The original documents are located in Box D19, folder “House Floor Speech Great Society, March 24, 1966” of the Ford Congressional Papers: Press Secretary and Speech File at the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library.

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SPEAKING ON THE FLOOR OF THE HOUSE

Mr. Speaker:

I have been told by the President of the United States that it will not be necessary to sacrifice his Great Society programs in order to pay for the mounting costs of the war in Vietnam. We have seen his estimates in the fiscal 1967 budget submission, and have noted that he would prefer that the Congress prune some tried and tested programs, such as the school milk program and Federal aid to land-grant colleges.

But until recently, I have not seen any estimate of what all the new and improved Great Society programs are going to cost when they become fully implemented and are all added together. The first-year costs of most Federal programs are relatively small, but they have a way of growing bigger every year, and I can hardly recall during my 18 years here of one ever starting to shrivel.

In the current (March, 1966) issue of the respected magazine, "Reader's Digest," an article by Mr. Charles Stevenson examines this serious problem under the title, "What Price--The Great Society?" The article reports that even if the war in Vietnam is brought under control, economists estimate conservatively that by 1975--just nine years hence--we will have a Federal budget of around $124 billion and that welfare-state programs will account for more than half the total expenditures.

It also notes that state and local governments will be compelled to find matching funds so that their combined spending will soar during this period from about $12 billion in 1964 to $70 billion in 1975. I commend this interesting and informative article to the attention of my colleagues and all Americans who wonder why we Republicans are trying to hold down the high cost of government during this Great Society, or High Society, spending spree.

Before I leave to extend my remarks, I include the article by Mr. Stevenson.
March 26, 1968 - Thursday

REP. LAWRENCE H. FORD ON FLOOR OF HOUSE

Mr. Speaker:

We have been told by the President of the United States that it will not be necessary to sacrifice his Great Society program in order to pay for the mounting costs of the war in Vietnam. We have seen his estimates in the fiscal 1967 Budget submission, and have noted that he would prefer that the Congress provide some tied and tested programs, such as the school milk program and Federal aid to land-grant colleges.

But until recently, I have not been able to estimate what all the new and improved Great Society programs are going to cost when they become fully implemented and are all voted together. The first-year costs of most Federal programs are relatively small, but they have a way of growing bigger every year, and I can hardly recall during my 18 years here of one ever starting to shrink.

In the current (March, 1968) issue of the respected magazine, "Reader's Digest," an article by Mr. Charles Stevenson examines this serious problem under the title, "What Price--The Great Society?" The article reports that even if the war in Vietnam is brought under control, economists estimate conservatively that by 1975--just nine years hence--we will have a Federal budget of around $24.6 billion and that welfare-state programs will account for one-third of the total expenditures.

It also notes that state and local governments will be compelled to find matching funds so that their combined spending will soar during this period from about $17 billion in 1964 to 27$ billion in 1975. I commend this informative and informative article to the attention of my colleagues and all Americans who wonder why we Republicans are trying to hold down the high cost of government during this Great Society, or High Society, spending spasm.

In order to extend my remarks, I include the article by Mr. Stevenson.