Fund: (himitations on availability of revenue)	(6, 729, 000)	(6, 040, 000)	(-689,000)
Personal Property Activities: Operating expenses, Federal Supply Service.	578, 000	490, 000	-88,000

Records activities: Operating expenses, National Archives and Records Service	900, 000	764, 000	-136, 000
Automated Data and Telecommunications Service: Operating expenses.	120, 000	102, 000	-18, 000
CHARLES OF THE ADMINISTRATOR	158, 000	290 300	
Indian tribal claims (by transfer)	(26, 000)	(26, 000)	
Federal management policy: Salaries and expenses (by transfer)	(18, 000)	(18, 000)	
Administrative and staff support services: Salaries and expenses	170, 000	144, 000	-26 , 000
Total, General Services Administration: New budget (obligational) authority	1, 768, 000	1, 500, 000	·268, 000
By transfer	(44, 000)	(44, 000)	
Increase in limitation	(6, 729, 000)	(6, 040, 000)	(-689,000)
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION			
Research and program management	19, 975, 000	19, 975, 000	
VETERANS ADMINISTRATION			
Medical care	100, 637, 000	93, 637, 000	−7, 000, 000
Medical and prosthetic research	2, 377, 000	. 2, 377, 000	
Medical administration and miscellaneous operating expenses	170, 000		—170, 000
General operating expenses	12, 028, 000	11, 528, 000	-500, 000
Construction, minor projects	392, 000	392, 000	
Total, Veterans Administration: New budget (obligational) authority	115, 604, 000	107, 934, 000	-7, 670, 000

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Department or activity	Department or activity Supplemental estimate, H. Doc. 94-22 Recommended in bill		Bill compared with estimates	
OTHER INDEPENDENT AGENCIES	100/100	an early of the	-7,5000,000	
Action: Operating expenses, International programs, (Peace Corps)	\$687, 000	\$687,000		
American Battle Monuments Commission: Salaries and expenses	267, 000	267, 000		
Arms Control and Disarmament Agency	160, 000	160, 000		
Civil Aeronautics Board: Salaries and expenses	465, 000	460, 000	\$5,000	
Civil Service Commission:	147-000		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Salaries and expenses	2, 750, 000	2, 750, 000	- 347 (10)	
Transfers from trust funds to Salaries and expenses (by transfer)	(424, 000)	(424, 000)		
Federal Labor Relations Council: Salaries and expenses	32, 000	32, 000		
Commission of Fine Arts: Salaries and expenses	5, 000	5,000		
Commission on Civil Rights: Salaries and expenses	150, 000	150,000	************	
Equal Employment Opportunity Commission; Salaries and expenses	1, 485, 000	1,485,000		
Federal Energy Administration: Salaries and expenses	2, 200, 000	2,200,000		

Federal Home Loan Bank Board:	257 600	280,2000		
Administrative expenses (increase in limitation)	(297, 000)	(277,000))	
Nonadministrative expenses (increase in limitation)	(\$40,000)	(200,000)	(-340,000)	
Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service: Salaries and expenses	424, 000	424,000		
Federal Maritime Commission: Salaries and expenses	128, 000	100,000	-28,000	
Federal Power Commission: Salaries and expenses	997, 000	997,000		
Federal Trade Commission: Salaries and expenses	1, 100, 000	1,085,000	-15,000	
Foreign Claims Settlement Commission: Salaries and expenses	24, 000	20,000	-4,000	
Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations: Salaries and expenses	22, 000	22,000		10
Appalachian Regional Commission: Salaries and expenses.	7, 000	7,000		05
Interstate Commerce Commission: Salaries and expenses	1, 400, 000	1,300,000	-100,000	
National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities: Salaries and expenses.	283, 000	283,000		
National Labor Relations Board: Salaries and expenses.	1, 689, 000	1,689,000		
National Mediation Board: Salaries and expenses	50, 000	50,000		
National Science Foundation: Salaries and expenses (increase in limitation on program development and management)	(1,017,000)	(917, 000)	(-100,000)	
National Transportation Safety Board: Salaries and expenses.	190, 000	190,000		
Nuclear Regulatory Commission: Salaries and expenses	1, 540, 000	1,540,000		
Railroad Retirement Board: Limitation on salaries and expenses (increase in limitation)	(705, 000)	(705,000)		

Department or activity	Supplemental estimate, H. Déc. 94-22	Recommended in bill	Bill compared with estimates
OTHER INDEPENDENT AGENCIES—Continued	max opn	28,7,(0.0)	
Renegotiation Board: Salaries and expenses	\$147, 000	\$135,000	-\$12,000
Securities and Exchange Commission: Salaries and expenses	1, 356, 000	1,350,000	-6,000
Small Business Administration:	83-900	55,000	-8.10
Salaries and expenses (by transfer)	(825, 000)	(800,000)	(-25,000)
Smithsonian Institution;	3, 200, 000	1,885,000	- 12,000
Salaries and expenses	2, 527, 000	2,527,000	
Science information exchange	50, 000	50,000	
Salaries and expenses, National Gallery of Art:	302, 000	302,000	
U.S. Information Agency:	(919 000)	(5500,000)	
Salaries and expenses	3, 828, 000	3,800,000	-28,000
Special international exhibitions	72, 000	20,000	52,000

Total, other independent agencies:	04 997 000	D4 007 000	250,000
New budget (obligational) authority	24, 337, 000	24, 087, 000	—250, 000
By transfer	(1, 249, 000)	(1, 294, 000)	$\{-25,000\}$
Increase in limitation	(2, 539, 000)	(2, 099, 000)	(- 440, 000)
ANNEXED BUDGETS			
EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF THE UNITED STATES		0.25 5 5 6 5	
mitation on administrative expenses (increase in limitation)	(309, 000)	(300, 000)	(-9, 000)
Total, title II:			
New budget (obligational) authority	2, 050, 205, 130	1, 750, 912, 070	-299 , 293 , 060
By transfer	(2, 029, 375)	(173, 016, 375)	(+170, 987, 00 0
Increase in limitation	(78, 556, 400)	(70, 815, 000)	(-7,741,400
Liquidation of contract authority	(3, 714, 000)	(3, 714, 000)	

¹ Amended by H. Doc. 94-.

TITLE III

GENERAL PROVISIONS

Title III of the bill contains three routine general provisions. Section 301 carries the usual prohibition against the obligation of funds provided in the bill beyond the current fiscal year as follows:

SEC. 301: No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein,

Section 302 is a routine provision associated with the many pay increase appropriations contained the the bill which will, when added to the amounts provided in regular appropriation acts, increase the total approved to an amount authorized either for direct accounts or limitations, as follows:

SEC. 302. Except where specifically increased or decreased elsewhere in this Act, the restrictions contained within appropriations, or provisions affecting appropriations or other funds. available during the fiscal year 1975, limiting the amounts which may be expended for personal services, or for purposes involving personal services, or amounts which may be transferred between appropriations or authorizations available for or involving such services, are hereby increased to the extent necessary to meet increased pay costs authorized by or pursuant to law.

All appropriation bills for fiscal 1975 contain a prohibition on the amount of money transferrable by agencies to the GSA for the standard level user charge (SLUC). Section 303 applies that prohibition to this bill also.

SEC. 303. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for paying to the Administrator of the General Services Administration in excess of 90 per centum of the standard level user charge established pursuant to section 210(1) of the Federal Property and Administrative Service Act of 1949, as amended, for space and services.

CHANGES IN EXISTING LAW

Pursuant to Clause 3, Rule XXI of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted describing the effect of provisions in the accompanying bill which directly or indirectly change

the application of existing law.

1. The Committee has included language on page 5 of the bill under the heading "Federal unemployment benefits and allowances" which makes existing appropriations for this account available for payment of trade readjustment assistance allowances to displaced workers under the Trade Act of 1974, permits the expenditure of amounts received by way of reimbursement to this account from the U.S. Postal Service during the year in which the funds are received, and provides that unobligated funds recovered from the States may be expended during the year in which they are recovered.

2. The Committee has included language on page 7 of the bill in connection with "Health resources" which waives the requirements of section 308 of the Public Health Service Act with respect to certain funds recommended in the bill to carry out section 305(b)(3) of that

Act.

3. Also on page 7 in connection with "Health resources", the Committee has included language making part of the amount recommended in the bill available for obligation until December 31, 1975.

4. On page 7, the Committee has included language in connection with "Health resources" providing that funds in the bill to carry out section 305(b)(3) of the Public Health Service Act shall remain

available until expended.

5. The Committee has included language on page 8 under the heading "Public assistance" in order to cite section 1113 of the Social Security Act, which has expired. Section 1113 provides temporary assistance to U.S. citizens who are repatriated from foreign countries because of destitution, illness, war, or a similar international crisis.

6. The Committee has included language on page 8 under the heading "Special benefits for disabled coal miners" providing that the appointments of administrative law judges for the program shall

terminate not later than December 31, 1976.

7. The Committee has included language on page 8 under the heading "Gallaudet College" providing that the funds recommended in

the bill for construction remain available until expended.

8. The Committee has included language on page 14 under the heading "International Conferences and Contingencies" providing that the amount made available for representation allowances and official entertainment is increased by \$20,000. This will provide a total of \$125,000 for those purposes.

9. The Committee has included language on page 15 under the heading "Salaries and Expenses, United States Attorneys and Marshals" to provide that not to exceed \$500,000 shall be available for payment of compensation and expenses of land commissioners appointed in

condemnation cases.

TRANSFER OF FUNDS

Pursuant to Clause 1(b), Rule X of the House of Representatives, the following statement is submitted describing the transfer of funds

provided in the accompanying bill.

The Committee recommends transfers between appropriations totalling \$190,027,375. These transfers are made from sayings in funds where Reprogrammings have been disapproved and where unanticipated sayings bave occurred. In several instances, transfers are made from trust and revolving funds to meet the pay, increase associated with the cost of administering the program from which the funds are

The following table shows, by title, Department, and agency, the appropriations affected by the transfer:

APPROPRIATION TRANSFERS RECOMMENDED IN 20 SUPPOEMENTAL

Approprietion to pobich trapitor is grade	Adjount!	Appropriation from which transfer is imade	Amquint
TITLE TEGENERAL SUPPLEMENTALS	IF SHOP	colligated funds recovered	an Andi
Department of Health, Education and Wester Health resources	\$8,500,00b	Social Security trust fund	\$8,500,000
Department of State: International configences and contin- geocies. 1141	1, 000, 000	Minutel educational and cultural exchange	1; 000, 000
Department of Justice! Salaries and expenses, general legal	246, 000	The star and a star and a star and a star a	Ast.
activities. Salaries and expenses, Antitrust Division. Salaries and expenses, U.S. attorneys	577, 000 586, 000	Salaries and Gipatices, Laid Enforcement Assistance Administration.	4, 476, 000
and marsyals. Saláries and expenses, Federal Bungar of Investigation.	3, 570; 000	o not aldelinva llid adt al	mended
The Judiciary:	112,000	Space and facilities, the Judiciary	112,000
Salacies and expenses, Atlaninistrative Office of the U.S. Courts.	1. 020, 000	Fees in fuformal	4, 020, 000
expenses. Furniture and furnishings	1, 200, 000	Space and facilities in a agrany Little 2	1 200,000
Pepartment of Transportation: Federal Railroad Administration, Rail- read Safety.	766, 600	Railroad research and development	760, 000
Subtotal, title Internal Edition	97, 011, 000	buriden and daidy Jak 7	T7; 014; 000
The Judiciary: Star res of supporting personnel	1 982, 000 126, 000 180, 000	Space and facilities, the Judiciary	2, 288, 000
Federal Judicial Center, salaries and	230,000	Fous of James L. Hart L. Trad Bell Laure 11	80,000
Department of Agriculture: Officia of the Inspector General. Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, administrative and operating expenses. Department of Defense —Military:	164 000 474 000	Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, pre- minentecimes (1) 1/11/(100)	164,000 . 474,000
Military personnel, Army	10, 100, 000	Other procurement, Army	6, 200, 000 3, 900, 900 5, 900, 000
Military parsonnel, Navy	10, 100, 000	Procurement of aircraft and missiles, Navy	4. 2000 too
Military personnel: Marine Comps print Military personnel, Air Force 1777 print	13, 280, 000 55, 500, 600	Procurement, Marine Corps. Aircraft procurement Air Force Procurement of apprunition, Army Procurement of weapons and tracked vehi-	3, 200, 000 55, 900, 000 9, 600, 600 6, 100, 000
Operation and maintenance Amy *	23, 221, 000	Research, development, test, and evelua-	A 430,000
Operation and maintenance; Navy 11	5,700, 000 1,600, 000	Missile accurament, Army Other procurement, Wavy Reserve personnel, Marine Corps	8, 200, 600 (3, 600, 600
Corps. Operation and maintenance, Air Force	24, 780, 000	Other procurement, Air Forces	10, 300, 000
Research, development, test, and evaluation, Navy.	17, 000(000	Research, development, test, and evaluation, Army.	33, 493, 000

APPROPRIATION TRANSFERS RECOMMENDED IN 2D SUPPLEMENTAL-Continued

Appropriation to which transfer is made	Amount	Appropriation from which transfer is made	Amount
TITLE II—INCREASED PAY COSTS—Con. Department of Defense—Military—Con.			
Research, development, test and evalua- tion, Air Force.	\$16, 493, 000		
Department of Health, Education and Welfare: Assistant Secretary for Health.	80, 000	Social Security trust funds	\$80,000
Department of Transportation: Traffic and Highway Safety	18, 375	Construction of compliance facilities	18, 375
General Services Administration: Indian tribal claims Salaries and expenses, Federal Manage	26, 000	Disposal of surplus real and related personal property, operating expenses.	44, 000
ment Policy. Civil Service Commission, salaries and ex-	424, 000		424, 000
penses. Small Business Administration, salaries and expenses.	800, 000	SBA revolving funds	800,000
Subtotal, title II	173, 016, 375		173, 016, 375
Total, transfers		=	190, 027, 375

LIMITATIONS AND LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS

The following limitations and legislative provisions not heretofore carried in connection with any appropriation bill are recommended: On page 5 in connection with "Federal unemployment benefits and

allowances":

Appropriations available for payments under this head shall also be available for payment of trade adjustment benefit payments and allowances authorized by part I, subchapter B, chapter 2, title II, of the Trade Act of 1974: Provided, That amounts received during the current fiscal year from the Postal Service or recovered from the States pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 8505(d) shall be available for payments during the year.

On page 7 in connection with "Health resources": without regard to the requirements of section 308 of said

On page 12 in connection with "Office of the Attending Physician":

For an additional amount for the "Office of the Attending Physician", \$171,004, for reimbursement to the Department of the Navy for expenses incurred for staff and equipment assigned to the Office of the Attending Physician. Such amount shall be advanced and credited to the applicable appropriation or appropriations from which such salaries, allowances, and other expenses are payable and shall be available for all the purposes thereof.
On page 13, in connection with "Architect of the Capitol, Capitol

Buildings and Grounds, Capitol Buildings":

For an additional amount for "Capitol Buildings", \$250,000, to remain available until expended, and to be expended in accordance with the provisions of H. Con. Res. 550, Ninety-second Congress, agreed to September 19, 1972, and the limit of cost authorized by such resolution, as increased by the Second Supplemental Appropriations Act, 1973, is hereby further increased by the amount herein appropriated.

On page 20, in connection with "Urban Mass Transportation Administration, Urban Mass Transportation Fund, Liquidation of Con-

tract Authorization:

* * * authority is hereby provided to use any undisbursed balances appropriated under this heading prior to August 29, 1974, for the purposes of Public Law 93-503 (National Mass Transportation Assistance Act of 1974).

Dear Mr. Director:

The following bills were received at the White House on June 12th:

H.R. 4485 H.R. 5899

Please let the President have reports and recommendations as to the approval of these bills as soon as possible.

Sincerely,

Robert D. Linder Chief Executive Clerk

The Honorable James T. Lynn Director Office of Management and Budget Washington, D. C.