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F E D E R A L   E N E R G Y   A D M I N I S T R A T I O N

Washington, D. C. 20461

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY - 8th EDITION - 94TH CONGRESS 2ND SESSION

PREPARED BY THE OFFICE OF CONGRESSIONAL AFFAIRS  
LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH DIVISION

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NOTE TO USER OF THE LEGISLATION SUMMARY:

The Congress on August 11, 1976, sent to the President H. R. 12169, which is now called "The Energy Conservation and Production Act", Public Law 94-385. This legislation extends the Federal Energy Administration until December 31, 1977, as well as includes other energy matters. Notations have been made on the specific legislation which is covered in this act.

In the final issue of the Legislative Summary for the 94th Congress, a listing of all energy-energy related Public Laws will be included for reference.

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# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 594. To increase domestic energy supplies and availability by authorizing production of the naval petroleum reserves; establishing a national strategic petroleum reserve; assuring increased supplies of natural gas at reasonable prices; amending and extending the Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974; amending the Clean Air Act; alter regulatory practices and procedures of governing electric utilities; assuring timely siting, consideration, approval and construction of necessary energy facilities; and preventing foreign oil producing countries from undermining efforts to develop petroleum resources. To restrain energy demand by providing national energy conservation standards for new residential and commercial buildings; authorizing the Federal Energy Administration to assist States in winterizing dwellings of low-income persons; and providing for the labeling of major appliances and motor vehicles. To prepare for energy emergencies by providing standby energy authorities and implementing the international energy program and for other purposes.	Hugh Scott (2/5/75)	Armed Services; Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs; Commerce; Finance; Government Operations; Interior & Insular Affairs; Judiciary; Labor and Public Welfare; and Public Works.	Title I. Naval Petroleum Reserves Title II. National Strategic Petroleum Reserve (Civilian) Act. Title III. Amendments to the Natural Gas Act. Title IV. Extension and Amendments to the Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act. Title V. Clean Air Act Amendments. Title VI. Amendment to the Clean Air Act. Title VII. Utilities Act. Title VIII. Energy Facilities Planning and Development Act. Title IX. Energy Development Security Act. Title X. Building Energy Conservation Standards. Title XI. Winterization Assistance Act. Title XII. National Appliance and Motor Vehicle Energy Labeling Act. Title XIII. Standby Energy Authorities Act.	Administration's omnibus energy proposal.  Hearings have been held by the various Committees on the bill.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 2633. To increase domestic energy supplies and availability by: authorizing production of the naval petroleum reserves; establish a National strategic petroleum reserve; assuring increased supplies of natural gas at reasonable prices, amending and extending the Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act of 1974; amending the Clean Air Act; altering regulatory practices and procedures of governing electric utilities; assuring timely siting consideration, approval and construction of necessary energy facilities; and preventing foreign oil producing countries from undermining efforts to develop petroleum resources; to restrain energy demand by: providing natural energy conservation standards for new residential and commercial buildings, authorizing the Federal Energy Administration to assist States in winterizing dwellings of low-income persons; and providing for the labeling of major appliances and motor vehicles; to prepare for energy emergencies by: providing standby energy authorities and implementing the International Energy Program and for other purposes.	Staggers (2/4/75)	Title I to Armed Services; Title II, III, IV,V, VI, VII, VIII, and XIII to Interstate and Foreign Commerce; Title IX to Ways and Means; Title X XI to Banking, Currency and Housing.	Title I. Naval Petroleum Reserves Title II. National Strategic Petroleum Reserve (Civilian) Act. Title III. Amendments to the Natural Gas Act. Title IV. Extension and Amendments to the Energy Supply and Environmental Coordination Act. Title V. Clean Air Act Amendments. Title VI. Amendment to the Clean Air Act. Title VII. Utilities Act. Title VIII. Energy Facilities Planning and Development Act. Title IX. Energy Development Security Act. Title X. Building Energy Conservation Standards. Title XI. Winterization Assistance Act. Title XII. National Appliance and Motor Vehicle Energy Labeling Act. Title XIII. Standby Energy Authorities Act.	Administration's omnibus energy proposal.  Hearings have been held by the various Committees on the bill.
H.R. 2650. Identical bill as above.	Rhodes (2/4/75)	See above	See above	See above



# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
S. 692. To regulate commerce to assure increased supplies of natural gas at reasonable prices for the consumer.	Hollings, Magnuson (2/17/75)	Commerce	<p>Amends the Natural Gas Act to direct the Federal Power Commission to establish controls on the price of new natural gas. Allows small producers and producers of new liquified or synthetic natural gas to charge rates in excess of price control levels.</p> <p>Establishes minimum production requirements for natural gas. Directs the Federal Power Commission to prohibit boiler fuel use of natural gas and propane. Sets forth procedures for allocation of natural gas for emergencies and for essential agricultural purposes.</p>	<p>Administration opposes since it results in regulation of intrastate gas and does not have the effect of decontrolling new gas and does not provide the needed incentives for new exploration.</p> <p>Reported in Senate June 12; Commerce; Report 94-191. Ordered transferred in calendar under subjects on the table October 23, 1975.</p>
S. 2310. To assure the availability of adequate supplies of natural gas during the period ending June 30, 1975.	Hollings, Glenn & Talmadge (9/9/75)	Placed on Calendar	<p>Directs the Federal Power Commission to take steps to assure the availability of natural gas to designated priority interstate users, and to assist in making natural gas available for certain essential agriculture purposes as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture. Directs the Commission to regulate prices of first sales of new natural gas on an area-wide basis.</p> <p>Directs the Federal Energy Administrator to prohibit the use of natural gas as boiler fuel where adequate alternatives exist. Provides for increased rates of production at natural gas fields to satisfy the needs of priority users.</p>	<p>In Senate ordered placed on Calendar 9/9/75. Passed Senate 10/22/75; 58 yeas to 32 nays. In House referred to Interstate and Foreign Commerce 10/28/75.</p> <p>Senator Hollings on March 29, submitted two amendments to H.R. 9464. The first amendment would substitute the text of S. 2310, exactly as it passed the Senate. The second amendment would substitute the text of title II of S. 2310, as it passed the Senate. The amendments are numbered 1544 and 1545.</p>

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 2330. To provide temporary authority for the President, the Federal Power Commission and the Federal Energy Administration to institute measures to minimize the adverse effects of natural gas shortages, and for other purposes.	Pearson by request (9/10/75)	Placed on Calendar	Authorizes the President or his delegate, the Federal Power Commission, and the Federal Energy Administration to deal with existing and imminent shortages and dislocations of natural gas in the national distribution system which jeopardize the public health, safety, and welfare; and to provide protection of natural gas service to customers who use natural gas for high priority end uses during periods of curtailed deliveries by natural gas companies.	Administration proposal. FEA Administrator testified before Senate Commerce Committee on Sept. 15 in support of measure.  In Senate, ordered to be placed on the Calendar Sept. 10, 1975. In Senate ordered transferred in Calendar under subjects on the table Oct. 23, 1975. See S. 2310.
S. 3422. A bill to regulate commerce to assure increased supplies of natural gas at reasonable prices for consumers, and for other purposes.	Pearson, et al (5/12/76)	Commerce	This is a compromise natural gas bill. It is based primarily upon the provisions of S. 2310 as passed by the Senate on October 22, 1975. In proposing a fundamental restructuring of FPC regulatory authority over natural gas production and sales, this bill seeks to balance consumers interest in low-cost energy against the consumers interest in adequate supplies of clean, efficient energy to meet his needs.	S. Commerce Committee Reported the bill on 5/19/76. Rept. 94-907.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 9334. To amend the Natural Gas Act.	Mann (9/3/75)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Grants the Federal Power Commission emergency authority to exempt temporarily certain activities and operations relating to the sale, transportation, transfer, or exchange in interstate commerce of natural gas or of commingled natural gas and synthetic natural gas from the provisions of the Natural Gas Act.	
H.R. 9408. A bill to amend the Federal Power Act and the Natural Gas Act.	Staggers & Devine by request (9/5/75)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Amends the Federal Power Act and the Natural Gas Act to assess regulated public utility and natural gas companies annual charges equal to the costs of administering such laws.	Supports. Administration proposal.
H.R. 9409. A bill to amend the Natural Gas Act.	Staggers & Devine by request (9/5/75)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Amends the Natural Gas Act to remove Federal controls on certain sales of natural gas produced by independent producers on non-Federal lands. Authorizes the Federal Power Commission to issue certificates of public convenience and necessity for the transportation of such natural gas to certain high-priority areas of consumption where a shortage of natural gas exists.	Supports. Administration proposal.  Included in hearings held by Subcommittee on Energy & Power on "Natural Gas Shortages" Sept. 23, 24, 25 & 26, 1975.
H.R. 9410. A bill to amend the Natural Gas Act.	Staggers & Devine by request (9/5/75)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Amends the Natural Gas Act to authorize the Federal Power Commission to make certain sales of natural gas exempt from the provisions of such act.	Supports. Administration proposal.  Included in hearings held by Subcommittee on Energy & Power on "Natural Gas Shortages" Sept. 23, 24, 25 & 26, 1975.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 9464. A bill to assure the availability of adequate supplies of natural gas during the period ending June 30, 1976.	Dingell for himself and Staggers (9/9/75)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	<p>Directs the Federal Power Commission to take steps to assure the availability of natural gas to designated priority interstate users, and to assist in making natural gas available for certain essential agricultural purposes as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture. Directs the Commission to regulate prices of first sales of new natural gas on an area-wide basis.</p> <p>Directs the Federal Energy Administrator to prohibit the use of natural gas as boiler fuel where adequate alternatives exist. Provides for increased rates of production at natural gas fields to satisfy the needs of priority users.</p>	<p>The Administration is opposed to H.R. 9464 as passed the House on February 5, 1976.</p> <p>The Administrator testified before the Senate Committee on Commerce Sept. 15.</p> <p>H. Rept. 94-732, 12/15/75; Interstate &amp; Foreign Commerce. Supplemental report filed February 3, 1976. Passed the House 2/5/76, by a vote of 205 yeas to 194 nays.</p> <p>On March 29, 1976 Sen. Hollings submitted two amendments to H.R. 9464. The first amendment would substitute the text of S. 2310, exactly as it passed the Senate. The second amendment would substitute the text of title II of S. 2310, as it passed the Senate. The amendments are numbered 1544 and 1545.</p> <p>Hearings held by Subcommittee on Energy and Power on Natural Gas Shortages on September 23, 24, 25 and 26, 1975. H.R. 9464 was one of the bills included in the hearings. (H.R. 2418, H.R. 9409, H.R. 9410, H.R. 9708, H.R. 9709, H.R. 9710, and H.R. 9884 also were included).</p>

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 11273. To authorize the construction and operation of a natural gas pipeline from the North Slope of Alaska across Canada to domestic markets, and for other purposes.	Ruppe, et al (12/18/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce; Interior & Insular Affs., Public Works & Transportation	Alaskan Natural Gas Pipeline Authorization Act. The purpose of this Act is to insure that the Alaskan natural gas pipeline be constructed promptly, without further administrative or judicial delay or impediment. Authorizes the construction and operation of a natural gas pipeline from the North Slope of Alaska across Canada to domestic markets.	Repr. Ruppe has introduced H.R. 11881, 11882, 12394, 12395, 13106, on the same subject.  FEA Adm. Zarb testified on May 17, 1976, preferring the Administration's proposed legislation, H.R. 12983, due to the complexity of administrative and judicial issues involved.  Hearings have been held by Interstate & Foreign Commerce; Subcommittee on Energy & Power on May 17, 18 and 19. Included in hearings held 8/12/76, House Interior, Public Lands Subcommittee.
H.R. 12311. Relating to the construction and operation of a natural gas pipeline from the North Slope of Alaska across Canada to domestic markets, and for other purposes.	Fraser (3/4/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce; Interior & Insular Affs., Public Works & Transportation	Alaskan Natural Gas Pipeline authorization Act of 1976. Directs the Secretary of the Interior and the Federal Power Commission to issue appropriate permits and authorizations for United States participation in the construction of the Alaska natural gas pipeline system through Canada.	This bill was included in the hearings held by the Subcommittee on Energy & Power on May 17, 18 & 19. See above comments.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 12983. A bill to expedite the delivery of Alaskan Natural Gas to U.S. markets, and for other purposes.	Staggers for himself & Devine by request (4/1/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce; Interior & Insular Affs., Public Works & Transportation	Establishes procedures for administrative review and Presidential decision-making concerning the selection and construction of a natural gas transportation system to deliver Alaskan natural gas to the contiguous 48 States. Details procedures for Congressional review of such Presidential decisions. Suspends various procedural requirements imposed by the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 and the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969. Imposes limitation on judicial review of administrative actions taken pursuant to this Act.	Administration's proposed legislation. This bill was included in the hearings held by Subcommittee on Energy & Power on May 17, 18 and 19. August 12, House Interior, Public Lands Subcommittee held hearings on H.R. 12983 H.R. 11273, and H.R. 13651, H.R. 13678.
H.R. 13220. To amend the Natural Gas Act to authorize a natural gas pipeline from the North Slope of Alaska through Canada to the contiguous 48 states.	Brodhead (4/13/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Directs the Federal Power Commission to take all action it deems necessary to facilitate the construction, maintenance, and operation of a transcontinental natural gas pipeline from Alaska through Canada to the contiguous 48 States. Amends the Natural Gas Act to do this.	Administration supports H.R. 12983. This bill was included in the hearings before the Subcommittee on Energy and Power on May 17, 18 and 19. Included in hearings held August 12, Interior, Public Lands Subcommittee. Administration supports H.R. 12983.
H.R. 13651. To establish procedures for the determination of an Alaska natural gas transportation route.	Young of Alaska (5/7/76)	Interior & Insular Affs. & Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Establishes procedures for administrative review and decisionmaking concerning the selection and construction of a natural gas transportation system to deliver Alaskan natural gas to the contiguous 48 States. Suspends various procedural requirements imposed by the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 and the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969. Imposes limitations on judicial review of administrative actions taxed pursuant to this Act.	This bill was included in the hearings before the Subcommittee on Energy and Power on May 17, 18 and 19. Included in hearings held by H. Interior, Public Lands Subcommittee on August 12.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 2510. A bill relating to the construction of natural gas pipelines for transporting Alaskan North Slope natural gas to the lower forty-eight States.	Gravel (10/9/75)	Commerce	Would require the Federal Power Commission, the Department of the Interior, and any other appropriate agencies to render a decision on the route by June 30, 1976. The bill would substitute congressional review for judicial review.	The Administration is reviewing the bill. The Department of the Interior feels that this legislation is premature. Joint hearings were held by Interior & Commerce Cmt. on March 24 & 25.
S. 2778. To require that any pipeline constructed to transport natural gas from Alaska's Prudhoe Bay area be entirely within such State and to require the Federal Power Commission to establish certain allocations and priorities with respect to the use of such gas.	Stevens (12/12/75)	Commerce	The bill would provide that with regard to the Alaskan North Slope, the FPC only consider applications of natural gas pipeline construction that would cross only U.S. territory and be completely under U.S. jurisdiction.	Opposed. Legislation is premature.
S. 2950. A bill relating to the construction and operation of a natural gas pipeline from the North Slope of Alaska across Canada to domestic markets and for other purposes.	Mondale (2/6/76)	Commerce; Interior & Insular Affairs	The bill would provide for the speedy approval of a pipeline to carry Alaska natural gas from Prudhoe Bay across Alaska's Arctic Wildlife range through Canada to the Midwest.	Opposed. Legislation is premature.  S. 3521 passed in lieu of S. 2950. No further action on S. 2950.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 3167. A bill to expedite the delivery of Alaskan Natural Gas to U.S. markets and for other purposes.	Fannin for Jackson, Fannin & Pearson by request (3/17/76)	Interior & Insular Affairs & Commerce	<p>Cited as the "Alaskan Natural Gas Transportation Act of 1976".</p> <p>The proposal would direct the Federal Power Commission to complete its review and recommend to the President by 1/1/77, which is the most feasible means of proceeding. Other agencies would also make recommendations to the President, who would be required to decide on the arctic gas transportation issue by August 1, 1977. The Congress would have 60-days to veto his opinion. Absent a Congressional veto, the executive branch agencies would be directed to issue the needed certificates, permits, leases, rights-of-way, and other authorizations after review of a final environmental impact statement.</p> <p>The legislation also provides for a limited judicial review as did the Trans-Alaskan Pipeline legislation.</p>	<p>Administration's proposed legislation. Interior &amp; Commerce Cmtes. held joint hearings on 3/24-25. Deputy Admin. Zausner testified on 3/25 in support of legislation.</p> <p>S. 3521 passed Senate in lieu of S. 3167, et al. no further action on S. 3167.</p>
S. 3521. To expedite a decision on the delivery of Alaska natural gas to United States markets and for other purposes.	Stevenson, et al (6/4/76)	Commerce Interior & Insular Affs.	<p>To expedite a decision on the delivery of Alaska natural gas to U.S. markets. Assures a timely informed decision on delivery of Alaskan natural gas; the bill insures a neutral process. It requires the FPC to base its decision on project costs, environmental impacts, safety, potentials for delay, an assessment of regional natural gas needs, financeability, and the potential for opening access to the transportation of other resources or commodities to the U.S.</p>	<p>6/30/76 Commerce &amp; Interior &amp; Insular Affairs reported 94-1020. Passed Senate July 1. In House, referred jointly to Interstate &amp; Foreign Commerce and Interior and Insular Affairs 7/21/76. August 12, Interior, Public Lands Subcommittee held hearings on S. 3521, and other House bills on subject. John Hill testified. FEA supports with amendments. Energy &amp; Power Subcommittee has scheduled markup for 8/26/76.</p>



# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 2042. To amend and strengthen the Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act of 1968, and to authorize additional apporpriations therefor.	Beall (6/27/76)	Commerce	Amends the Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act as amended and authorizes appropriations for FY 1977.	Similar to Administration's proposed legislation.  Reported in Senate 5/13/76 S. Commerce - Rept. No. 94-852. Passed Senate May 28, 1976 by voice vote.
S. 3117. To amend the Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act of 1968, as amended, to authorize additional appropriations.	Hartke & Pearson by request (3/10/76)	Commerce	Amends the Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act as amended and authorizes appropriations for FY 1977.	Administration's proposed legislation.
H.R. 12168. To amend the Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act of 1968 to authorize appropriations for FY 1977.	Staggers & Dingell (2/26/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Amends the Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act as amended and authorizes appropriations for FY 1977.	Similar to Administration's proposed legislation.  Reported from Interstate & Foreign Commerce 4/27/76; Rept. 94-1050. Rules suspended. Passed House May 3, 1976 Passed Senate amended 7/30/76. Senate asked for conference 7/30/76. House agreed to conference 8/23/76.
H.R. 12242. To amend the Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act of 1968, as amended, to authorize additional appropriations and for other purposes.	Devine & Brown of Ohio by request (3/2/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Amends the Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act as amended and authorizes appropriations for FY 1977.	Administration's proposed legislation.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 13618. To amend the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 and the Trans-Alaska Pipeline Authorization Act to require the development of a plan to assure the equitable allocation of crude oil and petroleum products.	McKinney (5/6/76)	Interior & Insular Affs.; International Relations	Amends the Trans-Alaska Pipeline Authorization Act and the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 to direct the President to develop a plan for an equitable system of transportation, allocation, and distribution of Alaskan petroleum resources to all areas of the United States.	
S. Res. 460. Resolution relating to the equitable allocation of North Slope and other crude oil resources.	Mansfield (6/9/76)	Interior & Insular Affairs	Expresses the sense of the Senate with respect to the equitable allocation of North Slope and other crude oil and petroleum products to the Northern Tier region of the United States.	Senate agreed to resolution on June 29, 1976 by voice vote.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 10498. To amend the Clean Air Act, and for other purposes.	Rogers, et al (10/31/75)	Interstate and Foreign Commerce	<p>Section 101 - Unregulated Pollutants.</p> <p>Section 102 - Basis of Administrative Standards</p> <p>Section 103 - Compliance Date Extensions (Stationary Sources)</p> <p>Section 104 - Assessment of Civil Penalties</p> <p>Section 105 - Excess Emission Fees</p> <p>Section 106 - Coal Conversion</p> <p>Section 107 - Stratosphere and Ozone Protection</p> <p>Section 108 - Prevention of Significant Deterioration</p> <p>Section 109 - Training</p> <p>Section 110 - Review of Standards</p> <p>Section 111 - New Source Standards of Performance</p> <p>Section 112 - Variances for Technology Innovations</p> <p>Section 113 - Federal Facilities</p> <p>Section 201 - Limitations on Indirect Source Reviews Authority</p> <p>Section 202 - Extension of Transportation Control Compliance Dates</p> <p>Section 203 - Light-Duty Motor Vehicle Emissions</p> <p>Section 204 - Emissions from Heavy-Duty Vehicles or Engines and from Motorcycles</p> <p>Section 205 - Aircraft Emission Standards</p> <p>Section 206 - Assurance of Protection of Public Health and Safety</p> <p>Section 207 - Test Procedures for Measuring Evaporative Emissions</p> <p>Section 208 - Railroad Locomotive Emission Standards</p> <p>Section 209 - Motor Vehicle Parts Certification and Study by FTC</p> <p>Section 211 - Costs of Vapor Recovery</p> <p>Section 212 - Testing by Small Manufacturers</p> <p>Section 213 - California Waiver</p> <p>Section 214 - Low-Emission Vehicles</p> <p>Section 215 - Removal or Tampering with Certain Devices</p>	<p>This is the Committee bill. A complete summary of the bill has been prepared by the Subcommittee on Health and the Environment Committee Print No. 16, Dated November 1975.</p> <p>The Administration is opposed to H.R. 10498. Counter to Titles IV, V &amp; VI of the Administration's omnibus energy bill.</p> <p>Reported from Interstate &amp; Foreign Commerce 5/15/76; Rept. 94-1175.</p> <p>Supplemental report filed 5/25/76; Pt. II.</p> <p>House debate began 8/4/76 and will continue the last week of August.</p>

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# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 10498. To amend the Clean Air Act, and for other purposes.	Rogers, et al (10/31/75)	Interstate and Foreign Commerce	Section 301 - Redesignation of Air Quality Control Regions Section 302 - Consultation Section 303 - Delegation to Local Government Section 304 - Employment Effects Section 305 - Administrative Procedures and Judicial Review Section 306 - Employee Protection Section 307 - Notice to States in Case of Certain Inspections, Etc. Section 308 - Emergency Provisions Section 309 - Interstate Pollution Abatement Section 310 - Interagency Cooperation on Prevention of Environmental Cancers, Heart and Lung Disease. Section 311 - Civil Litigation Section 312 - Fine Particulate Study Section 313 - Air Quality Monitoring Section 314 - Technical and Conforming Amendments Section 315 - Research Not Authorized	
H.R. 11501. To amend the Clean Air Act, and for other purposes.	Rogers (1/26/76)	Interstate and Foreign Commerce	Extends Clean Air Act for 1-year.	
S. 2895. A bill to amend the Clean Air Act in order to authorize States to allow certain variances in emission control systems in isolated areas.	Cannon for himself & Laxalt (1/29/76)	Public Works	Provides authority for the States to approve control variances for emission sources through secondary controls such as production cutbacks during adverse weather where two criteria are met. The first condition would mandate that the source must be in an isolated area in which the State can determine that no serious impact on the public health or welfare will occur. The second states there must be demonstrated severe economic hardship on such source if constant emission controls are required.	

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 3219. To amend the Clean Air Act, as amended.	Muskie for the Committee on Public Works (3/29/76)	Placed on Calendar	Committee on Public Works Clean Air Act bill.	<p>The Administration is opposed to the bill as reported. Counter to Titles IV, V, &amp; VI of the Omnibus Energy Bill, S. 594.</p> <p>Reported from Public Works 3/29/76, Rept. 94-717</p> <p>The Senate began consideration on July 26, 1976, taking action on proposed amendments as follows:</p> <p><u>Adopted:</u></p> <p>DOMENICI amendment No. 1623, to insure that States provide a satisfactory consultation with local governments in carrying out various programs authorized by the bill. Amendment adopted.</p> <p>Modified DOMENICI amendment No. 1624, making it explicit that local elected officials have first option in the conduct of transportation planning. Amendment, as modified, adopted.</p> <p>BAKER amendment No. 1586, allowing auto owners to choose facilities to perform maintenance on emission control systems, or to conduct the work themselves, without infringing their rights under the warranty for that automobile. Amendment adopted by unanimous vote of 97 yeas.</p>

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Legislative Action taken on the floor on S. 3219</u>
S. 3219. To amend the Clean Air Act, as amended.	Muskie for the Committee on Public Works (3/29/76)	Placed on Calendar	<p><u>Continued from the previous page</u></p> <p>RANDOLPH amendment No. 1798, providing enactment of Section 6 setting requirements to prevent significant deterioration of air quality, and to establish a commission to study the effects of its implementation. Adopted by 83 yeas to 1 nay.</p> <p>TOWER amendment No. 2063, modifying EPA certification procedures to insure that power equipment, such as air conditioners, be taken into account if it is not included as original equipment. Amendment adopted.</p> <p>BENTSEN unprinted amendment No. 303, requiring the Commission to study strategies proposed for the control of photochemical oxidants. Amendment adopted.</p> <p><u>Rejected:</u></p> <p>Modified BENTSEN amendment No. 1614 (as a substitute for Baker amendment No. 1586), to reduce the performance warranty on auto emission control systems from 5 years or 50,000 miles to 18 months or 18,000 miles, whichever comes first. Amendment rejected 45 yeas to 51 nays.</p> <p>SCOTT of Va., unprinted amendment No. 291, (to Moss unprinted amendment No. 290) to provide that during the period of the proposed study nothing in the Clean Air Act shall be construed to require the establishment of Federal standards more stringent than primary and secondary air quality standards. Amendment rejected by 17 yeas to 74 nays.</p> <p>Modified MOSS unprinted amendment No. 290, deleting section 6 and directing the National Commission on Air Quality to conduct a 1-year study of the overall effects of preventing significant deterioration of air quality. Amendment rejected by 31 yeas to 63 nays.</p>

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Legislative Action taken on the floor on S. 3219</u>
S. 3219. To amend the Clean Air Act, as amended.	Muskie for the Committee on Public Works (3/29/76)	Placed on Calendar	<p><u>Continued from the previous page</u></p> <p>Modified ALLEN amendment No. 2101 (to Randolph amendment No. 1798), to provide that section 6, setting requirement to prevent a significant deterioration of air quality, be held in abeyance for 1 year during which Commission on Air Quality studies the overall effect of such section. Amendment rejected by 23 yeas to 59 nays.</p> <p>HART of Colo., amendment No. 1608, to require automobile manufacturers to comply with statutory established auto emission standards one year earlier than the Committee-approved bill. Amendment rejected by 30 yeas to 61 nays.</p> <p>HART of Colo., amendment No. 1609, setting nitrogen oxide emission standard of 0.4 grams per mile for automobiles built after 1981. Amendment rejected by 33 yeas to 58 nays.</p> <p>PACKWOOD amendment No. 1577, as modified by his unprinted amendment No. 313, banning the use of aerosol containers containing halocarbons after Jan. 1, 1978, unless the Administrator determines that their use is not harmful to health or the public welfare. Amendment rejected by 28 yeas to 64 nays.</p> <p>Modified SCOTT of Va., amendment No. 2115, permitting the States to adopt more stringent standards in order to protect certain lands from pollution. Amendment rejected by 20 yeas to 70 nays.</p> <p>Passed Senate August 5, 1976. 78 yeas to 13 nays.</p>

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 3438. An original bill to amend the Clean Air Act to authorize appropriations for research, development & demonstration.	Randolph for the Committee on Public Works. (5/13/76)	Placed on Calendar	Authorizes appropriations to EPA for FY 1977 to conduct research, etc. on the Clean Air Act.	Reported in Senate May 13, 1976; Public Works; Rept. 94-873. Passed Senate June 11, 1976.



# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 1777. National Petroleum and Natural Gas Conservation and Coal Substitution Act of 1975	Randolph, et al (5/20/75)	Interior (S) Public Works (S)	Requires that industrial facilities utilizing natural gas, petroleum products, or fossil energy resources as a boiler fund in conformance with applicable environmental standards. Authorizes the Federal Energy Administration to grant two-year extensions on environmental standards.	FEA supports. Hearings were held on June 10, 11, 12, and 23 1975. FEA testified June 23, 1975.  Still Pending before Committees
S. 3209. A bill to establish fiscal incentives for the conversion of existing oil-fired and gas fired powerplant and industrial boilers and heat devices to coal as a primary energy source, and for other purposes.	Humphrey, et al (3/25/76)	Banking, Housing & Urban Affairs	Cited as the "Coal Substitution Incentives Act of 1976"  The Coal Substitution Act of 1976 is drafted to supplement S. 1777. It proposes economic incentives to assure that coal conversion is accomplished in compliance with applicable air pollution control requirements. The merits of such Federal economic incentives to achieve the purposes of S. 1777 will be evaluated during consideration of measure.	Hearings have not been scheduled.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 619. A bill entitled "Energy Facilites Planning and Development Act of 1975".	Randolph et al (2/7/75)	Interior	<p>Requires the Administrator of FEA within one year after the enactment of this Act, to prepare and submit to the President and to Congress a National Energy Site and Facility Report, which shall analyze short and long term energy needs and demand and indicate the number, type, and general location of energy facilities required to meet national energy objectives. Declares that such Report shall be developed in consultation with the States, industry, and other appropriate Federal agencies. Sets forth types of information the Report shall include.</p> <p>Provides for expediting the facility siting procedures through cooperation with state programs.</p> <p>Provides a judicial review process for persons aggrieved by a final order of a Federal agency granting or denying an application for energy facility approval.</p>	Admin. supports. This legislation is an Administration proposal and a part of the comprehensive energy bill, S. 594. S. 619 is identical to Title VIII.
S. 984. To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to make grants to assist the States to develop and implement State land resource programs and to assist Indian tribes to plan the use of tribal lands; to encourage expeditious energy facility siting decisions; to encourage research on and training in land resource planning and management; to establish an Office of Land Resource Planning Assistance in the Department of the Interior and for other purposes.	Jackson, et al (3/6/75)	Interior	<p>The purpose of this Act is to assist the States to develop and implement State land resource programs and to assist Indian tribes to inventory and plan the use of reservation and other tribal lands. Preserves the rights and jurisdiction of States and other property owners with respect to non-Federal lands. Title I -- is a program of assistance to the States.</p> <p>Title II--Administration of State Assistance programs and Coordination of Federal Land-related activities.</p>	<p>Secretary Morton (Interior) testified before the Subcommittee on Environment and Land Resources of the Interior and Insular Affairs Committee on April 23, and said that due to severe budget restraints the Administration is opposed.</p> <p>Subcommittee has completed hearings.</p>

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 984 To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to make grants to assist the States to develop and implement State land resource programs and to assist Indian tribes to plan the use of tribal lands; to encourage expeditious energy facility siting decisions; to encourage research on and training in land resource planning and management; to establish an Office of Land Resource Planning Assistance in the Department of the Interior and for other purposes, continued.	Jackson and others (3/6/75)	Interior	<p>continued -- Title III--Energy Facilities Planning.</p> <p>Title IV--Program of Assistance to Indian Tribes.</p> <p>Title V--Authorizes appropriations for grants to the States of \$100,000,000 for each of the next 8 fiscal years.</p> <p>Authorizes appropriations of \$2,000,000 for each of the next 8 fiscal years for training and research grants and contracts.</p> <p>Authorizes appropriations of \$10,000,000 for each of the next 8 fiscal years for grants for Indian tribes.</p> <p>Authorizes appropriations of such sums as necessary for the next 2 fiscal years to carry out the study on Indian lands.</p> <p>Authorizes appropriations of such sums as are necessary for each of the next 5 fiscal years to administer this Act.</p> <p>Limits the amount of grants to States found eligible pursuant to this Act to 90 percent of estimated cost of developing and administering the State land resource programs.</p>	

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 2502. A bill to reform electric utility rate regulation to provide for more effective planning of bulk power facilities, to assure reliability of bulk power supplies, to strengthen State electric utility regulatory agencies and to establish the Federal Energy Commission.	Moss (10/8/75)	Commerce & Government Operations Jointly.	The bill would reform electric utility rate regulation to provide for more effective planning of bulk power facilities, to assure reliability of bulk power supplies, to strengthen State electric utility regulatory agencies and to establish the Federal Energy Commission.	Hearings were held before Senate Commerce Committee April 27, 28. (S. 1666, S. 2208, S. 2747, S. 3011, S. 3310, and S. 3311)  Title II of H.R. 12169, P.L. 94-385 - Electric Utilities Rate Design Initiatives includes provisions of this bill.
S. 3310. To conserve electric energy, to reform electric utility rate regulation, to strengthen state electric utility regulatory agencies.	Moss, et al. (4/13/76)	Commerce	The bill is designed to increase the coordination and competition between public utilities and to improve public utility long-range planning.	Included in the hearings held before the Senate Commerce Committee on April 27 & 28. Some provisions of the bill are similar to the House bill H.R. 12461. See Title II, Electric Utilities, of P.L. 94-385
S. 3311. To amend the Federal Power Act to provide coordinated long-range planning and facility siting in the electric utility industry.	Moss (4/13/76)	Commerce	The bill amends the Federal Power Act to provide coordination of long-range planning and facility siting in the electric utility industry.	Included in the hearings held before the Senate Commerce Committee on April 27 & 28. Some provisions of the bill are similar to the House bill H.R. 12461.
S. 3371. To provide financial assistance to utility regulatory bodies and electric utilities to carry out energy conservation, demonstration projects.	Church (5/4/76)	Commerce	The bill would authorize funds for demonstration projects to test more fully lifeline rates, peak pricing, effective load management techniques and other innovative methods to make energy costs more equitable and less burdensome. Cited as "The Energy Savings Demonstration Act".	

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 10100. A bill to reform electric utility rate regulation, to provide for more effective planning of bulk power facilities, to assure reliability of bulk power supplies, to strengthen State electric utility regulatory agencies and to establish the Federal Energy Commission.	Moss (10/8/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Companion S. 2502. The bill would reform electric utility rate regulation to provide for more effective planning of bulk power facilities, to assure reliability of bulk power supplies, to strengthen State electric utility regulatory agencies and to establish the Federal Energy Commission.	Hearings were held on H.R. 12461 and related bills on March 30, 31, April 1 & 2, 5, 7, 8 & 9, 1976. (Included H.R. 10100, 11449, 11475, 11491, 11767, 11790). See Title II, Electric Utilities Rate Design Initiatives of H. R. 12169, P.L. 94-385.
H.R. 11449. A bill to reform residential electric utility rates.	Allen et al (1/22/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Cited as the "Lifeline Rate Act of 1976". The bill would reform electric utility rate charges to residential customers.	See above.
H.R. 11475. To amend the Federal Power Act to provide that public hearings be held prior to the Federal Power Commission granting rate increases for the interstate sale of electricity.	St. Germain (1/22/75)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Amends the Federal Power Act to require that rate increases for the interstate sale of electricity may not be granted until public hearings on such increases have been completed by the Federal Power Commission. Requires 30 days notice of all rate changes by a public utility to the Commission and to the public.	See above.
H.R. 11491. A bill to reform residential electric utility rates.	Lehman, et al (1/26/75)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Requires that electric utility rate charges for a subsistence quantity of electric energy provided to residential consumers not exceed the lowest rate charged any other electric consumer.	See above.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H. R. 15139. A bill to amend the Federal Power Act to provide for the reform of electric utility regulation by the Federal Power Commission.	McFall ( for himself and others)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Cited as the "Federal Power Commission Reform Act of 1976." Provides in part that the Commission approve only those public utility rates or charges which are based on actual costs known and measurable, and that the Commission review and audit fuel purchasing & fuel acquisition practices of all public utilities subject to its jurisdiction to avoid discriminatory & anticompetitive practices and overly-expensive acquisitions.	

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 11767. A bill to reform residential utility rates.	Allen et al (2/9/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	The purpose of the bill is to reform electric utility rates charges to residential customers by providing for a more equitable distribution of electric utility rate charges among classes of electric utilities to prescribe minimum rates and charges to residential users of electric energy in order to meet their basic necessities of modern life which will encourage the wise and prudent use and conservation of scarce energy supplies.	See comments on H. R. 12461.
H.R. 11790. To prohibit fuel adjustment clauses in utility rate schedules.	Gonzalez (2/9/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Prohibits the sale of natural gas or electric energy except in accordance with a fixed rate schedule approved by a regulatory authority in accordance with prescribed procedures, including prior public notice and a full evidentially hearing. Establishes procedures for review.	See comments on H. R. 12461.
H.R. 12461. A bill to reform electric utility rate regulation, to strengthen state electric-utility regulatory agencies, and for other purposes.	Dingell et al (3/11/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce		H. Interstate & Foreign Commerce Committee, Subcommittee on Energy & Power held hearings on 3/30 & 3/31, 4/1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9. Admin. Zarb, FEA testified on 4/1/76 on the regulation of electric power. "H.R. 12461 embodies a series of general remedies for an undefined problem. It is a complex, unfocused proposal for sweeping regulatory reform." Titles VII and VIII of H. R. 2633 constitute a more effective legislative approach. See Title II, Electric Utilities Rate Design Initiatives, H. R. 12169 -- P.L. 94-385.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administrative Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 1392. To establish a demonstration program in energy conservation, using promising innovative technology to the maximum extent possible, through retrofitting existing buildings with energy conservation equipment and systems, and for other purposes.	Tunney (4/9/75)	Commerce; Public Works; Government Operations; Jointly by unanimous consent	Cited as the "Energy Conservation in Buildings Demonstration Act of 1975".  Directs the Federal Energy Administrator to establish a program of grants to States and localities for retrofitting existing buildings with energy conservation equipment.	Assistant Administrator Sant, FEA testified on June 17, 1975, before the Special Subcommittee on Science, Technology, and Commerce of the Committee on Commerce of the Senate, on S. 1392, S. 1908 and S. 594 Title X. On S. 1392, he said "we foresee some specific problems with the programs & policies which prevent us supporting".  Hearings were also held on 11/4 & 5, 1975 by the Committee on Public Works, Subcommittee on Buildings and Grounds on S. 1392, S. 2045 & S. 2095.  Hearings held by Subcommittee on Buildings and Grounds April 7 & 8 on S. 1392, S. 2045 & S. 2095.
S. 1908. To regulate commerce by directing the Secretary of Commerce to establish and maintain an industrial program and for other purposes.	Tunney et al (6/10/75)	Commerce	Cited as "Industrial Energy Conservation Act of 1975". Regulates commerce by directing the Secretary of Commerce to establish and maintain an industrial energy conservation program. Provides for: (1) Survey of major energy-consuming industries, identification of possibilities and setting targets for energy conservation; (2) ERDA research and development and demonstration programs to assure maximum conservation potential; (3) loan and loan guarantees to promote conversion to energy-efficient industries.	See S. 1392.



# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administrative Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H. R. 14290. To establish in the Energy Research and Development Administration a program of research, development, and demonstration designed to promote energy conservation for residential, commercial, and industrial buildings and develop methods for calculating life cycle capital and operating costs relating to energy consumption for such buildings; and to provide through the General Services Administration for the demonstration of energy conservation technology and equipment in Federal buildings.	McCormack and Ginn (6/10/76)	Jointly to Science & Technology and Public Works & Transportation.	Cited as the "Energy Conservation in Buildings Act of 1976."	

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 2045. To insure that Federal buildings and certain buildings assisted with Federal funds employ the best practicable energy conservation and management practices; and for other purposes.	Randolph (6/27/75)	Public Works	<p>Cited as the Federal Facilities Energy Conservation and Utilization Act of 1975.</p> <p>Directs the Administrator of General Services, in consultation with specified Federal departments and agencies, to publish energy conservation guidelines for use in the construction and operation of Federal and federally-assisted buildings.</p> <p>Directs each Federal agency having authority over the construction or renovation of a Federal or federally-assisted building to require the preparation of an energy-economic analysis for such building.</p> <p>Authorizes \$7,5000,000 to be appropriated to carry out the purposes of this Act.</p>	<p>November 4 &amp; 5, 1975 the Committee on Public Works, Subcommittee on Buildings and Grounds held hearings on S. 1392, S. 2045 &amp; S. 2095.</p> <p>Hearings held by the Subcommittee Buildings and Grounds April 7 and 8 on S. 1392, S. 2045 &amp; S. 2095.</p>
S. 2095. To require that buildings financed with Federal funds utilize the best practicable measures for the conservation of energy and the use of solar energy systems.	Gary W. Hart et al (7/10/75)	Public Works	<p>Directs the Administrator of General Services and the Secretary of Defense to establish guidelines for the conservation of energy and the efficient use of solar energy systems in buildings financed with Federal funds. Requires submission of an energy use analysis to the Congress with specific energy requirements for such buildings.</p> <p>Authorizes increases in cost limitations for Federal and Federally assisted buildings to include increased costs due to energy conservation regulations.</p>	<p>Hearings were held on Nov. 4 &amp; 5, 1975 on S. 1392, S. 2045 &amp; S. 2095 by the Subcommittee on Buildings and Grounds of the S. Public Works Committee.</p> <p>Hearings held by Subcommittee on Buildings and Grounds April 7 &amp; 8 on S. 1392, S. 2045 &amp; S. 2095.</p>

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 2932. To minimize the use of energy in residential housing, commercial and public buildings, and industrial plants through federally supported State energy conservation implementation programs.	Kennedy, et al (2/5/76)	Banking, Housing, & Urban Affairs; Commerce; Interior & Insular Affairs; jointly by unanimous consent.	The bill would minimize the use of energy in residential housing, commercial and public buildings, and industrial plants through federally supported State energy conservation implementation programs. Four major areas for energy savings: transportation, residential and commercial buildings, industry, and utilities.  Cited as the "Energy Conservation Act of 1976".	Senate Commerce held hearings on 2/26/76. John A. Hill, Deputy Admin. FEA testified on 2/26/76. "... the Administration supports the concept of Federal efforts to encourage the rapid adoption of effective energy conservation measures. We are concerned, however, that another Federal financial assistance program as proposed in S. 2932, may be premature."  Interior and Insular Affairs held hearings on April 26 and May 6, 19, 1976.  Provisions of this legislation included in FEA extension, H. R. 12169 P. L. 94-385.
S. 3424. A bill to minimize the use of energy in housing, non-residential buildings, and industrial plants through State energy conservation implementation programs and Federal financial incentives and assistance, and for other purposes.	Hollings from the Committee on Commerce without amendment (5/13/76)	Placed on Calendar	Clean bill over S. 2932. Cited as the "Energy Conservation Act of 1976".	Reported in Senate 5/13/76; Commerce; Rept. 94-824.  Provisions of this bill included in FEA extension H. R. 12169, P. L. 94-385.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 7080. To insure that certain buildings financed with Federal funds utilize the best practicable technology for the conservation and use of energy.	Cleveland for himself & Howard (5/19/75)	Public Works & Transportation	Directs the Administrator of General Services to establish design criteria for certain new buildings constructed with Federal funds which provide for the best practicable use and conservation of energy.	The Administration supports the purposes of this bill, but is opposed to the mandatory provisions of the bill.  Hearings held October 29 & 30 by Subcommittee on Public Buildings and Grounds.
H.R. 8711. To require that buildings financed with Federal funds utilize the best practicable measures for the conservation of energy and the use of solar energy systems.	Ottinger for himself & others (7/17/75)	Public Works & Transportation	Cited as the "Conservation and Solar Energy-Federal Buildings Act of 1975". Directs the Administrator of General Services and the Secretary of Defense to establish guidelines for the conservation of energy and the efficient use of solar energy systems in buildings financed with Federal funds. Requires submission to the Congress of an energy use analysis with specific energy requirements for such buildings.  Authorizes increases in cost limitations for Federal and Federally assisted buildings to include increased costs due to energy conservation regulations.	The Administration supports the purposes of this bill.
H.R. 11805. To minimize the use of energy in residential housing, commercial and public buildings, and industrial plants through federally supported State energy conservation implementation programs.	Wirth (2/9/76)	Banking, Currency & Housing	Cited as the "Energy Conservation Act of 1976". Companion S. 2932.	Companion to S. 2932. Provisions of this legislation are included in the FEA extension, H.R. 12169, P.L. 94-385.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 12398. A bill to amend the Energy Policy and Conservation Act to minimize the use of energy in residential housing, commercial and public buildings and industrial plants, through federally assisted State energy conservation implementation programs and through a voluntary standards and certification program for products distributed in commerce which are designed to conserve energy in buildings.	Staggers, Dingell, et al (3/9/76)	Jointly to Banking, Currency, & Housing, & Interstate & Foreign Cms.	Amends the Energy Policy and Conservation Act to direct the Federal Energy Administrator to establish a voluntary standards and certification program for products designed to conserve energy in buildings. Authorizes the Administrator to provide financial assistance in the form of loan guarantees, interest subsidies, or grants for the implementation of eligible State energy conservation programs. Establishes limits on the amount of Federal loan guarantees under this Act. Authorizes appropriations for grants and subsidies through fiscal year 1980.	

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 11091. To establish in the Energy Research and Development Administration an Energy Extension Service to develop, demonstrate, and analyze energy conservation opportunities, and to develop programs to encourage acceptance and adoption of energy conservation opportunities by energy consumers.	Thornton, et al (12/10/75)	Science & Technology	Establishes an Energy Extension Service in the Energy Research and Development Administration to develop a program of technical assistance and practical demonstration of energy-conserving technologies for agricultural and commercial purposes.	Hearings have been held by the Committee on Science and Technology, Subcommittee on Energy Research, and Development on March 23, 25, and 30. April 1.  FEA opposed to legislation.
H.R. 12651. A bill to establish energy conservation research, development, and demonstration institutes to create a cooperative energy extension service to promote a more adequate national program of research, development and demonstration in technologies related to energy conservation, and for other purposes.	McCormack (3/18/76)	Science & Technology	Companion to S. 3145. See Synopsis.	
H.R. 13676. A bill to establish in the Energy Research and Development Administration an Energy Extension Service to oversee the development and administration of State plans for the development, demonstration, and analysis of energy conservation opportunities and the development of programs to encourage the acceptance and adoption of energy conservation opportunities by energy consumers.	Thornton, et al (5/10/76)	Science & Technology	Clean bill over H.R. 11091.	Reported from Science and Tech. July 19, 1976; Rept. 94-1348 Passed House 8/2/76, by a vote of 323 yeas to 55 nays. In Senate referred to Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs, 8/3/76.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 14205. A bill to amend the Energy Policy and Conservation Act to minimize the use of energy in residential housing, commercial and public buildings and industrial plants, etc.	O'Neill, et al (6/4/76)	Title I Jointly to Banking, Currency and Housing & Interstate & Foreign Commerce & Title II to Cmt. on Science and Technology.	The Omnibus Energy Conservation Act. Title I deals primarily with the financing of energy conservation expenditures in residential housing, commercial and public buildings, and industrial plants. Title II deals mainly with public education, training, and technical assistance, and an expanded and directed energy conservation research, development and demonstration program.	<p>Among the many energy conservation bills introduced in the House, and not yet voted on by the full House are those listed below as inspiration for the Omnibus Energy Conservation Act.</p> <p>H.R. 11805 (Wirth) H.R. 12024 (Drinan) H.R. 12398 (Staggers) H.R. 11091 (Thornton) H.R. 13676 (Thornton) H.R. 12651 (McCormack) H.R. 8494 (Drinan) H.R. 12787 (Brown of Calif.)</p> <p>Equivalent in the Omnibus Bill</p> <p>Title I. Title I and Title II Part A. Title I. Title II Part A. Title II Part B and Part A. Title II Part C. Title II Part C.</p> <p>7/19/76 Hearings held by H. Inter. &amp; Foreign Commerce, Subcommittee on Energy &amp; Power and Subcommittee on Housing and Community Development of Banking, Currency &amp; Housing (Joint Hearings) on Title I of H.R. 14205, and Title IV, Parts B through F of the Senate Amendment to FEA Extension Act.</p> <p>7/26/76 Hearings held by Cmt. on Banking, Currency &amp; Housing, Subcommittee on Economic Stabilization on loan guarantee provisions of H.R. 14205. Most of the provisions of this bill are included in P.L. 94-395, The Energy Conservation &amp; Production Act.</p>

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 3145. A bill to establish energy conservation research, development, and demonstration institutes, to create a co-operative energy extension service, to promote a more adequate national program of research, development, and demonstration in technologies related to energy conservation, and for other purposes.	Church, Jackson, Fannin Hatfield & Glenn (3/16/76)	Interior and Insular Affs.	Cited as the Energy Conservation and Research and Development Act of 1976. "To establish within each State at a college or university an energy conservation research, development and demonstration institute." The bill also directs the Administrator of ERDA to prepare a plan for the creation of a 'Cooperative Energy Conservation Extension Service.' The research program will provide new and better methods to use energy efficiently.	Subcommittee on Energy Res. & Water Res. held hearings on S. 3145 and S. 3259 on April 30. Received testimony from John Hill and others. Mr. Hill testified ... agrees with objectives of both bills but does not believe that establishment of an energy extension service would be the most effective. Prefers FEA's Project Conserve. Hearings have been concluded.
S. 3259. A bill to establish in the Energy Research and Development Administration an Energy Extension Service to develop, demonstrate, and analyze energy conservation opportunities, and to develop programs to encourage acceptance and adoption of energy conservation opportunities by energy consumers.	Bumpers (4/6/76)	Interior and Insular Affairs	Companion bill to H.R. 10154 and H.R. 11091. See synopsis on H.R. 11091.	See above.



# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 617. A bill entitled "Winterization Assistance Act of 1975".	Randolph for Jackson (2/7/75)	Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs	Authorizes the Federal Energy Administrator to make grants to States to assist programs designed to help low-income persons in improving the thermal efficiency of their dwellings.	The Administration supports S. 617. S. 617 is identical to Title XI of S. 594, Energy Independence Act. The Committee on Banking has held hearings. A clean bill has been reported out by the Committee in lieu of S. 617. S. 1483, Title III.
* H.R. 8650. To assist low-income persons in insulating their homes, to facilitate State and local adoption of energy conservation standards for new buildings, and to direct the Secretary of Housing and Urban development to undertake research and to develop energy conservation performance standards.	Barrett for himself, et al (7/14/75)	Banking, Currency & Housing	<p><u>Title I: Weatherization Assistance for Low Income Persons</u> --Authorizes the Administrator of the Federal Energy Administration to provide funds to the States for weatherization of dwellings of low-income persons, particularly the low-income elderly and the handicapped. Enumerates criteria for the evaluation of weatherization grant applications, including an estimation of the amount of fuel to be conserved by the weatherization program. Provides that a program determined not to be in compliance with the provisions of its approved application for any fiscal year shall not receive Federal funds until substantial compliance is established.</p> <p><u>Title II: Energy Conservation Building Standards</u> -- Building Energy Conservation Standards Act - Directs the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to publish performance standards for new commercial buildings within 18 months of enactment of this title. (continued on next page)</p>	<p>The Administration supports Title I as passed the House, and Title II as passed the Senate. The Administration is opposed to Title I as passed the Senate and Title II as passed the House.</p> <p>Rept. from Banking, Currency &amp; Housing 7/22/75; Rept. 94-377. Passed House 9/8/75. In Senate, referred to Banking, Currency &amp; Housing 9/9/75 Rept. 94-623. Passed Senate amended 3/9/76, By a vote of 52 yeas to 35 nays, Rejecting the Tower and Eagleton amendments. House asked for a conference 3/15; Senate agreed to a conference 3/18</p> <p>Conferees held meeting on 5/12/76 came to no conclusion and agreed to meet again, no date set.</p> <p>Provisions of this bill have been included in the FEA Extension, H.R. 12169, P.L. 94-385.</p>

\* Will be deleted from future Legislative Summary.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 8650. Continued			<p>Continued --</p> <p>Directs the Secretary to monitor the progress made by the States and their political subdivisions in adopting and enforcing model energy conservation standards.</p> <p>Authorizes to be appropriated to the States \$10,000,000 for technical assistance in implementing model energy conservation standards approved by the Secretary.</p> <p>Provides for research and demonstration projects to assist the development of performance standards under this title.</p>	

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
S. 2063. An original bill to regulate commerce, to protect consumers, and to conserve energy by requiring the disclosure of estimates as to the annual operating costs of environmental control systems in residences, and for other purposes.	Magnuson (7/8/75)	Banking, Housing & Urban Affairs with instruction to report within 60 days.	Provides American consumers with information on the energy characteristics and the financial costs associated with the use of environmental control systems and major household products in residences. The legislation proposes to achieve this purpose by requiring the disclosure, prior to purchase, of the estimated annual operating costs for new heating, cooling, and hot water systems installed in existing residences, and requiring the issuance of Home Energy Guides for new residences.	Reported in Senate 7/8/75; Commerce Rept. 94-265. Referred to Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs 7/8/75.  FEA supports purposes of this bill but prefers Title X of S. 594.
S. 3094. To provide financial assistance to encourage small-business concerns to implement energy conservation measures.	Pearson (3/9/76)	Banking, Housing & Urban Affairs	Cited as Small-Business Concern Energy Conservation Act of 1976. To alleviate the shortage of capital to finance the implementation of energy conservation measures, including a shift from nonrenewable to renewable sources of energy such as solar energy, by small business concerns to strengthen current conservation efforts.	P.L. 94-385, The Energy Conservation and Production Act, has a section in it which authorizes FEA to provide financial assistance in the form of loan guarantees to qualified borrowers who undertake energy conservation measures. Under this loan guarantee program, which provides for up to \$2 billion in loan guarantees, the FEA Administrator is directed to consult with the Small Business Administration in order to formulate procedures which would assist small business concerns in obtaining energy conservation loan guarantees.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 3227. A bill to accelerate solar energy research and development within Energy Research & Development Administration and for other purposes.	Humphrey, et al (3/30/76)	Aeronautical & Space Sciences; Agriculture & Forestry; Banking, Housing & Urban Affairs; Commerce; Interior & Insular Affs., Jointly by unanimous consent.	The legislation is designed to restore a large part of the funding request for solar energy development that were significantly reduced by the OMB from the Fiscal Year 1977 ERDA budget.	
S. 3264. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to provide a tax credit and to allow a deduction with respect to expenditures for residential solar energy equipment.	Tunney (4/7/76)	Finance	Provides a tax credit and allows a deduction for residential solar energy equipment.	
S. 3700. A bill to amend section 16 of the Solar Energy Research Development, and Demonstration Act of 1974,	Moss (7/26/76)	Aeronautical and Space Sciences		

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
*S. 2872. A bill to extend the expiration date of the Federal Energy Administration of 1974 from June 30, 1976, to September 30, 1979.	Percy (by request) (1/26/76)	Government Operations	<p>To insure the effective implementation of the provisions of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975. The bill also makes several other amendments to the FEA Act of 1974 as follows:</p> <p><u>Section 1</u> of the proposed extension bill allows FEA employees to hold diversified mutual funds without violating the strict conflict-of interest requirements of the act. This amendment in no way affects the continued applicability to FEA and its employees of the conflict of interest provisions contained in 18 U.S.C. 208 which are generally applicable to Government employees.</p> <p><u>Section 2</u> allows FEA to review and comment upon EPA-proposed regulations affecting energy, just as EPA is presently allowed to review and comment upon FEA proposed regulations affecting the environment.</p> <p><u>Section 3</u> clarified the scope of FEA's information gathering authority in requiring that foreign affiliates of U.S. oil companies and foreign oil companies operating in the United States are subject to FEA's data collection authority.</p> <p><u>Section 4</u> provides civil and criminal penalties for violation of information gathering provisions.</p> <p><u>Section 5</u> allows FEA to submit its economic impact report annually instead of semi-annually.</p> <p><u>Section 6</u> requires FEA to keep only a random sample of files on petroleum and coal exports rather than a comprehensive file of all energy exports.</p> <p><u>Section 7</u> changes FEA authorization of appropriations to such sums as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of Act.</p> <p><u>Section 8</u> extends FEA from June 30, 1976 to September 30, 1979.</p>	<p>Administration's proposed legislation. (Mr. Zarb requested introduction).</p> <p>Hearings were held by Senate Government Operations committee on April 27, 28 and 30. May 4 and 5.</p> <p>Reported in Senate May 13, 1976; Government Operations; Rept. 94-874.</p> <p>Indefinitely postponed June 16, 1976. Passed H.R. 12169 in lieu. 81 yeas to 12 nays.</p> <p>SEE H.R. 12169 - Public Law 94-385, Approved August 14, 1976.</p>

\*Will be deleted from future Legislative Summary.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
*H. R. 12169. To amend the Energy Policy and Conservation Act to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1977 to carry out the functions of the Federal Energy Administration, and for other purposes.	Staggers for himself & Devine (2/26/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Authorizes appropriations for FY 1977 to carry out the functions of FEA under the Energy Policy and Conservation Act; and asks for extension of FEA until September 30, 1979.	<p>Rept. Interstate &amp; Foreign Commerce Committee 5/10/76; Rept. 94-1113.  Passed House June 1, 1976.  In Senate, ordered placed on the Calendar June 2, 1976;  Passed Senate amended June 16, 1976.  Conference Report filed 8/4/76 in House - Conf. Rept. 94-1392.  Conference Report filed 8/5/76 in Senate - Conf. Rept. 94-1119.</p> <p>Senate agreed to Conference Report by voice vote on August 5, 1976.  House agreed to Conference Report by vote of 263 yeas to 88 nays, August 10, 1976.</p> <p>Approved August 14, 1976.  Public Law 94-385.</p>

\*Will be deleted from future Legislative Summary.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
*S. 3027. A bill to transfer all compliance and enforcement functions of the Federal Energy Administration to the Secretary of Treasury.	Leahy (2/25/76)	Interior and Insular Affairs	Transfers to the Secretary of Treasury all compliance and enforcement functions previously vested in the Administrator of the Federal Energy Administration.	FEA opposed. No further action anticipated in view of FEA extension.
*H.R. 12570. A bill to transfer all compliance functions of the Federal Energy Administration to the Secretary of the Treasury.	Drinan (3/16/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Transfers to the Secretary of Treasury all compliance and enforcement functions previously vested in the Administrator of the Federal Energy Administration.	FEA opposed No further action anticipated in view of FEA extension.

\*Will be deleted from future Legislative Summary.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 3339. To promote more effective management of certain related functions of the executive branch by reorganizing and consolidating those functions in a new Department of Energy and Natural Resources.	Ribicoff & Jackson (4/28/76)	Government Operations	Creates a Department of Energy and Natural Resources.	Nothing scheduled.



# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 2532. A bill to establish the Energy Independence Authority, a government corporation with authority to provide financing and economic assistance for those sectors of the national economy which are important to the development of domestic sources and the conservation of energy and the attainment of energy independence for the United States in a manner consistent with the protection of the environment; to improve Federal government operations so as to assist in the expediting of regulatory procedures which affect energy development; and for other purposes.	Fannin for himself, Hugh Scott, and Tower by request (10/20/75)	Banking, Housing & Urban Affs.	Establishes the Energy Independence Authority.	Administration's proposed legislation. Supports.  Hearings have been held by Senate Banking, April 12, 13 & 14, May 10. Admin. Zarb testified on April 12.
H.R. 10267. A bill to establish the Energy Independence Authority, a Government corporation with authority to provide financing and economic assistance for those sectors of the national economy which are important to the development of domestic sources and the conservation of energy and the attainment of energy independence for the United States in a manner consistent with the protection of the environment; to improve Federal government operations so as to assist in the expediting of regulatory procedures which affect energy development; and for other purposes.	Staggers for himself, Devine, Dingell, Brown of Ohio by request (10/21/75)	Banking, Currency & Housing Authority. & Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Establishes the Energy Independence Authority.	Administration's proposed legislation. Supports.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 323. To regulate commerce and to protect petroleum product dealers from unfair practices.	Moss, et al (1/23/75)	Commerce (S)	Restricts the rights of distributors and refiners regarding cancellation of contracts with franchised dealers.	Hearings have been completed. S. Rept. 94-120, 5/13/75 (Section 5 amended substantially) Passed Senate 6/20/75 by voice vote. Referred to H. Interstate & Foreign Commerce. Tentative FEA position opposed. Possibility of other agencies in support. In the 93rd Congress FEA opposed similar legislation as being restrictive and tending to promote inefficiency.  FEA testified 5/3 on S. 323 and H.R. 13000. Energy & Power Subcommittee held hearings 4/13, 5/3, 5, 7, & 10. See comments on S. 323.
H.R. 5729. A bill to provide for protection of franchised dealers in petroleum products.	Litton (4/8/75)	Interstate and Foreign Commerce	Restricts the rights of distributors and refiners regarding cancellation of contracts with franchised dealers.	
H.R. 10840. To provide for the protection of franchised dealers of petroleum products from coercive business practices, and for other purposes.	Rhodes (11/19/75)	Interstate and Foreign Commerce	cited as the "Gasoline Dealers Protection Act of 1975". Prohibits a refiner or distributor from canceling, failing to renew, or otherwise terminating a petroleum products franchise, except for good cause, etc.	Administration supports. Administration's proposed legislation, with some very minor changes.
H.R. 11709. To provide for protection of franchised dealers in petroleum products;	Litton for himself et al (2/4/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Prohibits distributors and refiners of petroleum products from cancelling franchises without cause and without prior notice.	

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 12712. A bill to provide for the protection of franchised dealers of petroleum products from coercive business practices, and for other purposes.	Devine and Brown of Ohio (by request) (3/23/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Prohibits a refiner or distributor from canceling, failing to renew, or otherwise terminating a petroleum products franchise, except for good cause.	Administration's proposed legislation.
H.R. 13000. A bill to provide for the protection of franchised distributors and retailers of motor fuel; to prevent deterioration of competition in gasoline retailing, and to encourage conservation by requiring that information regarding the octane rating of automotive gasoline be disclosed to consumers.	Dingell for self & Staggers and others (4/2/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Prohibits franchisors from prematurely cancelling or failing to renew motor fuel franchises unless written notification is provided and the franchisee has failed to comply with reasonable terms of the agreement. Specifies that refiners may not increase the percentage of gasoline distributed through refiner operated retail outlets for a two year period. Directs the Federal Trade Commission to report to Congress on methods to promote competition in the marketing of gasoline. Requires FTC to prescribe rules for determining octane ratings of gasoline and display requirements for such ratings.	Administration prefers their bill, H.R. 12712.  Subcommittee on Energy & Power has held hearings on April 13, May 3, 4, 5, 7 and 10.  Admin. Zarb testified on April 13.  Subcommittee released new print August 17, 1976,  Subcommittee on Energy & Power marked up legislation 8/25 & 8/25.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 1863. To amend the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920.	Jones (Okla.) (1/23/75)	Interior and Insular Affairs	Amends the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to issue certificates of public convenience and necessity to aid in construction of certain pipelines. Allows certified pipeline carriers to exercise the power of eminent domain in the United States district courts to acquire rights-of-way for coal.	The Departments of Interior, Transportation and Interstate Commerce Commission have reported that they have no objections to the enactment of this legislation. FEA testified in support of the bill. 6/16/76 -- Interior & Insular Affairs Committee considered the bill on June 30, and tabled the measure.
H.R. 8435. To reform the mining and mineral leasing law and for other purposes.	Mink for herself, Udall, Seiberling and Vigorito (7/8/75)	Interior and Insular Affairs	Revise certain mineral leasing laws with respect to prospecting permits, bidding procedures, and certification of compliance with various environmental protection requirements. Directs the Secretary of the Interior to establish performance standards for the reclamation of mined areas. Authorizes the Secretary to temporarily suspend mining operations to minimize adverse environmental impact. Details procedures for the granting of rights of way or permits for oil and gas pipelines. Establishes a system of classification for various mineral leases.	The Administration has not taken a position on H.R. 8435.
H.R. 14385. A bill to amend the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920, and for other purposes.	Eckhardt (6/15/76)	Interior & Insular Affairs		The bill was considered at the June 30 meeting of the H. Interior and Insular Affairs Cmt. Clean bill over H.R. 1863. No further action expected this Session.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY				
<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
*S. 391. To amend the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920.	Metcalf & Jackson (1/27/75)	Interior & Insular Affairs	Amends the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 to require inclusion of certain lands to be leased in a comprehensive land use plan and to insure protection of the environment as a condition to issuance of exploration licenses.	<p>S. Rept. 94-296, Interior &amp; Insular Affairs 7/23/75.</p> <p>Passed Senate July 31, 1975, amended by a recorded vote 84 yeas to 12 nays.</p> <p>June 21, 1976, the Senate agreed to the House amendment to S. 391, clearing the measure for the White House.</p> <p>S. 391 vetoed by the President on July 3, 1976. In Senate referred to the Interior and Insular Affairs Committee July 19, 1976.</p> <p>Senate overrode Presidential veto on August 3, 1976, 76 yeas to 17 nays.</p> <p>House overrode Presidential veto on August 4, 1976, 382 yeas to 2 nays.</p> <p>Public Law 94-377.</p>

\* Will be deleted from future Legislative Summary.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
S. 834. To provide that moneys due the States under the provisions of the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920, as amended, derived from the development of oil shale resources, may be used for purposes other than public roads and schools.	Haskell, et al (2/25/75)	Interior & Insular Affairs	Amends Section 35 with respect to revenues from oil shale leases. It would permit each State to use its share of oil shale revenues for planning, construction and maintenance of public facilities and provisions of public services.	Interior Department objected to the passage of an identical bill in the 93rd Congress, S. 3009. Interior preferred that S. 1040, be enacted in lieu. S. 1040, was a bill which offered broad reform of the mining and mineral leasing act.  S. Rept. 94-85, Int. & Ins. Affs. 4/18/75; Passed Senate 4/22/75.
S. 2413. To amend the provisions of the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 relating to oil shale leasing.	Jackson, et al (9/25/75)	Interior & Insular Affairs	Authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to grant to any person holding a lease for oil shale, under the provisions of the Mineral Leasing Act, additional leases for lands outside the oil shale lease lands. Restricts the use of such lands as specified in the Act. Provides that such leases shall not be issued unless the lessee shows that the additional land is necessary to the operations under the oil shale lease, & that the lease be in the public interest.	Administration's proposed legislation. Hearings held on March 17, by Subcommittee on Minerals, Materials and Fuels, S. Interior & Insular Affairs.
H.R. 1622. To prohibit the dumping of spent oil shale on any federal land leased for the operation of shale oil recovery facilities and to provide for the recovery of damages for injury to the United States caused by the unlawful dumping of spent oil shale.	Schroeder (1/17/75)	Interior & Insular Affairs	Prohibits the dumping of spent oil shale on Federal lands other than those lands leased for the recovery of shale oil.	Interior Department has commented on bill and is opposed.  Subcommittee on Public Lands held hearings on June 21 & June 24.
H.R. 11163. Amend Section 21 of the Mineral Leasing Act (41 Stat. 445), as amended (30 U.S.C. 241).	Johnson of Colo. (12/15/75)	Interior & Insular Affairs	Amends the Mineral Leasing Act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to grant additional leases to certain existing leaseholders for purposes other than the actual mining of oil shale, etc.	Interior Department opposed. Subcommittee on Public Lands held hearings on June 21 & 24.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 9725. To provide for the cooperation between the Secretary of the Interior and the States with respect to the regulation of surface coal mining operations, and the acquisition and reclamation of abandoned mines, and for other purposes.	Melcher et al (9/19/75)	Interior & Insular Affairs	Regulates surface coal mining operations through the permit program administered by the Secretary of the Interior. Requires applicants to meet minimum environmental protection performance standards. Allows States to establish surface mining control programs at least as stringent as minimum Federal standards. Includes provisions to fund mineral resources research programs and to provide for reclamation of abandoned mine sites. Authorizes the Secretary of Labor to extend unemployment assistance to individuals left jobless as a result of enforcement of surface mining requirements. Cited as the "Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1975".	Opposed. Almost identical to H.R. 25 which was vetoed by the President. Committee considers this the strip-mining bill.  H. Rept. 94-896, Int. & Ins. Affs. March 12, 1976.  3/23/76, Committee on Rules adopted a motion to table H.R. 9725. Testimony was heard from Chairman Haley & Repr. Melcher.  Melcher introduced a discharge petition H.Res. 1107 on April 7, 1976.
H.R. 13950. To provide for the cooperation between the Secretary of the Interior and the States with respect to the regulation of surface coal mining operations, and the acquisition and reclamation of abandoned mines.	Melcher et al (5/20/76)	Interior & Insular Affairs	See above synopsis.	Pending before Interior & Insular Affairs Committee. Essentially the same as H.R. 25, with some changes. Markup sessions were held August 24 & 25, and the bill was reported, with amendments, on August 25, 1976.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administrative Position and Legislative Status</u>
* H.R. 11792. To provide assistance to States for extraordinary fiscal impacts resulting from development of Federal energy resources, and for other purposes.	Haley & Skubitz (2/9/76)	Interior & Insular Affairs	Cited as the "Federal Energy Development Impact Assistance Act of 1976". The bill would provide fiscal assistance to States for extraordinary impacts resulting from development of Federal energy resources.	Administration's proposed legislation.  Coastal Zone bill S. 586, P.L. 94-370 approved 7/26/76, creates a coastal energy impact program with funds of \$1.2 billion over the next 10 years, to help coastal states and communities that are affected as we speed up exploration and production of oil and gas from the OCS.
* S. 3007. To provide assistance to States for extraordinary fiscal impacts resulting from development of Federal energy resources, and for other purposes.	Jackson for himself & Fannin by request (2/19/76)	Interior & Insular Affairs	Companion H.R. 11792.	The President signed S. 586, P.L. 94-370 with the statement: "The bill recognizes a national responsibility to assist coastal states and communities that will be affected by the accelerated exploration and production of oil and gas from the Federal Outer Continental Shelf. It incorporates for coastal states the principal elements of the Energy Development Impact Assistance Program, which I recommended to Congress in February of this year."

\* Will be deleted from future Legislative Summary.



# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
S. 1754. Comprehensive uniform legal regime governing liability and compensation for damages of oil spills.	Magnuson for himself & others (5/15/75)	Commerce Interior & Insular Affairs Public Works Jointly by unanimous consent	Establishes strict liability for damages caused by oil spills. Establishes a National Oil Pollution Liability and Compensation Administration to administer a system of compensation for cleanup costs incurred as a result of oil spills. Establishes an administrative procedure for the settlement of claims resulting from oil spills.	
S. 2162. To provide a comprehensive system of liability and compensation for oil spill damage and removal costs, to implement the International Convention on Civil Liability for Oil Pollution Damage and the International Convention on the Establishment of an International Fund for Compensation Oil Pollution Damage, and for other purposes.	Magnuson for himself & others (7/22/75)	Commerce Interior & Insular Affairs, and Public Works, Jointly by unanimous consent.	Establishes a comprehensive and uniform system for fixing liability and settling claims for oil pollution damages in U.S. waters and coastlines. The bill would also implement two international conventions dealing with oil pollution caused by tankers on the high seas.	Administration's proposed legislation on "Comprehensive Oil Pollution Liability and Compensation Act of 1975."
S. 2666. A bill to establish a uniform and comprehensive legal regime governing liability and compensation for damages and cleanup costs caused by oil pollution, and for other purposes.	Biden, et al (11/13/75)	Jointly to Commerce; Interior & Insular Affairs; Public Works	Establishes a uniform and comprehensive legal regime governing liability and compensation for damages and cleanup costs caused by oil pollution, covering spills from vessels, onshore and offshore facilities, pipelines and deepwater ports. Cited as "The Federal Oil Pollution Liability and Compensation Act of 1975".	

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 9294. To provide a comprehensive system of liability and compensation for oil spill damage and removal costs, to implement the International Convention on Civil Liability for Oil Pollution Damage, and for other purposes.	Sullivan & Ruppe (8/1/75)	Jointly to International Relations; Merchant Marine & Fisheries Public Works & Transportation	Establishes strict liability for damages caused by oil spills. Establishes procedure for the settlement of claims arising from oil spill incidents in United States waters. Creates a fund in the Department of Treasury to assist compensation for oil spill damage. Requires proof of financial responsibility by vessels to protect against potential spills.	Companion to S. 2162. Administration's proposed legislation.  Hearings held by H. Merchant Marine and Fisheries 12/2/75. Pending before full Committee.
H.R. 10756. A bill to establish a uniform and comprehensive legal regime governing liability and compensation for damages and cleanup costs caused by oil pollution, and for other purposes.	Studds, et al (11/13/75)	Jointly to Public Works and Transportation & Merchant Marine & Fisheries.	Establishes a uniform and comprehensive legal regime governing liability and compensation for damages and cleanup costs caused by oil pollution, covering spills from vessels, onshore and offshore facilities, pipelines and deepwater ports. Cited as "The Federal Oil Pollution Liability and Compensation Act of 1975."	Companion bill to S. 2666. Hearings held 12/2/75, with H.R. 9294 by H. Merchant Marine & Fisheries.
H.R. 10969. A bill to provide a comprehensive system of liability and compensation for oil spill damage and removal costs, to implement the International Convention on Civil Liability for Oil Pollution Damage and the International Convention on the Establishment of an International Fund for Compensation for Oil Pollution Damage and for other purposes.	Jones of Ala. & Harsha by request (12/3/75)	Jointly to Public Works and Transportation & Merchant Marine & Fisheries and International Relations.	Establishes strict liability for damages caused by oil spills. Establishes procedures for the settlement of claims arising from oil spill incidents in United States waters. Creates a fund in the Department of the Treasury to assist in providing compensation for oil spill damage. Requires proof of financial responsibility by vessels to protect against potential spills. Implements certain international agreements with respect to liability and compensation for oil pollution damage resulting from incidents on the territorial sea.	

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 11115. A bill to establish a uniform and comprehensive legal regime governing liability and compensation for damages and cleanup costs caused by oil pollution, and for other purposes.	Patten (12/11/75)	Jointly to the Committees on Public Works and Transportation, and Merchant Marine and Fisheries	Establishes strict liability for damages caused by oil spills. Creates within the Department of Transportation an agency to settle claims arising from oil spills and to assist in providing compensation for oil spill damage.	
H.R. 14862. A bill to provide a comprehensive system of liability and compensation for oil spill damage and removal costs, and for other purposes.	Sullivan (7/26/76)	Jointly to the Committees on Public Works and Transportation, and Merchant Marine and Fisheries		Markup sessions held August 24 & 25.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
S. 1860. To amend the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act to authorize certain revenues from leases on the Outer Continental Shelf to be made available to assist coastal States to defray the impact of energy resource development and production of offshore facilities; to make available revenues for other States; and for other purposes.	Long (6/4/75)	Interior and Insular Affairs	Provides States which are impacted by Outer Continental Shelf exploration, production and development of oil, gas and other minerals with equitable reimbursement for State and local government services and to assure adequate protection of the on-shore social, economic, and environmental conditions in the coastal zone.	Administration would prefer no legislation be enacted.
S. 1954. To amend the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act to provide relief for damages to public or private parties suffered by reason of the discharge of oil or gas from the Outer Continental Shelf.	Roth (6/17/75)	Interior and Insular Affairs	Amends the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act to establish strict liability for damages caused by oil spills. Directs the Secretary of Interior to establish a program to require all holders of leases on the Outer Continental Shelf to maintain insurance or other evidence of financial responsibility.	
H.R. 7680. To amend the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act to authorize certain revenues from leases on the Outer Continental Shelf to be made available to assist coastal States to defray the impact of energy resource development and production of offshore facilities; to make available revenues for other states; and for other purposes.	O'Neill (6/5/75)	Committees on Judiciary, Merchant Marine and Fisheries & Government Opers.	Amends the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act to authorize Federal reimbursement of a portion of rentals and royalties collected in connection with Federal leasing activities to affected State and local governments. Directs the Secretary of the Interior to formulate a coastal State impact measurement criteria plan to identify and evaluate various objectives and problems associated with leases on the Outer Continental Shelf.	Administration would prefer no legislation be enacted.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
S. 521. To increase the supply of energy in the United States from the Outer Continental Shelf; to amend the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act; and for other purposes.	Jackson & others (2/3/75)	Interior and Insular Affairs	Provides that the Secretary of the Interior should submit leasing plan and conduct a regulatory study. Establishes an offshore oil spill liability fund, provides for grants to coastal states through sharing of oil revenues.	Administration opposes since it feels the Department of the Interior has sufficient authority in existing legislation to solve problems addressed in this bill. Also, Administration prefers to address oil spill liability problem generally rather than limit it to the Outer Continental Shelf.  S. Rept. 94-183, Int. & Ins. Affs. 5/13/75. Passed Senate amended 7/30/75. 67 yeas to 19 nays. Passed House amended 7/21/76
H.R. 6218. To establish a policy for the management of oil and natural gas in the Outer Continental Shelf; to protect the marine and coastal environment; to amend the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act; and for other purposes.	Murphy of NY, et al (4/22/75)	Ad hoc Select Committee on the Outer Continental Shelf	Amends the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act to revise procedures for bidding and leasing of oil and gas deposits to conform to plans prepared by the Secretary of the Interior.  Directs the Secretary of the Interior to prepare and maintain a leasing program for oil and gas development on the Outer Continental Shelf. Directs the Secretary of the Department in which the Coast Guard is operating to develop safety regulations for Outer Continental Shelf operations.	Administration (Interior) wants to accelerate leasing; however no position has been taken on this bill.  Hearings have been held and completed. Reported from the ad hoc Select Committee on the Outer Continental Shelf May 4, 1976; Rept. 94-1084. Supplemental report filed May 14, 1976; pt II.  Passed House July 21, 1976. Proceedings vacated. Laid on table July 21, 1976. S. 521, as amended, passed in lieu July 21, 1976.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 11333. To authorize a program of energy research, development and demonstration to assist in the exploration and development of oil and gas on the Outer Continental Shelf.	Hechler of W. Va., et al (12/19/75)	Science and Technology & Interior & Insular Affairs.	Directs the Secretary of the Interior to establish an Outer Continental Shelf Research, Development and Resource Assessment Project to be managed by the Secretary through such office or agency within the Interior Department as he shall designate. Provides for the coordination of the Federal agencies in the conduct by them of parts or aspects of the project within their particular competence. Requires the Secretary, acting through his designee, to: (1) assess the oil and gas resources of the Outer Continental Shelf on a continuing basis; (2) conduct research and studies with the assistance and participation of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the United States Fish and Wildlife Service into the environmental effects of developing Outer Continental Shelf minerals; and (3) conduct a research, development, and demonstration program concerning better methods, procedures, and technology for predicting the existence of oil and gas resources of the Outer Continental Shelf. Directs specified Federal agencies to conduct related programs for the development and protection of the Outer Continental Shelf.	Rept. from Science & Technology; 4/1/76 H. Rept. 94-990; Part I.
S. 3749. To reorganize the Executive Branch of the government in order to improve the management of the Outer Continental Shelf.	Roth ( 8/10/76)	Government Operations		

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 6860. To provide a comprehensive national energy conservation program.	Ullman (5/9/75)	Ways and Means Finance	<p>Title I. Import Treatment of Oil. Imposition of Quantitative Restrictions. Establishment of Import Licensing Systems; Import Restrictions and Rate of Duty on Oil. Requires annual report. Establishes an Office of Petroleum Import Licensing within FEA, and headed by a Deputy Administrator.</p> <p>Title II. Gasoline Conservation Program. Imposes a gasoline conservation tax. Special Motor Fuels Conservation Taxes, exempting fuels for farming, commercial aviation, or as supplies for vessels are exempt from the tax increase. Provides a refundable tax credit for personal use of gasoline. Provides a tax credit for use of gasoline and special motor fuels in business or in work-related travel. Provides for repayment of gasoline and special fuels conservation taxes in the case of certain uses.</p> <p>Title III. Other Energy Conservation Programs. Imposes an Automobile Fuel Efficiency Tax; Repeal of Excise Tax on Intercity Buses; Repeal of Excise Tax on Radial Tires; provides that new oil sold for use in mixing with used oil to produce a rerefined oil would not be subject to tax; Provides that individuals would get a tax break on Insulation of Principal Residence; Tax credit on Residential Solar Energy Equipment;</p> <p>Title IV. Energy Conservation and Conversion Trust Fund. Establishes a trust fund and provides for the creation of a five-member review board.</p>	<p>The Administration opposes H.R. 6860 as reported by Ways and Means Committee.</p> <p>H.Rept. 94-221 May 15, 1975. Passed House amended 6/19/75 Roll call vote 291 Yeas 130 nays</p> <p>Referred to Senate Finance. Hearings have been held by Senate Finance, and markup sessions have been held.</p> <p>Major provisions of this legislation were added to the tax reform bill.</p>

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 6860. To provide a comprehensive national energy conservation program.	Ullman (5/9/75)	Ways and Means Finance	Title V. Encouraging Business Conversion for Greater Energy Saving. Imposes an excise tax on business use of petroleum and petroleum products; provides for five-year amortization write-offs for facilities to change coal to gas or liquid, to change waste into fuel and to convert shale into oil. Provides for five-year amortization write-off on qualified railroad equipment. Amortization of Railroad Rolling Stock. Changes in Investment Credit Relating to Insulation, Solar Energy, and Air Conditioning. Eliminates present 10% investment credit for oil or gas-burning electrical-generating facilities built after April 17, 1975. Expands the investment credit on recycling.	
H.R. 7117. To require automobile manufacturers to meet mandatory fuel economy standards.	Sharp, et al (5/20/75)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce	Authorizes the Administrator of EPA to determine the average mpg of fuel consumed by autos. The Secretary of Transportation is authorized to establish and enforce mandatory fuel economy standards for new automobiles.	The Committee on Rules has permitted the text of the bill H.R. 7117 to be substituted as Part I of title II of H.R. 6860.
S. 1508. To require that certain information about gasoline be disclosed to consumers.			Cited as the "Octane Disclosure Act of 1976."	Reported in Senate 7/28/76; Commerce; Rept. 94-1055. Passed Senate 7/30/76 In House referred to Interstate and Foreign Commerce 8/2/76.



# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H. R. 10612. To reform the tax laws of the United States.	Ullman (11/6/75)	Ways and Means	General Tax Reform measure.	Reported from Ways and Means 11/12/75; Rept. 94-658. Passed House 12/4/75. In Senate, referred to Finance Committee 12/5/75. Reported June 10, 1976; Report 94-938. Passed Senate amended 8/6/76 Conference began 8/25/76.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
S. 740. "National Energy Production Board Act of 1975"	Jackson for himself, et al (2/18/75)	Interior & Insular Affairs	<p>Establishes a National Energy Production Board to develop and carry out programs designed to determine the extent of energy producing natural resources located within the United States and Outer Continental Shelf, and methods by which such resources can be brought into production.</p> <p>Directs the Board to periodically report to Congress on the status of Federal activities designed to produce energy.</p> <p>Declares that the purposes of this Act: (1) are to mobilize all resources and expertise of Federal government, (2) to stimulate the economy and create jobs, and (3) to enhance competition in the energy industry by assisting small, independent companies.</p> <p>Establishes the National Energy Production Trust Fund in the U.S. Treasury, provides that such fund receive \$1,000,000,000 in fiscal year 1976 and \$2,000,000,000 annually thereafter from revenue payable to the U.S. Treasury under the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act.</p> <p>Stipulates that all revenues paid into such fund shall be used only to carry out the purposes of this Act; and shall only be expended by act of Congress.</p>	Administration opposes. FEA Deputy Administrator John Hill testified on July 21, 1975 ... "creation of the board would be an ineffective 'organizational fix' further fragmenting the energy policy and the authority in the Government..."
S. 2562. A bill to establish an Energy Mobilization Board.	Hollings (10/22/75)	Interior and Insular Affairs	Establishes a National Energy Mobilization Board for the purposes of increasing energy self sufficiency.	

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administrative Position and Legislative Status</u>
S. 489. To amend the Clayton Act to preserve and promote competition among corporations in the production of oil, natural gas, coal, oil shale, tar sands, uranium, geothermal steam, and solar energy.	Abourzek (1/29/75)	Judiciary	<p>Cited as the "Interfuel Competition Act". (Committee calls this Horizontal Divestiture).</p> <p>The bill makes it unlawful for any person engaged in the production and refining of petroleum or natural gas, or both:</p> <p>(1) to acquire any interest in the coal business, oil shale business, uranium business, nuclear reactor business, geothermal steam business, or solar energy business after the enactment of this Act, or (2) to own or control any coal business, oil shale business, uranium business, nuclear reactor business, geothermal steam business or solar energy business after the expiration of three years after the enactment of this Act.</p> <p>Provides that each person who has an interest in, owns or controls any coal business, uranium business, nuclear reactor business, geothermal steam business or solar energy business shall, within 120 days after the enactment of this Act, file with the Attorney General such reports concerning each such business as the Attorney General may by regulation require.</p> <p>States that any person knowingly violating the provisions of this Act shall be fined not more than \$100,000 or imprisoned for not more than ten years or both.</p>	Hearings held by Judiciary, Subcommittee on Antitrust & Monopoly on June 17, 18 & 19. 7/14 October 21, and 22, 1975.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 2028. To amend the Clayton Act by strengthening and facilitating the carrying out of antitrust and pro-competitive policies by agencies of the Federal Government, and for other purposes.	Kennedy & P. A. Hart (6/26/76)	Judiciary	Prohibits agencies of the Federal government from taking certain actions which would be inconsistent with the policies or provisions of the antitrust laws. Directs each department and agency of the Federal government to submit a detailed "competitive impact statement" with all proposals for legislation. Directs the Federal Trade Commission to report annually to the President and Congress on the state of competition in the economy. Directs each regulatory agency to report annually to the President and Congress on the state of competition in those industries subject to its jurisdiction.	Hearings have been held by Subcommittee on Antitrust & Monopoly; 12/10; 11; and 2/4; & 2/5/76.
S. 2387. To restore and promote competition in the petroleum industry and for other purposes.	Bayh, et al (9/22/75)	Judiciary	Declares it unlawful for any major petroleum producer, transporter, refiner or marketer to own or control any interest in the petroleum industry other than its own respective production, transportation, refining or marketing assets. Directs the Federal Trade Commission to supervise divestment of assets by members of the petroleum industry and to otherwise enforce this Act.	Hearings have been held by Subcommittee on Antitrust & Monopoly, 1/21; 22; 27; 28; 29; 30 and 2/3/ & 18.  Hearings held by full committee May 18 and June 3.  Reported in Senate June 28, 1976; Judiciary; Rept. 94-1005

\* There are no House divestiture bills which are being acted upon at this time.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 8401. To authorize cooperative arrangements with private enterprise for the provision of facilities for the production and enrichment of uranium enriched in the isotope 235, to provide for authorization of contract authority therefor, and for other purposes.	Price for himself & Anderson of Illinois, by request (7/8/75)	Jt. Cmt. on Atomic Energy	Amends the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 to authorize the Energy Research and Development Administration to enter into cooperative agreements with private concerns in order to facilitate the development of certain privately financed uranium enrichment and production facilities.  Cited as "Nuclear Fuel Assurance Act of 1975".	Administration's proposed legislation.  Hearings held by Jt. Cmt. on Dec. 2, 3, 4 and 9, 1975 and on March 23, April 6 & 7, 1976.  Joint Committee on Atomic Energy reported bill 5/14/76; Rept. 94-1151. Passed House 8/4/76 by a vote of 222 yeas to 168 nays
S. 2035. To authorize cooperative arrangements with private enterprise for the provision of facilities for the production and enrichment of uranium enriched in the isotope 235, to provide for authorization of contract authority therefor, and for other purposes.	Pastore for himself & Baker, by request (6/26/75)	Jt. Cmt. on Atomic Energy	Companion to H.R. 8401. See synopsis above.	See above.  Joint Committee on Atomic Energy reported bill in the Senate 5/14/76; Rept. 94-897.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
S. 1717. To amend the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, to provide for approval of sites for production and utilization facilities, and for other purposes.	Pastore for himself and Baker by request (5/12/75)	Joint Committee on Atomic Energy	Amends the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 to establish procedures for the review of applications for approval of sites for nuclear energy utilization or production facilities. Authorizes the Atomic Energy Commission to coordinate Federal review proceedings with those of State agencies. Directs the staff of the Commission to disclose information to the maximum extent possible.	Administration's proposed legislation.
H.R. 7002. To amend the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, to provide for approval of sites for production and utilization facilities, and for other purposes.	Price by request (5/14/75)	Joint Committee on Atomic Energy	Companion S. 1717. See Synopsis above.	Administration's proposed legislation.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 2869. To amend the Federal Non-nuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1975.	Randolph, et al (1/23/76)	Jointly to Interior & Banking, Housing & Urban Affairs	Cited as the "Synthetic Fuels Act of 1976". Amends the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research & Development Act. The bill contains the language approved by the House-Senate conferees as section 103 of S. 598, with 2 modifications; specific reference to loan guarantees for oil shale development has been deleted; and authorization for synthetic gaseous fuels from coal was restored to the Senate approved min. of \$2.5 billion.	
H.R. 11494. To amend the Defense Production Act of 1950 to include synthetic fuels which may be used as fuels under title III.	Moorhead of Pa. (1/26/76)	Banking, Currency & Housing	The bill is a simple amendment to the Defense Production Act to include synthetic fuels in the same manner other vital commodities are covered "commodities absolutely essential to a strong America".	
H.R. 12112. To provide additional assistance to the Energy Research & Development Administration for the advancement of non-nuclear energy research, development and demonstration.	Teague (2/25/76)	Science & Technology; Banking, Currency & Housing; Interstate & Foreign Commerce and Ways & Means	Amends the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1974 to authorize the Administrator of ERDA to guarantee loans for the development of synthetic fuels from domestic coal resources.	Hearings held by Science & Technology on 3/31/76 & 4/1/76 FEA Admin. Zarb testified on 3/31/76.  Administration supports. Reptd. from Science & Technology 5/15/76; Rept. 94-1170 Pt. I. Reptd. from Banking Currency & Housing 6/18/76; Pt. II. Reptd. from Ways and Means 6/21/76; Pt. III. Reptd. from Interstate & Foreign Commerce 6/25/76; Pt. IV. House Rules Committee is scheduled to take up H.R. 12112 8/31/76.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administrative Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
*S. 1864. National Energy Information Administration and National Energy Information System.	Nelson et al (6/4/75)	Interior (S)	Establishes a National Energy Information Administration. Establishes a National Energy Information System. Authorizes the Department of Interior to survey energy resources in the public lands. Verification of reported energy resources in private ownership. General Accounting Office has oversight of energy data collection and analysis.	Administrator Zarb of FEA testified before Senate Interior Committee on March 8, 1976. "I agree with goals set out for energy information in S. 1864. Under legislative authorities already granted the Federal government already has a comprehensive program underway to achieve those goals. In my judgment, a separate agency is neither necessary or desirable to do this. I recommend that we accomplish these goals by building and improving upon the present information program."
S. 1989. To direct the preparation and submission to the President of information to assist in negotiations with oil producing countries.	Stone & Mansfield (6/23/75)	Government Operations (S)	Under the direction and supervision of the President, the head of each Executive agency shall prepare and submit to the President, as soon as possible after the date of the enactment, inventories of relationships, both existing and projected, between the United States and each foreign country from which crude oil, natural gas, or petroleum products are imported into the United States.	Provisions of S. 1864 are included in P.L. 94-385, The Energy Conservation and Production Act.  Treasury & State Departments testified before Senate Government Operations July 25. Administration opposes -- feels that the President does not need specific legislation -- already has the ability to receive this information. The bill does not authorize any appropriations.

\* Will be deleted from future Legislative Summary.



<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY</u> <u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position and Legislative Status</u>
S. 3267. A bill to amend the Motor Vehicle Information and Cost Savings Act.	Tunney (4/7/76)	Commerce	The bill would amend the Motor Vehicle and Information Cost Savings Act, focusing on "the development of an advanced automobile that is energy efficient, safe, quite, damage-resistant, and environmentally sound".	Reported in Senate 5/13/76; Commerce; Rept. 94-835. Indefinitely postponed June 14. (In conference with H.R. 13655)
H.R. 13655. A bill to establish a 5-year research and development program leading to advanced automobile propulsion systems and for other purposes.	Brown, of Calif., et al. (5/10/76)	Science & Technology.	Directs the Administrator of ERDA to establish a five-year program aimed at development of an advanced automobile propulsion systems. Requires the Administrator to take specified actions in furtherance of the purposes of this Act, including making contracts and grants for research and development with public and private agencies and persons and establishing a research, development, and demonstration program within the Administration.  Declares that Congress finds that the competence of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration in scientific and engineering systems should be applied toward the development of advanced automobile propulsion systems.	Reported from Science and Technology May 15, 1976; Rept. 94-1169.  Passed House June 3. In Senate referred to Commerce June 4. Committee discharged.  63 yeas 27 nays Passed Senate amended June 14, 1976.  Conference report filed in House July 21, 94-1351; in Senate July 21, 94-1043.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 1632. To authorize in the Energy Research and Development Administration a Federal program of research, development and demonstration designed to promote electric vehicle technologies and to demonstrate the commercial feasibility of electric vehicles.	Moss (5/5/75)	Commerce	Establishes a program of electric vehicle research and development in the Energy Research & Development Administration. Authorizes the introduction of electric vehicles into fleets used by Federal agencies.	Administration opposed to bill as introduced.  Hearings held 10/7, 10/10/75.  Reported in Senate 5/13/76; Commerce; Rept. 94-836.  Indefinitely postponed. (In conference with H.R. 8800) Administration opposed to bill.  Reported from Science and Technology July 31, 1975; Rept. 94-439. Passed House Sept. 5, 1975. In Senate, referred to Commerce Sept. 8, 1975.  Passed Senate 72 Yeas 16 nays, inserted language of S. 1632.  Conference report filed in House July 22, 1976; Rept. 94-1363. Conference report filed in Senate 7/23/76; Rept. 94-1048.
H.R. 8800. To authorize in the Energy Research and Development Administration a Federal program of research, development and demonstration designed to promote electric vehicle technologies and to demonstrate the commercial feasibility of electric vehicles.	McCormack et al (7/22/75)	Science and Technology	Establishes a program of electric vehicle research and development in the Energy Research & Development Administration. Authorizes the introduction of electric vehicles into fleets used by Federal agencies.	

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
H.R. 13350. To authorize appropriations to the Energy Research and Development Administration in accordance with Section 261 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended. Section 305 of the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974, and Section 16 of the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1974.	Teague & Price (4/27/76)	Science & Technology & Atomic Energy	ERDA Appropriations for FY 1977.	Reported from Jt. Committee on Atomic Energy 5/1/76; Rept. 94-1081, Pt. I. Reported from Science & Technology 5/3/76; Pt. II. Passed House 5/20/76.
S. 3105. To authorize appropriations to the Energy Research and Development Administration in accordance with Section 261 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended. Section 305 of the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974, and Section 16 of the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1974.	Pastore & Jackson (3/9/76)	Atomic Energy	ERDA appropriations for FY 1977.	Reported in Senate 4/23/76; Jt. Committee on Atomic Energy; Rept. 94-762. Rereferred to Interior and Insular Affairs 4/23/76. Reported May 14, 1976; Rept. 94-879.
*H.R. 14231. Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1977.	Yates (6/8/76)	Appropriations	FEA appropriations are included in this legislation.	Reported from Appropriations June 8, 1976; Rept. 94-1218. Passed House, June 25, 1976. In Senate referred to Appropriations June 25. Reptd. June 25; Rept. 94-991. Passed Senate amended June 26. House agreed to Conference rept. July 20, 1976; Senate agreed to Conference rept. July 20, 1976.

\* Will be deleted from future Legislative Summary.

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 2854. A bill to provide that the first sale of crude oil produced from the stripper wells be exempt from price controls.	Pearson, et al (1/21/76)	Interior & Insular Affairs	Provides that the first sale of crude oil produced from stripper wells be exempt from price controls.	
**S. 3233. A bill to provide that the first sale of crude oil produced from stripper and marginal wells from new enhanced recovery projects, and from new fields be exempt from price controls.	Bartlett (3/31/76)	Interior & Insular Affairs	Provides that the first sale of crude oil produced from stripper and marginal wells from new enhanced recovery projects and from new fields be exempt from price controls.	
S. 3660. To amend section 8 of the Emergency Petroleum Allocation Act of 1973 to exempt first sales of crude oil produced and owned by and State or political subdivision thereof from certain regulations.	Cranston, et al (7/2/76)	Interior & Insular Affairs		S. Interior held hearings on July 19, 1976. FEA testified.
H.R. 11477. A bill to provide that the first sale of crude oil produced from stripper wells be exempt from price controls.	Sebelius (1/22/76)	Interstate & Foreign Commerce		
**Bartlett amendment No. 1853, to exempt stripper well leases from price and allocation controls, passed as an amendment to S. 2872/H.R. 12169 FEA Extension. 61 yeas to 29 nays.				

# LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

<u>Bill No. and Title</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	<u>Committee Referred to</u>	<u>Synopsis</u>	<u>Administration Position &amp; Legislative Status</u>
S. 3680. To authorize supplemental studies of alternative energy futures and to direct the publication of a report thereon, to establish an energy projection planning committee, and to supplement the authority of the Energy Research & Development Administration.	Nelson & Haskell (7/21/76)	Interior & Insular Affairs	S. 3680 is a bill to direct the ERDA to project the consequences of a phase-out of drastic scale-down of nuclear power development, should that happen to become the national policy. The measure would authorize the appropriation of an additional \$2.5 million to ERDA. That would finance the preparation of ten (or more) projections of national energy futures. Each would analyze a different method of meeting situations in which nuclear power would either be phased out entirely by 1985 or the total number of nuclear power plants in the country by and after 1985 would be limited to 200, the number now on the low end of ERDA's planning range. The bill would direct that a careful analyses be made of the feasibility -- and the economic and other consequences -- of substituting various levels of alternative energy supply (including solar, geothermal, and increased use of domestic fossil fuels) and various levels of conservation. The bill would not change our present energy policy in any way. It would simply direct that in case a significant change should occur, we would know more about the probable effects.	Senate Interior Committee has been holding oversight hearings on long-range planning for ERDA. Topic of this bill has been under discussion, but no specific hearings have been held or are scheduled now on S. 3680.