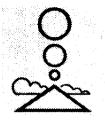
The original documents are located in Box 5, folder "Sovereignty" of the Bradley H. Patterson Files at the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library.

Copyright Notice

The copyright law of the United States (Title 17, United States Code) governs the making of photocopies or other reproductions of copyrighted material. Gerald Ford donated to the United States of America his copyrights in all of his unpublished writings in National Archives collections. Works prepared by U.S. Government employees as part of their official duties are in the public domain. The copyrights to materials written by other individuals or organizations are presumed to remain with them. If you think any of the information displayed in the PDF is subject to a valid copyright claim, please contact the Gerald R. Ford Presidential Library.

-234matella - Zoning
County zones for band
Trub zones trad band
when ansalt



AMERICAN INDIAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

NEWS SERVICE

ROOM 206
1346 CONNECTICUT AVE., N.W.
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20036
Phone: (202) 293-9150

Executive Director: Rose Robinson News Director Richard LaCourse

EVICTIONS - OC25

WASHINGTON, D.C. (AIPA) --Six citizens of the Onondaga Nation, Keepers of the Council Fires for the Six Nations Iroquois Confederacy, have been indicted for their part in the June 30 evictions of non-Indians from their reservation, located six miles south of Syracuse, N.Y. Those indicted include Leon Shenandoah (head chief of the Six Nations), Alice Papineau (Eel Clanmother), Audrey Shenandoah (a faith-keeper in the Longhouse), Myron McLarey (head warrior of the Onondagas), and Horace Cook and Mitch Farmer (two Onondaga citizens). The six face felony charges of breaking and entering, coercion, and burglary, which carry with them a maximum sentence of 21 years.

Omar Gobashy, attorney for the Onondagas, obtained a temporary restraining order against District Attorney John Halcomb and Onondaga County Sheriff Corbett to prevent them from making any arrest on the reservation until such time as a judge could hear arguments on the jurisdictional right of N.Y. officials to indict Onondagas. (According to New York law, arrest and arraignment must follow indictment immediately.) "Everyone was surprised that I was able to do this," said Gobashy, "but I had convinced the judge that if an arrest were made the Indians would naturally resist. There would be much bloodshed, and no one wanted this."

As a compromise to the Onondagas' refusal to enter the local court, Judge William Burke convened court in Gobashy's Syracuse hotel room at 10:00 p.m., Sunday, Oct. 20. Judge Burke also compromised with Dist. Atty. Halcomb's desire to arrest all of the indictees by asking for the arraignment of any one of the six. Horace Cook volunteered and was released to the custody of the Onondaga chiefs. Nov. 22 was set as the date for the jurisdiction debate, at which time the defense will present their motion to dismiss indictment.

Commenting on the indictments, Oren Lyons, a member of the Onondaga Council of Chiefs, said, "Halcomb convened a grand jury that was all white, no Indians, which presented only witnesses from the evictees' side, none from the nation's, and they naturally came up with criminal charges. We are perfectly within our rights to remove anyone we care to from this reservation, whether they're Indian or not. The governing body, the Longhouse, has that power and that authority."

Following the summer evictions, two of the thirty people returned to the tiny (six by four square miles) reservation under the protection of a restraining order issued against Leon Shenandoah and Irving Powless (also a member of the Chiefs Council). The Onondagas then sent a letter to the U.S. Attorney General to, in Lyons' words, "instruct whoever he had to to remove these people. On Aug. 19 we gave him the official authority to delegate his authority to a state, county, or federal official—it didn't make any difference to us who removed their own people. They never sent it to Halcomb, who eventually would be the one to do it. So, they were trying to hide the letter, but with this show cause order they'll have to act on it."

Attorney Gobashy took up the matter of the letter with Interior's Asst. Solicitor Charles Soller in a mid-October meeting in Washington, D.C. "He never received the letter from the Justice Dept.," said Gobashy. "I told him that we wanted the State to do what they had the machinery to do, without anybody being hurt or indicted. People in Justice told

EVICTIONS / one add

me they would not instruct anyone else to do anything about the letter, and they would not do the job themselves. I said that if they would do nothing, why did they have their Community Relations people on the reservation. They said CRS wasn't supposed to be there, but they are there bombarding us with telephone calls. This is another example of Justice going two ways at once. Anyway, they did find the letter and gave it to Mr. Soller the next day. Mr. Soller says he will act on it. He will now try to instruct Justice to instruct the U.S. Attorney in Syracuse to take up the matter with Mr. Halcomb."

All indictments, restraining orders, and court dates will be moot points if Dist. Atty. Halcomb receives a written order instructing him to carry out the evictions of non-Indians from the Onondaga Reservation. As spouses of Onondagas, the potential evictees feel they and their children have a right to remain on the reservation. They claim that the Chiefs Council is carrying out a vendetta against those who follow the Christain faith (many of the Onondagas who married non-Indians are not members of the Longhouse). "Our chiefs are charged with the preservation of our land for the coming generations," said Audrey Shenandoah, one of those indicted and a faith-keeper in the Longhouse, "and they see that the whites are marrying at a tremendous rate so that their children will be the ones to enjoy our land if we don't do something about it right now." (The Onondaga line follows the mother and the children of an Onondaga father and a non-Indian mother are considered non-Indian.)

"We have nothing against the people who are Christian," she continued, "but our people of long ago foresaw this. They made the two-row wampum, and when they recite the wampum, they say that there is our own Indian way, given by the Creator. They say that the white man's ship is bigger, it has many sails, it has many things in it. And some of our people will like these things. And the Indian's canoe is smaller. In this canoe he puts his laws, his religion, his ways, and that no one can have one foot in each. No one can straddle the two without falling into the water between the two. And what is in that deep water beneath the two boats, no one knows what their fate is. Most of the people understood this and left in a dignified manner."

93d	CONGRESS
2d	Session

(Nors Fill in all ble	
those provided for	
ber, and reference	of bul.)

I do	-

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr.	
DIT.	
	introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BRILL

To amend certain provisions of the Act of July 24, 1956, relating to the restoration of tribal ownership of certain lands upon the Colville Indian Reservation, Washington.

(Innert title of bill here)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act restoring to tribal ownership certain lands upon the Colville Indian Reservation, Washington, and for other purposes", approved July 24, 1956 (70 Stat. 626), is amended by deleting "In carrying out the provisions of this Act, if non-Indian lands are involved the board of county commissioners of counties in which land is located shall by proper resolution consent before such non-Indian land is acquired for the tribe or an individual Indian.".

(b) Sections 4 and 5 of such Act of July 24, 1956 are hereby repealed.



COLVILLE CONFEDERATED TRIBES

POST OFFICE BOX 150 TELEPHONE AC 509/634-4591 COLVILLE INDIAN AGENCY • NESPELEM, WASHINGTON 99155



RESOLUTION 1973-835 *

(Repeal certain portions of PL. 772)

WHEREAS, the Act of July 24, 1956, Pl 84-772, authorized the restoration of certain lands to the Colville Tribes, in trust, and for other purposes; and

WHEREAS, Section two of the Act authorized the Tribe to purchase, sell and exchange lands within the Reservation boundary for the purpose of consolidation, and further authorized the Tribes to purchase fee lands and bring same into trust with the consent of the County Commissioners in which the land is located; and

WHEREAS, Section three of the Act provided that title to land purchased by the Tribes or individual Indians shall be taken in the name of the United States in trust for the owner; and

WHEREAS, Section four of the Act ratified and approved of an Agreement dated April 24, 1954 between the Colville Tribes and Okanogan and Ferry Counties; and

WHEREAS, said Agreement provided that the Colville Tribes pay a certain amount annually to the two counties in lieu of taxes; and

WHEREAS, Section five of the Act required the Colville Tribes to submit proposed legislation to Congress within 5 years for the termination of the Colville Indian Reservation within a reasonable time; and

WHEREAS, the Tribe takes the legal position that the consent of the Counties to approve the taking of fee lands into trust is illegal, as the authority to buy land comes under Federal Law; and

WHEREAS, the Tribe takes the legal position that the Agreement dated April 21, 1954 with the two Countires is illegal as trust land owners under Federal Law and treaties are exempt from paying taxes; and

WHEREAS, One or more Bills for proposed Legislation have been introduced annually without success and we are of the opinion that the Tribe has fully complied with Section five of the Act.



THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Business Council requests the Secretary of the Interior and the Congress of the United States to take necessary action to repeal certain portions of the Act as follows:

- (1) Section 2 Delete "In carrying out the provisions of this Act, if non-Indian lands are involved, the Board of County Commissioners or counties in which land is located shall by proper resolution consent before such non-Indian land is acquired for the Tribe or an individual Indian."
- (2) Section 4 Delete entire section "The agreement entered into by the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation and Okanogan and Ferry Counties of the State of Washington on April 21, 1954, is hereby ratified and approved."
- of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation shall, in accordance with resolution numbered 1955-33, dated April 8, 1955, of the Colville Business Council, submit to the Secretary of the Interior within five years from the date of enactment of this Act proposed legislation providing for the termination of Federal supervision over the property and affairs of the Confederated Tribes and their members within a reasonable time after the submission of such proposed legislation."

The foregoing was duly enacted by the Colville Business Council by a vote of 10 FOR; O AGAINST, under authority contained in Article V, Section 1(a) of the Constitution of the Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation, of the Colville Indians on February 26, 1938, and approved by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs on April 19, 1938.

ATTEST:
Colie Volmanler

Eddie Palmanteer, Jr., Chairman Colville Business Council

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

ASSOCIATE SOLICITOR FOR INDIAN AFFAIRS

November 19, 1971

Mr. Brad Patterson

Attached are copies of letters setting forth our position. I advised Norvell of this decision by phone on November 19.

William A. Gershuny

FOROUSRAP.



United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR WASHINGTON, D.C. 20240

Movember 19, 1971

Honorable David L. Norvell Attorney General State of New Mexico P. O. Box 2246 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501

> Re: Norvell v. Sangre de Cristo, Civil Action No. 9106, U.S. District Court, District of New Mexico

Dear Mr. Norvell:

I have been asked to reply to your letters of November 11, 1971, to Mr. Brad Patterson and Assistant Secretary Harrison Loesch concerning the position of the Government in the above-referenced action. This is also in response to similar letters dated Hovember 11 addressed to this office.

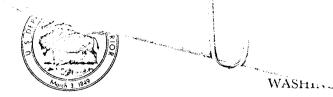
We have carefully reviewed the issues involved in the abovereferenced action and certainly recognize their importance not only with regard to this particular lease but also as to the leasing of Indian lands in general. We intend to closely follow all developments in this case with the view toward possibly recommending to the Department of Justice that an <u>emicus</u> position be taken as to some or all of the issues.

We have concluded, therefore, not to recommend intervention by the United States at this time. We do not believe that the United States is an indispensable party and, in this connection, we note that Judges Zinn and Nechem apparently have already so ruled in the earlier litigation withithe City and the County.

Allian Jeish

William A. Corshuny

Acting Associate Solicitor Division of Indian Affairs



IN REPLY REFER TO:

November 19, 1971

Mr. David R. Warner Chief, General Litigation Section Land and Natural Resources Division Department of Justice Washington, D.C. 20530

Dear Mr. Warner:

This is in response to your letter of October 4, 1971, relating to Norvell v. Sangre de Cristo, Civil Action No. 9106, U.S. District Court, District of New Mexico, asking for our recommendations as to the position to be taken by the United States.

Attached hereto is a copy of a letter dated November 19, 1971, to the Attorney General of New Mexico indicating that we do not intend to recommend intervention at this time.

Sincerely yours

William A. Gershuny

Acting Associate Solicitor Division of Indian Affairs

Enclosure



OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET ROUTE SLIP

- MAR DAMPARODA	Take necessary action	
TO M. PMEVSON	Approval or signature	
1881/2 EOB	Comment	
	Prepare reply	
· ·	Discuss with me	
	For your information	
	See remarks below	
ERRY LINA MENAND	7/11/72	

REMARKS

Attached you will find NCIO'S views letter on the justice draft relating to the extension of the general laws of the U.S. to all offenses committed within Indian Country.

Unite I understand the wishes of the Indian tribes to be consulted on this subject, I think NCIO may have misimterpreted the effects of the bull. I have discussed the views letter with justice staff and sent a copy for their review.

8-6/72.2

NATIONAL COUNCIL ON INDIAN OPPORTUNITY OFFICE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON 20506

July 6, 1972

Mr. Wilfred H. Rommel
Assistant Director for
Legislative Reference
Office of Management and Budget
Executive Office of the President
Washington, D. C. 20503

Dear Mr. Rommel:

The Council has received the Department of Justice draft "To repeal sections 1153 and 3242 of Title 18, United States Code, and to extend the general laws of the U.S. to all offenses committed within the Indian country, without regard to the race of the offender or victim."

It is our understanding that the Indian tribes would be opposed to the Justice Department's draft position for several reasons:

- 1. The proposed action would expand Federal jurisdiction applicable on Federal reservations;
- 2. The State would administer this Act with authority from the government;
- 3. The draft is viewed as coming between the Federal government and the tribes by giving the State authority to define the crimes.

This is viewed by the tribes as a step closer to putting the State in control over the tribes and a relinquishing of responsibility to the Tribes by the Federal government.

Gereri

While section 1153 could stand to be improved the proposed bill attempts the task in a manner not acceptable to the Indian tribes. Therefore, NCIO stands in support of the Indian position which recommends the bill not be enacted.

Before any amendment to Title 18 would be made, NCIO suggests that a thorough study be made; and further recommends that consultation with the Indian tribes be effected.

We understand that the Committee on the Judiciary is contemplating a study on the revision of all Federal criminal law. This action would have an effect on Indian criminal law also.

Sincerely,

Robert Robertson Executive Director



MISAP COUNTY

614 DIVISION STREET
PORT ORCHARD, WA 98366
AREA CODE 206, TEL. TR 6-4441

Herri Suguannish
BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

FRANK RANDALL District 1

WILLIAM H. MAHAN District 2

> GENE LOBE District 3

September 3, 1974

Seattle District U. S. Army Corps of Engineers 1519 Alaskan Way South Seattle, Washington 98134

Attention: PERMITS

Gentlemen:

Re: PN 071-0YB-1-001056

Kitsap County hereby requests the Corps to proceed with the processing of the above permit over the comments of the Department of Interior dated June 6, 1974. The County has been and is still attempting to negotiate an agreement with the Suquamish Tribe.

The contract proposals for the project were to expire in early August. To avoid huge price increases due to the escalation of costs that could kill this badly-needed project, the County found it necessary to award the contracts and proceed with the construction.

The County has accomplished or agreed to the following items in attempting to negotiate an agreement with the Tribe:

- 1. Redesigned project to eliminate construction on Tribal lands.
- 2. Completed and published further environmental studies with public hearing to provide additional assurance that marine-related resources would not be damaged.
- 3. Agreed to turn completed sewer system over to Tribe should their jurisdictional claims be proven.
- 4. Provide for tribal surveillance during excavation to watch for artifacts or other signs of archeological significance.

MISAP EDURTY

614 DIVISION STREET

PORT ORCHARD, WA 98366

AREA CODE 206, TEL. TR 6-4441

FRANK RANDALL District 1

WILLIAM H. MAHAN District 2

> GENE LOBE District 3

Seattle District U. S. Army Corps of Engineers September 3, 1974 Page 2

The demands by the Tribe that the County relinquish certain powers over the non-Indian owned fee patent land with the historic reservation boundaries have been ruled as beyond the powers of the Commissioners to delegate those powers and responsibilities.

Copies of news articles from the Bremerton Sun dated July 9, 1974 and August 13, 1974 are enclosed herewith for your further information.

A large portion of one of the contracts for this project is dependent upon the Corps Permit for construction. Significant further delays in the construction will result in substantial additional costs. The County will continue to seek an agreement with the Tribe; however, we have no way of knowing if an agreement can be reached. Since the items in dispute have nothing to do with the work within the jurisdiction of the Corps or of the project itself, we respectfully request that the permit be issued without withdrawal of the Department of Interior comments.

Respectfully,

KITSAP COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Frank Randall

CLS/kc Encls. (2)

cc: George Mack

URS/Hill, Ingman, Chase & Co.

TED STATES
DEPART: SIT OF THE INTERIOR

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

BUREAU OF SPORT FISHERIES AND WILDLIFE 1500 N. E. Irving Street

P. 0. Box 3737 Portland, Oregon 97208



JUN 6 - 1974

District Engineer Seattle District, Corps of Engineers 1519 Alaskan Way South Seattle, Washington 98134

RBS

Re: 071-0YB-1-001056 (Revised)

Port Madison

Kitsap County, Wash.

Dear Sir:

Reference:

We have reviewed the revised subject public notice dated April 18, 1974 concerning an application to construct a sanitary sewer system.

These comments have been prepared under the authority of and in accordance with the provisions of the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act (48 Stat. 401, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 661 et seq.) and are consistent with the intent of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969.

Suquamish Tribal officials are opposed to the revised plans for the proposed sever project. They are aware that the revised plans provide for removal of the construction work to a site not on tribally claimed tidelands. However, the proposed site is in close proximity to these tidelands, and the tribe fears the effect on the tidelands environment.

We oppose the issuance of this permit until an agreement is reached between Kitsap County and tribal officials.

The above views and recommendations constitute the report of the Department of the Interior on the subject public notice.

Sincerely yours,

Regional Director

ce: EPA

BOR

MMFS

WDE

WDG

T T" 3

WDF

RBS, Olympia

3135

Construction To Start In Suquamish Sewers

By Travis Baker Sun County Writer

Construction will begin this week, possibly today, on the Suquamish sewer project, only five years after it was first proposed.

Walt Berschauer, consulting sewer engineer for Kitsap County, said following a preconstruction conference Monday that the company that will install the lateral sewer mains - Western Engineering and Construction - hoped to begin work today.

Three companies have been awarded contracts on the work, and the other two jobs - construction of the sewer treatment plant and outfall, and construction of the interceptor sewer to which the laterals will attach - should begin within two weeks, Berschauer said.

Meanwhile, the county commissioners have unshelved petitions asking federal officials to resolve the question of governmental jurisdiction in the Suquamish area in favor of the county.

The petitions bear the signatures of 750; Suquamish area residents - including 23 of the 50 Port Madison tribe members living within the historic boundaries of the-Port Madison reservation, the commissioners claim. '

"We ask that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation ... "the petition says.

The Suquamish Tribal Council has claimed jurisdiction over the historic boundaries of the reservation - around 7,300 acres, the petition says - but the county concedes tribal jurisdiction only over that portion owned by the tribe or tribal members.

The remainder — the "fee patent" land — has been acquired by non-Indians over a period of years. The petition says there are 4,700 acres of such land with 2,298 nonmembrs of the Suquamish tribe residing thereon.

Commissioner Frank Randall said the petitions have been in the county's hand for three or four months, but, as explained in the commissioners' cover letter to the local Congressional delegation, to which the petitions were sent last week, "the delay in forwarding these was brought about by the ... commissioners because of some rather delicate negotiations with the (tribe) regarding a sewerage system for . . Suquamish. (We) did not want to rock the boat'."

The negotiations sought a county-tribal agreement at first required by the Environmental Protection Agency to release grant money for the sewers, and then by the county's own bonding lawyer. The county has worked out both problems without getting that agreement, however, and has now signalled a start on sewer construction.

The tribal council has said it wants the sewers to be installed, but not at the cost of its claim to jurisdiction over the fee patent

The commissioners have acted as forwarding agent for the petitions because of their agreement with the concerns enunciated, the cover letter said.

1318

· To have the 50 resident tribal members "acting as a government for some 2,000 non-Indian landowners, none of whom have the right to elect anyone to the tribal council or to have any say about their representation, would be, we believe, clearly unconstitutional," the letter said.

The petition asks that the signators "be relieved of the claims of the present . . . tribal governmenbt that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation."

"These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over

the new owners by the Suquamish Indians," the petition says. also all line

Start Of Suquamish Sewer Job Bit Closer

A start on construction of sewers in Suquamish edged a bit closer Monday night with tentative ratification by the Suquamish Tribal Council of an agreement with Kitsap County.

Tribal Chairman Richard Belmont said the council made some changes in the contract submitted by the county before ratifying it, however, and the modified contract will now go to county officials for review.

Bonding attorney George Mack of Seattle is representing the county in working out the agreement, which he required in the first place.

It is designed to protect the bond buyers who will finance the sewer project from legal difficulties in the event a court rules in the future that the Suquamish tribe is the sovereign government of the land to be served by the sewers.

The tribe and county officials both claim jurisdiction over the land, although they have decided not to make an issue of it where the sewers are concerned.

Belmont said tribal attorney Barry Ernstoff will send the modified contract to Mack, and he hopes a final contract can be ready for tribal council action by its meeting next Monday.

The council has been empowered by the tribe to sign a contract without further tribe approval, Belmont said. In the past negotiations between the tribe and county have been slowed by the necessity to have all actions approved by the full tribe in its once-a-month meetings.

Just over 60 days have passed since the county opened bids on the sewer construction, leaving about 30 days before the bidders are no longer bound by their bids.

September 4, 1974

Dear Mr. Eve:

Thank you for sending the President a copy of your letter of August 29 to Governor Wilson. We have been following news reports of the events in Western New York, although are under the impression that the matters are under either tribal or State, but not Federal jurisdiction.

I shall send your letter to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Morris Thompson, so that he will know of your concern.

Sincerel yours,

Bradley H. Patterson, Jr.

Mr. Arthur O. Eve 143rd District Erie County 1301 Fillmore Avenue Buffalo, New York 14211

bcc: Morris Thompson (BIA)

ARTHUR O. EVE MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY

Sold of the second

August 29, 1974

The Honorable Halcolm Hilson Governor of New York Executive Chambers The Capital Albany, N.V. 12224

Dear Governor Wilson:

It has come to my attention that a number of Seneca Indians on reservations in Western New York have recently endured various degrees of harassment and intimidation. This has been inflicted by agents of government - the Sheriffs of Eric and Cattaraugus Counties and the National Guard in Gowanda.

The latter come into the Cattaraugus Reservation about two weeks ago, armed, saying that all Indians would be evicted by Tuesday night, August 20, 1974. However, whites were permitted to stay.

I write to ask that you look into this particular matter and correct any unjust actions against any Indians on this reservation.

Respectfully yours,

ARTHUR O. EVE

ADE/da

cc: President Gerald Ford
Attorney General Leshowitz
Eric County District Attorney Cosgrove
Eric County Executive Edward V. Regan
Chairman, Cattaraugus County Board of
Supervisors



United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR

PORTLAND REGION, 1002 N. E. HOLLADAY ST. P. O. Box 3621, Portland, Oregon 97208

September 6, 1974

In reply refer to:

Mr. Brad Patterson White House Washington, D.C. 20500

Re: Zoning within Indian Reservations

Dear Mr. Patterson:

Enclosed is the material which I agreed to forward to you concerning zoning within Indian reservations. I have also enclosed some additional material regarding the same subject which you may find of interest.

If I can be of any further assistance, please feel free to call me.

Very truly yours,

For the Regional Solicitor

C. Richard Neely

Assistant Regional Solicitor

Enclosures

8-503-234-4214

TORO JERAN



BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

FRANK RANDALL District 1

WILLIAM H. MAHAN District 2

> GENE LOBE District 3

614 DIVISION STREET PORT ORCHARD, WA 98366 AREA CODE 206, TEL. TR 6-4441

September 13, 1974

Mr. B. Patterson White House Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. Patterson:

Pursuant to your telephone conversation with Commissioner Mahan I am forwarding to you a portion of the Suquamish Tribe's Criminal Code in which I have underlined for your convenience the parts that clearly state that they do have jurisdiction over everyone and everything within the historic boundaries of the reservation.

Also you will find enclosed a copy of a resolution that was passed some time ago in response to the county's efforts to create a solid waste landfill site on some 220 acres of county-owned land that lies within the boundaries. The resolution is somewhat misleading as it was passed prior to the time that the county undertook the necessary hydrological studies and engineering details that would be required by state law to insure that the landfill operation would in no way pollute any water courses, subsurface aquifers or be detrimental to surrounding properties.

We had anticipated utilizing about 40 acres for the landfill operation and would have been completely surrounded by county-owned property so that no fee patent or allotted lands would have been detrimentally affected.

It is extremely difficult to reduce the many and varied problems which we have had with the Tribe to writing. I could, for instance, go on at long length and in great detail enumerating the many problems we have had in our attempts to provide sewerage service for the Community of Suquamish.

It is my understanding as a result of a conversation with Commissioner Mahan that you are particularly interested in documents that the Tribe



has passed which would show that they are attempting to impose governmental regulations on persons other than Indians and that verbal claims would be of little significance. The enclosed are the only written evidence which we can supply at the present time.

I have informed some of the citizens of the Community of Suquamish of your call and they are extremely appreciative of your interest and, along with the Board of Commissioners, are very hopeful that some resolution of the present problems can be brought about.

If there is anything further that I can do to supply you with information or assistance of any type please let me know. Again, we sincerely appreciate your interest. We had begun to think that no one anywhere was interested.

Very sincerely yours,

Frank Randali

KITSAP COUNTY COMMISSIONER

FR: pd

Enclosures

A WAYER TO WOOD

September 16, 1974

MEMORANDUM FOR:

MORRIS THOMPSON KENT FRIZZELL WALLACE JOHNSON J. STANLEY POTTINGER

SUBJECT

Tribal Severeignty

The President recently received the attached correspondence.

It raises a general policy question of which we are all roughly aware but for which, as far as I can discover, none of us has done any specific work in exploring the range of possible answers. Neither Courts nor Congress have declared themselves on this matter, although the Senate's passage of S 268 (not followed in the House) did address it.

Recognising that this issue is certain to be a matter of more and more attention in the months ahead, I think we have an obligation to examine it and get some of our own ideas tegether preparatory to discussions we should have with Indian leaders themselves.

I would like to invite each of you, in person or through a representative, to begin this exploration with me and propose the first of perhaps several informal meetings for Thursday, September 17 at 2:30 p.m. I intend to put together an option paper on this subject and particularly would like, on Thursday, to get your advice on the questions and sub-issues which the paper should include. Please bring with you any administrative and/or legal references which bear specifically on the issue raised in the attached papers.

Bradley H. Patterson, Jr.

Central Files



THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 16, 1974

MEMORANDUM FOR:

MORRIS THOMPSON
KENT FRIZZELL
WALLACE JOHNSON
J. STANLEY POTTINGER

JON ROSE

SUBJECT:

Tribal Sovereignty

The President recently received the attached correspondence.

It raises a general policy question of which we are all roughly aware but for which, as far as I can discover, none of us has done any specific work in exploring the range of possible answers. Neither Courts nor Congress have declared themselves on this matter, although the Senate's passage of S 268 (not followed in the House) did address it.

Recognizing that this issue is certain to be a matter of more and more attention in the months ahead, I think we have an obligation to examine it and get some of our own ideas together preparatory to discussions we should have with Indian leaders themselves.

I would like to invite each of you, in person or through a representative, to begin this exploration with me and propose the first of perhaps several informal meetings for Thursday, September 19 at 2:30 p.m. I intend to put together an option paper on this subject and particularly would like, on Thursday, to get your advice on the questions and sub-issues which the paper should include. Please bring with you any administrative and/or legal references which bear specifically on the issue raised in the attached papers.

Bradley H. Patterson, Jr.





KITSAP COUNTY

614 DIVISION STREET

PORT ORCHARD, WA 98366

AREA CODE 206, TEL. TR 6-4441

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS
FRANK RANDALL
District 1

WILLIAM H. MAHAN District 2

> GENE LOBE District 3

August 28, 1974

The Honorable Gerald Ford President of the United States White House Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Mr. President:

Enclosed you will find petitions filed by some 750 persons which constitutes nearly all the permanent residents within the historic boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation.

The Board of Commissioners is acting as forwarding agent for these petitions because of our complete agreement with the concerns and the ideals enunciated on the petitions as well as our concern about the rather tense situation that is developing here in this county. We feel very strongly that if the Indians' objectives were carried out it would constitute a flagrant example of government without representation. There are, according to our records, approximately 50 members of the Port Madison Tribe residing within the historic boundaries (23 of them, incidentally, have signed the enclosed petitions) and to have this small handful of persons acting as a government for some 2,000 non-Indian landowners, none of whom have the right to elect anyone to the Tribal Council or to have any say about their representation would be, we believe, clearly unconstitutional.

We recognize there are many Reservations with many degrees and types of problems but we firmly believe that in this instance what these people are asking for is right and proper.

The delay in forwarding these was brought about by the Board of Commissioners because of some rather delicate negotiations with the Suquamish Tribal Council regarding a sewerage system for the community of Suquamish. The Board did not want to "rock the boat". Those negotiations now have, however, broken down completely and so we are therefore forwarding these petitions on to you.

Diod Partitud Please let us know if we can answer any questions. Very sincerely yours,

KITSAP COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Gene Lobe, Chairman

William H Mahan Commissioner

Frank Randall, Commissioner

FR:sr

Enclosures

The present Suquamish Indian Tribal government in Kitsap County, Washington, is claiming furisdiction over the property and persons of all residents living within the original exterior boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. Therefore the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the President and the Congress of the United States to uphold the validity of our patent, or fee simple lands; and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

DATE ADDRESS NAME

The present Suquamish Indian Tribal government in Kitsap County, Washington, is claiming furisdiction over the property and persons of all residents living within the original exterior boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. Therefore the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the President and the Congress of the United States to uphold the validity of our patent, or fee simple lands; and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Fitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

land, leased for 50 years to non-indians.		
Jean Liemeier Bx22	Suguam & Cont.	7-BOATE 1974
Elizabeth La fallette PD/30	x 288 Sugarm	est Un 2-14-79
Dlance L Putney P (Boy	288 Suguenuse, Was	2-10-74
	Sugnamish W	
	Requer missel	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
This 70m 71 Stuail (Barbara)	FO Bax 35 Juguine	
1	0. By 123 Indianola	
Etta M. Cardwell F.	O. Bx 122 Indian	de 18/11
a. 4. Santily	TIBA 395 D J.	
	71 By 343D P.	Ista UnB/2
Leda L. armstrong K.	21, Buy 396, Fac	Make . Wm 2/3/2
	Suggerie	. /
	U. Box 35 Ditquessis	,
Ruth X. Mc Laren 15	Py 288 Sugues	nest Wark
	ex 288 Sugaran	
0.0	199 Incliand	
$A \setminus i/H$.		-
21/D. M. Elilland 19	BOX 35 Suguerish	<i>(</i>
Alta J. McMelland A. E. a. Miemeier Bo	+1 Bix 776 Pm	ulsbo.
E.a. Miemeier Bo	+1 By 776 Pm +22, Suguanie	L wark 198392

The precent Suquamish Indian Tribal government in Kitsap County, Washington, is claiming furisdiction over the property and persons of all residents living within the original exterior boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. Therefore the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the President and the Congress of the United States to uphold the validity of our patent, or fee simple lands; and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ask that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME:	A DDRESS	DATE
Exam Circilard	Bix45 Adjante	2/4
This American	Bes 25 Judanish	2/1/24
Lucy L. Curnic	Bry46 Mulantla	12-2-5-74
Mary Lines	whenthat It pet	2-5/74
Pledd	Box 34 Sulie raa	
7	und Stoy 76 Inglianola	
/10	mes X X 1	
polowy Bichel	P.O. Box 844 Poulslo	Ma 2/8/14
Rick Suren	Box 271 INDIANOIT	
Lachara Ford	Po Box 89 Indianola	2/7/74
Esther Hace mumfard	By84 Indiadalin.	/ /
Bish Guisland		,
Buth A. Brickell	But E, Indianala, 9834) P.O. Box 183 Indianala u	2/1/14 45/98342
failf Ling	P.O. Box 86 Indianola 9834.	
Name on Olsen	OO BOXIO Dudianola	
Mayorit M Maki	P.O. Box 55 Inleand.	
Loud W. Rose	Ju Del. Judeon la Ve	
Jellocks Klanker In	Gen Del Indianola 161	1 98342
Oin P. Minel	PO. Box 164 And	98340

The present Suquamish Indian Tribal government in Kitsap County, Washington, is claiming furisdiction over the property and persons of all residents living within the original exterior boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. Therefore the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the President and the Congress of the United States to uphold the validity of our patent, or fee simple lands; and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

DATE ADDRESS NAME

The present Suquamish Indian Tribal government in Kitsap County, Washington, is claiming immisdiction over the property and persons of all residents living within the original exterior boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. Therefore the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the President and the Congress of the United States to uphold the validity of our patent, or fee simple lands; and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquar land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.	mish Tribe; and jo acres of t	tribal
NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
Louis 7. Mets	Poulsho Wa	2/21/74
	178 Inchemola	
Horner L. Subject PUB.	178 Adenda	2/23/24
Hogenood P.O.B.	261 SuguiAMISH IX	lasu 285 74
, a , a	527 Baenhudge	1.98110
B. Timin Pt 7. Boy;	7527- Barrelode	ey 2 -
D. E. Machel RT7 Box	152) Bankidge	J. 98110
J. V. Hoisuf Br	x 424 Sugar	me of
Smil O Lend P.O. H	Der-Bassilredge	3 Day 28/2
Smill Den P.O. H	UZ, SUQUAM QA, UM	<u> </u>
Deller R Carpenter P.O.	^	
	E 55 Al Seithe W.	
John Breez When 1307 183	Suguriaisia wa jo	HAI BRUCE WILSO
Against Ellefun 174.	4.134,4418 Bai	en. Jele-(e)-
Edich Lund jren Rt. 4-0	Boy 4487 Bandre	£ 98/11
Ce. G. Kubois Pt-1-	Box 4/20 Souls	ko Wne
LA Just	1301 151 2 Alexand	To 12/0-6/
Soloife Just B14 Rig 44	29 Bunhicialas	W. 9/4.
James a. Brennen At 1, Box 38	82, Poulsles, lu	-98370.

The present Suquamish Indian Tribal government in Kitsap County, Washington, is claiming jurisdiction over the property and persons of all residents living within the original exterior boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. Therefore the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the President and the Congress of the United States to uphold the validity of our patent, or fee simple lands; and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

DATE A DDRESS NAME Rt 2 Box 528 B Poulsho Wesh 11 astr

County Com

The present Suquamish Indian Tribal government in Kitsap County, Washington, is claiming jurisdiction over the property and persons of all residents living within the original exterior boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. Therefore the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the President and the Congress of the United States to uphold the validity of our patent, or fee simple lands; and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty "ghts over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.		
NAME	ADDRESS	DATE
Helen Nar Sambson. 195	50000 Lea 9817 St N.W. Blue Ridge Drive, Seattle, Wm 98177	2-17-74
TISTORIC TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TOTAL TO THE	Seattle, Wm/98177	
		The state of the s
		And the second of the second o

Control Commissioners - FED 20 17

The present Suquamish Indian Tribal government in Kitsap County, Washington, is claiming jurisdiction over the property and persons of all residents living within the original exterior boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. Therefore the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the President and the Congress of the United States to uphold the validity of our patent, or fee simple lands; and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ask that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
John m Souther 507 ki	when this Butante Catil.	2-5-74
John m Souther 507 kg	how go Butantaly	2-5-71/
	6	
		anne de la companya della companya de la companya de la companya della compa
	angeringge gregorier en en en gerende en en en gebeur en de plan ett en de en de en en en en en en en en en de Le	
	Form 18 de Fig. de 6	

The present Suquamish Indian Tribal government in Kitsap County, Washington, is claiming jurisdiction over the property and persons of all residents living within the original exterior boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. Therefore the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the President and the Congress of the United States to uphold the validity of our patent, or fee simple lands; and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	ADDRESS	DATE
What I Frese Pouls be	395 - 24 a 98370	79/24
the Reduson RI Box 9	167 Sugua	mush
Virginia Prindle Sty Box	741, Couleto	
Westing Winschools Box 19	9 Invisando	, 2/10/.
	, , (
Toa H Meckan Box 17 Du	dianola Wak	2/13/14
Marian Brackey P. O. Rox	225 Suga	amirle
Decary Brackacy 11 11	11 31	
Reality Blackey 11 11 "Latelia M Bowelin (mis d.) 1. "	199 - Julianola	2/13/14
	4	
		75 FOR
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ask that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
. Perry L Bourlier,	19319-2d Scattle, Wash,	VA 98177 1914
Jane and Bouckey	19319 - 2 rd am n Seats	10. Feb. 10, 19.24
- Karen Son Land	28 BE, 834 St 98,	
1315-	4015-2021SE LAG	1 98503.
Coraclia & Fitzgerald 4015	1-21.575. E. apg. 31	5 July back
und Hert Po. Box 54	Poulsto Wash	18376
Olive M. Spinner	Bg 138 Sugar	annish 3-21-74
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	· .	

County Commissioners

The present Suquamish Indian Tribal government in Kitsap County, Washington, is claiming jurisdiction over the property and persons of all residents living within the original exterior boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. Therefore the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the President and the Congress of the United States to uphold the validity of our patent, or fee simple lands; and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ask that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME			ess		ATE
Robert F. De Witt	821-9	attle, Has	h.#98104	Tel	¹ .5,19
Saini Jean Hace	462	1-8.10	Eldeller, J	euctie.	Z - ンラ
Sunche Kon Fullerton	126	3rch Clares	o Paulsi	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Villian & Hall			otello s		
JENE THIERTO	126	3RD AL	JE 50.	Parc	seo.
				Age (10 a company) - 10 a company -	
	•			Alte.	
			May 2011 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		······································
				7 6 g	
			**************************************	100	

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	A DDR		DATE
20 (401) 11m Rae	1119 Baren	ave Cy 20 Sxatic 9810; nish, missh 98392	2-13-74 3
Robert H Murray	Box 137 Lugues	nish 716sh 98392	-2/16/
Ila M. Mustan	B4137 S.	Juanush in.	2/16/7
nellie C. Cook	-*1	manish loss	
Kathlan M. Faterson	1521 NW 188	Seutle Ula 981	9-1-2-17
Juhard & laterson		Weather Win 98	
	1, B1 783. Jaulah	, Wm. 98370	and are a particular to the Confession of the Co
L'	1, By 783 Pauls		
	1 Bx 799 Sp18		
Les Miller Rt			
Tiones H Quennas	^ ^ ^ ^	_	
Auth & Buckman	n PO Box 23 s	Suguamish	Wa 98.
			

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

DATE A DDRESS NAME

Bailer, From how hotel Mallowabour fastaste Fr. + Frank: No authority (1) RAND Magarie Case -RC: Statute preparal would cover and begannet Fadiois, Just a land

larger well got worse-Cym ve doull Punation. " (Central, aler) Status for fu patient praprets accours. " Should lave bruswn" of war as Jackan Ilyuation.

Con les de lach Rhos its aus preul stituts = reopony up of getter for Courds. BIA come w RC, (TK) DOJ= commend w both Feder 2

w both hedea of non-rudien -Not agees a RC Cays what we m 6A abdechet when to dinieti Pakal. Wester, Rendus alvin knowigly Illate: Jadean browy fee land'i hore respes plon. Tideoes enterry.

More Ted rights Mus soud perufulus Che truste roll, iter servicester dente court de Court DI Fallow Williams

to lusses Zowy only? or oches? auleousy val Coneques andreable Conequeur forces tribal out suptin?

Court raly could be sure limited - 5 DM plant coursed wo cruvial DI, Wh & S As peopler — in against

Towy, drackt dunction in value

FORDUBRARY

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ask that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	ADDRESS	DATE
Medwither	PORof L. Parlat.	e lon 98370 2.
Fred O. Hill	RT 3 Ber 559 Au	ldroju 98320 20
Pote of liel	POBOL 1252 P.	2-6 2 2 8 98 3
Spirity R Jule	Boy 1252 / Just	1 <u>sloki, 98370</u>
Marnef 7/4ell	PABAL Som	la fio
Sandra B. Glee	Rte 3 Box 55	9 Poulsto
		•.
		9-4907

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
De Man g & Connel	P. 1 , Sex 72	6 Partite
In W. World	B(1Box 732 RA1 Box 74	
Thurs Jame	RAI DX 74	18 foulster)
Munk Mantin	70	<u>10</u> = 3/17.
R'S Lecht berg	Rt1 Bx 75	4
Down Smith	Pt, Day 785 Pou	Lako, Wn.
alton m nelson	7037 52ml778	
Helen S. Nelson	7637-52ng 71.8	
France Shiple	RAI BOX 764	1
Richard H. White	#5-107 S. MAIN	
	PIEI BOX 758	PoulsBa, WM
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ask that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
Chris Madison Rt. 1, Box 760	Poulsha 1/	31/74
Clara M. Haskel (Rti-Box	761 Poulsto	2/16/74
Ceril ny Nashell Rd. 1, B	2761 Poulsto	2/16/70
Mary Eller Madison Rt, Box.	160 Paulsko, Wa.	2/18/14
Janus F. Madison Rt, Box James F. Madison Pt, Boy	760 Poulsko Wa.	2/15/74
		AM CONTRACTOR
		777
•		

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

DATE A DDRESS NAME t.,.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ask that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME		A DDRESS		DATE
Ellesland	Bo x 40	s6 Suguaria	1 kg	£-2.7-
Belly Queland	Box 48	Ch, Suguenia	h Ma	2-27-1
Muded Staddart	Box 3	33 / //	"	2-27-
Thee Charleart	~1	ή (-		6. (
	Mangalah Manasa da Kabupatan M			***************************************

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	ADDRESS	DATE
221; 20 0 1 1 6 1078 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 Hend Point Road	Feb 8, 19
Morth, M. Kafolletto Belle morth, M. Kafolletto Belle	7 Dents Point Roads	or Jul 8,
[]		
		-
		<u></u>

	WW	

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
Mrs. anta B. Lurner Bop 124	Suguamist 98.	392 2/6/7
Writer Boy 194 S	ergennish Wo	sh 2/7/
Clicked M. Halvaran Lor37	Seigumich	3/31/79
Roll of Malone Bry 37	Suguanist	3/21/24
		The state of the s
		19 1
		

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

	NAME				A	DDRESS		DATE
Con Contract	1 1. 16 x 6 x 1	21	Dox 451	Sing	127112	12 111'	21	19, 4
					45			
					**			
								,
	`,							-
					·			
								:
						* 16		
				•.				
						- s*2		
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
					1984			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					:		
						1000		***
		·····						
			·		1			
`		1) -				

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ask that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

	NAI	ME			ADDRESS			
				Juneau	alaska	78801 cal Houp	3-	_
Lillian	5/.	Lice		o Barilit	T Briss-8	real Houp	<u> </u>	<u>~</u>
			,			y		
	<u> </u>							
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,				
•								-
					<u> </u>			
				,		•		
			1.0					
				·				
				•				
								
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		···	
-								

County Commissioners HFN 4 /

The present Suquamish Indian Tribal government in Kitsap County, Washington, is claiming jurisdiction over the property and persons of all residents living within the original exterior boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. Therefore the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the President and the Congress of the United States to uphold the validity of our patent, or fee simple lands; and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
Counie M. Zager	Q.O.Box 526 Sug 40	mich 2/
Margaret T Robinson	RTI By 395B Por	
Blytha L. Schwer	P.O. Bux 21 Suga	
Wanda H Smith	P.O. Bay 528 Su	geanse,
Partrude Keillan	Box 1154 Dow	, -
Lany Cale	Box 348 Sug	nomish ?
		Contract of the second
		Samuel State of the State of th

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty "ghts over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

DATE A DDRESS NAME Mouls Boilly,

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
Horace W. Nov Pt 1 Box 10	Sugarnik 983	92 2/1/74
Elizabeth C. Doe Rt. 1 Bo Ungela & Steenback P.O. Box 316	LO. Seequan	ish 2/1/74
angela & Steenback P.O. Box 916	Luguanish, 9	5392
Hatkeen Steenbock J. O. Box 21 Floris M. Downs Rt 1- Bay	6 Suguamisks	Mash 2/8/1
Floring M. Downs Pt 1- Bay	1988 Suguanii	of Wash.
	8	
		and the second s
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
·		

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ask that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
. May Jose	el Lugiuar	11/18 / SI/JY
J. () Mience	- Sufficill	115/1/31/74
· Dan Wolfe	Suguamie	h 2/5/74
White Johnson	Suguerist	0 2/4/74
Frank Madle		1) 2/1/14
Clarence Li Roberts	Box 438 Suguani	,
Trup Allock	Box 4/2 S	Suguamed 2874
Josep Make	Bay 609 00	lug comit Wm 2-7-2
Jem Jodd	Box 32	ung W. 2-81
Com lodd	BN 185 V.	Pa. urn. O-P.
Eff malle	3465 50 199	H SEATTLE LON
Al Maylin		navamsh 2/1/14
Roge Hansen	172 Box 799 Pou	1560. Wn 98370
Bruce Al Salo	Millers Bayy Su	
Merilet o. In	Rox 185 Sec	
Douglas a. Hagen		7
Miane J. Roberts	Box 438 Signami	•
George W. Shull	Inpleasofre l	eash in
Ron Zod	P.O. Box 185 Q	1) Suquemist

tsap County, Washington, is cla rit Suguanish ingladiction over the ndian Reservation. Therefore the original exter or boundaris thin these boundaries, petition the undersigned persons who owe resident and the Congress of se a grant to uphold the validity of our natent, to the sample and so be relied to be relied to the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this care under their jurisdiction and shall be consumed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased reserved the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians aspect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also that our rights be preceded by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsan County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal gove nment of the Sugamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty et is over the non-Suquanish Indian population. we therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, no petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: members of the Siguamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple and lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal anno, leased for 50 years to non-Indians. MAME ADDRESS Seattle BOX S 25

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	A DDR ES S	DATE
Jud C. Russott	South Engeline and Suguenish w	Jane 1/3/
HazieM. Present Sout	South Engeline and Suguemish u	S-1/31/74
Jam M Lewis	DIVISION AVE SUPLEMISK	2/5/14
Fin Johnson	P.O. Box 581 Suguarrish	2/5/74
Barlara Place	P.O. Box 581 Signamish	2/5/74
Sleve E. Jahrean D.	Bas 340 Kingston le	m 2/15/2
		and the second s
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
Mome Charles Sella	128112 S.C. 1	84 th Place 5/3
	Renton, 2	bosh.
Ellis N. West	3050 N.N. 67 h	St.
Dorothy West	Seattle 98117	
Block 8, Suguamish, Nashi	nyton	
		(3 1040

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ask that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians,	•	
NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
Jeh Chong-Je	Deference Wach	1/30/74
Wilina Huseby		1/30/74
Fiche we transcer	F.O. Box 14	1/30/74
Ollins Johansen	P.O. Bux 14	1/30/74
aly en M. Reynolds	9.0. Box 212	1/30/74
Mario anderson	Sugramish	1/31/74
Jula O Korien Box 24	1 /	,
Eline Chown		/
man Smitter	Suguanical Box 37	2/4/17
Cally Dy &		
Betty M. m. Rean	Suguamesh Bof184 2/2 Luguamish 6-3	3/11-74
/		/
	/se.	F0 & 2 \
	20.00	

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

Lett & Marroug Rt 1 Box Lett & Marrough Rt 1 Box Ween Christen F.O. Bu 193 Beating 1/2 Challey Rt 1 Box 799 J. E. M. Pladulay Rt 1 Box 799	Poulsho, Wash, 1797 Poulsho,	2/4/7
Then Christen F.O. Ber 193	Poulso, Wash, 1797 Toursto, 1715 Poulsto h	2/4/5 Jun. 2-
Then Christen F.O. Ber 193	1797 Povesto,	Lon. 2-
Then Christen F.O. Box 193	775 (DU/Sha h	1, -
Then Christen V.O. Bat 193 Beatrice 1.1 Challey Rt. 1 Box 799 1. E. M. Pladulay Rt. 1 Box 799	1 1	12. 2·5
Beatrice 1:1° Challey Rt. 1 Box 799	Indianola 3-1	74
J. E. M. Pladuley Rt. 1 Box 79;	Poulsko, Wash.	3/12/1
	Poulsko, Wash.	3/12/7
	,	, ,
	and the second s	**************
	•	
	\mathcal{Z}_{i}	
	Transport	
		18.5040
		799
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		The second second
·		

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsar County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty "ghts over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

Main J. Malone Box 527 Lugurush, Mr 2-1 Blip & Malone Box 678 Poulsbo Wm. 2-1 Villiam Dano Gox 678 Poulsbo Wm. 2-1 Jose Hatricia Pt Box 378 x Poulsbo 2-12-12-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	land, leased for 50 years to non-Indi	lans.		
Boly D. Molone Box 537 Suguemath, Ma 2- William Dano Box 678 Poulsbo Wm. 2-12- Jose J. Fatricio Pt / Box 378 X Poulsbo 2-12- Julie C. Dugan Proximo Box 134 Indianolo 2-15-7 Edith G. Farguron Box 134 Indianolo 297-33: Don Molon Box 527 Sugarmish 398 49	NAME		A DDRESS	DATE
William Dans Box 678 Poulsbo Wm. 2-12- Jose Hatricis Ct Box 378 X Poulsbo 2-12- Filler C. Dugan Box 134 Indianal 297-332 Plan Mohro Box 527 Sugarmish Filler Filler Box 527 Sugarmish Filler Fil	Marian J. Malone	Box	1527 Lugue	mil 2-3-77
William Dano Box 678 Poulsboldm. 2-12- Jose Johnson Cory of Indicator 2-15-7 Fille C. Dugan Cory of Indicator 2-15-7 Fility Starguson Box 134 Indianato 277-35- Don Maloro Box 527 Sugarmish 578 49		Box	527 Suguem	oh, M 2-3-
Fille C. Diegen Box 134 Indianal 2-15.7 Edith G Ferguson Box 134 Indianals 297-333 Rox St.7 Sugarmish 598 148 Em Kinney 4	William Dans	Box	678 Pouls	bo C/n. 2-6-
Edith Stagnson Box 134 Indianals 292-333 Rox Sta Sugarmish Box 527 Sugarmish First Const.	Lova Patricio !	71 Box 3	78X Youlst	2-12-7
Box 527 Sugarmish 54848	- file C. Dugan	Pary 5	7 Indianal	~ 2-15.7f
Box 527 Sugarmish 54848	Editi S Ferguson	Box 13	4 Indianola	297-3329
Final Control of the state of t	Dan Mila	Box 52	7 Sugarmist	598 484
(FORD)	Too production		V	
(FORD)				
(FORD)				,
(FORD)				K
(FORD)	E Visionia	X		
(FORD)				44
BRAR.				
\$ FORO				
BRAR.				(FORD
				BRAP
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

land, leased for 50 years to homes.			
NAME	, AD	DRESS	DATE
Beverly & Moff	P.O.By574	Sugaranish	1-30-74
mary Sausdy	1	Luguam	sh
	<i>U</i>	Sugarnis	
Balph a. Farreau	Box 457 8		
Frank O. Hyl	Borro	Sugaran	1/3/17
Willard 7 West-	By 227 De	•	
_ 1 12	170 S74 S	Decemish	Mazila
	Rt 1 Boy 9 Su	<i>L</i> :	// /
Way on o frautes	P.O. Box \$26-	Syguetonis	84 le a
Gordon G. Poff R	7.1 Box 952	Suguamish.	, Wa.
Mary 6. Ceilinism	,	/ 4	
Eugene Oldeheron		7	
Stackman	Boy 251 S	uquamis!	War.
Willy, Stuth	0, Box 251 Sug	mash. Wx.	

			:

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
	2	il Feb. 2,
Mrs) Meste Chlaux. Don o	364. Luguam	ih Ost. 2
Charlotte W. May 130-	y 24T Sugur	mish
De DAL FR	247 Sugua	mish W
Jonald Jimy Sox	X4/ Jugua	may
		522.
		·
		\
	8410	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME		A DDRESS	DATE
. Karen Reynolds	P.O. Box	134 Sugu.	1/29/74
_ Deware Regnord			anish 2/1/74
Emma Reynolds		,	Eccaniel 3/1/74
: ws Jessie Wark		•	Sentile 7/4
Roy Hart	90739	athews 91	E. Sealle Wh
Boyd Jacobson	To Rt 1- any	Howard and.	Suguamin car.
Thomas Ballantini	1943	1 199 de	14/1/2 98133
Many J. Ballantine	•		Seattle, 9813
Thomas O. Hansen			0, Wn. 2/10/74
Terri L. Hansin			sln, wn. 2/10/74
a 12 Panila			1
Frene A. Smith	10710 Marine 21	iem Sé Sh	1). Sealle 98146
a D. Smith	10710 Monine View &	In SW lea	tle 98146

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ask that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
Nothryn Shephard Cushman	Box 157 Suguemise W	392 3/5
John H. Cushman Box 157, Sugnar Jasephine B. Tres lie 15 Stephen Sheslee 737 Park Ave Co	nich, Washington 2/5	2/16
Josephine B. Leslie 75	7 Park Ave, Winson	, Wosh
Stephen Sheslee 737 Park Ave Co	Vinslow cela 98110 2/	20/74
Some & Segliel Suguarial Was	2/3/3/74	
Just & Sighel Suguaniel Was	g . so Coulako Um	3/02/24
William H Chuston &	1#1 Box 799 Pouls	10 Wh 3-2
William H Chuston R.	Pt-1- Bx 799-	Poulsto
	·	
		EORO .

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

NAME	ADDRESS	DATE
Victor Hastings	12040-8N.E. Seattlasin.	3/23/24
Ele History	12040-8N.E. Seattlesin-	th th 3/2
		•
·		
		Marie 17 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
		and the same and t
	·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nation and a second
•		
		
•		
		-

County Commissioners AFA 4 1 1

The present Suquamish Indian Tribal government in Kitsap County, Washington, is claiming jurisdiction over the property and persons of all residents living within the original exterior boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. Therefore the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the President and the Congress of the United States to uphold the validity of our patent, or fee simple lands; and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ask that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
avid Dage P.O.B.	x 423 Suguemich	Wak. 75/14
Dragitt & Ravis P.C. B.	$\nu_{\scriptscriptstyle O}$	
Send Stope 310.1	105450 Bellevice	Comsul 2-7-74
Marjoric E. Alexen 310 - 1	105th S.E Billion	Work 257/
Marjoric E. Alexen 310-1 Dariler J. Olssen 320-101	st S& 47, Bellenne	., Wa. 98004
Jusy Ellesen 320	101 ST SE Bellen	ue Cela 98x.
Glady C. Chipman 10011 912		
Spesse H. Chipman 60011 NE		
Blanche Johnston P.D.	Boy 426 Juga	amish, Mr. 9839.
Islanche Johnston P.D. L Executor Estate Of Pe 100 Pillis 4345 S.W. West Bay Road,	ar'l Hoefle, Suquam'ish, Lake Oswego, Oregon 9	Washington 7034
Hannah CBlake P.O. Box	337 Suguaminh	Wash.
Makes M. Fater P.O "	17	,
1 0	Rt Sugueno	ish Um.
Pto L. Halin " 1	Bl Suguemen	h wh
Lee e Beck POB	302 Sug	manus l
Bertrude Roberts	PO Box 65 Suguam	ish
Lorene Graham POBOX 65	Suguenish	(50)
	0	(5)

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty gights over the non-Suquamish which population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal

land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians. DATE ADDRESS NAME Mrt Mhs Wallice C

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians	·	
NA ME	A DDRESS	DATE
. Hanne L Foreigh	Boy 181	1-30-7-
Mayine Kallgren	Box 291	1-30/79
Befut I mught	Box 181	1,30,74
Wayne & Dungerser	P.O. Bux 77	2-5-74
Torbon Red	70, Box 304	2-5-74
1. Int Super	P.01435	9-6-74
Preben M. Wansen	P.O. 130 x 497	2-6-74
Roseo E Todd	P.O.130x185	2-7-74
Mildred A. Maupin	Po Boy 78	2-774
Dale K. Olsen Ja	P.O. Box 72	2-7-74
Betty R. Granstrong	P.O. Box 72 P.O. Box 396B. 9	2-7-74 8370
7/1/Armstrong	PO. Box 396B Wark 98	2-7-74 370
ark a Shight	RTI Box 799 Poul	
Melind Senhour	P.O. Box 186 Sugl	2-7-74 122134
Trusie (Tenhous	PO Box 186 Suguam	27.74
William Chair	11 11 12 11	
Land. Ellerth	Box 168	4 8
Ele anar Fraser	Rt 1-Boy 395 Poulsh	0 2/1/14
	A Commence of the Commence of	/ /

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ask that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

DATE NAME 3-Box 231, Suguamich

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

ADDRESS DATE NAME

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

County Commissioners FEB NAME 222 Suguente Lestel 454 DeiGhermin Deene Bor 12

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

County Commission RESTER NAME O KOX

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians. RECEIVED . Kitsap

County CommADDRESSTS

NAME Russell Cally anders ing jurisdiction over the property and persons of all residents living within the original exterior boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. Therefore the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the undersident and the Congress of the United States to uphold the validity of our patent, or fee simple lands; and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is:

approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal

land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians. DATE A DDRESS NAME Rt 1 Box 15 A Sugnamush Wm 2/1/74 Lillian a. Mussell

Rom. 276

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

County Commissioners DATE A DDRESS NAME lletto

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

**ECELVED - Kitsap FEB (774)

NAME 41 Box 466 Derry Ch

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

land lived on by 2928 non-members land, leased for 50 years to non-I	ndians.
NA MŁ	ADDRESS
Bennie Deorge	1 POBOX36> 1-31-64
1 - Pryon (800,00)	Pormon Succession 13074
Betty m. m. Lean	POBAL. Enquamisk 1/30/14
Jan Jan	Box Six "
Him Rusill	Pet 1 Box 15-71 Suguamish 1/30-74-
South Telerson	Boy 66 Suguanich /30/74
Burly Beck	Fix 412 Signamust, /30/4
my & mu, Robert A, Dods	
Firancia E. Dodaon	Box 174 Suguarish 1/31/74
Ruch Hokenslad	Box 196 Suguamish 1/31/74
Guliken Kaufma	
Emar e mordb	/)
alice M. Stevenson	
Many & Steward	
Bittly & zuelle	BUXZZZ 1/31/7K
Jeamette a. Johnson	D.O. Bay 100 analismale 1-31-74
Harold Job andersen	P.OBox 595 Sugarmish 1-31-74
Anna Hendersen	Box 595 Suguernick 1-31-74
Jager In Jupas	Bax 165 Suguamiel 1-31-74

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ask that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

RECaisa

DATE A DDRESS NAME Thullen POBW 95 1-30

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal /4 land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

RECENTRY Commissioners

	7.11.14	County Comme	
	NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
•	Dale R Kramer, P.	O. Bey 441 Sugar	nash 1/29/74
	Laxe a Box tow POROX	471 Paulsby, WN. 8832	0 1/27/74
	Unice Corden P.O. vox	571 Suquamish	1/29/74
7	Phomas (Marione G.D.	Kingson	1/59/14
/	July A TODO BOX 4	45 SUQUACILISH	1/29/74
	Ling Delancy Box 384	- Sugvamish -	1-29-76
	Myar J. Tralfe Box	482 Sugarnish	1/29/74
	May In Sporlin P.C	D. Bof 15 Sugar	nish 1/29/74
	Mrs Day Shoot Po	Box 15 Sugua	ind 1/59/74
	Mr. Dan Shoot Po Mr. Dans Stacker P.O.	Box 324 11	(1)
	D.Q< Maller P.O. 8	Sox311 Suguem	ish, Worth
	Lat Burton P.O.B	0x47/ Poulsko	Wash
	Margaret Parmente Box	582 Suguas	ixish 1/29/74
	gaymon Lea Wanner	P.O. Box 493 Suga	amisa Hu. 1/29/74
	James & Hudson	PO Box 561 &	uguamish 1/29/7
	alen Jarguer Pe		//
1	Mut Wagner Y	o Box 25 Sus	meniota 1/29/2
	/ / /	0 Box 242 Slig	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		//	, , ,

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

NAME County CommADDRESS FEB / /4 DATE

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ask that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: arproximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians. K. 11. 11.

RECEIVED TLU County Commission DDRESS

DATE NAME Boy 41d Ruger amich R7 5 BY 5706

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsar County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty wights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians. RECEIVED Kitsau FFR (174)

County ComminaDDRESS NAME BUXTSI RKI BOX 795B

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

land, leased for 50 years to non-indians.	. *	
NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
lagle Soewall	RTIBOX769 Poulsto	2-9-74
Jusith ams Olion		lo, Wa. 98370
- Allan Dale Olson	Rt. 1- Box 720 Pouls	lo, Wa. 2/9/14
Quant Doubon		sto Way
Muman L. King Star la	Ste bot 5 Dingston	[1/m2/10]
	Pt 1 Box 726 Su	
	Pt , Boy 926	,
	J. 7 Boy 1821 Ba	subridge Ros,
Dat iron Chaptern 3	Ry B 7821 Brown	
	87 Suguamion was	
Clarence & Rolling	St. 1. BOT 767	Voulsko 2411.
	Box 496 Suguairis	4
Melba Smith	PO BOL 496 Day	reamon, les
Dija Jahn Vojane	P. B. Box 496 Aug Pt. Box 4112 Fee	L.11, 74.
-illian Winzam	Rt. Box765	Poulsting
RH Wish am		
Darrel L'hpile	Rt 1 Box 695	3/12/74
Harold E. Joursburg	Rt. 1-Box 695 Rt. 1-Box 793	2/13/74
		,

RECEIVED

The present Suquamish Indian Tribal government in Kitsap County, Washington, is claiming jurisdiction over the property and persons of all residents living within the original exterior boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the President and the Congress of the United States to uphold the validity of our patent, or fee simple lands; and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suguamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

DATE A DDRESS NAME

10014 14

The present Suquamish Indian Tribal government in Kitsap County, Washington, is claiming jurisdiction over the property and persons of all residents living within the original exterior boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. Therefore the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the President and the Congress of the United States to uphold the validity of our patent, or fee simple lands; and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ask that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

DATE A DDRESS NAME 326NWS40 Street 292602-1-011-2006 4355-004-011-0002 Seattle, WA 124 950

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
. July Belle Summon .	Sox 555 Suguanish, Wa	2-2-74
Jack A. adams ange	cine + Harnis Suguamishika	
Dodse Odams	n vi vi	3-2-74
Florence Hebert -	Signamisk Wa.	2-2-7×
Signed M. Martin	Sugwanich- Ulast.	2-2-74
Robert H. Wyatt	Sugnamis f	2-2-/4
Joan Lumsden	Duguamish	2-2-74
Juisa anhers	Sugramish POB197	2-2-74
Rebert & Mathoun	Seattle Wash	2-3-74
agnes B. Mathesin	Seattle Wash	2-3-74
11)	Boy 3 Sugramich his	2/3/14
/ -	3. Suguanel Va	2-3-19
Sach 6 Horsen	Signamed Win	2-5-74
La a decele 10 Licens Bas	455 Justin jus 1 12/2	7/9/74
V		-
		, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>

ounty Commissioners FEB 14 /4

The present Suquamish Indian Tribal government in Kitsap County, Washington, is claiming jurisdiction over the property and persons of all residents living within the original exterior boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. Therefore the undersigned persons who own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the President and the Congress of the United States to uphold the validity of our patent, or fee simple lands; and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal government that all residents in this area are under their jurisdiction and shall be governed by them without representation. These patent lands were originally purchased from Indian allotted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that reserves the right of jurisdiction over the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also ack that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of Kitsap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

We therefore, in the interests of the peace and welfare of all citizens living in this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

NAME	A DDRESS	DATE
asthur Carlson Box	48 Suguamish, Wm.	2-6-94
Jan R Porter Box	44 Poulsbo	2/6/74
Roy Hong Cand. P.O. B.	st-114. Sugwam	ish 2/6/14,
Mary E. Hougland G.O. Boy	114 Suguamich	2/6/14
Da nevelle Pol	4 Suguanish	3/7/24
Glady neville PO	4 Luguamesh	2/7/74
Home J Dun RT	1 Boy 110	Hrusulle
Muth Miller 10245 SW Der	uner Beauchton	2-7-74
Dale K. Olson P.O. BX	259 Suga	mish 3-8-7
Albert Olsen Box 8755 Bain	bridge 151. 98110	Cen. 2-8-74
ax Munder Box 1679 1		<i>O-1</i>
Joan SWIllis Boy 1=	Indianola Wa	a 48342
Robert Bhrilis Box F	Indianola W.	ul 98342
Lawrence Italian Box 9	21 50QUAMIS.	H, Whsh 9839
Doket & Brickell PoBox	183 Indianola	In 98342
My wunning At 8Box 89	DIA Bunlinda	ls 18110.
Mary une Brawni		297
	Luguanish.	2-8-721

Tribal government in Kitsap County, Washington, is claimoperty and persons of all residents living within the
iries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation. Therefore the
own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the
own property, or reside within these boundaries, petition the
ness of the United States to upheld the validity of our patent,
ress of the United States to upheld the validity of our patent,
and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal
and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish Tribal
and to be relieved of the claims of the present Suquamish thour representation. These patent lands were originally purchased
thour representation. These patent lands were originally purchased
from Ind.
ted lands, and there is nothing in the original abstracts that
reserves the right of Jurisdiction ever the new owners, by the Suquamish Indians.

We respect the Indian right to govern themselves, if that be their wish, but we also are that our rights be protected by allowing us to maintain our status as citizens of ki sap County, the State of Washington, and the United States of America. No Tribal government of the Suquamish, until the present one, has insisted on sovereignty rights over the non-Suquamish Indian population.

this area, do petition that the patent lands be deleted from the original boundaries of this reservation, and that this area be recognized for what it presently is: approximately 2600 acres of allotted lands owned by individual Indians and lived on by 50 members of the Suquamish Indian Tribe; approximately 4700 acres of fee simple land lived on by 2928 non-members of the Suquamish Tribe; and 36 acres of tribal land leased for 50 years to non-Indians.

land, leased for 50 years to non-Indians. DATE ADDRESS NAME Del Mar Addn Lots 7 & 8 Block 5 Feb. 5, 1974 Suquamish, WA 98392 Del Mar Addn Luts 7 & 8 Block 5 Feb. 5, 1974 Suquamish, WA 98392 Lot 6, Block 5, Del Mar Addn. Feb. 9, 1974 Suguamish, Wash. 98392 Lot 6, Block 5, Del Mar Addn. Suquamish, Wash. 98392 Feb. 9, 1974 Lot 8, Block L. Del Mar Addr. Suquamish, Wash. 98392 Feb. 9, 1974 Lot 8, Block 4, Del Mar Addn Suquamish, Mash. 98392 Part of Gov. Lot 8, Sec. 16, Township 26 No., Pange 2 E.W.M. Johnson Addition 98392 Sucuemish, Wrsh.

Port Radison Indian Mesorvation Suquamish, Washington 98392

SUBJECT: ENDERGOMEN MONTER ORDERLINGS - GARRAGE DUMPS

WILLIAMS, Mitsap County proposes to establish a garbage dump within the boundaries of the Port Hadison Indian Reservation, Mashington, and

Williams, no hydrological study has been performed to determine whether a garbage dump on the Port Madison Reservation would pollute the underground aquifer which provides drinking water for the Port Madison Beservation or the three streams which flow near the proposed garbage dump site which supply drinking water for Indian and white families on the Reservation, and

MIERRAS, no engineering study has been performed to determine whether a garbage dump on the Port Madison Reservation would create health hazards for Indian and white families living on the Reservation, and

MERCHAS, the Port Madison Indian Reservation is a fairly small Reservation, well-situated to recreational and residential development, and

MIERMS, establishment of a garbage dump on the Port Madison Indian Reservation would seriously diminish the options of the Suquamish Tribe for the future development of their Reservation, and

MERICS, under federal law the Tribal Council of the Suquamish Tribe has authority to zone all property within the boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation, whether fee land, trust tribal land or trust allowed land, and

MON THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that we, the Tribal Council of the Suquamish Tribe of the Port Madison Reservation hereby adopt the following emergency zening ordinance:

Inchibition Accinct Carbage or Landfill Refuse During

- 1. No carbage dump or landfill refuse dump shall be established within the boundaries of the Port Madison Indian Reservation, Washington, whether situate on fee land, trust tribal land or trust allotted land.
- 2. This ordinance shall remain in effect until further action of the Tribal Council.

Stace Neiggan - Grace Duggan, Chairman

Evelyn C. Hughes, Secretary

JAMES ABDNOR
2D DISTRICT, SOUTH DAKOTA

WASHINGTON OFFICE: 1230 LONGWORTH BUILDING WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515 (202) 225-5165

DISTRICT OFFICES: 439 FEDERAL BUILDING, PIERRE (605) 224-2891

507 KANSAS CITY, RAPID CITY (605) 343-5000

203 FARMERS AND MERCHANTS BANK BUILDING, HURON (605) 352-5117

> 307 North Main, MITCHELL (605) 996-3601

Congress of the United States Bouse of Representatives

Washington, P.C. 20515

October 1, 1974

COMMITTEES: PUBLIC WORKS

SUBCOMMITTEES:
ENERGY
WATER RESOURCES
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

VETERANS' AFFAIRS

SUBCOMMITTEES:
EDUCATION AND TRAINING
HOSPITALS
INSURANCE

PHILIP N. HOGEN

Mr. Brad Patterson The White House 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue Washington, D. C. 20500

Dear Brad:

My Administrative Assistant, Phil Hogen, told me of his recent conversation with you regarding the unrest that continues on and near South Dakota's Indian reservations. For your information I am enclosing herewith a letter I recently wrote to Mr. Morris Thompson, Commissioner of the Bureau of Indian Affairs of the Department of Interior with regard to the jurisdiction of tribal courts.

I am also enclosing herewith copies of letters I have written to the Justice Department and the Office of Legislative Counsel requesting assistance in drafting legislation that now seems to me necessary to clarify some of the unsettled questions with regard to the jurisdiction of tribal courts on Indian reservations in South Dakota and elsewhere. Phil told me that you were making a study of this subject and I want you to know that I would very much appreciate receiving any conclusions you might reach with regard to this subject.

Sincerely,

AMES ABDNOR

Member of Congress

es abdur

JA/hga Enclosures



August 20, 1974

Mr. Morris Thompson, Commissioner Bureau of Indian Affâars Department of the Interior 1951 Constitution Avenue Washington, D. C. 20240

Dear Mr. Thompson:

As a result of a television interview with the Chief Judge of the Rosebud Sioux Tribal Court it was brought to my attention that the Rosebud Sioux Tribal Council recently passed a tribal resolution extending jurisdiction of the tribal court to include jurisdiction over non-Indians. It is my understanding that the Rosebud Sioux Tribe's constitution, unlike the constitution of some other tribes, contains no limitation of the Tribe's jurisdiction to Indians only. While there have been no problems or instances of injustice that have been brought to my attention as a result of this recent change, the publicity that this ruling has recently received has raised a considerable number of questions and a great deal of concern among ann-Indians on the Rosebud Indian Reservation which is in my district.

In order to deal with the questions that have been presented to me in this regard, I would like to know if in fact such a resolution was adopted by the Resolut Sioux Tribal Council, and if so if this action is valid and received the approval of the BIA. Further, I would like to know if there are other instances of tribal courts extending their jurisdiction to non-Indians.

If in fact it is legal and possible for tribes to extend their jurisdiction to include non-Indians by amendment of their constitution or otherwise. I would like to know what the position of the BIA is on this matter.

Sincerely.

JAMES ABDROR
Member of Congress

JA/150



JAMES ABDNOR
2D DISTRICT, SOUTH DAKOTA

WASHINGTON OFFICE: 1230 LONGWORTH BUILDING WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515 (202) 225-5165

DISTRICT OFFICES; 439 FEDERAL BUILDING, PIERRE (605) 224-2891

507 KANSAS CITY, RAPID CITY (605) 343-5000

203 FARMERS AND
MERCHANTS BANK BUILDING, HURON
(605) 352-5117

307 North Main, Mitchell (605) 996-3601

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

Washington, D.C. 20515

October 1. 1971

COMMITTEES:
PUBLIC WORKS

SUBCOMMITTEES:
ENERGY
WATER RESOURCES
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

VETERANS' AFFAIRS

SUBCOMMITTEES:
EDUCATION AND TRAINING
HOSPITALS
INSURANCE

PHILIP N. HOGEN

Mr. Ward M. Hussey
Office of Legislative Counsel
Room 136
Cannon House Office Duilding
Washington, D. C. 20515

Dear Mr. Mussey:

For many months now unrest has existed in my district because of the confusion and uncertainty with regard to the jurisdiction of the seven Indian reservations in my district. I would therefore like to have drafted a bill or bills which would clarify or change certain aspects of the jurisdiction of tribal courts and to thereby quell some of the unrest and confusion that now exists.

I am therefore requesting that your office provide me with a draft hill or bills which would accomplish the following:

- 1.) Provide that the civil and criminal jurisdiction of a tribal court does not extend to, or may not be extended to, non-Indians without the consent of the non-Indians.
- 2.) Frovide that original jurisdiction be given to Federal district courts in civil cases arising from instances within the territorial jurisdiction of tribal courts when such cases are between Indians and non-Indians; and in criminal cases when a non-Indian is the direct victim of or the defendant in a criminal action that charges a violation of a tribal code.
- 3.) Provide that, for purposes of judicial jurisdiction, of the Rosebud Gioux Tribe the Posebud Gioux Peservation has been diminished to the area which is now known as "odd Gounty, South Dakota.

I have also written Mr. W. Vincent Pakestraw, Assistant Attorney General for Legislative Affairs at the Department of Justice to request the assistance of the Justice Department in drafting the bills necessary to accomplish these stated objectives. You may want to contact Mr. Pakestraw's office to assure that unnecessary duplication of effort can be avoided.

Mr. Ward M. Possey Page Two October 1, 1975

Your assistance in this matter will be deeply appreciated.

Sincerely,

JAMES ABDNOR Member of Congress

JA/hga

JAMES ABDNOR
20 DISTRICT, SOUTH DAKOTA

WASHINGTON OFFICE: 1230 LONGWORTH BUILDING WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515 (202) 225-5165

DISTRICT OFFICES: 439 FEDERAL BUILDING, PIERRE (605) 224-2891

507 KANSAS CITY, RAPID CITY (505) 343-5000

203 FARMERS AND MERCHANTS BANK BUILDING, HURON (605) 352-5117

> 307 NORTH MAIN, MITCHELL, (605) 996-3601

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

Washington, D.C. 20515

October 1, 1974

COMMITTEES:
PUBLIC WORKS

SUBCOMMITTEES:
ENERGY
WATER RESOURCES
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

VETERANS' AFFAIRS

SUBCOMMITTEES:
EDUCATION AND TRAINING
HOSPITALS
INSURANCE

PHILIP N. HOGEN

Mr. W. Vincent Rakestraw
Assistant Attorney General For
Legislative Affairs
U. S. Department of Justice
Room 4115
Washington, D. C. 20530

Dear Mr. Rakestraw:

Ever since I came to Congress in 1973, law and order on and near the seven Indian reservations in my district have presented problems for the people, Indian and non-Indian, of South Dakota. I recognize that the area of Indian law has been very dynamic recently and I do not expect that transition in that area is necessarily close to an end. One of the matters that presents the most concern and confusion for Indians and non-Indians alike in South Dakota is the status of the jurisdiction of tribal courts. I recognize that the Justice Department is directly concerned by changes that occur with regard to the judicial jurisdiction of tribes, as the workload may be increased or decreased for your criminal division, depending on whether tribal courts' jurisdiction is decreased or increased. I recognize that there are several cases now pending in the Federal courts that will further influence the status of the jurisdiction of tribal courts, and I also recognize that action by the councils of the various tribes can also change the limits of the tribal courts' jurisdiction.

I would therefore like to call upon your office to draft for me a bill or bills that would be necessary to accomplish certain changes. I recognize that, dependent on eventual judicial interpretations, some of the changes may not be necessary. Nevertheless, I would like to have for my consideration drafts to study if I deem the introduction of such legislation necessary. I feel that it is appropriate to ask assistance of the Justice Department in drafting this legislation because of the direct impact changes in tribal court jurisdiction might have on the workload for the Justice Department. Recognizing the complexity of this area of law, I feel that it would be appropriate for the Justice Department to have a part in drafting this legislation, so as not to further unduly complicate this area. If your

Mr. W. Vincent Rakestraw Page Two October 1, 1974

Department is agreeable to providing me with the assistance I am requesting, I will not construe this assistance as an endorsement of the proposals that I ask be written into bill form. If the Department cares to share with me observations on the proposals I make, however, I would be most appreciative to receive such suggestions and would be happy to discuss them further.

Therefore, I would like to ask your assistance in drafting a bill or bills that would accomplish the following:

- 1.) Provide that the civil and criminal jurisdiction of a tribal court does not extend to, or may not be extended to, non-Indians without the consent of the non-Indians.
- 2.) Provide that original jurisdiction be given to Federal district courts in civil cases arising from instances within the territorial jurisdiction of tribal courts when such cases are between Indians and non-Indians; and in criminal cases when a non-Indian is the direct victim of or the defendant in a criminal action that charges a violation of a tribal code.
- 3.) Provide that, for purposes of judicial jurisdiction, of the Rosebud Sioux Tribe the Rosebud Sioux Reservation has been diminished to the area which is now known as Todd County, South Dakota.

I am also contacting Ward M. Hussey, Legislative Counsel of the House of Representatives and asking for his assistance in this matter. You may want to contact that office so that unnecessary duplication of effort can be avoided in this case.

Your assistance in this matter will be deeply appreciated.

Sincerely,

JAMES ABDNOR
Member of Congress

JA/hga

ctomon Ale Combs Suc-Chief



Edward F. Mouss Executive Director

Creck Nation Office of the Principal Chief Claude A. Cox

July 15, 1976

The Honorable Gerald R. Ford President of the United States The White House 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue Washington, D. C.

Dear President Ford:

It is my pleasure to extend the heartfelt greetings of the Creek Nation to you today: Hensci

In our efforts to alleviate the social and economic problems of the Creek people, we have found three specific policy problems which we feel deserve the special attention of the President of the United States.

First, Indian governments must be regarded as units of local government for all purposes authorized by tribal law. This legal status must be an equal status for all federally recognized Indian governments with no categorical distinctions between "reservation" and "non-reservation" Indian governments, a distinction based solely upon the degree of the allotment of our lands. The purpose for designation as a local unit of government is to provide a total delivery system for resolution of all of the needs of our people, regardless of their income level.

Second, the sovereign jurisdiction of each Indian government must be recognized by every element of the federal government: national, state and local. This sovereign jurisdiction, whether held by the Indian government exclusively or concurrently with another unit of government, extends over an area specified by treaty and over a people specified by enrollment. Especially in the area of federal policy, Indian governments must be provided with a direct relationship in the procedure of regulation development for tribal programs. Indian governments are the most efficient delivery system available to serve the needs of the Indian community.

Third, Indian governments need substantive and procedural representation to the elements of the federal government: national, state and local. Such representation must guarantee that self-determination is an exclusive right of Indian governments, and must guarantee not only that future assumptions of Indian jurisdiction will not take place, but also that past assumptions of Indian jurisdiction by state and local governments will be returned to the Indian governments as their inherent right.

The United States has gained many things from its Indian people. It has the land that was and will always be ours. It has a system of government developed from the concepts and structures of the Great Peace of the Five (Iroquois) Nations and the Muscogee (Creek) Confederation of Tribal Towns. The federal system of government is a very complicated system, and there is no reason that it can not be made more complicated to protect the aboriginal rights of the Indian governments which have pledged eternal peace and friendship to it.

Sincerely,

Claude A. Cox

Charle & Con

Principal Chief of the Creek Nation

CC:aw

